## HEAR EVERY SIDE

Senate Committee Will Consider Railroad Rates,

NEW BILL TO BE PREPARED

Two Months Will Be Devoted to Hearing Opinions of Experts on Question-New Bill Will Deal With Private Cars.

WASHINGTON, April 14 -- (Special.)-Bailroad rate legislation and kindred top-les will again be brought prominently to the attention of the public with the meetings here, beginning Monday, of the Sen-ate committee on interstate commerce, which will assemble for the purpose of wentilating the subject in a manner more thorough than any heretofore on record. The meeting will be held in the committee's rooms at the Capitol and will be public. Senator Elkius of West Virginia will preside. The Republican members are Culiom (Illinois), Aldrich (R. I.), Kean (N. J.), Dolliver (Iowa), Foraker (Ohio), Clapp (Minn.), and Millard (Neb.). The Democrats are Tiliman (S. C.), Mc-Laurin (Miss.), Carmack (Tenn.), Foster (La.), and Newlands (Nev.).

Esch-Townsend Bill a Basis.

As a basis of consideration, the Esch Townsend bill, passed by the House at the last session, will be expected to serve. The committee had the measure before it many days before the adjournment of the last Congress and was urged to put it on its passage. Arguments were ad-vanced, however, protesting against hasty action because of the alleged radical character of this measure, and the im-portance of the interests involved. Chairman Elkins and Senator Forsker were among those who advocated delay, and the committee, near the close of the session, after much time had been devoted to hearings, reported to the Senate a resolution authorizing it to continue the hearings during the recess. This author-ity was granted and Monday's meeting will be the initial meeting under that

Will Take Reams of Evidence. Although the House committee on inter state commerce, which evolved the Esch bill, took sufficient testimony to fill sev-eral large volumes, and although the Senate committee was not idle in that regard, the investigation of the subject now imminent promises to be most ex-haustive. Both sides, in fact many sides, of the case will be heard. The commit-tee expects to take the testimony of railroad experts, some of the best-known railroad men in the country among them. Testimony taken before the defunct industrial commission will also be offered, and members of Congress, specially inter-ested, will be heard. The views of the Interstate Commerce Commission will be obtained and President Roosevelt's ut-terance and writings will figure prominently. It is predicted that the sessions of the committee will occupy not less than two months, although its members are not delighted with the prospect of spending much of the heated term in

Will Prepare New Bill.

The fact that opposition to the Ech-ownsend bill is pronounced is not deed. Although that measure may serve a a base of consideration, but little of will be left when the committee prepures such measure as it may deem proper to present to the United States Senate. The House bill does not bear on the private car and refrigerator line evil. so seriously, complained of, and part of the bill to be produced by the Senate com-mittee will be devoted to this feature.

not believed that the bill will at once be prepared. There will be executive sessions after the public hearings, and it may be late in the Summer before the measure is ready which is to be submitted for the consideration of the Congress at the extra session to be convened primarily for the purpose some time in October.

WHICH NATION OWNS WATER? Commission to Decide Dispute on International Rivers.

WASHINGTON, April 14.-The President has appointed a special commission to deal with three important questions which have risen relative to the diversion and interference with the course of international rivers. This commission consists of Judge Penfield, solicitor for the State Department; Special Assistant Attorney-General McBurch and Professor F. H. Newell, of the Geological Survey, and has just had its first meeting. All the questions before the commission have formed the subject of extensive correscondence between the State Department and Mexico on the South and the Domin-

On the South there is that long-stand-lng controversy growing out of the not serious damming of the Rio Grande and the use of the waters of the upper river for ir-rigation purposes in American territory to the injury of the Mexican farmers on the right bank of the river. The Mexican claim that the Rio Grande is navigable and consequently that this diver sion of the water is in violation of international law. To the westward the comnission is to deal with the Colorada River, where the upper waters in American territory are also about to be diverted, to the loss of the Mexican ranches in Lower California.

On the north, the Milk River projects in Montana have alarmed the Canadians. Arising in the United States, this river flows into Canada and back again into Montana. The Canadians have been making large use of the waters on their side, with some entirely new questions referring to riparian rights.

As a result of a conference with Secre-tary Taft, it was decided that, as projects such as the international dam of the Rio Grande River and the reclamation dam on the Colorado River had been authorized by Congress, there was nothing to
do but to proceed with the work, leaving the broader question of international riparian rights to be treated diplomatic-

INDIANS ROBBED OF THEIR LAND be in the same position as that of the Winnebagoes Complain of Wholesale

Fraud by Agents. WASHINGTON, April 14. - (Special.) -From the Winnebago Indians of Nebraska has come a vigorous complaint to the Sec-retary of the Interior and the Commis-sioner of Indian Affairs of the manner in which that tribe has been robbed of its lands and cast into outer darkness by the white man for the past 25 years.

The Winnebago Indians declare that their lands, which have apparently been sold by them, have been taken away fraudulently. Members of the tribe, they assert, have been forced to sign blank papers they knew nothing about, the checks they have received have been faken from them by force, or offset by enormous whisky bills, their agents have falshflowed the itemised accounts sent to the department, and during the last three

ion gettings signatures from Indians to papers which enabled speculators to get

papers which enabled speculators to get hold of their property.

The climax, they charge, came, when their agent himself handed to a specula-tor the receipt, the Government check and money belonging to the Indians, to pay fraudulent debts and whisky notes of the Indians, without investigation or hearing and without the knowledge and consent of the Indians. the Indiana

The complaint is transmitted by Philip Long, a Winnebago, and is signed by more than a hundred of his tribesmen.

MUST ASK JAPAN'S CONSENT Preliminary to Obtaining Japanese

Laborers for Canal. WASHINGTON, April 14.-The executive committee of the Panama Canal Commission, Messrs. Shonts, Magoon and Wallace, today decided to draw up specifications to govern in the employment of la-bor on the canal. A decision from Attor-ney-General Moody as to the application of the eight-hour day to the work is ex-pected in a few days and will govern that oblem in the specification.

Permission will have to be obtained from Japanese government before the 2000 laborers from that country can be sered. The specifications as to treat-ent, sanitary conditions, etc., will have to be submitted to that government be-for this permission is obtained. The committee today received the Japanese Consul at San Francisco, together with a noted Japanese physician. The Consul-General and the physician sall from New York today for Panama, where they go to make an investigation of sanitary and political conditions, their report to be made to the Japanese Government.

Change in Military Commands. WASHINGTON, April 14 .- An order was ssued today from the War Department lirecting changes in the stations and duties of general officers, as follows: Major-General Samuel S. Sumner, orarily relieved from the command of the Southwestern division and assigned to the command of the Pacific division during the temporary absence of Major-

Brigadier-General Frank D. Baidwin, Department of Colorado, to the South-western division during the temporary absence of Major-General Sumner. Brigadier-General William S. McCas key, from the Philippine Islands to Den-

General Arthur MacArthur

Brigadier-General James A. Buchanan, o the Philippine division. Brigader-General Tasker H. Biss, to Manila. Philippine Islands, for duty, pending assignment to the command of a de-

Railroads for the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, April 14. - Secretary last expects to have a conference in a ew days with Frederick Delano, James peyer and J. G. White regarding the milding of railroads in the Philippine Islands and the terms of the act passed by the last Congress, which guaranteed 4 per cent on railroad investments in the islands. Several propositions have been submitted, which the Secretary has under

Panama Congratulates Magoon.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—C. C. Arosemena, Charge of the Panama Legation, called at the War Department today and presented the cordial congratulations of his government to Governor Magoon upon his appointment as Governor of the canal

DEADLOCK IN CHICAGO STRIKE

Mayor's Mediation Falls, and Strikers Use Clubs as Arguments.

CHICAGO, April 14.—After a day and a large part of the night spent in conference with both sides in the Montgomery. Ward & Co. strike, Mayor Dunne late tonight announced that he had made no progress toward a settlement of the trouble he did not seem hopeful that an adjust-ment will come in the near future. Further conferences will be held tomorr but it is not thought tonight by either the employers or the strikers that any arrangements will be reached. The great obstacle to the settlement is that the teamsters insist that the strike of the garment-workers, now four months old, be arbitrated before the teamsters return to work, and the employers insist that the teamsters return to work before anythins is done concerning the garment-workers. The Mayor endeavored tonight to bring about a joint conference, but neither side would consent to meet the other. Montgomery, Ward & Co. succeeded in

sending more goods to the freight depota today than at any time since the com-mencement of the strike. All of the wagons were under police protection, but there was less violence than on any of the preceding days.

The Mayor declined tonight to discuss the charges brought to his attention that a bribe had been offered for the settlement of the strike.

A fight between union and nonunion men which almost attained the magnitude of a riot took place tonight at State and Van Buren streets, a crowd of union men attacking four nonunion men who were eaving a restaurant. The nonunion men fought desperately, but were overwhelmed by numbers and compelled to run. All of on of Canada as represented by Great them sustained scalp wounds, and James Britain on the North.

On the South there is that long-stand-was stabbed in the arm. His injuries are

who had delivered a load of merchandise to Montgomery, Ward & Co., was tonight dragged by several strikers into an alley

FIGHT FOR THE CLOSED SHOP

TOPEKA, Kan., April 14 .- The boiltween Chicago and Albuquerque, more than 200 in all, went on strike this morning. The strike was ordered by in the province of the Minister of Finance. than 200 in all, went on strike this ing. He morning. The strike was ordered by the officers of the Brotherhood of Handlwork legislation, he said, was a Boliermakers at Kansas City. One hunbollermakers walked out here, proached later, and workmen must be proached later, and workmen must be proached to accept equal responsibility which has jed to a project by the people of Montana to cut out the entire bend but the Santa Fe officials insist there in the river on the Canadian side, by a is no strike at this point. "Business is

road is employing nonunion men whenever possible and they fear that,

or against the union Mother Jones In Copper Country. HOUGHTON, Mich., April 14.-Mrs. Mary Jones, known throughout the country as "Mother" Jones, arrived in

discriminating in any way, either for

Czar's New Commission Aims to Quiet Peasants.

ACTION IS TAKEN TOO LATE

Kokovsoff Promises Reforms to Dele-

It is feared, however, it may have exactly the contrary effect to the one desired among the ignorant peasantry, and that shrewd agitators will be able to employ the rescript bearing upon the general subject of the increase of peasant lands as being a confirmation instead of a denial of the representations that the agi-tators had previously circulated about the Emperor's intention to redistribute the land. Two methods of relief are proposed by the rescript—the purchase of additional land by the sid of a peasants' bank, and

the colonization of Siberia.

The creation of the new commission sounded the knell of the old Witte commission, which is simultaneously abol-ished. M. Witte's commission, which was of a much broader character, covering all questions relating to peasant administration, created a tremendous stir two years ago, being the signal for much outspoken ago, being the aignal for much outsposen criticism of the present regime on the part of the Zemstvos, notably that of Tver, which was "revised" out of existence by the late Interior Minister Von Plehve. An immense amount of material was collected by the commission, but its work became so diffuse and it accom-plished so little in the way of taugible results that its passing away has aroused

But the supplanting of one o ity of reforms conducted by bureaucratic ons. The government claims that, as the work of the new commission is being restricted solely to the question of devising ways for supply-ing the peasants with additional land, it should speedily accomplish something Nevertheless, in quarters familiar with the situation among the peasants serious doubts are experienced as to whether the script will have an appreciable effect in laying the agrarian agitation.
"Like all the acts of the autocracy, it

nes too late," said a prominent noble-n, who has a large estate near Moghileff, and who considers it unsafe to live upon his property.

The active head of the new commission

will be M. Goremykn, a former Minister of the Interior, who is extremely well equipped for the work assigned to him. For a long time he was the Senator in charge of the Senate section relating to peasant affairs, in which he is an expert. M. Goremykn was Minister of the Interior marked by any of the harshnesses which drew down upon the heads of his two suc-cessors the doom of the terrorists.

CONCESSIONS TO WORKMEN. Finance Minister Tells Delegation

Laws Are Being Prepared. ST. PETERSBURG, April 15.-(1:15 A. M.)-In receiving a delegation of workmen from Moscow yesterday Finance Minister Kokovseff gave notice to the workmen of Russia that a government commission is now formulating legisla-tion to remedy the greater part of their grievances, including state insurance against sickness, accident and death and for shortening the hours of labor, abol-ishing the prohibition of unions and criminal punishment for strikes, and for the which employers and employes shall be

The Minister pointed out to the delegation the impossibility of elaborating in a moment legislation of such weighty and far-reaching character. He declared that the energy with which the commission is working gave it the right to demand sufficient time for the preparation and consideration of the proposed laws, and said that industrial disturbances such as have occurred hamper instead of furthering

The Moscow workmen presented a pe tition of rights under 11 heads, five of which are covered in the foregoing state ment. Regarding the others the Minister said the commission was considering the widening of the sphere of action of the "factory elders" on the lines of the fac-tories commissions of Germany and re-Santa Fe Boilermakers Strike Against strictions as to overtime, but the further points are the technical education of workmen, extension of factory legislation to cover handiwork industries and the re-

with equal privilege.

This interview with the Minister canal, the effect of which would be to completely deprive the Canadians of cell "and we have laid off some men. This interview with the Minister of Finance, lasting an hour and a half, is another indication of the general conclianother indication of the general concil The men say they have quit work latory spirit of the government. The evi-because of sympathy with the boiler-dent desire to cure, wherever possible, the makers on the Western division of the maladies of the empire is manifested by road, admitting that they themselves the peasant commission, the Finnish and have no grievance. In reality the whole affair is a struggle for the closed-shop principle. The Santa Fe has won its ment throughout takes the stand that all conducting its shops here on the open-shop plan. The bollermakers allege the road is employing nonunion men worse than none at all. It appeals to the dissatisfied to give their rulers a full and fair chance to accomplish the legislation

> Santa Fe officials deny that they are WHOLE EMPIRE IN A FERMENT Russia Has Good Prospect of Bloody May Day.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 14.-Developments all point to a crisis in the present agitation among the workmen of the cities and the pessants in the country on May copper country today, drawn here by the street railway and mine etrikes.

Debts Four Times its Assets.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 15.—The first definite figures as to the failure of the Coe Commission Company were made public today in the bankruptcy schedule in the Federal Court by the attorney of in the Federal Court by the attorney of the company. They show total liabilities of 1820,185, and total assets of \$75,815. The largest item in the list of liabilities is meet the situation, evidently relying on the rector and police to guard the capital.

The country today, drawn here by the and the peasants in the country on May day, and appeals are pouring in from all quarters of Russia for military protection. The St. Petersburg workmen are preparing a great demonstration. Arms and bombs in large quantities have been smuggled in, and bloodshed on a large shandoned its intention of bringing scale is feared. Wealthy persons, who public today in the bankruptcy schedule in the Federal Court by the attorney of the Neva or to neighboring country places, this year are going abroad. The government has abandoned its intention of bringing the Neva or to neighboring country places, this year are going abroad. The government has abandoned its intention of bringing the Neva or to neighboring country places, this year are going abroad. The government has abandoned its intention of the Neva or to neighboring country places, this year are going abroad. The government has abandoned its intention of the Neva or to neighboring country places, this year are going abroad. The government has abandoned its intention of the same proparation.

Revolt in Church Seminary.

TAMBOFF, Central Russia, April 14.—The pupils of the Ecclestantical Seminary there have struck. When the rector and

Fleeting Pleasure

**Profitless Possession** 

Its Influence Upon Home Life

Seething With Revolt—MayDay Massacres Feared.

It is universally conceded that there is no more refuing influence than that of music. Such being the case, it is eminently the duty of every head of a family to pave the way to the entrance into his home of the instrument that will yield the largest amount of musical enjoyment to those within its confines. Without his knowledge some member or members of his family may crave music, and we believe the plano is the instrument best calculated to satisfy that craving. A Fischer plano would be a good plano for your purpose, from whichever stidency to discuss the questions relating to peasant tenure of lands, is direct recognition of the grave peril involved in the spreading peasant agitation, which threatens not only the big estates, but the imperial domains. The instructions in the rescript to work out a system clearly marking off peasant iand from the land of other owners, "in order to inculcate in the people a perception of property ownership," amounts to an imperial refutation of the stories current among the peasants that the Emperor had decreed a new division of the land.

It is feared, however, it may have ex-

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COR. SIXTH AND MORRISON

The latter are extremely active. All the prominent agitators are being arrested or have already been sent back to the vil-lages from which they originally came. The prisons are filled to overflowing. There have been fresh disputes between the workmen and the managers of the Putiloff, Baltic and Nevski works, and between the employes and the management of the government cartridge factory. At the latter place the men refuse to con inue to donate any portion of their pay to assist in the support of families of the soldiers at the front, claiming that the money is used to prosecute the war, to which they are opposed.

The news received from the interior is alarming, especially from the Baltic Provinces, where the entire population is in a state of intense excitement. The cities are being flooded with revolutionary proclamations, calling on the people to rise on May day. The criminal classes are taking advantage of the situation to pillage and plunder, while in the country he leadlends are represented to one with the landlords are powerless to cope with the peasants, and are demanding the sta-

tioning of troops at every station.

From Dunaburg, Government of Vitebak, come reports that the Jews are in a state of panic over the circulation of proclamations similar to those which preceded the outbreaks at Kishiner and Gomel. At Ekaterinosiav, three revolutionists, who were surrounded by police, fought their way to liberty, killing or wounding

several of the latter A dispatch from Kars says that the employes of the Trans-Caucasian Railroad are on strike, and that 100 miles of the track has been damaged. Private advices from Reval, Government

of Esthonia, are that the police are fol-lowing their old practice of dividing the opulation against itself. They are trying to excite the natives against the Germans, and the position of the latter is becoming so alarming that many are going abroad

IF THEY WILL ONLY BE QUIET

ple Many Good Things. TIFLIS, April 14.-A proclamation of Count Von Vorintzoff-Dashkoff, the ew Governor-General of the Caucasus, pils were wounded before order was rewas gazetted today, announcing that stored. in accordance with the intentions of Emperor Nicholas, the Governor-General will, when he assumes office, conoke conferences of representatives of all the towns, peasant communities and orthodox, Armenian and Mohammedan Churches, with the view of concerting measures for the establishment of pub-lic security, defining the amendments necessary to the judicial procedure of

the Caucasus and introducing Zemstvo administration. The Governor-General also proposes to hasten the surveys of the crown lands available for cultivation; that they may be allotted to those in need of land. The proclamation adds that the Emperor has ordered a revision of the question of the confiscation of the Armenian Church property, and con-cludes by urging the maintenance of tranquility, so that conditions in the Caucasus may speedily be improved in accordance with the imperial rescript of March 3.

RIGHTS OF THE RAILROAD MEN Hilkoff Promises New Laws to Men

on Siberian Road. ST. PETERSBURG, April 15 .- 11:15 A M.)-Before leaving St. Petersburg for Siberia to superintend the improvement of the Trans-Siberian Railway and to inaugurate a river transportation service in Siberia, Minister of Rallways Hilkoff is sued a circular to every employe ar nouncing that he had ordered the speedy preparation of legislation covering many points for the improvement of condition of service and the rights of employes, in accordance with a petition by workmen, as well as a disciplinary statute

He promised to consider an increase of wages in some cases and the abolition of a large amount of correspondence and red tape in railway management, but he reminded the employes that many of their demands cover unsatisfactory ditions necessarily connected with the ex-

RUMBLING OF STORM IS HEARD Warsaw Expects Trouble at Easter-Trying Rioters in Secret.

WARSAW, April 14.—(8:45 P. M.)—Disturbances here are feared during the Easter holidays. Many people are leaving Warsaw. Fresh strikes are reported at Lodz, Russian Poland, where the situation is causing much uneasiness.

The trials of the persons arrested in connection with the January disturbance are now proceeding in the citadel behind closed doors and under martial law. It is understood that several of the prisoners have already received the most severe penal servitude sentences.

Government Will Release Gorky. ST. PETERSBURG, April 14 .- On ac

count of the conditions of his health, and the fact that the evidence against

## JUST RECEIVED-"ROBINSON AND WELLS" ENGLISH TAILORED HATS ipman, Wolfe & Co.



We are exclusive agents for this celebrated make of hats, and guarantee them to be absolutely the best \$3.00 hats on the market. We have the very

25c 1/2 Hose 19c

\$1.25 Kid Gloves 98c Our 2-clasp "Dena" Overseam Kid Gloves, Paris

point embroidery, all colors; regular price \$1.25,

\$1.50 Kid Gloves \$1.29

Our 2-clasp "Liwo" Pique Kid Gloves, Paris point and fancy embroidery, all colors; regular 

\$1.75 Kid Gloves \$1.39

Our 3-clasp "Consuelo" overseam selected Kid Gloves, Paris point embroidery, all colors; regular price \$1.75, for this sale .... \$1.39

Children's Reefers Children's Cloth Reefers, in red, royal and tan 

sleeves ......\$2.00 Children's Suits

navy blue, made with fancy emblem

Sailor Suits of fine quality chambray in blue and tan at ......\$1.75 Russian Sailor Suits of blue and tan chambray at ......\$2.75 Misses' Duck Sailor Suits in white and navy, 



VICTOR TALKING MACHINE And 12 records of your own choics delivered at your home for . \$1.00 Balance casy

## New Neckwear 45c

40c Hosiery 25c

Women's gauze Lisle Stockings in tan, black, coampagne, white, gray, navy and cadet. Regular

25c Hosiery 15c

Boys' heavy, indestructible ribbed school Stockings, fast black. Regular price 25c; for this sale . . . . 15e

40c Silk Ribbon 15c

All Silk Mousseline Ribbons, 5 inches wide, in all the staple and new Spring colors; regular price 

\$4.00 Petticoats \$1.79

Women's White Cambric Petticoats, some with deep flounce, hemstitched, some lace edge and insertion, others with fine blind embroidery, a large variety; regular prices \$4.00 to \$2.75,

\$18.50 Suits \$9.95

Tailor-Made Suits, all new, this season's, made of plain cloths and fancy mixtures in jacket and blouse styles; regular price \$18.50 to and blouse styles; regular price \$18.50 to \$15.00, today only ......\$9.95

12<sup>1</sup>c Percales 7<sup>1</sup>c

Best Percales, 36 inches wide, fast colors, cadet C blues, red, navy and gray, figured and seroll designs; regular price 121/2c, today only 71/2c

Best Challies 5c

Best quality three-fourths cotton challie, Oriental and floral effects, newest designs in blue, pink, 

pman, Wolfe & Co.

Governor of Caucasus Promises Peo. priests attempted to induce them to re- cartoons and the debutes of Zemstvos turn to their studies, the pupils drove and other legal organizations. them out and later attacked the institu-Troops were finally sent to the scene of disturbance and many of the pu-

Dock Laborers on Strike. LIBAU, April 14.-The dock laborers here have struck and the loading of

grain has been suspended. Barn-burning in many districts continues. Strikers Cut the Wires. TIFLIS, April 14.-Strikers have cut the

wires at the Elizabeth station, Free to Talk and Make Cartoons. ST. PETERSBURG. April 14.-The

Workmen's Meetings Forbidden.

koff has forbidden all workmen's meet-KEEP ITS FATE SEPARATE.

MOSCOW, April 14 .- Chief of Police Vol-

Unload Other Territories. OKLAHOMA CITY, O. T., April 14 .- Acting upon the general belief that the stateood bill was defeated in the last Congress by reason of the controversy over union of New Mexico and Arizona, a movement has been launched in Oklahoma and Indian Territory to enter a vigorous

cerned. Representatives of the two territories met here today and called a convention to meet at Oklahoma City on July 12, for the purpose of formulating a petition to Congress for joint admission to statehood without reference to the other territories. The movement prom-

ises to arouse great interest. Mrs. Craven Not Declared Insane. BURLINGTON, Ia., April 14.-There is Future State of Oklahoma Asks to

no truth in a report erroneously circulated early today to the effect that Mrs. Craven, who once sued the estate of ex-United States Senator Fair, had been adjudged insane. She has been critically ill for some time. Her relatives are with her, and her recovery is hoped for soon,

It is no longer necessary to take blue bills to rouse the liver to action. Car-ter's Little Liver Pills are much better, Don't forget this.

# Pure Blood

Is Certain if You Take

# Hood's Sarsaparilla

It cures those eruptions, boils and pimples which appear in the Spring; cures scrofuls sores, salt rheum or eczema and relieves the itching and burning; adapts itself equally well to, and also cures dyspepsia and all stomach troubles; oures rheumatism and catarrh; cures nervous troubles, debility and that tired feeling.

Press Commission has recommended protest against being included in a bill the removal of the censorship from where New Mexico and Arizona are con-

This is not merely modern theory, but it is solld, up-to-date fact. Proved by thousands of oures-40,368 testimonials in the past 2 years.

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