ORATORY IS ALL IN

Nan Patterson Jury Will Be Charged Today.

ACTRESS STILL CONFIDENT

After Hearing Herself Scorched With Rand's Rasping Tongue, She Does Not Flinch---Rand Gives the Lie to Levy.

NEW YORK, May 2.—The fate of Nan Patterson in her third trial for the murder of Caesar Young will be in the hands of the jury early tomorrow. Assistant District Attorney Rand completed the closing arguments for the prosecution shortly before 5 o'clock this afternoon, and the court adjourned for the day. Recorder Goff announced that he would charge the jury on the opening of court tomorrow. It is believed that his instructions will not be lengthy, and probably before noon the jury will have retired to consider a verdict.

At the close of the argument today, after the prosecution had arraigned her in the most scathing terms and had asserted that her silence in this trial was a confession of her guilt; had declared that her sister had lied on the stand and that her counsel had made his plea for her life on a foundation of fabrications, Nan Patterson said she still felt confident the jury would bring in an early verdict of acquittal.

"Mr. Rand is a fine orator," she declared, "but I know those 12 men will not hang a girl on oratory."

Mr. Rand consumed practically the entire day. He devoted a large part of his speech to a defense of himself and his methods in the present trial. He declared the charges made against him by Abraham Levy, attorney for the defendant, were unjust and misleading. He denied that he had been guilty of suppressing evidence that might have helped the girl.

Eager Spectators Shut Out.

Moved by the scene of yesterday, when it became necessary for a court officer to request several women to leave the courtroom, Recorder Goff today directed that only those having a direct interest in the case be admitted. To carry out the order the force of officers on duty in the Criminal Court building was greatly increased. Prospective spectators began to gather around the building early in the day. Among them were many women, some of whom had followed the trial from the first. Today, however, they were not permitted even to approach the outer door to the courtroom. Only those able to prove their right to enter or who had friends among the court officials or attorneys were successful in getting into the courtroom. Every seat was taken, however, when the proceedings were resumed.

As soon as the prisoner had been brought in, Recorder Goff ordered that the doors of the courtroom be locked and that no one be permitted to enter or leave before the recess or luncheon.

Rand Retorts to Levy.

In beginning his closing argument for the state, Mr. Rand said:

This trial has been a hard experience for you, but I venture to say that it is one that you will not look back to with regret. It would be ungrateful also, if I did not make my acknowledgement to the learned court and it would be ungrateful of me, roundly as I was abused yesterday to your faces, if I took offense at what the counsel on the other side in exigencies of a lost and rotten cause, was compelled to say. He accused me of every crime on the calendar, and put me on trial at this bar for high crimes committed as a public officer. He told you that I thirsted for blood and had hounded Mrs. Smith.

You observed my examination of Mrs. Smith. Did I ask her an impolite question? Did I not treat her thoroughly as a lady? I would not make myself an issue here if I had not been injected as an issue in the case by the defendant's counsel. It is not an issue at all. I might be all that Levy said, in the chagrin of a lost cause, and it would not affect this question. I want and must have your confidence. If I could sway the judgment of men and paint the fair face of truth with a sweet cosmetic, you would not listen to a word from me. If I could do these things, there would be but one place for me, and that would be at this woman's side, a fit object of contempt.

Continuing Mr. Rand said:

Mr. Levy has accused me of suppressing evidence and other things, but are those charges true? I wonder if you are such men as to be swayed from your duty by such a shabby, outworn device as trying to attack the prosecutor. Levy did not make a point yesterday that was not based on a lie. He told you that Young wanted not a severance, but a continuance of the disgraceful alliance. Assuming that his logic is sound regarding the Coggins letter, where are the facts?

Says Mrs. Smith Lied.

Now, with regard to Mrs. Smith's testimony and my hounding her. Mr. Levy said I tried to make you believe that these pawn tickets bore date of June 3. I did not say that the tickets represented articles pawned on June 3, because I knew they were dated October. I did ask Mrs. Smith if they were renewal tickets for articles pawned on June 3, and her answer was a lie. She also lied when she said she could not remember which one of the bracelets given her by her mother was pawned in Sterns' by her husband, J. Morgan Smith. I knew that if I put Levy to a position he would help me get the pawn tickets in evidence. In a moment of forgetfulness he did the trick. In a moment of forgetfulness he put before you gentlemen a piece of truth.

Then he says I have concealed material evidence. That would be a wrong thing for me to do in a murder case, when a woman's life was at stake. I wonder if, when he was making that charge of concealing evidence, his thoughts were wandering along the Canadian border to Toronto. And I wonder when he was charging unfair methods, if he was thinking of the articles which kept J. Morgan Smith and his wife away from the first trial.

Since when has Levy the right to tell me to be a gentleman?" He swore to me to bring the blush to Mrs. Young's honest face to answer his questions. Have I tried to drag this defendant through the mire and covering her with stench, asked you to convict? Have I not treated her with the utmost consideration? But Levy well knew that he had but to win but one juror to his aid, while I must convince you all.

No Evidence of Suicide.

Mr. Rand reviewed the evidence in the case. He declared that it had been proved by the prosecution that Young never owned a revolver, and that even if he had one, it would have been a physical impossibility for him to have inflicted upon himself such a wound as caused his death. He called the attention of the jury to the preparations made by Young for his European trip, and told them that alone proved that the bookmaker had no intention of taking his life. The contention of the defense that it was Young who opposed breaking off the relations between him and Miss Patterson, he claimed, was proved untenable by the evidence, which, he said, showed that Young had kept away from her during the whole month just preceding his death.

Of the souvenir postal card bearing Miss Patterson's name and address in Young's handwriting, which was found in the young woman's handbag at the time of her arrest, Mr. Rand said he had a different theory than the one advanced by the defense. They had suggested that it was put there by Young for the purpose of identification in the event of a murder and suicide. He believed, however, that it was Young's intention to send the card back from the steamer by the pilot-boat to show that he was on the sea.

SITS DEAD AS HOUSE BURNS

Bay City Carpenter's Body Rescued by Firemen.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—Sitting bolt upright in a chair, with his coat and vest thrown to one side and his feet upon an elevation, Colvin McNeil, a carpenter, was found dead by Battalion Chief M. O'Brien, of the fire department, today, while the fire-fighters were trying to get under control a blaze that nearly destroyed McNeil's home on O'Farrell street. When the fire apparatus assembled, Fireman Michael Wright discovered that in the lower story of the burning building McNeil was surrounded by flames. In the meantime McNeil's wife and children, who slept on the floor above, had been aroused and removed, together with several persons who roomed in the place.

Wright broke into the house, and in attempting to reach McNeil was overcome by smoke, and had to be carried out. O'Brien took his place and recovered the dead body at the risk of his own life.

FIGHTING IN CHICAGO.

(Continued from First Page.)

city railway's strike here some months ago, and who has recently been active in labor troubles at St. Louis.

Crowds followed Curry's novel procession, and as it turned into Jackson boulevard the strike sympathizers, with yells of defiance, began throwing bricks. Police Lieutenant Dillon was struck on the head, staggering him. Other police and a number of the strikebreakers were also hit. The barns at Franklin street were reached without severe injury to anyone.

A hundred colored men, imported as strikebreakers by the Employers' Teaming Company struck today. The negroes complained that they could not protect themselves with wooden sticks or canes which were being furnished by the company. The colored men declared that the canes could not give protection against bricks, stones and similar missiles. The men wanted revolvers. Their request was refused and they quit work.

EMPLOYERS LOSE BUSINESS.

Secessions Do Not Discourage Them. Have Taken Big Contract.

CHICAGO, May 2.—It is estimated that through the secessions today the Employers' Teaming Company has lost the delivery of about 3000 tons of coal per day.

General Manager Reed, of the Employers' Teaming Company, said of the conditions today:

"We at no time have had as many teams employed as today and I regard the situation as exceedingly good."

Secretary Job, of the Employers' Association, corroborated Manager Reed's statement.

Outside of the teams and trucks owned by individual merchants, the truck companies or firms of the city are estimated to have invested at the present time about $25,000,000 in horses, barns, harness, real estate, etc.

It is understood that the Employers' Teaming Company proposes to take over the properties of the individual firms at a fair valuation, issue stock in payment of the same, and then attempt to guarantee an annual dividend on the stock. A number of the larger teaming concerns are said to be of the opinion that the Teaming Company has undertaken more than it can accomplish, and that the sooner peace is secured, the better it will be for everybody concerned.

The attitude of the packers, which has been involved in some doubt, is now declared to be opposed to the extension of the strike to their teamsters. In general it was stated the various packing companies will pursue their practice of conveying meat to their own distributing stations by union teamsters and selling from these stations to the boycotted firms as to any other customers. The boycotted firms will be promptly served, provided the packing companies are not asked to make deliveries.

The need for coal rapidly is developing into one of the most important factors of the teamsters' strike. With the exception of Marshall Field & Co., and one or two other big houses, the supply of fuel on hand in State street averages from two to four days. Marshall Field & Co. have coal for two weeks or more.

The seriousness of the situation was emphasized by John C. Fetzer, receiver for the Union Traction Company, who said:

"In several of our stations, unless we get coal in 24 hours we will have to close down. Of course we will try every possible scheme first."

A promise, alleged to have been given to Secretary Probst, of the Commission Teamowners' Association by President Shea, of the teamsters, that the commission men would be allowed to remove perishable produce lying in express cars in the Illinois Central freight-house, was not respected today. Pickets stationed at the freight-houses turned back the commission men's teams.

A number of the wholesale grocery houses were badly crippled today, although some teams were secured for deliveries.

Drivers and helpers of all the large express companies in South Chicago went out today on a sympathetic strike. The companies have asked for police protection.

Building Laborers on Strike.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Work on nearly all the large buildings now under construction in Brooklyn has been stopped by a strike of hodcarriers, bricklayers and plasterers' laborers. The demands are that an eight-hour day shall be granted the hodcarriers, with double time for extra work; the employment of none but union workmen, with a wage rate of $3 a day for bricklayers' laborers and $3.50 for plasterers' laborers. This is an advance of 20 and 50 cents respectively.

Eagle to Scream at Eugene.

EUGENE, Or., May 2.—(Special.)—Under the leadership of the Merchants' Association, arrangements have been started for a celebration in Eugene on the Fourth of July. A soliciting committee of five was appointed last night, and will begin work tomorrow to secure the necessary funds.

Henry G. Carlton Seriously Ill.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 2.—Henry G. Carlton, the noted playwright, was stricken with paralysis at the home of a friend in this city today. While the attack is not considered dangerous, Mr. Carlton is quite ill tonight.

Dr. Harper Feeling Fine.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Dr. William Harper, of the University of Chicago, who came here Sunday to have an X-ray examination is improving. He said: "I certainly am feeling fine and I have gained in weight."

Bank Fails, Cashier and Cash Gone.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 2.—The Middleton Bank in Waverly, Mo., has failed for $30,000. The cashier, R. H. Lewis, is accused of disappearing with $50,000.

SHUT OUT THE UNFIT

British Commons Pass Alien Bill Easily.

QUOTE AMERICAN EXAMPLE

Chamberlain Calls It Step Towards Protection—Balfour Complains That Fit Emigrants Go on to America.

LONDON, May 2.—The House of Commons reassembled today after the Easter recess. The debate on the aliens bill was commenced by Sir Charles Dilke, who opposed the measure, contending that it was unnecessary.

Charles P. Trevelyan (Liberal) in seconding Sir Charles Dilke's motion providing for the rejection of the bill, referred to the "universal sympathy with the oppressed, misgoverned Russian people, who are flying from their country to escape conscription for the universally detested war in Manchuria." These, he said, would be excluded from this country or find greater difficulty in reaching America if the bill was passed. William E. Evans-Gordon (Conservative) defended the bill.

Home Secretary Akers-Douglas said the bill only aimed to exclude undesirable aliens. He described the excellent deterrent effect of the American exclusion law on this class of immigrants and disclaimed any anti-Semitic tendency on the part of the British government. He believed that if the existing state of affairs continued there would be a chance for anti-Semitic agitation in ignorant quarters.

Chamberlain Rides His Hobby.

Joseph Chamberlain supported the bill as being a measure tending to keep out cheap labor. He said the bill was merely a step toward greater ends and was an effort to protect workingmen against the labor of foreigners. It would be but a small step between the bill for keeping out this class of labor and the bill which, Mr. Chamberlain said, he hoped to see introduced shortly to prevent the goods these people make from coming into competition with those made in Great Britain.

Premier Balfour pointed out the moderation of the bill, which, he maintained, did not interfere with the right of asylum as it was understood by the forefathers, and expressly provided that poverty alone should not exclude aliens. He said the question of alien immigration was wholly distinct from the Jewish question as it appeared on the Continent.

American Power of Absorption.

He agreed that the United States had shown a remarkable power of absorbing men of different nationalities and turning them all by the press of national alchemy into American citizens; but the absorbing power had limits. Foreign countries, and notably the United States, realize that unrestricted immigration might become a national evil. It must be observed, the Premier continued, how foreign legislation, and especially that of the United States, has reacted upon Great Britain. Many aliens on the way to the United States who were not provided with through tickets have remained here, and many of these who reached the United States until have returned to this country. Great Britain has become a sort of sieve which let through the fit to America, but retained the unfit.

Sir Charles Dilke's amendment was rejected, 211 to 25, and the bill passed second reading without division.

BRIGANDS RAVAGE CRETE.

Outbreak of Crime Causes Demand on Powers for Help.

ROME, May 2.—A report from Crete, which wishes to unite to Greece, says the situation in that island is very grave, the insurrection having taken the character of brigand methods, with theft, murder, incendiarism and outrages upon women.

The local force being quite inadequate to cope with the situation—indeed, eight gendarmes have already been killed—Prince George himself has asked Italy and another protective power to adopt energetic measures and send a battalion each to check the insurrection, which only nominally has for its object union of the island with Greece. The representatives of the protective powers have decided to use force to maintain the status quo.

Greek Flag Hauled Down.

LONDON, May 2.—With reference to the dispatch from Rome, giving a report of a serious insurrection in Crete, dispatches received here from Canea do not record any new developments except that the foreign Consuls in the island presented a note to the Cretan Government demanding that it haul down the Greek flags from government buildings. This having been refused, a British detachment yesterday lowered the Greek flags from the government house at Candia and at Retimo, and hoisted the Cretan flag with due honor. The population is remaining tranquil.

"DEFENDER OF MOROCCO."

Greeting Given German Ambassador at Tangier.

TANGIER, Morocco, May 2.—Count von Tattenbach Ashold, head of the German mission, is to arrange a special commercial treaty between Germany and Morocco, left here for Fez. Most of the members of the diplomatic corps and the principal native authorities gathered at the German Legation to bid the Count farewell, and a large crowd of Moors hailed him as the "defender of Morocco."

Roentgen Hides From His Fame.

BERLIN, May 2.—Professor Roentgen is too shy to attend the International congress called to celebrate the tenth anniversary of the discovery of the Roentgen ray, and to collate the latest applications and developments. The congress opened here April 25, and the professor promised to be present, but he said he simply could not attend the sessions, as it would be impossible for him to face the crowd which had gathered to glorify his work. Consequently the professor telegraphed his acknowledgments from Wuerzburg, Bavaria.

CABLE TO TANGIER COMPLETE

Another Step in French Control of Morocco Taken.

TANGIER, May 2.—The French cable connecting Cadiz, Spain, with Tangier, provided for by the Franco-Spanish convention, has been completed. The cable belongs to the French government and constitutes, it is considered here, another step toward the consolidation of French interests in Morocco.

British Destroyer Wrecked.

CORK, May 2.—During a torpedo attack at Berehaven last night, the torpedo-boat-destroyer Syren ran on a reef at the eastern entrance of the harbor and remains on the rocks with her back broken.

The Syren was steaming at the rate of 26 knots when she was wrecked. Her crew were taken off by the other vessels of the flotilla, and her guns and stores are being saved. There is no hope of saving the Syren.

Hero of Pekin Siege Dead.

VICTORIA, B. C., May 2.—The steamer Pleiades brings news that Bishop Favier, whose defense of the Peitang Cathedral was one of the brilliant episodes of the Pekin siege during the Boxer troubles, is dead at Pekin.

Several hundred Chinese were killed by the collapse of a portion of the city wall of Nanking in April.

Kaiser Arrives at Venice.

VENICE, May 2.—Emperor William of Germany, Empress Augusta and Princes Eitel Frederick and Oscar, on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, which was escorted by the battleship Friedrich Karl and the cruiser Sielpnon, entered the harbor here today. The German ships cast anchor amidst the booming of cannon and salutes from a myriad of gondolas.

Build Y. M. C. A. in St. Petersburg.

PARIS, May 2.—James Stokes, of New York, today informed the St. Petersburg delegates to the World's Conference of the Y. M. C. A. that he would purchase and equip a large Y. M. C. A. building in one of the principal streets of St. Petersburg. The investment will cost him about $75,000. Mr. Stokes organized the St. Petersburg branch.

King Edward Spends Day Calling.

PARIS, May 2.—King Edward spent a quiet day in driving about the city and visiting intimate friends. Among the calls made by him was one on Baron de Staal, the former Russian Ambassador in London.

YELLOW MAGAZINE NEXT

HEARST BUYS COSMOPOLITAN, AND WILL CHANGE COLOR.

Retains Brisben Walker as Editor, but Will Organize Staff Among His Newspaper Men.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., May 2.—(Special.)—William Randolph Hearst is to try his hand at running a magazine. He has purchased the Cosmopolitan Magazine from John Brisben Walker, the latter to remain as editor for a period of five years, but under the employ and control of Hearst. Walker could not be seen today, but there is no doubt the deal has been completed.

It is thought that Hearst will use the magazine to exploit theories in the way of fiction, which are not exactly suitable to his newspapers. With the exception of Walker, it is intimated that he will replace the writing staff with men recruited from his newspapers, all of whom are familiar with his ideas, and will present them in attractive form to Cosmopolitan readers.

BANK'S MONEY JUST WENT

Bigelow Cannot Explain How, for He Kept Books in Head.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 2.—The first authentic statement in regard to the cause of the downfall of Frank G. Bigelow, the defaulting bank president, was made today by an intimate friend of the former banker. In brief, Bigelow's friend attributes the disaster to overconfidence in his business ability, which the banker did not possess. Bigelow, his friend states, denies that he lost the money in wheat deals.

"If you were to ask him how the money was spent, he would be unable to tell you," said Bigelow's friend. "His affairs are in a remarkable tangle. To my mind, there is no reason to believe that the defalcation dates back more than comparatively a few years.

"He kept no books and for odds and ends of all sorts he had mind only as their depositories. I am sure I don't know whether it indicates mental weakness on his part. I can but repeat, he supposed he was a greater business man than he was.

"Just when Bigelow began to take the bank's funds is a matter I am unable to determine from anything he says. When an examination of the bank was made last January, nothing was disclosed. For all I know, it did not begin until after that time. There was an absolute lack of system about anything he did, so far as his own affairs were concerned."

Southern Pacific's New Bonds.

NEW YORK, May 2.—The Southern Pacific Company today notified holders of its 4½ per cent gold bonds that it would redeem these bonds at par and accrued interest on June 1 and that it had created an issue of $30,000,000 of 4 per cent gold bonds, redeemable at par and interest on June 1, 1907, or any semi-annual interest day thereafter. Holders of the bonds are offered the option of exchanging them for the new bonds on even terms, plus $12.50 cash for each $1000 face value of the bonds called for redemption, and with the June and December coupons attached.

Roosevelt May Address Stockmen.

DENVER, May 2.—Livestock circles are manifesting a great interest in the first annual convention of the American Stockgrowers' Association, to be held in Denver commencing May 9. The executive committee will meet here May 8. President Roosevelt is to be in Denver on that date, and is expected to meet many of the stockmen.

Murdo Mackenzie, of Trinidad, Colo., is practically the only man mentioned for the presidency of the association, which is now vacant, owing to the death of Conrad Schaefer.

Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

Alpha Con.	$ .15	Justice	$ .09
Andes	.31	Mexican	2.25
Belcher	.28	Occidental Con.	.90
Best & Belcher	1.95	Ophir	10.38
Bullion	.39	Overman	.21
Caledonia	.67	Potosi	.16
Challenge Con.	.23	Savage	.49
Chollar	.20	Scorpion	.27
Confidence	.85	Seg. Belcher	.08
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.80	Sierra Nevada	.42
Con. Imperial	.01	Silver Hill	1.15
Crown Point	.16	Union Con.	.72
Exchequer	.56	Utah Con.	.08
Gould & Curry	.34	Yellow Jacket	.30
Hale & Norcross	2.15		

NEW YORK, May 2.—Closing quotations:

Adams Con.	$ .20	Little Chief	$ .05
Alice	.50	Ontario	4.00
Bresce	.25	Ophir	10.50
Brunswick Con.	.05	Phoenix	.03
Comstock Tun.	.08	Potosi	.17
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.75	Savage	.52
Horn Silver	1.65	Sierra Nevada	.40
Iron Silver	3.10	Small Hopes	.23
Leadville Con.	.05	Standard	1.80

BOSTON, May 2.—Closing quotations:

Adventure	$ 4.00	Mohawk	$ 50.50
Allouez	20.75	Mont. C. & C.	3.75
Amalgamated	81.13	Old Dominion	24.50
Atlantic	14.00	Quincy	98.00
Bingham	32.50	Shannon	4.75
Cal. & Hecla	650.00	Tamarack	117.50
Centennial	19.75	Trinity	8.25
Copper Range	71.50	United Copper	24.00
Daly West	12.75	U. S. Mining	31.75
Dominion Coal	78.00	U. S. Oil	9.88
Franklin	9.00	Utah	42.25
Granby	3.50	Victoria	14.50
Isle Royale	22.00	Winona	71.00
Mass. Mining	9.00	Wolverine	107.00
Michigan	11.50		

ASKS HIM TO RESIGN

Frick Committee Wants Alexander to Go.

HYDE MAY ALSO STEP DOWN

Effort to End Equitable Controversy by Getting Rid of Leaders of Factions—Tarbell Is Another of the Doomed.

NEW YORK, May 2.—The Evening World reports that the Frick investigation committee summoned James W. Alexander before it today and asked him to resign his place as president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society. According to the Evening World, Mr. Frick said that, although he could not promise it for a certainty, he would try to get Mr. Hyde to retire, temporarily, anyway, if Mr. Alexander would resign.

The Evening World says: Mr. Frick did not criticise Mr. Alexander's administration of the office as has held so long, but said it must be obvious that his period of usefulness was over and nothing but his retirement would accomplish what the committe is striving for—the end of the controversy.

Mr. Alexander was also asked to use his influence with Second Vice-President Tarbell to get him to resign, too. Mr. Alexander was very much affected, but declined to resign then. He told the committee he would think the matter over.

The Evening World also announces that Mr. Hyde is about to bring suit for the removal of Mr. Alexander from his position as one of the trustees of the Hyde holdings of stock in the Equitable.

Concerning the report that he had been requested to resign, Mr. Alexander said through his secretary that the Frick committee had never made any suggestion to Mr. Alexander and that he has no intention whatever of resigning.

HYDE FORMS LAND COMPANY

Puts in Large Tracts in Several California Counties.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—(Special.)—F. A. Hyde, who has been held to answer by the United States authorities for alleged misappropriation of timber and other public lands on the Pacific Coast, and is resisting removal to Washington, D. C., to be tried, has organized the Standard Investment Company and put into it a lot of land in California which he owns.

The company has been incorporated with capital stock of $10,000. Of this amount $250 has been paid in, five directors taking ten shares each, at $50 a share. Into the company Hyde put 6,000 acres of land in Santa Clara County and other tracts of land in Kings, Kern, Fresno and Tulare Counties. Four of the five directors are clerks and stenographers working in his office and that of a friend, and are as follows: Agnes T. McGillan, Clay Slocum, Mabel Q. Sterling and Mary H. Mayberry. The fifth director is W. F. Sawyer, an attorney and a friend of Hyde.

The Federal authorities are quietly investigating the Hyde company and believe it is part of his plan to adjust his business affairs so as to be prepared for any contingency which may arise during his trial for alleged land frauds.

Alexander Denies Hyde's Story.

NEW YORK, May 2.—James W. Alexander, president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, in affidavits filed with Supreme Court Justice Maddox today in reply to the petition of James H. Hyde for permission to intervene in what are known as the Lord suits, denies allegations made by Mr. Hyde. Mr. Alexander says that the Hyde statements "are wholly immaterial and the only force or effect thereof is to drag into this litigation a real or imaginary controversy between myself as an officer of the society and Mr. Hyde as an officer of the society."

Need Not Distribute Surplus.

MADISON, Wis., May 2.—The State Supreme Court today denied a rehearing in the case of State Insurance Commissioner Host against the Equitable Life Assurance Society. Host sought, some time ago, to compel the Equitable to distribute several millions of its surplus funds among its policy holders in Wisconsin, and the court decided adversely. The denial of a rehearing ends the case in Wisconsin.

Mrs. J. McCormick, of Astoria, Dying

Mrs. J. McCormick, one of the most prominent women of Astoria, is slowly dying of cancer at the Portland Sanitarium and is not expected to live more than a few hours. Mrs. McCormick is 70 years of age. She is the mother of Mrs. Alice Dunlway, of Portand.

DAILY METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, May 2.—Maximum temperature, 62 deg.; minimum, 47. River reading at 11 A. M., 6 feet; change in past 24 hours, rise, 0.1 feet. Total precipitation, 5 P. M. to 5 P. M., trace; total since September 1, 1904, 29.28 inches; normal, 41.62 inches; deficiency, 12.34 inches. Total sunshine May 1, 1904, 9 hours and 30 minutes; possible, 14 hours and 20 minutes. Barometer (reduced to sea level) at 5 P. M., 29.76.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The storm central yesterday evening over the Great Salt Lake Basin has advanced slowly eastward, but its influence is still being felt in the Rocky Mountain and the Pacific Coast States, where unsettled showery weather continues. Good rains have occurred today in Northern California, Southwestern and extreme Eastern Oregon, Eastern Washington and Idaho. It is cooler in the Pacific Northwest east of the Cascade Mountains and in Southern Oregon.

The indications are for unsettled cloudy weather with showers in this district Wednesday.

WEATHER FORECASTS.

Forecasts made at Portland for the 28 hours ending at midnight, May 3:

Portland and vicinity—Cloudy and unsettled with light showers; variable winds becoming southerly.

Western Oregon and Western Washington—Cloudy, with probably showers; variable winds.

Eastern Oregon, Eastern Washington and Idaho—Unsettled weather with showers.

A. B. WOLLABER,
Acting District Forecaster.

AT THE HOTELS.

THE PORTLAND.

F R Chambers, Jr, New York
G J Kinney, Seattle
J Goldie, Seattle
G F Meacham, Seattle
C S Moody, Manila
E A Curtis, Los Angls
Mrs E A Curtis, do
H A Blenkiron, Hastings
Mrs Blenkiron, do
D Harmin, do
E F Fredrick, Seattle
W W Crossley, N Y
S Hexter, New York
G A Waltz, New York
L F Jones, Minneapls
H Lapp, Seattle
J F Brown, Chicago
E O McCoy, T Dalles
Mrs E O McCoy, do
M H Tobin, wife and boy, Shreveport, Pa
Miss M Tobin, do
C W Thompson, wife and child, Cascade L
P H Reed, Seattle
L Turner, Jr, Seattle
J D Condit, St Paul
W S Shaw, Portland, Me
H W Topping, St Paul
R J Elliott, St Paul
G C Link, Cosmopolis, Pa
G W McBrien, do
P Greenberg, San F
L E Bailey, New York
R S Brits, Seattle

THE PERKINS.

E L Emerick, Astoria
W A Schuler, Chicago
G W Phillips, Hood R
J M Walker, Madras
M L Piper, City
S Waldman, City
Kate Pearl, Arlington
E Hicks, Canyon City
R T Strichorn, Mason City
Mrs J H Bonay, St P
J W Ayres, Pendleton
C Bertson, Los Angls
H C Dillon, do
J J Ware, Salem
J J Ames, Pullman
Mrs J J Ames, do
E E Sparling, Iowa
J M McLean, Wash
Mrs H W Aldrich, Bridal Veil
Mrs C Bright, Wasco
Alice E Merryman, Hillsboro
G Rinehart, Ashland
Mrs Rinehart, do
G H Gilman, St Paul
J Bruce, Tacoma
R J Dunham, S S Roanoke
L J Beck, Lexington
W C Washburn, Junction City
J H Kern, City
A R Congdon, Cthlmt
H E Armstrong, do
W C Bufour, Seattle
J K Weitzel, For G
Mrs Weitzel, do
E C Kirkpatrick, Dallas
P L Hunter, Dallas
Ruth M Little, Helna
A S Bennett, do
T S Thomas, Nashvill
Mrs Thomas, do
W W Dervitt, Tacoma
Mrs B Mallock, La Gr
R P Beecher, Biters
F C Beaton, Seattle
W J Carter, Seattle
W J Corbin, Seattle
G W Corbin, Seattle
F J Norton, Seattle
M Manasse, Ohio
P A Smith, N Yamhill
W D German, Wash
L D Vincent, do
W Moore, Tacoma
S H Robson, Tacoma

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C H Marsh, City
D J Fitz, City
J H Fitz, City
A K Shreve, Cathlmt
B F Eshelman, Yaem
D Nelson, Louisvll
M K West, La Grand
F E Alley, Roseburg
E W Daggett, Bialock
Mrs Daggett, do
Miss Daggett, do
A Hgadler, Chicago
F Penning, Chicago
Mrs W J Sullruth, Prairie City
J R Molera, San Fran
R M Kelsey, Hood R
Mrs Kelsey, do
Miss Rima Fletcher, Perrydale
Mrs W A Keyt, do
Mrs C Gilchrist, Centralia
Mrs H E Borah, Corvallis
Mrs W Pratt, Francis
L J Furber, Seattle
W E Barnes, St Paul
F A Grimm, City
D C Brownell, Umatill
D R Norton, Hood R
Mrs Norton, do
F W Benson, Roseburg
A Meyers, Pe Ell
W G Curtis, Torrington
Mrs W G Curtis, do
Mrs Harrington
C H Brame, Texas
Mrs Brame, do
A F Bailey, Chicago
Mrs A F Bailey, do
F B Davis, Lincoln
Mrs F B Davis, do
G C Shedd, Lincoln
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Mrs N Cannon, do
W A Hill, Peoria, Ill
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C Dubbins, Wardner
Mrs H O Sorensen, do
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H C Churchill, do
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S B Thompson, City
Mrs Thompson, City
C B Thompson, City
Mrs Thompson, City
Mrs Mary Kelsey
E Schmeer, Troutdale
W E Hornibrook, Goldendale
D S Silvius, St Helns
Gertie Spieler
E L Martin, Turner
F M Jagner, La Cross
M B Bump, Hillsboro
W Hinman, Butteville
David Hinman, do
Mrs J D Bush
Miss Bush
H R Foot
R L Parker
G L Simmons
Charles Harrington
C G Wallace, Camas
H G Fox, Tillamook
T L Davidson, Jr, Salm
J Wellington, St Helns
J N Wood, Butteville
T Brown, Cathlamet
Mrs T Brown, do
S L Wood, Bly
Z N Seelye, Centralia
R L Beverley, Sheridn
O A Rosendahl, Chink
D B Hurlbut, L House
Mrs Kate Hurlbut, do
Susan M Russell, do
J Dunwoody, Colfax
Charles Ruff
Jesse Smith, C Rock
Van Kagg, San Fran
F W Hudson, Eugene
J T Krueger, Michigan City
J Jelstad
A Jelstad
J W Wright, Camas
B Bryant
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