

RUSSIA IN TERROR

Massacres by Wholesale Are Feared at Easter.

OFFICIALS WILL BE SLAIN

Socialists Cause Panic in Poland. Where Poles Are Driven From Factories—Open Revolt Threatened at Vilna.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 24.—The news from Poland pictures of veritable terror before the expected storm. A letter received here reads:

"You know what happened at Warsaw, but you only know part of what is occurring throughout the country. All Poland is in a great conflagration of Socialism, terror of which is everywhere exciting a terrible panic. We expect at Easter a general massacre of the Russian government officials and the wealthy, and the blowing up of the Vistula bridge to prevent the arrival of troops from Russia.

The police are doing nothing. They pretend to be blind and deaf to what is passing around them. The existing regime is the cause of discontent, which is on the increase among the idle workmen driven from the factories and railroads because they are Poles. They say they will have vengeance."

A letter from Vilna says: "Work is impossible under the existing conditions. The government's edicts commissions have accomplished nothing, and the landlords, workmen and peasants are convinced that open revolt and the bayonet are the only way to escape the present situation."

Commenting on the above, the Russia declares the government must act promptly if awful carnage is to be avoided. The only thing to be done, it says, is to summon the moderates to give guarantees that the promised reforms will be realized.

PEOPLE MUST PAY DAMAGES

Drastic Measures by Government to Stop Peasant Pillagers.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 24.—With the object of stopping the destruction of private property, which has been going on in the rural districts under the influence of the leaders of the peasant movement, an imperial decree was issued today authorizing the Minister of the Interior, M. Bouligan, to appoint commissions in the disturbed districts to trace the culprits, assess the losses and collect the amount of damages done from the members of the village communities implicated, whose real and personal property is liable to be sold at auction for this purpose.

The decree also orders the granting of state loans to landowners not possessing the means of repairing their losses. The authorities believe that if the peasants are made to understand that they must foot the bill it will have the whole effect of ending the movement.

The moderate constitutional group of St. Petersburg headed by Toli, Eobrotsky and Korff, are consulting with Shipoff and Troubetzky of Moscow, and there are indications that they will join the National Progressive movement and attempt to rally to their support the moderate Liberals, who do not believe that the country is ripe for universal suffrage or a completely independent parliament.

The Government appears to be giving countenance to the moderate course, and it is now quite generally believed that the promised reform, which it was reported would be announced this week, will follow generally the lines advanced by the Shipoff party, which is an advisory council based on representation of the Zemstvos and Doumas extended to all the provinces and cities of the empire.

UKASE AGGRAVATES TROUBLE

Peasants Now Delivered to Landlords, Who Will Welcome Rioting.

SPECIAL CABLE. ST. PETERSBURG, April 24.—Nicholas ukase issued this morning empowers the Minister of the Interior, M. Bouligan, to appoint commissions to form a committee composed of local bureaucrats and nobles to appraise the damage done to estates and property and attach the real estate, goods and chattels of the entire peasant community for the purpose of settling these claims.

Professor Svirshchikov said this morning: "The ukase is an announcement of alliance between the bureaucracy and the Shipoff Liberals. The landlords, having been given the right of appraising damage done to their property, will welcome rioting. The re-establishment of communal responsibility, which the ukase himself recently abolished, revolutionizes the entire peasantry. The real cause of the Agrarian troubles is taxation. The ukase giving the nobles the right to attach peasant property aggravates the troubles."

It is said that the Admiralty is to be reorganized and that Grand Duke Alexis and Admiral Avellan will resign.

PEASANTS WANT CONVENTION

Petition Bouligan for Share in Preparing a Constitution.

IVANOFF, Government of Saratoff, Russia. April 24.—The peasant society has addressed a strong petition to M. Bouligan, Minister of the Interior, declaring that, as it is a most numerous class and the class which is suffering the most, it should be consulted on the method of realizing the imperial edicts. The society boldly proclaims itself in favor of convocation of a constituent assembly to decide on the form of government as a condition precedent to the demand for free speech, the abolition of the state of siege and the use of whips by Cossacks and bayonets by other troops.

HUNDREDS JOIN IN PETITION

Brown's Lawyer Says Many Policy-Holders Will Intervene.

PHILADELPHIA, April 24.—Joseph Junkin, of this city, who is one of the attorneys in the suit instituted in New York today for a receiver for the Equitable Life Assurance Society, said tonight that he represents a number of Philadelphia policy-holders who are policy-holders in the Equitable. He said that interventions will be filed in New York tomorrow by several hundred other policy-holders who reside in this city. Their names, he added, will be made public at the time of the filing of the papers.

Urged Not to Work on May Day.

WARSAW, April 24.—The Social Democratic leaders of Lithuania have issued a manifesto to workmen and peasant laborers requesting them not to work on May 1 as a protest against the existing conditions. The manifesto concludes with

the hope that this will be the last May day under despotic government. The holidays passed off quietly. The garrison has been heavily reinforced.

Sermon Against Jew-Baiting.

KISHINEV, Russia, April 24.—The fear of anti-Semitic rioting during the Easter holidays are spreading among the Jews. Archbishop Vladimir preached a sermon yesterday admonishing the Christians to refrain from violence and manifestations of race hatred during the festival of peace.

Celebration Becomes a Riot.

VLADIVAVKAZ, North Caucasus, April 24.—The Spring festival today was turned into a revolutionary demonstration. Cossacks and police dispersed the crowd, and many persons were injured, including some women and children, but none is reported to have been killed.

Printers Strike for a Rest.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 24.—The printers' union struck yesterday, announcing the refusal to work on Sundays and holidays. Only the Russ and Novoe Vremya managed to appear this morning.

Ministers Fail to Read Resolutions.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 24.—The resolutions adopted by the congress of the representatives of the higher schools were sent in a registered letter to the committee of Ministers and have been returned unopened.

St. Petersburg Navigation Open.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 24.—Navigation on the Neva from St. Petersburg was opened today.

QUENCHES WORLD'S THIRST

Relative Quantities of Drinks Used by the Largest Nations.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—(Special).—The consumption of tea, coffee and alcoholic beverages in the principal countries of the world is presented in a table prepared by the Department of Commerce and Labor, through its Bureau of Statistics. The figures show that the United Kingdom first in the consumption of tea; the United States first in the consumption of coffee; Germany first in the consumption of beer; Russia first in the consumption of whisky and other distilled spirits; and France first in the consumption of wine. Statistics are presented relative to the United States, the United Kingdom, France, Germany, Russia, Spain, Italy, Austria-Hungary, Portugal, Chile and Argentina.

Tea consumption in the 12 countries named aggregated in 1904, or the latest available year, over \$20,000,000. Of this, the consumption in the United Kingdom was \$5,500,000; Russia, \$17,500,000; United States, \$9,578,000; Germany, \$7,600,000; England and American yachtsmen who carried to the San Sebastian regatta in the international regatta which will be held there this month. To the yacht club of St. Sebastian with Commodore, the former will hold its regatta in July, and every possible kind of welcome will be offered to English and American yachtsmen who care to visit the gay little Spanish "plage." Several English and American visitors are already to be found in the hotels, including Duke, Dexter, Edward Dodgson, P. C. Radecliff, Miss H. R. Chamberlain and Mr. and Mrs. Beaumont, and several of the neighboring villas have already been taken for the Spring and Summer season.

WINE consumption in the nine countries for which statistics are presented amounts to \$20,000,000 annually, principally in the Latin countries. France alone consumes \$14,000,000 annually; Austria, \$2,500,000; Spain, \$1,500,000; and Austria-Hungary, \$1,500,000. The statistics of beer consumption are available for only eight countries, with a total of \$2,319,000 gallons annually. Germany had a total consumption of 1,780,000 gallons; the United States, 1,600,000; United Kingdom, 1,400,000; Austria, 450,000; France, 300,000; Hungary, 250,000; and Italy, \$750,000.

Whisky consumption in the nine countries for which statistics are presented amounts to \$2,000,000 annually, principally in the Latin countries. France alone consumes \$1,000,000 annually; Germany, \$750,000; Austria, \$500,000; Spain, \$400,000; and Austria-Hungary, \$250,000. The statistics of coffee consumption are available for only eight countries, with a total of 877,000,000 gallons annually. Germany had a total consumption of 1,780,000 gallons; the United States, 1,600,000; United Kingdom, 1,400,000; Austria, 450,000; France, 300,000; Hungary, 250,000; and Italy, \$750,000.

Waldorf Theater in London.

King Edward to Meet Loubet Again.

Cherry Garden Party at Tokio.

Shakespeare Week at Stratford.

Sicilians Welcome the Kaiser.

Under Clairvoyants' Spell.

They Butted In on Ouida.

Succa, Sicily, April 24.—The courts

RUSSIAN BLOOD UP

Will Soon Attack Turkey to Regain Prestige.

TO TEST BRITAIN'S METTLE

Bulgaria Fears Consequence of Russian Plans in Balkan States.

Austria to Aid Czar, Who Has French Sympathy.

CHICAGO, April 24.—(Special).—The Daily News' Vienna correspondent says: "Trustworthy news from Sofia represents that the Bulgarian Cabinet is alarmed at the intentions of Russia relative to the Balkan states. It is beyond question that the Russian Cabinet is preparing to send an expedition to the Balkans, and that the government at St. Petersburg is maturing plans for an impressive demonstration in the Near East. The Czar bewails Russia's loss of standing in Europe and reads with pain the comments of the Western press, wherein it is taken for granted that Russia is not what she once was." "The Romanoff blood is up and the Czar intends to test the quality of England's opposition to Slav ambitions touching Constantinople. In plain words, with the co-operation of Austria-Hungary, Nicholas means to see if Russia cannot brush aside every obstacle from her path to the Mediterranean."

It is understood that the Czar counts on French sympathy, inasmuch as a striking reassertion of Russian strength in Europe would tend to rectify that imbalance of the European balance of power which has resulted from Russia's misfortune, and which is enabling Germany to press so hard on France in Morocco. It is well known that the Bulgarian cabinet has brought pressure emphatically to the attention of England."

Austrian statesmen regard Bulgaria's tears as exaggerated, although complete candor on this subject is rarely met. The refusal of the four guaranteeing powers to sanction the transfer of Crete's allegiance from Turkey to Greece means that Europe is not ready to undertake the solution of the problem of European Turkey. Were Crete's national demand solicited, Bulgaria would immediately solicit a similar favor for the whole Balkan question would arise in urgent form.

FRENCH NAVAL PLANS STOLEN

Spy Ransacks Rooms of Director at Tonlon.

PARIS, April 24.—The rooms occupied by the director of naval construction at Tonlon were ransacked last night. The Journal states that valuables and money were not touched, but that documents and plans were carried off.

Yacht Races in Spain.

LONDON, April 24.—The Royal Yacht Club of San Sebastian in Spain received permission from several English yachting clubs to take part in the international regatta which will be held there this month. To the yacht club of St. Sebastian with Commodore, the former will hold its regatta in July, and every possible kind of welcome will be offered to English and American yachtsmen who care to visit the gay little Spanish "plage." Several English and American visitors are already to be found in the hotels, including Duke, Dexter, Edward Dodgson, P. C. Radecliff, Miss H. R. Chamberlain and Mr. and Mrs. Beaumont, and several of the neighboring villas have already been taken for the Spring and Summer season.

Japan Entertains German Prince.

TOKIO, April 24.—Prince Charles Anton von Hohenloern, representative of the Emperor of Germany with the Japanese army, accompanied by Prince Ketschik of Kanin, arrived here today from Mukden on his way to Germany. The representative of the Emperor of Japan and many notables greeted the Princes at the railway station. Prince Charles of Hohenloern was escorted to the Shiba palace, which he will occupy during his stay in this city. A number of farewell entertainments have been planned in his honor.

Spain Sticks to Her Bullfights.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Bullfights were held Sunday in many towns all over Spain, for the first time since the law prohibiting the same being held on that day was promulgated, says a Herald dispatch from Madrid.

Several serious injuries are reported to have occurred in various rings.

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Nan Patterson Breaks Down at Rand's Speech.

HER TRIAL IS SUSPENDED

Deprived of Comfort of Her Father in Court, She Has to Hear Story of Crime as Related by Prosecuting Attorney.

STORY OF NAN PATTERSON'S CASE.

June 4, 1904.—Caesar Young, a book-maker, while riding in a hansom cab with Nan Patterson, a chorus girl, was mysteriously shot to death with a pistol at the corner of West Broadway and Franklin street, New York, at 8:30 P. M. Nan Patterson was arrested, charged with murder, and committed to the Tombs without bail.

November 25, 1904.—Her first trial began before Justice Veron M. Davis, in the Supreme Court. After the trial had progressed for ten days one of the jurors was taken ill and, on November 26, the jury was dismissed and the trial postponed.

December 5, 1904.—Nan Patterson's second trial was begun before Justice Davis in the same court. It continued to December 23, when the jury, after long deliberation, disagreed. It was said to stand 6 to 6.

April 10, 1905.—Nan Patterson was called for trial for the third time in the same court. At the request of the District Attorney it was postponed until J. Morgan Smith and his wife, Nan Patterson's sister, had been brought to New York from Cincinnati as witnesses.

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April 12.—Nan Patterson's third trial began before Recorder Goff.

NEW YORK, April 24.—The third trial of Nan Patterson, accused of the murder of Caesar Young, began in earnest today before Recorder Goff, in the Court of General Sessions. Confident and almost smiling in the previous ordeals, the former showed today was on the verge of a collapse. She became faint at the close of the morning session, necessitating a hurried adjournment of the court, but had revived considerably when the afternoon session began.

The feature of the day's proceedings was the opening address of Assistant District Attorney Rand, in which he outlined what the prosecution intended to prove. He declared that Young never carried a pistol, and that the state would prove that the revolver that killed Young was bought by J. Morgan Smith, brother-in-law of Nan Patterson. Mr. Rand said that he would prove by sworn evidence that during the year Young maintained Nan Patterson he spent \$2,000 on her; that Nan Patterson and the Smiths entered into a conspiracy to prevent Young from leaving this country and to avoid cutting off their source of income. Young, he contended, acted as one marked for slaughter from the time he received the alleged threatening letter in which Julia Smith, Nan Patterson's sister, wrote to Young: "Unless you see Nan, I cannot answer for the consequences."

The petition filed by counsel for the Smiths to compel District Attorney Jerome to give up letters taken from them when they were arrested in Cincinnati was denied today by Justice Gaynor in the New York Supreme Court.

In opening his address, Mr. Rand urged jurors to forget all that has been said and published about previous prosecutions of the prisoner and to begin with an entirely fair and unbiased mind.

Court of Law, Not Chivalry.

"This has been a most sensational case," he said, "and you are facing a hard ordeal, particularly an account of the sex of the defendant. But this is not a court of chivalry, a court of morals—it is a court of law."

He warned that the fact that an indictment had been returned against the prisoner must have no weight with them, and that they must not consider against her the prisoner's mode of life. He concluded, however, that it was a misconception to believe that her character had nothing to do with the case. This, he believed, would have a most important bearing as showing a possible motive for the crime.

That the prosecution has not abandoned its contention that the revolver with which Young was killed was purchased by J. Morgan Smith was shown during Mr. Rand's opening arguments. He challenged the defense to produce the letters which he said it claimed to have knowledge of, that would show that Young had threatened to commit suicide if he had to give up Miss Patterson. He declared that Young never owned nor carried a revolver and made the flat statement that "the revolver that killed Caesar Young was purchased by Joseph Morgan Smith."

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DAILY METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

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PACIFIC COAST WEATHER.

STATIONS.	Temp.	Pressure.	Wind.	State of sky.
Baker City	72	30.00	W.	Cloudy
Bismarck	59	30.10	N.	Cloudy
Boise	70	30.00	N.W.	Cloudy
Butte	55	30.00	W.	Cloudy
El Paso	72	30.00	W.	Cloudy
Idaho Falls	68	30.00	W.	Cloudy
Portland	83	30.00	W.	Cloudy
Seattle	57	30.00	W.	Cloudy
Spokane	68	30.00	W.	Cloudy
Tacoma	68	30.00	W.	Cloudy
Walla Walla	68	30.00	W.	Cloudy

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Thunder showers, with light rainfall have occurred today in scattered portions of Eastern Oregon and Southern Idaho. Elsewhere in the North Pacific States fair weather has prevailed.

The temperature continues abnormally high this evening at all stations in the Pacific Northwest except in Southwestern Oregon and along the immediate coast, where it is cooler.

The indications are for showery weather in this district Tuesday with lower temperatures.

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