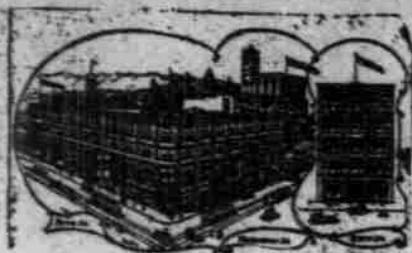




STORE CLOSED TODAY—THURSDAY



OREGON'S GREATEST STORE OF 1905.

# GRAND OPENING

OF THE

# 1905 WORLD'S FAIR

Oriental Exposition and Portland's Celebration of Oregon's Centennial

The "Different Store" 37 67 - Washington Sts. **Olds, Wortman - King**

THE "DIFFERENT STORE" PORTLAND'S QUALITY SHOP

## Portland's Greatest Store

FACING THREE OF ITS BUSIEST STREETS  
FIFTH, SIXTH AND WASHINGTON

See this evening's and Friday morning's papers for an ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY of a June Sale surpassing any ever attempted on the Pacific Slope by a Retail house, in breadth and scope of wonderful value distribution; opening by an army of bargains, forming THE ONE HUNDRED AND NINTH GRAND "FRIDAY ECONOMY SALE"

## THE SANDS OF A CENTURY ARE RUN

THE RESULTS ARE HERE FOR THE WORLD TO ENJOY! OREGON IS NOT SELFISH!

### WELCOME

## ALL READY FOR THE EXPOSITION!

Welcome Visitors to Oregon's "Rose City"—the County Seat of God's Country! The Olds, Wortman & King Store Organization bids you Hearty Welcome and Hopes you've come to Stay.

**W**e don't want you to think our interest is purely a selfish one. Portland has so many advantages we are glad to share them with our guests. No one can be here long without realizing them to at least some extent, and the longer one stays the stronger the impression grows upon you. Note our stores, walk through them all and carefully mark the standard of their stocks of merchandise and their extent. Where can they be bettered?

As Portland's Foremost Store, we ask your critical comparison between this and any store in your Eastern—or Western—home. Not that we cannot be bettered, not that we cannot better ourselves, for that is just what we are striving to do day by day. Our constant aim is "betterment in storekeeping."

Our journals are teeming with absorbing details of the city's great growth, and by sign and symbol you are being informed of the almost magic marvels that have been wrought by the architects and builders of Portland. This celebration of Oregon's first centennial will furnish a retrospect of facts stronger than the strongest fiction; and while your mind reverts to the heroisms and accomplishments of the one hundred years now past, you must finally focus it upon the achievements of this great store organization. The picture is tremendous in scope—devote a day to it. Visit every department with the freedom of old friends. Be leisurely and enjoy an Exposition that has no equal in all this Western country. Enjoy the rest room, ask the way to the lavatories, writing-room and information bureau, to the public tearoom for refreshments. Ride on the monster elevators—three of them. Drink the pure "Bull Run" water as it comes gushing fresh and sparkling from the side of the mountain. Note the uniform courtesy extended to all who enter our doors; know our broad, liberal system of storekeeping, our modern, down-to-date methods; inquire into the methods of a management so perfect that its hundreds of employes breathe the same generous welcome. Yes, this is indeed a "different store," and, besides, there are many bargains to interest Exposition visitors.

If you've planned to do Summer trading while in the city, we have done our part to help you carry back home a substantial and pleasant remembrance of your visit. We feel that our splendidly selected stocks of fashionable, ready-to-don apparel for women, misses, girls and children, and our magnificent stocks of silks, velvets, dress fabrics, millinery, underwear, gloves, laces, ribbons, etc., etc., will prove sufficiently interesting to repay a visit to our store, while our prices have been made so reasonable that we know that a comparison with qualities and values shown elsewhere will prove convincingly that it is to your advantage to do your trading here.

## HE RESIGNS JULY 1

Morton Will Be Succeeded by C. J. Bonaparte.

WILL BUILD SUBWAY LINES

Secretary of Navy Confirms the Announcement of Retirement From Cabinet — Will Become a Partner of Ryan.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—President Roosevelt today authorized the announcement that Charles J. Bonaparte, of Baltimore, would be appointed Secretary of the Navy, to succeed Paul Morton, who earlier in the day stated that he would retire July 1, to go to New York to take charge of the plans for the construction of a subway system for operation in connection with the surface lines.

The President also authorized the statement that no other change in the personnel of the Cabinet was likely to take place in the near future. Secretary Shaw has already indicated his intention of resigning from the Cabinet probably next February. Rumors of the retirement of Attorney-General Moody have been published, but it is understood to be his intention now to continue in the Cabinet for a year and a half and perhaps longer.

Appointment Is Surprise. To all except the President's closest advisers the announcement of the selection of Mr. Bonaparte as the head of the Navy came as a distinct surprise, although it had been determined on by the President for some time, in anticipation of Mr. Morton's retirement. In all the gossip Mr. Bonaparte has not been suggested. For many years he has been an intimate friend of the President. So great is Mr. Roosevelt's confidence in him that on many matters of National concern he has sought his advice. To determine accurately the legal phases of the postal frauds the President designated Mr. Bonaparte and Holmes Conrad to investigate the subject and on their report he took decisive action without hesitation. Eminent as a lawyer and as a publicist and a consistent advocate of civil service reform, Mr. Bonaparte has not been supposed to have more than an academic interest in the Navy. In the rebuilding of the Navy, however, he is known to be in perfect accord with the President and doubtless will carry into effect the views of Mr. Roosevelt.

Secretary Morton gave out the following statement: "Paul Morton announces that he will retire from the Cabinet on July 1, 1905. He will go to New York to live and will become associated with Mr. Thomas F. Ryan. It is understood that Mr. Morton will at once take active charge of the plans for the construction of the proposed comprehensive system of underground rapid transit lines in New York City for operation in connection with the existing surface lines."

Mr. Ryan is a well-known capitalist of New York, who has control of a large portion of the surface street-car lines of the city and proposes to construct a large subway system. He was one of the supporters of Judge Parker in the last Presidential campaign and was a delegate from Virginia to the St. Louis convention, where he has a home in that state.

Will Build Competing Subways. NEW YORK, May 31.—The surface lines in this city are operated by the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, which is controlled by the estate of the late William C. Whitney and his associates. This company plans to build an extensive subway system in competition with the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, which operates the existing subway and the Manhattan elevated lines.

DESCENDANT OF KING JEROME. New Secretary's Family Has Romantic History Century Old.

Charles J. Bonaparte is a grandson of Jerome Bonaparte, who was made by his brother, Emperor Napoleon Bonaparte, King of Westphalia, that kingdom having been created out of the conquered northwestern provinces of Germany. During a visit to the United States in 1821, Jerome Bonaparte married Elizabeth Patterson of Baltimore, daughter of one of the wealthiest citizens of Maryland, but the Emperor refused to recognize the marriage, though it was quite legal. He forgave Jerome on condition that he left her in America, but would abjure should not set her foot on French territory. Nevertheless Jerome took her to Europe, but she was prevented from landing. He went to Paris to plead with Napoleon, while she sought refuge in England. A few days after her arrival, her son, Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, was born. Although the Pope refused to dissolve the marriage, the French Council of State did so at Napoleon's dictation. Her son, however, was declared legitimate by the Council of State under Napoleon III.

The younger Jerome made his home in Baltimore, though he never became an American citizen and remained intimate with his father and the French court. He graduated from Harvard in 1868 and studied law, but did not practice. Charles Joseph Bonaparte is his second son and was born at Baltimore, June 3, 1851. He graduated from Harvard in 1871 and from the Harvard Law School in 1874, and has since practiced law in Baltimore. He has been a leader in various reform movements and is a member of the executive committee of the National Civic Federation, of the Board of Indian Commissioners and a leader in the National Civil Service Reform League. He was appointed by President Roosevelt to investigate the postal frauds and the work of the Dawes Indian Commission, and is regarded as a citizen of high integrity and ability. After the marriage of his grandmother to Jerome Bonaparte was annulled by the French Council of State, the latter married Catherine Frederica, Princess of Wurtemberg, by whom he had three sons. The survivor of these was Prince Napoleon, the dynastic claimant to the French throne, known as "Bonaparte." His son, Prince Victor, has inherited his claim.

## TURNSON PARTNERS

Lorenz Gives State's Evidence on Postal Frauds.

TELLS THE STORY IN COURT

Two Days Spent in Conference on Division of Spoils Gained From Contract for Letter-Carriers' Satchels.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—George E. Lorenz, of Toledo, O., who was convicted with Aug. W. Machen and Samuel and Dilbor B. Groff on charges of conspiracy to defraud the Government in connection with contracts for furnishing supplies for the Postoffice Department, today turned state's evidence in the trial of William C. Crawford, who is charged with conspiracy.

Machen and Lorenz were indicted jointly with Crawford. The former pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to an additional two years in the penitentiary and Lorenz was granted a severance for trial. It is generally credited that Lorenz is testifying for the Government under an agreement that he shall not be prosecuted under indictment pending against him.

Tells Whole Story of Scheme. Lorenz did not spare himself in the testimony. He declared that an agreement had been formed by himself, Machen and Crawford to get contracts to furnish letter-carriers' satchels to the Postoffice Department and that they had shared in the profits. The contracts were gained by reason of Machen's connection with the supply division of the Postoffice Department and were filled by Crawford, who was the general manager for the Postal Device & Lock Company, of New York. According to Lorenz, he was the go-between, although there were meetings of the three at the rooms of Lorenz when he was staying at a hotel in this city in the early part of June, 1902.

The courtroom was crowded when Lorenz took the stand. For several days it had been rumored that he would tell all he knew of the contracts made with the Government by the company of which Crawford was manager, and by so doing would escape further prosecution, although this was denied at the office of the District Attorney. The preliminary examination was in relation to Lorenz's acquaintance with Machen. The witness said he had known Machen since 1888 and they had been intimate ever since. Lorenz said he had seen Crawford in Machen's office, but met him first in Crawford's office in Washington, where they discussed the details of an agreement to put in bids for postal supplies. He asserted that the matter had been discussed before between himself and Machen and that Crawford showed familiarity with the plans for such an arrangement. In speaking of the arrangement among the men, Lorenz called it a subsidiary company. He was asked by Holmes Conrad, special counsel for the Government,

who were meant by "subsidiary company," and he said Machen, Crawford and himself.

Machine Divides Profits.

According to Lorenz, he arrived in Washington on the evening of June 3 and met Machen. The next day he called on Crawford and spent most of that day and the next in Crawford's office. The witness said that the evenings of June 4 and 5 were spent in his room at the hotel, where he, Machen and Crawford were in conference.

"Who first suggested the division of the profits under the contract obtained by Crawford's company?" asked Mr. Conrad. "Machen was in my room and said there should be some agreement as to the division of the spoils. He said: 'Crawford may suggest that he receive one-fourth, you one-fourth, and that one-half shall come to me. If he does, that will be satisfactory to me.' Machen then said, whatever the arrangements, he and I should divide our shares equally. That is, if three-fourths came to us, we would divide it."

Further questioning brought the statement from Lorenz that Crawford had made the suggestion of the division when they met the next day and the figures were in accordance with those that had been named by Machen. He said that the three men came to terms according to that agreement. Lorenz testified that he had made division of the amount of the draft according to the terms of the contract.

At this point the court was adjourned until tomorrow, when the examination of Lorenz will be continued.

Czar Receives Report of Battle.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 31.—G. E. P. M.—The Emperor has received, through Rear-Admiral Jensen the report of Captain Andrieffski, of the torpedo-boat destroyer Grossen, at Vladivostok, but it is understood to contain little more information than was brought by Captain Chagin, of the cruiser Almaz. Portions of the dispatch will probably be published later.

The tenth quadrennial congress of the Military Order of the Royal Legion of the United States met in Milwaukee, Wis., yesterday.

## HAND SAPOLIO

FOR TOILET AND BATH. Fingers roughened by needlework catch every stain and look hopelessly dirty. Hand Sapolio removes not only the dirt, but also the hardened, injured skin, and restores the fingers to their natural beauty.

ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

There is just one way to have good

economically:

Schilling's Best, at your grocer's, moneyback.

## MAKE REPORT ON EQUITABLE

FRICK COMMITTEE MAKES RADICAL SUGGESTIONS.

Directors of Company Devote Two Hours to Consideration, but Keep Report Secret.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The board of directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society met today to receive the report of the committee headed by Henry C. Frick. The number of directors present was unusually large. The report was very long, the reading occupying nearly two hours.

When it was concluded, the directors adjourned for an hour, after which discussion of the report was taken up. This conference continued for nearly two hours, when an adjournment was taken until 11 A. M. on Friday. The report was not adopted, the conference being devoted to a preliminary discussion of its most important recommendations, some of which, it was ascertained, were of a very radical character. When the adjournment was taken, Mr. Frick said he was unable to say when the report would be made public. All the directors at the

## AUTO RACERS IN NEBRASKA

Arrive at Fremont After Detour Due to Washed-Out Bridge.

FREMONT, Neb., May 31.—Huss and Megargie, the Portland racers, spent the night here, leaving early in the morning for Columbus. They arrived at 10 o'clock last night, having been forced to make a long detour on account of the swollen condition of the Elkhorn River, which had washed away the bridge on which they expected to travel.

The entrance to this city was made by way of Elk City and the military road, which, while rough, was dry enough to be passable.

Corn Takes Another Bound.

CHICAGO, May 31.—An advance of 3 cents a bushel today marked the close of the bull campaign in May corn. Throughout the entire session of the Board of Trade today shorts were anxious bidders for May, but offerings were hard to find. The close was at the highest point of the day, 90 cents a bushel. The opening showed a gain of 1c, at 82 cents, and within the first few minutes the price was bid up to 85c. Just before

meeting were pledged to maintain absolute secrecy regarding it.

the close the price was forced to 90c, the final quotation.

Saying Masses for the Dead. CROSTADT, May 31.—Masses for the repose of the souls of the Russian officers and men who lost their lives as a result of the battle fought in the Straits of Korea were celebrated in all the churches here today. The whole population of Croststadt is in mourning.

## A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER



Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Blemishes, Redness, and Itchiness, and every blemish on beauty, and does so without the least harm to the skin. It has stood the test of 20 years, and is so simple and easy to use that it is perfectly adapted to all complexions. As you will see, it is a perfect skin beautifier.

FOR SALE BY WOODARD, CLARKE & CO.

## WASHINGTON BUTTER EGGS, SWEET CREAM ICE CREAM, SHERBETS ICES, MILK AND BUTTERMILK

DELIVERED PROMPTLY TO ANY PART OF THE CITY

SPECIAL PRICES

To Hotels, Boardinghouses, Restaurants, Lodges, Excursion and Large Consumers

Ice Cream supplied to families at the following rates: 1 qt. 50c 2 qt. 75c; 3 qts. \$1.00; 4 qts. \$1.25. Brick Ice Cream, any flavor or design, \$1.50 per gal. Sherbets and Ices same price as Ice Cream. Two phones Main 764

## Washington Creamery Co.

429 WASHINGTON STREET