

THEY CONFER

Four Republican Clubs Name Envoys.

WILL RECOMMEND NOMINEES

Committee's Selections Are Not Binding on Their Respective Organizations, but May Influence Future Action of Clubs.

In order that the four Republican Clubs of Portland may unite in action, committees from each will confer next Saturday night in the new deal temple at 108 Second street. Thirty-five prophets have been chosen to take part in the communion, 10 from the Republican Club, 10 from the Young Men's Republican Club, 10 from the New Deal and five from the Glark Republican Club.

The committees are authorized to recommend to their respective organizations candidates for the Republican nomination for such offices as Mayor, Auditor, Treasurer, Municipal Judge, City Attorney and City Engineer. Large But It is expressly stipulated that the committee recommendations shall not be binding on the clubs. The five stalwarts from the temple who are charged with the duty of looking out for Glark for Mayor, first last and all the time, but aside from that office, are empowered to enter into arrangements for nomination of such candidates for other jobs as they may deem most acceptable and advantageous for Glark.

Chooses Its Envoys.

Last night the New Deal chose its envoys at a meeting of its executive committee. Just one week before the New Deal declared itself against any conference with other organizations and had proclaimed that it would endorse the candidacies of its own nominees of the party after the primaries. The work of last night seemed a reversal of the policy announced last week, but was said to be quite consistent, inasmuch as the New Deal still reserved to itself the boosting of all candidacies, and might boost or not, just as it desired, none of the envoys committee on conference might do.

The members of the four committees named in the order of their wards are: New Deal—John Wagner, Dr. E. C. G. Moser, John M. Mann, C. H. Thompson, W. B. Chase, E. C. Robinson, J. T. Gregg. Republican Club—Dr. Norris R. Cox, George W. Hoyt, D. J. Quimby, W. S. Daulway, F. E. Beach, N. R. Bird, W. P. Keady, Thomas Hilsop, H. L. Neville, W. J. Pedersen. Young Men's Republican Club—Dr. R. E. Preston, A. W. Allen, C. E. Lockwood, C. M. Idemian, W. M. Calk, R. E. Jones, H. H. Bennett, J. P. Kavanaugh, N. D. Beutgen. Glark Club—R. G. Morrow, C. E. Warren, George W. Hoyt, T. N. Toppenbach, Edward Newbegin.

Favor Dr. A. C. Smith.

The committees of the Republican Club and the Young Men's Republican Club favor Dr. Andrew C. Smith for Mayor above all eligibles. This was made plain at a conference of the two committees Friday. A joint subcommittee was named to carry out the duty of seeing that their organizations loved him best of all, and that they would like to make him their candidate for Mayor. The doctors' response was not a refusal to be their standard-bearer. In fact, he did not say that he would run; neither did he say he would not run. But indications are that he would consent to be a candidate should the summons come from a sufficiently large body of Republicans. He boomed say that he alone of all the Republican candidates now in the field could unite Republican elements in the election in June sufficient to beat the Democratic nominees, for they believe that the nomination of any other Republican would split the party in so many places as to result in the election of a Democrat.

Not the best of harmony has prevailed hitherto between the several Republican clubs. Each professes to be fighting shy of bosses and "collars" and ring rule. But they have not at all times agreed on a common procedure. New Dealers, for example, have spoken slightly of the Republican Club and the Young Men's Club, saying that those organizations have little backing. Leaders of those organizations, on their side, have averred that the New Deal was not altogether a square deal, and that they detected in it the hand of an old dealer, perhaps that of Simon.

New Deal on Record.

The New Deal has gone on record as disapproving indorsement of any candidate for nomination, at least its executive committee has done so. But the clubs will probably pick out candidates for nomination, and their deliberations have indicated that this will be done. Thus the New Deal and the other organizations appear to be on the verge of separation on an important matter of politics.

Next Monday night has been set for a meeting of the Republican Club. At that time an effort may be made to indorse some candidate for Mayor. Last Monday night the executive committee of the club and precinct workers instructed its conference committee then to report some recommendation for Mayor. Part of the committee at that time attempted to secure indorsement for H. S. Rowe, but the recommendation was withdrawn and its consideration deferred until next Monday night.

The New Deal will meet next Tuesday night to hear from the conference committee which was appointed last night.

WILL DISCUSS RATES QUESTION

Grand Lodge of United Workmen Meets in Portland Today.

The Grand Lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen for the jurisdiction of Oregon will meet this morning at 10 o'clock in the Elks' Hall, at the Marquam building, for the consideration of the rate question.

This meeting of the Grand Lodge is a called one, and is one of the most important that has met in the state for years, as it has in its decision the future existence, to all intents, of the order by which it is called. Two hundred delegates will be present for the conference, of which number perhaps one-half will be from Portland. For some months in fact for more than a year, the question of a readjustment of the existing assessment rates charged in the order has been under discussion. The fast-aging members and the increasing death rate of the order had so raised the assessments that membership was becoming burdensome, and the young men who had joined the organization were beginning to drop out, while no new members could be gained to take the place of those who were leaving for various causes. This condition confronted the Workmen from one end of the country to the other, and the Supreme Lodge of the United States adopted a rate plan which places the order practically on the same safe basis as that used by the life-insurance companies. More than one safe plan has

been worked out, and a choice of at least two is given to those grand lodges which have not as yet changed from the old to the new assessment plan.

At the last meeting of the Grand Lodge the new plan was discussed, but was rejected principally by the influence of the older members of the order. The trouble has been that the new plans, in order to be safe, necessitated that the older members of the order pay their proportionate share of the assessments. As it was in the existing plan, the new members and the young men in the order had to bear their proportionate share of the assessments made, irrespective of age or length of membership. This fact was causing the young men to forsake the order, and it has come to that pass where either the old men must consent to a proportionate increase in their dues or be soon left to bear the whole and increasing burden of assessment alone and untended by any new blood that may be infused into the organization through additional membership.

It is in this question then that will occupy the time and attention of the Grand Lodge when it meets today, and there is but little doubt expressed but what the new plan as proposed by the Supreme Lodge will be accepted with only slight opposition. A campaign of education has been carried on throughout the state for several of the months and it is thought that those delegated to the Grand Lodge have all been shown by ample argument that there is but one way to maintain the integrity of the order, and that is by the adoption of the new plan.

CUTS OUT THEATER SUPPERS

Why Price Objects to Change in the Police Hours.

Station Officer Price, who was instrumental in breaking up the movement among the policemen to present a petition to Mayor Williams asking that the hours of the different reliefs be changed, is still talking of the outrage which he says was attempted by the other men. "Those men of the day relief are becoming more aristocratic each day," said Price yesterday. They have gone so far that they want "bankers' hours." By the proposed change they would go at 7 o'clock in the morning and report off at 3:15 in the afternoon, getting an hour for dinner. Why there are no bankers in Portland that have better hours than those.

"If the change would be made it would be at the expense of the men on the second relief. As it is we do not go on until 12:30 o'clock. This gives us time to take our wives or girls to the shows. But if we had to report for duty at 11 o'clock where would we be? We would have time to go to the shows but we would have to cut out the supper, the very best part of our night's enjoyment."

"Some of the men might favor this change for the reason that they would be released from the responsibility of a feed after the shows. They could make a case that they had to be on duty. But not for me. I have been used to midnight suppers for so long that I couldn't give them up although I admit it would save a good little sum each month by it."

GETS A FAMOUS DUeling PISTOL

Weapon With Which Terry Killed Broderick Goes to Society.

Another famous relic of the days of old was given into the keeping of the Oregon Historical Society yesterday. L. B. Geer, of Salem, brought to the headquarters of the society the dueling pistol used by Judge David S. Terry in his duel with Senator David C. Broderick, near San Francisco, Cal., September 13, 1893. The latter was killed at the first shot fired by Judge Terry from the pistol. The duel was the result of differences over the slavery and political questions. Many years later Judge Terry was killed at Lathrop, Cal., by United States Marshal Neagle, who was acting as the body guard of Justice Stephen Field.

The pistol was given by Reel Terry, a son of the duelist, to Isaac Banta, who was the personal friend of the elder Terry at the time of the latter's death. Mr. Banta gave the weapon to L. B. Geer.

WILL JOIN THE MOROSCO COMPANY AT THE BURBANK THEATER, LOS ANGELES, CAL., MAY 7

WILLIAM BERNARD, ACTOR AND STAGE MANAGER, COLUMBIA THEATER.

It is with mingled regret and pleasure that the many friends of William Bernard, one of the principals of the Columbia Theater Stock Company, learn that he has accepted an offer from Oliver Morosco to become a member of the Burbank Theater Company, Los Angeles, Cal., opening there May 7—regret that Mr. Bernard is going to leave Portland, where he has made his home for over three years, and gratification that he is about to better his worldly prospects, for he has been engaged at a handsome salary to play heavy roles and take his share of the leading business at the Burbank Theater for a period of 30 weeks. Along with Mrs. and Miss Ida Bernard, Mr. Bernard will leave here for Los Angeles, April 30. As has already been stated, Mr. Bernard had arranged to take an important part in the direction of Kralitz's Carnival of Venice at the Lewis and Clark Exposition, but when Mr. Morosco's offer reached him Mr. Bernard consulted with Manager Calvin Hilly, of the Marquam Theater, and through Mr. Hilly's kindly offices a release was obtained from Mr. Kralitz. Within the last few days Mr. Bernard received a tempting offer from Manager S. Martin Cohn to star in vaudeville, but, after considering the matter, Mr. Bernard thought his best interests would be served by accepting the Burbank Theater offer. As a member of the Baker Theater Company, Mr. Bernard has appeared in Los Angeles, where he has plenty of friends. As a finished, capable actor of the English school, Mr. Bernard has appeared here in dozens of roles, where he made himself a popular favorite for his strong, realistic, virile work. His humor in comedy has also been appreciated. As a lover, swearing in hoarsest accents of his burning love for his sweetheart, or as a heavy villain, breathing hate and re-venge for insults received, Mr. Bernard gave faithful portrayals. He is one of the best all-around actors seen here, and as stage manager of the Columbia Theater, Mr. Bernard showed fine executive ability.

TARDY ONES FINED

Contractors Suffer Who Are Dilatory.

BOARD ENFORCES THE LAW

All Are Warned That Severe Penalties Will Be Imposed on Those Failing to Complete Their Work on Time.

Delinquent contractors for improvements of the city's streets will be brought to time with a round turn. It was decided to impose fines upon several that are all the way from 50 to 100 days late in completing their work at a meeting of the street committee of the Executive Board yesterday afternoon and to notify all other contractors on city work that the fines imposed would be heavy if their agreement as to time were not fulfilled.

For a year or more the contractors who have secured the orders of the city for the improvement of streets have apparently taken the contracts with the idea of completing the work whenever they pleased, and when the City Engineer or a citizen called the attention of the Executive Board to the matter to ask for an extension of time without offering any excuse. At the meeting of the committee yesterday the clerk had a large bundle of complaints from almost every part of the city, written by citizens, asking when they would be asked to get to their homes without wading through the mud or going through a neighbor's back yard as a result of some delinquent contractor failing to complete his work, and following the reading of these complaints came pleas from the contractors for more time in finishing their work. Then there were a number of acceptances of completed work read, and attached to each of them was a concise note from City Engineer Charles Warner, calling the attention of the Board to the fact that every one of the bills that the contractors were presenting was for work that should have been completed a long time ago.

Mayor Williams listened to the comments of the City Engineer, and then called the attention of the other members of the board to the flagrant violation of the laws of the city by the contractors and notified those present that such action would not be tolerated. He insisted that every contractor fulfill his agreement promptly, and said that their fines for not doing so would materially reduce the amount of their profits. W. L. Boise, of the Executive Board, also had a few words to say about the matter, and pointedly notified all contractors that fines would be imposed upon the contractors that are now late, as well as heavy ones upon later infractors.

In many of the cases no excuse whatever was offered. The contractors sat about the room with an indifferent air, and answered not when asked why they had not fulfilled their contracts. Bichill Bros. had several accepted streets upon their list, which they expected the money for, but, according to the note of the City Engineer, they were 29 days late in completing one piece of work, 80 days late in another, and more than two months in one. Mickum & Kelley were 35 days later than they agreed to be in completing a street. M. J. Conley was more than 90 days too slow, and Glebach & Joplin took three months more time than allowed by their contract to finish one street. R. J. Deburh was also three months late.

In every instance the City Engineer called the attention of the Board to the fact that the weather was splendid for street work, and gave a description of the ground they were at work upon to offset any excuse the contractors might offer. When the committee adjourned

without passing any of the claims, the contractors went away dejected, and the members of the Board expressed themselves in most forcible terms as to what they would do hereafter if a contractor attempted to abuse a privilege granted by an accommodating official.

WILL FIGHT THE WEEDS

Civic Improvement Board Prepares for Another Campaign.

The Board of Civic Improvement is preparing to make an onslaught upon weeds and rubbish of all kinds to be found in vacant lots and corners of the city. The attack will be made with the assistance of the Police Department and by authority of the Council, given in an ordinance passed on April 5 which provides:

That any owner, or in case of his non-residence or absence for a period of 60 days, then the agent of such owner of any lot or premises, who shall permit any weeds, grass, vines, thistles, cockleburrs, bushes, shrubs, or other plants to grow on such lot or premises to exceed one foot in height (except for use or ornament, food or fuel) or rubbish of any kind to remain on such lot or premises for 30 days after the passage and approval of the ordinance, or after ten days' notice to remove the same, shall be deemed guilty of maintaining a nuisance, and shall on conviction be fined not less than \$2 or more than \$5, or be imprisoned for not less than one day or more than 90 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

The Chief of Police, upon request of the Civic Improvement Board, has notified all patrolmen of the passage of the ordinance, and has made them acquainted with its details, including the important provision that the rubbish of any kind is allowed on any premises or lot, and that patrolmen are justified in ordering the removal of rubbish even from private property or premises.

The City Improvement Board is circulating letters every day to owners of vacant lots asking them to look after the removal of rubbish and expressing the hope that they will do so without availing themselves of the law to their effect.

The members of the board consider it a matter of regret that the Council grants permits for banners to be hung across the street, and for signs bridging over the street, and that they are placed without limit, the result of which, they contend, will be that Portland will soon present the appearance of a city where signs and banners are everywhere. The board holds that the signs should be stopped at once, illuminated signs should be allowed only on the condition that they are placed on ladders and not on the street, and that the signs should be removed during the day. That at night the signs held to illuminate the streets and cannot therefore be objected to, is admitted by the board, but during the day they are altogether out of place in a city of the dignity of Portland. San Francisco long since passed an ordinance embodying the above conditions, and many others much more difficult to comply with, with the result that their streets are comparatively clear of objectionable signs and banners, and thus a much more pleasant place to live in.

The matter of sanitary conditions in the city being so much a matter of Civic Improvement, as it has been for some time, and a strong effort is being made to secure the appointment of a meat inspector and also for the appointment of a deputy city engineer, Dr. Biersdorf, the City Health Officer, in the discharge of his duties.

MARKETS MUST CLEAN UP

Housewives of Portland Are Determined to Enforce Neatness.

The ladies say that the vegetable markets of the city are so filthy that it is dangerous to go to them. They say that they must raise their own supply. The butcher shops are even worse say the women, and as they will be unable to join the ranks of the vegetarians they must also raise their own beef, sheep and pigs.

"We are going to have another meeting at the School of Domestic Science Friday," said one of the ladies last night, "and we are going to have some speeches that will cause the market men to sit up and take notice. Dr. Woods Hutchinson will be one of the speakers, and he will just go after them. Dr. Mac Cardwell has also been invited to address the gathering from the standpoint of the City Board of Health. Miss Tingle and Mrs. B. H. Trumbull will talk about the conditions of the markets as they found them, and the effect upon the health of the city."

At the meeting this morning a committee will be appointed to visit the markets and give the proprietors notice to clean up their places, and thereafter at stated periods the committee will publish what is to be known as the "clean list," which is to contain the names of all clean markets for the use of the housewives of the entire city. Another committee will be appointed to confer with the City Council about an ordinance that will provide a market inspection, and we are to have ordinary brushing up and whitewashing," says Mrs. W. J. Honeyman. "We want radical changes in the appearances of the markets, and we want the clerks to cease dipping their hands first into the sweet pickle barrel and then take up a sample of sauer kraut to show to a customer that really wants a little celery, which the clerk usually handles without washing his hands. Then the butcher shops of Portland are filthy. Why, do you know I was visiting one the other day, and noticed that the dirt upon the exterior of the sausage machine was an inch thick, and goodness knows how much there was inside."

Following the speeches at the meeting today, there is to be a general discussion by the women upon what definite steps are to be taken toward further inspection tours by them.

Council of Jewish Women.

The members of the Council of Jewish Women are invited to attend the housekeepers' mass meeting today at 10 o'clock at the School of Domestic Science, Tenth and Alder streets.

COMMEND ACTION OF WANZER

Reinstatement of A. S. Groce Is Indorsed by Stationary Engineers.

The recent action of City Engineer Charles Wanzer in reinstating A. S. Groce as street inspector, under the provisions of the Civil Service Commission, prompted the following resolutions, which were adopted at a meeting of the Stationary Engineers last night.

Resolved, That we, the stationary engineers, members of the International Union of Steam and Fire Engineers, Local No. 10, of the City of Portland, Oregon, in the action he took pertaining to the reinstatement of Inspector A. S. Groce in the service where he rightfully belongs, inasmuch as he took a higher examination and passed in a higher grade than J. Banker, and be it further

Resolved, That we highly commend the Civil Service rules where they are carried out in accordance with the city charter. Inspector Groce, at recent examinations of the Civil Service Board, passed a very creditable examination, but who appointed to a position found that another man with less credits had received the steady position and the larger salary, while he was compelled to work irregularly and receive pay accordingly. As soon as City Engineer Wanzer discovered the error of affairs he changed the man about, and has received the commendations of many people for his prompt action.

CHARGE IS MURDER

Blanche Tompkins Must Now Stand Trial.

SHE KILLED MRS. NORA STONE

In a Drunken Quarrel She Threw a Lighted Lamp, Which Exploded, and Caused Death of the Woman Yesterday.

Testimony of eye-witnesses given yesterday afternoon at the inquest into the death of Mrs. Nora Stone, caused the coroner's jury to hold Blanche Tompkins responsible for the loss of the unfortunate woman's life. A charge of murder in the first degree will now be filed in the Municipal Court. Miss Tompkins is held a prisoner in the County Jail.

On Saturday night, March 25, at 7 o'clock Blanche Tompkins and Nora Stone engaged in a drunken quarrel in rooms over the resort run by "Liverpool Liz," Second and Davis streets. According to the evidence given yesterday at the inquest, it resulted in Blanche Tompkins delivering a blow with a lighted lamp, which was then hit by Nora Stone. The latter was then hit by a lighted lamp, which exploded, and caused the death of Mrs. Stone. The explosion followed, Mrs. Stone being burned so badly that she died at 2:30 A. M. yesterday at Good Samaritan Hospital, after weeks of suffering.

Deputy District Attorney Hanes and Coroner J. P. Finley conducted the inquest. City Physician Sam was first called and swore that Nora Stone died from the effects of the burn.

William Moeller, a plumber's helper, residing at 577 Albina avenue, next took the stand and told of the quarrel between the two women, resulting in the death of Nora Stone. "Nora Stone and Blanche Tompkins were quarrelling," said Moeller. "They were drunk. I endeavored to cause them to stop bawling each other and be friendly, but they continued and the first thing I knew Nora struck Blanche. Then Blanche seized a lighted lamp and struck Nora. There was an explosion. Nora's clothing ignited and I threw a quilt over her to smother the flames. Blanche took fright and ran from the building. I started to follow her, but she ran down the stairs and I carried Nora down stairs and sent her to the hospital and soon the firemen and police came."

Minnie Anderson, an inmate of the resort, corroborated Moeller in every detail. Lizzie Smith, known as "Liverpool Liz," and May Smith, another inmate, told of hearing the quarrel between Nora Stone and Blanche Tompkins. May O'Brien, who was an eye-witness, has kept out of the reach of the police, and is now being sought. There is a warrant for her arrest, charging vagrancy.

Detective Carpenter told of placing Blanche Tompkins under arrest an hour after the fire. She returned to the resort and he took her to police headquarters. He said she admitted to him that she struck Nora Stone with the lamp.

TELLS STORY OF SACAJAWEA

Dr. Luema G. Johnson Delivers Fine Address to Brooklyn School.

Mrs. Dr. Luema G. Johnson told the story of the famous Indian woman, Sacajawea, to all the pupils of the Brooklyn School yesterday afternoon. The pupils from all the classrooms marched into the assembly hall, where they were seated. As a prelude to Dr. Johnson's talk, "We Love Our Oregon Home" was sung. The story of the brave Indian woman, who guided the footsteps of Lewis and Clark, suffering every possible hardship and making it possible for the explorers to find their way through the wilderness, was told.

What To Do For Heart Trouble

I back up my advice with this Remarkable Offer—A Full Dollar's Worth of my Remedy Free to Prove that I am Right.

ask no reference, no deposit, no security. There is nothing to promise, nothing to pay—either now or later. To any heart sufferer who has not tried my remedy—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—I will gladly give, free, not a mere sample, but a full dollar bottle.

I am warranted in making this unusual offer because mine is no ordinary remedy. It does not merely soothe and soothe the heart. Such treatments are worse than useless. It goes straight to the cause of all heart trouble—the heart nerves—and strengthens them and vitalizes them and restores them. Then that is the end of heart disease.

For the heart itself has no more self-control than a common sponge. It is made to beat by a tender nerve so tiny that it is scarcely visible to the naked eye. Yet ten thousand times a day this delicate nerve must cause the heart to expand and contract. The heart is about the size of your clenched fist. Open and close your fist a dozen times, even, and you will see the monstrous labor this little nerve must do.

The heart nerve is only one of the branches of the great sympathetic nervous system. Each branch of the system is so closely allied with the others that weakness or irregularity at any point is apt to spread. Heart trouble frequently arises from stomach trouble through sympathy, and kidney trouble may also follow. For each of these organs is operated by a branch of these same sympathetic nerves—the inside nerves. The bond of sympathy between the nerves that operate the vital organs has a useful purpose, as well. For what will cure weakness in one branch will surely cure weakness in every branch—that will restore one center will surely restore them all.

There is nothing new about this—nothing any physician would dispute. But it is remanded for Dr. Shoop to apply this knowledge—to put it to practical use. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is the result of a quarter of a century of endeavor along this line. It does not dose the organ or deaden the pain—but it does go at once to the nerve—the inside nerve—the power nerve—and builds it up, and strengthens it and makes it well. If you have heart trouble and have never tried my remedy, merely write and ask. I will send you an order on your druggist which he will accept as a bill to me. This offer is made only to strangers to my remedy. Those who have once used the Restorative do not need this evidence. There are no conditions—no requirements. It is open and fair and fair is the supreme test of my limitless belief. All that I ask you to do is to write—write today.

For a free order for Dr. Shoop's Restorative, full dollar bottle, Book 2 on the Kidney, or Book 3 on the Heart, write to Dr. Shoop, 1111 Broadway, New York City. Book 2 for Men, Book 3 for Women, which book you want. Book 2 for Men, Book 3 for Women.

Mild cases are often cured by a single bottle. For sale at forty thousand drug stores.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

For Habitual and Obstinate Constipation. APENTA HUNGARIAN NATURAL APERIENT WATER. Unloads the Liver Opens the Bowels Relieves the Kidneys

APENTA is more gentle in action than other purgative waters. Does not cause crampy pains nor give rise to subsequent constipation. Its efficacy in removing fat and corpulency and in the treatment of other disorders has been proven by experience.

The NAME of the APOLLINARIS CO., Ltd., London, on the Apenta Label is a Guarantee of Uniformity and Superiority.

nesses, was told graphically and held the attention of the pupils closely to the end that they might understand the importance of Sacajawea as a historical character and her connection with the securing of the Northwest to the United States was set forth.

At the conclusion of the talk the pupils were informed that if they purchased Sacajawea buttons, sold for 10 cents each, they would be admitted to the Lewis and Clark Fair, July 5, the day when the statue of the Indian woman will be dedicated.

WILL DEDICATE FREE OF DEBT

New Baby Home Directors Announce Event for April 22.

Arrangements have been completed for the dedication of the new Baby Home building, on the Waverly tract, Saturday afternoon, April 22, at 2:30 o'clock. It will then be dedicated free of debt, F. S. Aiken, of the board of directors, will the coming week send out special invitations to the contributors and friends of the institution to attend the ceremonies, which will take place in the new building.

The cost of the new building, together with the cost of moving and converting the old structure into a hospital, was \$14,924. There is still a small balance to be raised, but this will be provided before the dedication, and no money will be asked for at that time. Some of the rooms in the handsome new structure will be furnished by outside contributions. Nominal Circle Women of Woodcraft, will furnish the children's room. The rug used here alone will cost \$50.

The directors feel grateful for the many liberal contributions from friends which made it possible to com-

plete the home free of debt, and also to erect a structure more pretentious than the first contemplated, when it was thought that if \$4000 could be raised that would cover expenditures.

ROCKPILE GANG GETS REST

Until Steam-Crusher Arrives Prisoners Will Be Idle.

The county prisoners' rockpile workers are enjoying a rest until a steam crusher is put in on the St. Helena road, where the men have been employed for a long time past under the supervision of John P. Hoffman and James T. Johnson. A. S. Briggs and W. H. Burke, guards. After the steam rock crusher is in place the building of the Linton boulevard will begin under the most approved plans of road-building. The rockpile gang now comprises 45 prisoners. They work cheerfully, preferring to be out in the open air rather than in jail, and they are well fed. There has not been an escape since November, 1903. Oliver Harrington, a prisoner who refused to work, was kept in the dungeon in the County Jail for 16 days. He now occupies a cell and is fed on bread and water, except every fifth day, when he is given the regular fare. Under the law, so long as he is guilty of insubordination he receives no credits on his time. Consequently, if he does not relent and consent to go to work he will never get out of jail.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

If Baby Is Cutting Teeth, Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Eucalypti Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, always all pain, cures wind colic and diarrhoea.

There's nothing like Hood's Sarsaparilla for keeping blood pure and giving real



THE cleanest-fitting, best-hanging Rain Coat out this season. Made with the fitted back or full back. A most becoming Spring Overcoat for all-around wear. You forget that it's rain-proof until you find it keeps you dry in a shower.

Ask for Kirschbaum Clothes (Warranted). Good stores everywhere, \$12 to \$25.

Insist on seeing the Kirschbaum label inside breast pocket of coat. New Style Book free if you'll write for it.

A. B. Kirschbaum & Co. (Makers) Philadelphia and New York