Commissioner Secures Five Thousand Feet More Space for Big Exhibit.

COULD USE ONE BUILDING

N. Kushibiki Arrives in Portland and Asserts His Country Will Make Largest Display of Any Nation.

Japan has been doing so many unexpected things of late that the exploits of that newly-awakened empire are ceasing to create any great amount of surprise. Therefore it is only in harmony with Japanese enterprise that while the world is waiting for Togo to slip in on Rojesttensky the Imperial Japanese Exposition Commissioner slipped into Portland Sun-day morning, and after a long session at the Fair grounds captured 5000 square feet of additional floor space for the Japanese exhibits. As it now stands Japan has more than one-half of the entire Oriental building, and is prepared to install the biggest and most interesting exhibit of

any nation in the world.

The Imperial Commissioner is N. Kushibiki, educated in Europe and well versed in the ways of the Occidental world. He was at the Exposition grounds bright and early yesterday morning and was the first one to get an interview with Director of Exhibits H. E. Dosch. He came down to business without preliminaries, abruptly, in fact.

On behalf of Japan, I ask for more exhibit space," he said.
"How much more have you been ordered to secure," asked Colonel Dosch. "My country will fill all the space you can possibly give. We would gladly take the whole Oriental building," was the

surprising reply.
"There is a total of 1800 square feet for the Orient which has been held for emerncies." Mr. Kushibiki was informed.
'I wish to apply for it now, and as first applicant believe I am entitled to the space on behalf of Japan. I am willing to pay for it if necessary."

Reputation Is at Stake.

After the Imperial Commissioner had filled out a written form of application and it had been approved by Colonel Dosch, he became enthusiastic, which is a part of the Japanese temperament that is said to be exercised on very rare occa-sions. Possibly Mr. Kushfbiki's European training accounts for it. He went on to Colonel Dosch that the exhibit which Japan would put in would be the best in the world, and that Japan was de-termined to reap the fullest advantages of new trade relations that might find birth with the Portland Exposition. Mr. Kushibiki also indicated a more human reason for his deep interest in the success of the Japanese exhibits.

"My reputation is at stake," he said.
"At St. Louis my Emperor was not satisfied with what Japan did. He thought it was not so good as Japan could do. I have been made Commissioner to Portland, and I will be held responsible if all is not well. The world must know more of Japan, and I have been given the mission of showing it. So I am going to put in the greatest exhibit of any nation. When our exhibit is in you will know more of Japan."

Mr. Kushibiki and the assistant will set

They will make the Japanese section of the Oriental building breathe of Japan. At the entrance of their main booth will be the gates of the ancient Japanese city This picturesque gate is over 400 years old and bears the marks of siege and weather during that period. One and weather during that period. One feature of the exhibit inside the gates will be a big collection of cloisonne naments. There will be vases standing to a height of ten feet and worth several thousand dollars apiece. Silks, manufac-tured goods, curios, antiques, old docu-ments, coins and many other interesting things will be included in the general dis-

M. J. Wassels Says Half His State Will Attend Opening Week.

"Half of Idaho will be at the Exposition the opening week. The rest will come before the Fair is over." This is the estimate M. J. Wassels makes of the Portland during the Summer. Mr. Was-sels is Idaho Commissioner to the Lewis and Clark Exposition. He arrived during the forenoon for the purpose of looking after the finishing work on the Idaho building and the installation of Idaho ex-

"Everyone in Idaho," he added, "has heard of the Exposition, and everyone is planning to come. Your Fair is getting unlimited publicity from the people who have been here in the past. They all say the same thing about the Exposition, that is, the most beautiful thing possible. Idaho feels a live interest in the enterand will contribute in many ways to Its success.

Here to Take Charge of Exhibit.

F. Lemson Scribner, chief of the De-partment of Plant Industry of the United States Government, arrived yesterday morning at the Exposition. He will have entire charge of the agricultural exhibits in the Government building. Mr. Scrib-ner has been at the head of his department since 1885, in which year he organ ized the work of investigating the ments of plants, which has since become an important work and productive of much good. He will remain here until after the close of the Exposition.

Arranging for Visit of Cadets.

D. F. Quinlan, commanding officer of C. Cadet Corps, visited Lewis and Clark headquarters yesterday, for the purpose of arranging the details of the visit here in June of the two battaliens constituting the corps. Mr. Quinlan stated that the members of his command were looking forward with eagerness to their trip to the Fair, and that they were drill-ing hard to be able to make a good showing in the drill contests that are to be a part of the military encamp-

Secretary Shaw Unable to Attend.

Secretary Shaw, of the United States Treasury Department, will be unable to attend the exercises at the opening of the Exposition. He so advised Pres H. W. Goode yesterday, stating in his letter that it would be necessary for him to be in Washington at the tir esident Roosevelt's return from his nting trip. This, it is now believed. hunting trip. will be about the date of the Exposi

Association on June 19, and it may be possible that the excursion will reach a much greater number. J. W. Butler, secary of the association, has written to Portland Commercial Club stating that the special train bearing the party of Texas bankers will reach Portland on June 19 and will remain until the night of June 21, when the visitors will leave over the Northern Pacific for an Eastern trip. Arrangements will be made by the Commercial Club to entertain the members of the party during their stay in the city.

JAMES FARLEY DISAPPEARS

Hood River Business Man Comes to Portland, and Is Lost.

Systematic search of the city by the police has thus far falled to bring to light James Farky, a prominent Hood River merchant, or to furnish a clew upon which to work. He vanished here April 17, having at least \$100 on his person. His part-ner, J. B. Fletcher, and Mrs. Farley, a young bride of but six months, have been assisting in the search.

There seems nothing definite regarding the mysterious affair, except that Farley has disappeared. He came here from Hood River to transact business for his firm, and was to return home soon. He took a room at the Hotel Peakins, occu-pled it one night, and did not return, as he informed the clerk he would. Since then he has not been seen or heard from

by his friends. Farley is said to have been greatly chagrined and noticeably humiliated since his



James Farley, the Missing Hood River

marriage with one of Hood River's most popular belies, aged 18 years. He is 51, and when the union took place his friends seemed to turn upon him, it is said, and chided him for his action.

"I am at a loss to understand the dis-appearance," said J. B. Fletcher, Farley's partner in a grocery store at Hood River.
"He seemed to be setting along well, and seemed content. He was to buy goods for the store and return home immediately. the store and return home immediately His wife is nearly crazy over his absence. It was at first thought possible that Far-ley might be in one of the local hospitals, and careful inquiry was made at each one. He was not there. The police think he may have tired of the ridicule of his friends at Hood River and decided to leave the country.

HE STARTS MORE LAWSUITS

J. E. Burke Sues Three Brooklyn Citizens for Lumber Taken.

ond-hand lumber stored in Brooklyn on the Strowbridge property, which disappeared after it had been labeled "Free wood," by the owner of the property. who did not want the lumber on his land Yesterday, Burke obtained a judgment of \$5 against J. K. Havely. He asked for \$250, but Mr. Havely showed that he only taken away a small quantity of the

in South Brooklyn. Yesterday afternoor he filed papers in the three following suits Policeman S. D. White, \$230; John N. W Heneji, \$250; William Martin, \$250. In each of the complaints it is set forth Burke was the owner of 75,000 feet of lumber ! vember, 1966, and that the plaintiff car-IDAHO COMMISSIONER ARRIVES ried it away and appropriated it to his own use. It might be inferred from the complaints that each of the defendants had carried away 75,000 feet of lumber Every man who carried away some of this lumber is liable to be sued for \$20, and nobody in the neighborhood knows who may be made a defendant in a lawod knows suit. The circumstances are somewhat peculiar. Burke stored the lumber from umber of people his state will send to two houses on another man's land, but the owner of the land objected, it seems, to the lumber being stored, and posted a wood, with the result that it disappeared last Winter.

YOUNG MEN'S CLUB ACTS

It Indorses Williams for the Republican Nomination.

The Young Men's Republican Club at a meeting of its ward and precinct captains last night indorsed George H. Williams for Mayor and certain other men for city offices. It also resolved to stand by the nomination of the prima-ries, regardless of whether their candi-

dates were chosen.
This club, which was formed two years ago, at that time of men all under 0 years of age, is exerting a wide influence all over the city and is looking to increase its membership. Represen-tative young men from all sections are leaders, and they are working hard to see their organization have sufficient

weight to be a power in city politics. Besides Mayor Williams the Repub lican candidates indorsed last night were L. A. McNary, for City Attorney; Joseph W. Beveridge, for City Treasurer, and Daniel Kellaher, John Annand, W. J. Clemens and J. P. Sharkey for Councilmen-at-Large. The indorse ment of the fifth Councilman-at-Large was reserved for the next meeting of the club, a week from Wednesday.
At the meeting last night the officers were Jay H. Upton, president, and Samuel C. Slocum, secretary. The ward

captains present were: George Hart, First; J. V. Zan, Second; Ben L. Norden, Jr., Third; S. C. Holbrook, Fourth; Dudley Evans, Fifth; Ross Plummer, Sixth; Marion Johnson, Seventh; Fred Buchtel, Eighth; A. R. Kerrigan, Ninth;

Services at St. Mark's.

This being St. Mark's Day, there will se special services at St. Mark's Church, Nineteenth and Quimby streets. In the morning there will be celebration of hosy communion at 8 o'clock and at 10:20 o'clock, and in the evening prayer will be said at 7:20 o'clock. The Rev. H. H. Gowen, rector of Trinity Texas Bankers Will Come.

Portland will entertain not less than the members of the Texas Bankers

Texas Bankers Will Come.

Portland will entertain not less than the gathering of parishioners after the sarrios.

FAIR ASSURED

New England Roads Join the Other Trunk Lines as to Prices.

Thousands All Over the United States Will Take Advantage of the Cheaper Tariff to Seek Homes in Oregon.

The last link has been joined in the east of Chicago territory and low rates prevall on account of the Lewis and Clark Fair from one end of the United States to the other. W. A. Mears, secretary of the transportation committee of the Portland Chamber of Commerce, yesterday re-ceived a telegram from P. S. Eustis, pas-senger traffic manager of the Burllogton at Chleago to the effect that a meeting of the New England Passenger Associa-tion had been held, at which all the lines affiliated with the association had decided to make the low one-way-plus-SI round-trip rate throughout all points in the ter-ritory, as had been done by the other passenger associations. This action of the New England Association completes the list of the trunk lines associations and brings every line running east of Chicago into the agreement to furnish low transportation to the Lewis and Clark fair.

Already the announcements of the change in transcontinental rates have begun to have a decided effect on the pros-pective attendance at the Exposition, ac-cording to the advices received by local

The Portland Fair stands in a novel osition in the history of fairs, as shown y the character of many of those who ave up to this time announced their intention of making the trip. The Chicago Fair, the St. Louis Exposition and the one at Buffalo were in every case places where the people went simply to have a holiday. With the Lewis and Clark Ex-position it is different. The Fair has caused low rates, and this has made an occasion for hundreds of people throughout the East to plan visits to Portland and the Northwest during the Summer, not primarily to see the Exposition, but to investigate the country.

From every direction the traffic agents are reporting the formation of large parties which desire to come to the state to look into the advantages to be found here, to seek business locations and homes. Each day the Portland Chamber of Commerce, the Board of Trade and the Com-mercial Club receive letters asking for information to guide persons intending to come to the state on tours of homeseek-ing. The travel will be heavier than ex-pected, and it is now thought that many more residents will be the result of the Exposition than could have been hoped for several months ago.

Big Rush From East Assured.

J. T. Hendricks, general agent of the Julion Pacific and affiliated lines at Philadelphia, has written to the Portland Com-mercial Club in relation to the attendance at the Portland Exposition from his ter-According to the advices received from Mr. Hendricks, there will be a very J. E. Burke is determined to be compensated for the loss of his 75,000 feet of second-hand lumber stored in Brooklyn on by the lines west of Chicago. by the lines west of Chicago.

The outlook was not very encouraging

when the first rates were announced, but since the amendment has been made many inquiries are being made in the territory overed by the office of Mr. Hendricks Already large parties have been formed to come to Portland, and in several instances the accommodations have been se d. There will be many intended set-come from Virginia and other places the South whose destination will Portland and other places in the state.

IS SECURING RIGHTS OF WAY

Electric Railway to Fairview and Troutdale Soon to Build.

Within about a month earth will begin o fly on the new branch electric rallway between Cedarville, on the Gresham line of the Oregon Water Power, and Trout operated between Portland and Fairview and Troutdale. Perhaps also a ferry-boat that will connect with the Washington side of the Columbia River at Wash-ougal from the mouth of the Sandy River will also be in operation. Steady progress is being made in the work of securing rights of way between Cedarville and Troutdale. It was reported yesterday that this part of the enterprise would soon be closed up, and the actual work netructing the line begun. W. P. Keady has been out over the route constantly for some time in connection with the busi-ness of obtaining rights of way. It is understood that little difficulty is being experienced in securing from farmers rights of way required for the track, as they have been trying for years to get rallway connection with Portland, and are not inclined now to throw obstructions in the way of the building of an electric line by a company which does things.

The great dairy interests along Colum-

bia Slough, of which Fairview is a center. will receive an impetus. Troutdale also is a center for the country to the south along the valley of the Sandy River and eastward from the Sandy. Construction of the electric railway even to Troutdale will, in large measure, bring the splendid district east of the Sandy River into closer touch with Portland. But one of the most important objectives of this branch is the ferry connection with the Washington side of the Columbia River. The ferry operated at the mouth of the Sandy River will be to the rich and growing district back of the Columbia River from Washougal what the Vancouferry is to Vancouver and Clark County.

War Veterans Will Parade.

Second Oregon veterans and others who smelled powder in the recent war with Spain, all members of Camp Scout Young No. 2, United Spanish War Veterans, are to have a torchlight procession tomorrow evening, starting from Elks' Hall, Marquam Building, at 8 P. M. From 300 to 400 veterans will be in line, and headed by tend the Elks' county fair. On the latter

Puneral of Mrs. L. M. Niles.

don't know Liquozone yet. Many still drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cling to medicine for what medicine can-cannot be taken internally. For that reacook place yesterday afternoon at 2 not do. Many remain sick without son, medicine is almost helpless in any Puneral of Mrs. L. M. Niles. took place yesterday afternoon at 3 not do. Many remain sick without son, medicine or clock from her residence, 344 Montgomery street. Mrs. Niles was born in Cin-

26. 1842, to Jesse Niles, who died about one year after their golden wedding. Of their seven children, only three survive-isabel Niles Drake, of Cincinnati; Jessie Niles Burness and Edith Niles, of Port-land. At the request of the deceased the remains were taken to the Crematorium emains were taken to the Crematorium for incineration. A very simple funeral service was held at the residence and the Crematorium by Mr. W. H. Galvani.

WANTS 2-MILL BRIDGE TAX

Citizen Says Taxpayers' League Is Abetting Private Schemes.

PORTLAND, April 24.- To the Editor-

I ask space in your paper to pass a few remarks on the article appearing on page 14 of Sunday's Oregonion from the so-called "taxpayers' league." To "a man up a tree" it might read "Portland Consolidated Railway Company." The public will note that the "league" is in favor of "grants by the City Coun-cil for connecting tracks and short extensions for street railways," which means that the railway company shall have the privilege of abandoning any por-tion of a franchise and substituting other streets therefor as suits its pockets; an illustration of which is furnished on Grand avenue, near Sullivan's Guich, and near the guich in South Portland, where

the company evades payment of its just portion of the improvement at those points. It is up to the public to look

into this matter Again the "league" says "there is imilarity of conditions between conditions between the building of bridges by the city, as a whole, crossing a river which divides it into two parts and bridges crossing guiches." I ask the public to say as to what is the difference between spanning the river which divides the city with a bridge and spanning a gulch which divides the city, and is more of an impassable barrier than is the river? The facts are, and no canis the river? The facts are, and no candid mind will deny it, such like improvements are an absolute necessity to the welfare of the city at large, and more particularly the strictly business portion, and a protest from those most benefited in the business center comes with exceedingly poor grace and an unlimited amount of gall. Cut off the outside from the business section of the city and how many business section of the city and how much

is business property worth?
This was evidently the intent of that section of the charter providing for dis-trict assessments and for arbitrary crea-tion of districts by those who hold office by the grace and through the influence of this same clique. But that's the char-acteristic nerve of some people. While opposing this measure of relief to the people of South Portland at the last session of the state Legislature, the league at the same time asked that the public be saddled with a bond issue of \$225,000 to buy property in which it was interested, after first having the property embellished with the people's money. This also the public should keep an eye on, as unless precedent fail, it will not be the last effort to foist this property on the public at extravacent flexure. the public at extravagant figures

In conclusion I will say that, regardless of the charter provision for assessment districts (conformity to which has been ignored as to those South Portland im-provements). I submit to a fair-midded and intelligent public the nature of the improvements and benefits derived con-sidered, as to whether the city at large, and the business center in particular should not bear a portion of the expensentailed.

D. L. M'LEOD.

No Connection With F. A. Kribs.

PORTLAND, April 21 .- (To the Editor.) An article from Stevenson, Wash., published in The Sunday Oregonian, does me a great injustice. Whenever there is any trougreal injustice. Whenever there is any trou-ble or any contest over ciaims not only in Oregen, but in Washington and Idaho as well, it seems to be the practice of the newspapers to lay the blame upon me. The article states that "Marshall is said to be holding the claim under instructions from Frederick A Kriba." I wish to state that this man Marshall is an entire stranger to me and that I have had no business with him directly or indirectly. I understand him directly or indirectly. I understan that Marshall has been locating people upo fore the United States Land Office at Var couver. In the meantime I will state that have no interest in or sympathy with the operations of either of the two parties met

Rosco Drives Blindfolded.

Mental telepathy was given a public demonstration yesterday afternoon when Rosco, a mindreader, drove blindfolded through the streets and located a book mmittee for the purpose consisted olice Sergeant Slover, Mr. and Mrs. G. Morris. After finding the book, the mind-render selected the word and letter in the volume previously selected by the volun-teer committee. The test was entirely satisfactory and the committee attested its belief that Rosco performed the feat without the aid of confederates.

Be sure a bottle of Piso's Cure is kept on

WHAT JOY THEY BRING To EVERY HOME as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play-when in health

-and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company - California Fig Syrup Co. -plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

State Commission Asks for Exhibit Plans.

LIMIT IS NEXT SATURDAY

Oregon Must Have All Exhibits Installed Before Opening Day of Exposition, Says Myers of State Commission.

Saturday from the exhibits department of the Lewis and Clark Exposition to the effect that exhibitors who are not on hand by May 1 will be ruled out, a similar order was issued yesterday to apply to exhibits. General Superintendent Charles Galloway forwarded a copy of the order to every participating county in the state, Next Saturday is named as the very latest date at which plans and specifications for the exhibits will be received. Any of the counties that have not responded by that plans become generally known, other countime will be ruled out and the space thus ties could make capital of them, and thus left open redistributed or awarded to out-

Nearly every one of these will be repre-sented by individual gxhibitors. Those that have decided to participate will have the strongest exhibits possible, as each one has an eye on the liberal cash prizes offered by the Lewis and Clark State Commission. These cash awards will be in the shape of a 50 per cent rebate of the actual

cost of making the exhibit. President Jefferson Myers, of the mission, stated yesterday that his depart-ment would co-operate with the corpora-tion to have everything ready on the opening day. If there is any tendency towards slowness on the part of counties he will post an order placing penalties on tardi-ness. He does not believe, however, that there will be any necessity for this. "Oregon, beyond all other countries has needs to be prompt. It would never do for us

to be late with any detail of our ex-hibit," said he.

The records of the State Commission headquarters show that plans of exhibit have been submitted by about one-half of the participating countles, leaving a dozen absent at this date. Confidence is ex-Following is the edict that went forth sction, and they have been forwarded copies of the special order issued yes-

terday. Plans Are Kept Quiet.

When the installation of the county exhibits is made the exact nature of the Oregon display will be made public. Until then surmises must serve. Each of 12 counties that have already responded has its plans. The reason of this is obvious. Should a particularly ambitious set of the contest for prize awards would not be

son, Josephine, Lane, Lincoln, Linn, Ma-Malheur, Polk, Sherman, Union, Umatilla, Wasco, Washington, Wallows, Yamhill, Morrow The counties that will not be represented

except through individual exhibitors are Clatson Crook, Curry, Grant, Klamath, Lake, Multnomah, Tillamook and Wheeler

FOR ELKS' COUNTY FAIR

Every Preparation Is Made to Insure a Large Attendance.

Tonight is the night set for the opening of the big Elks' Fair, that is to last until the end of the week. A large force of artisans has been employed on the booths. There are innumerable features and enough entertain-ment is promised to warrant a charge of several times the price of admission. There are two bands, the Elks' Provincial Band and Parsons' Orchestra, One will furnish the music during the evening, and essed that the remainder will be here the other will play for the stage perform-next Saturday, the limit placed by ance and the dancing. There is only one by next Saturday, the unit places by matinee, and that on Saturday, when the yesterday's order. Two special agents matinee, and that on Saturday, when the haby show will take place. The com-mittee has arranged to give every beautiful baby a prize. A traveling bag that cost \$50 is to be voted to the most popular traveling man, and also to the most popular candidate for the coming election, no matter to what office he aspires. On Wednesday evening the United Spanish War Veterans will march in a body with torchlights to the Armory and 500 members will attend the Fair. Tonight all the requested the utmost secrecy concerning Elks and their ladies will march in a body its plans. The reason of this is obvious. quam Grand Opera-House building.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

left open redistributed or awarded to outside applicants.

Of the 23 counties of Oregon, 24 have
made appropriations for separate displays.
The nine that are not in line are mostly

the contest for prize awards would not be
on an entirely fair basis.

The counties that have made appropriations for separate displays.
The nine that are not in line are mostly

the contest for prize awards would not be
on an entirely fair basis.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy.

Mra. Whaslow's Soothing Syrup, for children
tions are Baker, Benton, Clackamas, Coos.
Columbia, Bouglas, Gilliam, Harney, Jackaliays all pain, curse wind colic and diarrhoes.

336 Hours

Are Required to Make Liquozone-Yet the First Bottle Is Free.

inches of gas used. This process has, for more than 30

years, been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research. The object is to take gases which are germicides, tonics, nerve foods and blood foods, and to condense their virtues into liquid, stable sold for proportionate sums. We mention

The main result is to get into a liquid, and thus into the blood, a powerful yet harmless germicide. And the product is so helpful-so good for you under any condition—that even a well person feels its Liquozone well before buying it. For instant benefit.

Liquosone is not made, like medicine, there any alcohol in it. Its virtues are derived solely from gas, made in large part from the best oxygen producers. Nothing but gas enters into it.

Used the World Over.

During the past two years this remarkable product has sprung into world-wide see in the treatment of germ diseases. It ever used before.

the band of the Third Infantry Oregon National Guard, they will march to the from experience what Liquozone can do. Armory, Tenth and Couch streets, to at-One home in five-wherever you go-has Millions of homes in America know some one whom Liquozone has cured. occasion the soldier boys will present the Portland lodge of Elks with a souvenir from the Philippines. zone is daily used, sickness has been almost banished.

But there are millions of others who

the virtue which you find in Liquozone. that what it has done for millions it is else in the world for you. No one is at During all of that time it employs im- bound to do for you. Ask us for a bottle well that he cannot be helped by it. mense apparatus, and skill and care. At to try. Please learn, at our expense, what The reason is that germs are vegethe end of two weeks we get one cubic this wonderful product means to you tables; and Liquozone-like an excess of free. inch of Liquozone for each 1250 cubic Then, for the good of all, tell others about oxygen-is deadly to vegetal matter. To on a local druggist for a full-size bottleit, as others will tell you.

We Paid \$100,000

this fact to indicate the value of Liquo zone-the value to you. Men have never before paid such a price for any discovery used in the cure of sickness. We need not tell you that we proved

Liquozone well before buying it. For years it was tested through physicians and beauties in this country and others.

All that medicine can do for these troubles is to act as a tonic, siding Nature and hospitals, in this country and others. by compounding solds and drugs; nor is It was employed to every stage of every It was employed in every stage of every are indirect and uncertain, depending on germ disease; in all the most difficult the patient's condition. A cure is always cases obtainable. With thousands of sick ones, considered incurable, we proved that it did what medicine could not do. Then, and then only, did we pay the price. Since then we have spent nearly \$2,000,-

600 to make Liquozone known. We have believe that results are almost inevitable. bought the first bottle and given it free Our, faith in the product is so great that to every sick one we learned of. These people told others, and the others told others. The result is that Liquozone is is used more generally than any remedy now more widely employed than any med-months' test. icine ever was. And no one can doubt that it is doing more for sick humanity than all the drugs in use combined.

Kills Inside Germs.

the fact that it kills germs in the body without killing the tissues, too. And no man knows another way to do it. Any

ery street. Mrs. Niles was born in Cincinnati, O., on February 4, 1826, and was the second daughter of John and Pa. Your own neighbors—your friends—can 1900 for a disease germ that it cannot steme Moore. She was married on May feel you what Liquozone has done. Please shill. Yet it is not only harmless but of

We spend It days and nights to create ask them about it. Then try to believe wonderful benefit-better than anything

the human body Liquozone is exhilarat- a 50c bottle-and will pay the druggist ing, vitalizing, purifying-the most needful, the most helpful thing possible. But the first bottle, of course-to those who to germs it to certain destruction; and have never used it. these facts are true of nothing else in existence

Germ Diseases.

These are the known germ diseases; all due to germs or to the poisons which germs create. These are the diseases to which medicine does not apply, for drugs cannot kill inside germs.

to overcome the germs. But those results doubtful when drugs are used, and some of these diseases medicine never cures.

Liquozone has amply proved its power to destroy the cause of these troubles. Every disease in this list has been cured with it so often that we have come to Our, faith in the product is so great that in any of these diseases—no matter how difficult-we gladly send to every patient who asks it a guarantee covering a

Asthma Abscess—Anaemia Bronchitis Blood Poisson Bright's Disease, Bowel Troubles Coughs—Colds Consumption entery—Diarrhea airuff—Drogsy

Hay, Fever-Influenza, Kidney Diseasis La Grippe Leucorrhea Liver Troubles Maiaria-Neuralgia Many Heart Troubles Piters-Pneumonia Pieurisy-Quinsy Rheumatism.

All diseases that begin with fevers—all in-flammation—all catarrh—all contagious dis-eases—all the results of impure or poteoned blood.

In nervous debility Liquosone acts as a stailer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

50c Bottle Free.

The way to know Liquozone, if you have never tried it, is to ask for a bottle We will then send you an order ourselves for it. This applies only to

This offer applies not only to those who are sick. It is open to any one who wants to feel better-who desires to keep well. Every home has a hundred uses for Liquozone. Every person would be better for using it daily, as we do.

The acceptance of this offer places you under no obligations. We simply wish to convince you; to let the product itself > show you what it can do. Then you can judge by results as to whether you wish

This offer itself should convince that Liquozone does as we claim. We would certainly not buy a bottle, and give it to you, if there was any doubt of results. You want those results; you want to be well and to keep well. Then be fair with yourself; accept our offer today. Let us show you, at our expense, what this wonderful product means to you.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to The Liquo zone Company, 458-464 Wabash Ave., Chi

Liquozone costs 56c and \$1.

I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free I will take it.

762-B Give full address. Write plainty.

Liquozope will be gladly supplied for