THE MORNING OREGONIAN, SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1905. sured the protection of American rights and the safety of American property and FITZHUGH LEE and the **RUSSIAN FLE** REDUCED Goods Bought Today Charged on May Account life in the island. life in the island. Affairs becarse so serious in 1558 that the lives of the residents of Havana were in constant danger, and General Lee was many times threatened with death. He had the power at that time to call into service the American warships at Key West, but refused to avail himself of the opportunity, and, when it was decided by the State Department to detail a vessel to the port of Havana, cabled the depart-ment to desist. It was too late, how-Is the Word That Greets ipman, Wolfe & Co. Each Person as They Pass by Our Large Show Windows. ment to denist. It was too late, how-ever, for his warning to be heeded, and the Maine was sent to the port, where Within a Day After Apoplexy Seen Steering North Near the Maine was sent to the port, where she was afterwards blown up by a sub-marine mine. On February 15 the Maine was destroyed, and on March 5 Spain asked for the recall of Consul-General Lee, which demand was refused by the United States Government. On April 5, however, all of the American officials were recalled and returned to the United States, accompanied by many American citizens. Strikes Him He Passes WHAT DOES IT MEAN? Hainan as if Making for It means that you can save from \$75 to \$100 on a nice, new, high-grade plano at this time. We have started out to dispose of 1500 planos in this territory within a given time, on a profit-sharing basis, and there is no question but what we will be able to do it. Every-body will want a nice plano in their home this year. We make it possible for you to have it, and at a big saving to you, and on our easy payment plan, which is so popular with the people. From Life. Straits of Formosa. We are exclusive agents for this celebrated make CONSCIOUS TO THE LAST SEEKING TO ELUDE TOGO of hats, and guarantee them to be absolutely the citizens General Lee was next placed in comganized and held ready for service, but which was never sent into action. Late in 1898 he was appointed to command the latest blocks Second - Hand Pianos Veteran of Confederate Army and Belief Is That Rojestvensky Will American artillery forces in the district of Havana, and was then given the com-mand of the Department of Cuba, conof Spanish War, Who Upheld We have quite a number of good sec-ond-hand planes, that we will close out at about one-half their real value. You will find them ranging in price from \$75 up, and we will agree to take any of them back at any time for all you pay for them in exchange for something better. Make for Open Ocean and Then American Rights in Cuba stating of the provinces of Havana and Pinar del Rio. After his return from Vladivostok - Fog Hides . **During Revolution.** Last Squadron. Cubs he was appointed to the command of the Department of Missouri. General Lee was the author of the life of his uncle, Robert E. Lee, in the "Great Commander" series. He was mar-ried in 1875 to Ellen Bernard, daughter of George Fowie, of Alexandria, Va. He has WASHINGTON, April 28. - Brigadler SHANGHAI, April 28 .- Admiral Rojest-A Piano and Player pure linen Handkerchiefs; regular price 20e, General Fitzhugh Lee, U. S. A., retired, died at Providence Hospital here tonight, vensky's Baltic fleet was reported here today only121/2¢ yesterday as having been sighted off Lefive children, three daughters and two Here is the greatest proposition of all. We have placed a new plano and player in our front window and offer both for only \$250. Who will be the one to take fit? You may think it too cheap, and so it is, but somebody will realize what a snap it is. Be quick. aged 55 years, from an sitack of apo-plexy which he suffered early this morn-ing on a train while on his way from Boston to Washington. After General Lee had been removed to the hospital this morning, it was evident to the attending obvidents that the case way work early engsol Bay, near Hainan Island. The fleet was steaming close in-shore and it is 25c Half Hose 19c believed here that that is in the nature Relative of Abraham Lincoln. LW of a ruse of Admiral Rojestvensky to have NEW YORK, April 28-Miss France the Japanese believe that he is steering Amelia Lincoln, 53 years old, a relative of President Lincoln, is dead at her home physicians that his case was very serious, but they hoped that his strong vitality and will power would assist materially toward Formosa straits. Naval men here think that the Russian

in New Rochelle. She had been ill some time. Miss Lincoln was frequently a guest at the White House during the

in a partial recovery, at least. His condition remained fair, considering the severity of the attack, during the day, but shortly after 9 o'clock he began to grow weaker, his breathing became more rapid and his pulse lower, terminating in less than two hours in death. The end was peaceful and without pain. the General remaining conscious until within five minutes of the end. Half an hour before death, General Lee recognized his brother, Daniel Lee, who came into the room for a moment. In the room when he died were: Dr. Montgomery, one Washington on a visit. of the physicians at the hospital: Miss Dorsey, a relative, and a nurse, two of the attending physicians, Drs. Edic and

Kean, having retired temporarily. A pathetic feature of the case is that, although General Lee was blessed with a

family consisting of a wife and five children, not one of them was with him at the time of his death. Conscious to the Last,

General Lee was conscious throughout the day, and recognized those who were admitted to the sickroom. Necessarily admitted to the sickroom. Necessarily these ware very few persons, including the attending physicians, the nurses and several relatives, who came to visit him. While not suffering any pain, the Gen-eral was rather uncomfortable most of the time, his breathing being difficult and his articulation when he attempted to meak being heavy and thick.

speak being heavy and thick. The orders of Licutenant George M. Lee a son, who was about to sall for the Philippines, have been changed and he will come to Washington, and, it is ex-pected, will be accompanied by his sister, the wife of Lieutenant Brown, who also is now on the Pacific Coast and whose orders were laward directing the to sail

orders were issued directing him to sail with his regiment for the Philippines. General Lee's attack is attributed largely to his activity in behalf of the mili-tary and maval review which is to be beid in the vicinity of Jamestown, Va. His heart and soul have been in the work and he labored zealously to make it

Will Be Buried in Virginia.

Arrangements for the funeral, together with the selection of the place of inter-ment of the body, will not be made until after the arrival of Mrs. Lee, who is now on her way to Washington from Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. Meanwhile, the body will be prepared for burial and will re-

by passing close to the northward of Lancoln administration, and was present Luzon, will succeed in eluding the vigiat the funeral of the President. lance of the waiting Japanese and make the Pacific unmolested. Father of Senator Dolliver. WASHINGTON, April 28.-Jas, P. Dol-FOG FAVORS RUSSIAN SHIPS liver, of Morgantown, W. Va., father of Senator Jonathan, P. Dolliver, of Iowa, died at the residence of his son today. Mr. Dolliver was 20 years old, and was in

Cardinal Andrea Ajuti.

ROME, April 28 .-- Cardinal Andrea Ajuti. archbishop of Verona, who for some time has been suffering seriously from liver trouble, died today. He was born in Italy in 1849, and was created a cardinal 1503

Gen. H. H. Wright, Iowa.

CENTERVILLE, Ia., April 2.-General H. H. Wright, Adjutant-General under Governor F. M. Drake, died at his bome here today. General Wright was a pr nent politician.

BRIEF TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

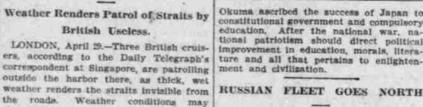
The New York police have forbidden slumming parties to visit Chinatown In antomobil

Fire is still raging in the Picton mine of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, and it will have to be flooded.

The international exhibition in celebra-tion of the 75th anniversary of Belgian independence will be opened at Llege next Thursday by Prince Albert of Flan-

M. Kochanovski, the Russian Commissioner for frontier relations with Persia, has gone to Russian Astara (on the Per-sian frontier), to meet the Shah of Persia and accompany him to Russia

More than 200 graduates and students have gathered in New York for the 75 atinual convention of the Alpha Deita Ph Society. The delegates represent 14 chap-ters from universities widely separated. The British dockyard at Kowloon China, has replaced three 45-ton wound 13-inch barbette guns of the Brit ish battleships Albion and Glory. Ex-Experts consider this a notable achieve



therefore prevent the observation of Vice-Admiral Nebogatoff's movements. The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at

Tokio states that foggy weather prevails on the Japanese sea. The Morning Post's Shanghal corre pondent reports that Vice-Admiral Roestvendsky's squadron was seen Thursday off Leongsoi Bay in Hainan. No other news has reached London regarding

the movements of the Russian warships. NEBOGATOFF'S SHIPS SEEN.

Pass Penang, Headed for Singapore,

to Join Fleet. ISLAND OF PENANG, Straits Settleient, April 28 .- The British steamer Catharine Apcar, which arrived here today from Calcutta, reports having passed two detachments of eight and seven warships, respectively, last night 6) miles south of Penang. They were heading for Singapore.

(These warships are supposed to comprise the reinforcements under Admir al Nebogatoff for Rojestvensky's fleet.)

MUST PREPARE FOR LONG WAR

Count Okuma Hopes Japan Will Not Foreign Ambassadors, Move to Aid Grow Weary.

Roosevelt in Mediation. TOKIO, April 28 .- Count Okuma, leader he Progressive party and Foreign Min-

Admiral will now make the open sea and Allen & Gilbert-**Ramaker** Company COR. SIXTH AND MORRISON. Okuma ascribed the success of Japan to constitutional government and compulsory education. After the national war, national patriotism should direct political

> ment and civilization RUSSIAN FLEET GOES NORTH

Rojestvensky Heads for Vladivostok Well Provisioned.

KAMRANH BAY, via Saigon, Cochin-China, April 28 .- The Russian squadron with its transports, left its last stop-ping place Wednesday evening for an unknown destination. The warships were provisioned for six months, and it is the the stop of the is thought here that they were bound for Viadivostok by way of the Pacific. Four German colliers arrived at Kam-ranh Bay too late to proceed with the squadron, but they subsequently sailed in the same direction in efforts to catch up with it.

Vice-Admiral Nebogatoff's division was expected to arrive yesterday in Indo-Chinese waters, where it is be-lieved the Admiral will receive instructions regarding the place where he is to effect a junction with Admiral Ro-jestvensky, whose squadron, besides 25 warships, includes a repairing ship and a water tank ship.

Fleet Seen North of Kamranh Bay.

TOKIO, April 28.-(5 P. M.)-Tae Russian second Pacific squadron was signited yesterday off Cape Varela, 76 miles north of Kamranh Bay.

READY TO WORK FOR PEACE



main at the hospital. It is possible that the body may be laid to rest at the National Cemetery at Arlington, although it is expected that General Lee's friends may make an effort to have a site chose omewhere else in Virginia, widow and five children survive Gen-

eral Lee. Two of the boys are Army officers and two of the girls are wives of Army officers, while the remaining child is a young woman still in her teens. The children are: Mrs. J. C. Rhea, wife of Lieutepant Rhea, now at Fort Ogle-thorpe, Ga.; Lieutenant Fitzhugh Lee, of cavalry branch, now in Manila; Lieu tenant George Mason Lee, of the Seventh Cavalry, who is now in San Francisco; Mrs. Anne Brown, wife of Lieutenant Brown, of the Seventh Cavalry, who is now at San Francisco, and Miss Virginia

CAREER OF FITZHUGH LEE

Fought for the South and Labored Ably for Nation in Cuba.

Fitzhugh Lee, the 20th Governor of Virginia, and one of the foremost soldiers and public men of the Nation, was born in Ciermont, Fairfax County, Va., No-vember 19, 1835. He was the son of Commodore Sydney Smith Lee, of the United States Navy, and the nephew of Robert E Lee, the famous Confederate General E Lee, the famous confederate General who surrendered to U. S. Grant at the close of the War of the Rebellion. His grandfather was "Light Horse Harry" Lee, of Revolutionary fame. Fitzhugh Lee was educated in the

ols of his native state, and was ap-ted to the United States Military pointed to Academy at West Point in 182, and upor his graduation in 1856 was commissioned Second Lieutenant of Cavalry. His first service was against the Indians, and in his campaign he was severely wounded. In May, 1860, Lee was appointed instructor of cavalry at West Point, but on the out break of the Civil War resigned his com-mission with many others of the Southern officers in the United States Army, and entered the service of the South. He was made Adjutant-General of General Ewell's brigade, which command he re-tained for four months. Then he was appointed, in September, 1861, Lieutenant-Colonel of the First Virginia Cavalry, was soon after promoted to Colonel, and was with the Army of Northern Virginia

through all of its campaigns, On July 25, 1912, Lee was appointed Brigadier-General, and September 3, 1883, Major-General. At the battle of Winchester he was severely wounded, having three horses shot from under him, and being disabled from duty for several

In March, 1865, he was appointed to mand the cavalry corps of the Army of Northern Virginia, but in April sur-rendered to General Meade and returned to his home in Virginia, where he remained in retirement for several years. General Lee re-entered public life in 1674, when he made a trip to the North. At the Bunker Hill centennial in the fol-lowing year he made a patriotic speech. one of the first efforts of the leaders of either side in the great conflict to renew the bonds of unity between the North and the South. During the Winter and Spring of 1982 and 1888 he made a trip through the South in the interests of the Southern Historical Society. He was elected Gov ernor of Virginia in 1885, and served continuously until 1890, when a constitutional provision prevented his re-election

In 1896 he was sent by President Cleve-land to fill the position of Consul-General at Havana, and it was during his admin-istration of the office that the last and most serious uprising of the Cuban against their Spanish governors was rag-ing at its worst. At this time the condias brought out the best administrativ traits of the officer, and his attiude in-

A commission of Methodist clergymen and laymen appointed to pass on the uni-fication of the denominational publishing mees, known as the Methodist Book offices of the New York Methodist Book

Concern. In his farewell address to the medical profession of Maryland before leaving for his post as regius professor in the University of Oxford, Dr. William Oaler urged the fusion of medical colleges, reciprocity among state medical boards. and the abandonment of the quarrel between allopaths and homeopaths,

Four hundred Confederate veterans members of the local camp, are to be the guests of the Grant Post, G. A. R., st. New York, on Memorial day, Sonator Blackburn, of Kentucky, is to deliver the oration of the day at Grant's tomb. It

will be the first time that Confederate veterans have marched with Union vet-erans in this city.

ister, addressed today the committee of the Progressive party appointed to succor the wounded. He estimated the number of wounded and sick as a result of the war at 290,000 to 300,000, and the number of killed or who died of disease at 50,000. The Count warned the people to be pre-

pared for a lengthy war, and expressed the hope that a continuance of the strug-gle would not affect the national sentiment. Nothing, he added, should shake their resolution to continue the war. He criticised the national diplomacy, expressing the opinion that efficient and timely diplomatic skill would have prevented the Russian squadron from coming to the Far East. The Count also expressed the be-

lief that the occasion for great battles bad disappeared. It was possible to support the army throughout the remainder of the war with the \$77,500,000 derived from war taxes, and the speaker urged a continuance of

WASHINGTON, April 23.-Expect that Washington is destined to play an im-portant part in the preliminary negotiations that will precede the cessation o hostilities between Russia and Japan Baron von Sternberg, the German Ambaa sador, and M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, will sail for their respective ountries soon after conferring with President Roosevelt when he returns from the West. Baron von Sternberg will have several audiences with the Emperor, and M. Jusserand will see President Loubet and M. Delcasse, to whom will be commu nicated, in an entirely unofficial way, the carnest wish of the President that the war end at the earliest possible moment. In the event that the outlook for open ing peace negotiations this Summer seems favorable, both Ambassadors will be pre-pared to return to their posts at once. Sir Mortimer Durand, the British Am-

bassador, who sails tomorrow on the ria for London, is in full possession of national economy and frugality. Count | President Roosevelt's views, which he will

picate in an informal way to King Edward.

Whatever the result of the naval battle impending, diplomats at Washington be-lieve that the first real opportunity for initiation of peace negotiations since the war began will exist with the ending of that engagement. The war has cost both beligerents enormously in lives and noney, and the defeat of Russia's last leet would, it is believed, give the Rus sian peace party renewed power, while even a partial victory for the Russian fleet would have the effect of scaling Japan's peace terms to what Russia would regard as a reasonable basis

Linlevitch Declares Day Was Not Lost at Mukden.

GUNSHU PASS, April 28. - General Linlevitch granted an interview to the Associated Press at his headquarters here today, in the course of which he expressed himself as highly satisfied with the present condition of the Russian army and its readiness to assume the offensive. He manifested emphatic re-gret for the retreat from Mukden. The new commander-in-chief believes that the peril to the army at that juncture was overestimated, and that the day was far from being lost when the retreat was ordered. With his eyes gleaming with a great energy and emphasizing his words with a blow upon the camp table before him, General Linievitch exclaimed: "I would certainly not have retreated.

I realize that it is easy now to pass judgment upon accompliabed facts, but nevertheless I repeat I would not have nevertheless I repeat I would not have retreated. I persuaded Kuropatkin to stand at Tie Pass, and we halted there for a time. We could have remained, but on account of the factors he considered it inexpedient and the retirement was continued. After' assuming command, I gave the men a day's rest. The Japan-ese did not press us, and could not do so, as their condition was guite as bad as ours.

much harm had been done before he was given command, a cloud of sorrow darkened the rugged, energetic face of the venerable general and he twice re-

peated: "Yes, it is a sad inheritance The correspondent later lunched w the staff, where General Linievitch warned his officers against a too wide extension or scattering of forces. He favored rather concentration, even of cavalry. In the last fortnight the Russian army

on the right, left and center has ad vanced beyond Sipanghal position, and the Russian vanguard posts are now in HE CONDEMNS THE RETREAT the form of an inverted crescent, the left horn of which is considerably in the rear of Changtufu, which the Japanese hold and which is strongly fortified. The Japanese are now exerting a pressure against the Russian advance. On account of the nature of the country and the position of the opposing armies, it is im-possible to effect reconnaissances by small bodies of scouts, and work of this na

ture must be done by considerable de-tachments, often including all three arms of the service, being practically recon-naissances in force. These reconnais-sances do not show at the present mo ment a Japanese turning movement in the direction of Kirin, but it is impos-sible to say what may be taking place along the eastward road from Kore and the Yalu territory. The country however, is exceedingly mountained The country there. ts and difficult for military operations, and it is thought that the roads are impassable for troops with artillery trains.

The Japanese are actively fortifying round Kalyuan, and the line of Japanese defenses appears to be approximately h the vicinity of the villages of Shahedzi and Syasouske and the Valley of Kaokhe. Prince Hilkoff, Minister of Railways, has arrived here.

Martial Law in All Formosa.

TAIPEH, Formosa, April 23,-It is expected that martial law will be declared

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indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A per-

fect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsi-

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as ours. "As for that unfortunate retirement it self, any observer can convince himself that its significance, and especially its in-fluence upon the army, has been industri-Japanese and the foreign press. The re-treat was in no sense in the nature of a complete rout, proof of which is evident in the fact that in less than a month after the retreat the two armies which were thrown into confusion by the Jap-anese had been collected and fully reor-ganized. The first army did not require

General Linievitch attributes the great-er success of the first army during the retreat to the relatively more advantage-cus position in which it was located. He admitted that there were heavy losses In both men and material during the re-tirement, especially to the wagon-train but he declared this was also exaggerat ed. Touching the breaking through of the Japanese at the Hun River on March 9, General Linievitch said he did not not

does he now attach real significance to it, believing that this force was not greater than two companies of scouts or small bodies of cavalry, and he believed that the 'report that Japanese artillery was in action east of the Great Mandarin d on March 10 was based on a mis

General Linievitch also discussed the Gripenberg incident, taking the part of General Kuropatkin as against his former Minate, and finished with an

pression of good will toward the press a the present war. After an expression of regret that so

The authorities view the situation calmly, and the Chinese residents continue their vocations undisturbed. amer communication remains open.

ment.

Coal Yield Found in Siberia.

throughout the Island of Formosa at any

ST. PETERSBURG, April 28.-Extensive coal fields have been discovered near Adrianorka station, in the Trans-Baikel territory. It is believed that they will be sufficient to supply the Stberlan railroad.

Santa Fe Blockade Broken.

LAS VEGAS N. M., April 28 .- Orders were issued tonight to start the 15 eastbound Santa Fe passenger trains held at Las Vegas, Albuquerque and Raton, because of floods, tomorrow morning

Auto Boat Reaches the Azores.

PARIS, April 29 .- The American autooat Gregory, owned by Lewis Nixon, is reported safe at Ponta del Gada, Azores Islands, awaiting the arrival of a supply of gasoline



