

LEADS THE CHASE

President as Fast as Any Man on Horseback.

NOT AS SPEEDY ON FOOT

He Surprises Plainmen by Riding Down Coyotes With Ten-Mile Chase—Dogs Let a Wildcat Get Away From Them.

FREDERICK, Okla., April 12.—This has been an ideal day for President Roosevelt and his party of hunters in the big pasture. The weather has been cool and cloudy, enabling the horses and riders, as well as the dogs, to do the best there is in them. The President appears to be a whole show by himself, and he is constantly surprising the old plainmen.

One of the longest runs of the entire chase occurred during the fore part of the week, when a wolf was chased from the hills and through creeks and timber for 10 miles. Only the hardest and best riders could keep up such a terrific pace as this for any distance. When the wolf was finally captured there were but four of the party within sight of the animal, Bob Burnett, Guy Waggoner and John Abernathy, three old-time cowboys, and the fourth member was President Roosevelt. About 15 of the dogs are taken in each chase, and the remainder of the pack are kept at camp, where their yelps can be heard for miles.

The party goes out about 6:30 each morning and returns to camp about 11 for dinner. Fresh horses are saddled by the attendants, and the start is made about 1:30 in the afternoon.

One of the diversions of the camp was a series of foot races in which the President also participated. Here he failed to distinguish himself, however. The dogs are so accustomed to pursuing wolves that they left a wildcat, which was being pursued last night, in order to chase their accustomed prey. Last night a coon was discerned in the woods. This animal was finally caught in Deep Tied Creek and is now in camp as one of the live trophies of the chase.

LOEB HAVING A GOOD TIME, TOO

Hunts Jackrabbit, Has Barbecue and Becomes a Hoo Hoo.

PORT WORTH, Tex., April 12.—Very little business was transacted today at the temporary headquarters of the Government which have been maintained here by Secretary Loeb since Sunday last. No work came from the President during the day and no messages were sent to him.

Tomorrow morning Secretary Loeb will break up his headquarters here and the President's special train will leave at 10 o'clock for Frederick, Okla., where the President will board it tomorrow night. The start from Frederick will be made at 8:25 tomorrow night and the last stop in Texas will be made at Texline at 8:23, mountain time, Friday morning. No changes in the Colorado programme have been given out.

During the day the Secretary and other members of the President's party participated in a Jack-rabbit hunt on the Burgess ranch, 16 miles north of here. After a dinner of barbecued meats the hunting party proceeded to Blue Mound, the highest point in Tarrant County, and there Secretary Loeb planted a tree and made a brief speech. Another barbecue was given in the Secretary's honor at the residence of the city, and tonight he was initiated as an honorary member of the Concocted Order of Hoo Hoo. The order also elected the President to honorary membership and named him the highest distinction at its command, the mystic number of 39.

BEAR TRACKS ARE ABUNDANT

Colorado Promises Good Sport and Cowboys Assure Square Deal.

DENVER, Colo., April 12.—Information tonight from Glenwood Springs is to the effect that the men who are arranging for President Roosevelt's hunt in Colorado are more than pleased with the outlook. Guide "Jake" Borah has heard from a majority of the trappers sent out to locate bears and says that the results are unusual success. The light snowfall of the past few days, he believes, will prove favorable to easy tracking of the animals. The invitation extended by the citizens of Glenwood Springs that the President and the members of his party indulge in a plunge in the pool before leaving for Newcastle has been accepted.

Cowboys from all over the western part of Colorado are coming into Newcastle to act as escort for the President from Newcastle to a point south of that place which will mark the beginning of the territory from which the public will be excluded during the President's stay. The cowboys declare they will assist in enforcing the "square deal" themselves. The march from Newcastle will be accompanied by a genuine cowboy demonstration, accompanied by rough riding, pistol firing, etc.

WILL NOT INTRUDE ON HUNTERS

Governor Ferguson Awaits President's Return to Frederick.

OKLAHOMA CITY, O. T., April 12.—Governor Ferguson, an ex-Congressman from Flynn arrived in Frederick tonight. Reports from there say they will not go to Camp Roosevelt as was planned, but will remain in Frederick until tomorrow evening to await the arrival of the President and party. The Governor states he is not disposed to violate the wishes of the President regarding seclusion in the pasture reserve, and that he is in Frederick only to tender the courtesy of escorting the President to the boundary of the territory when he emerges from the hunting grounds.

GOVERNOR TO MEET PRESIDENT

McDonald Will Give Roosevelt Carte Blanche to Hunt.

DENVER, April 12.—Governor McDonald, accompanied by Jesse National Guardsmen and officers of the regular army, intend to go to Trinidad to welcome President Roosevelt to Colorado. Governor McDonald will carry with him the hunting license which has been issued by the Game Commissioner to the President. The party proposes to accompany the President back to Colorado Springs.

The special permit which Governor McDonald will present to the President has been engrossed and encased in a leather

covering. It will give the Chief Executive carte blanche on any game he wants.

ITS INQUIRY IS THOROUGH

Equitable Investigating Committee Asks Many Searching Questions.

NEW YORK, April 12.—A complete record of all the financial transactions of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, its relations to other corporations, and a full list of the society's employees, including all its officers, together with a statement of the salaries and emoluments received by them, is asked of the society's president, James W. Alexander, in a letter sent to him by Henry C. Frick, chairman of the investigating committee appointed by the directors. The letter to Mr. Alexander was approved at a meeting of the investigating committee at which Messrs. Harriman, Bliss, Ives, Iugalski and Frick were present.

In asking for the information, Mr. Frick writes that the committee does not intend to limit its investigation to the questioning of the society's officers, but that separate and independent examinations will be made by the committee and its experts.

Among the points of which Mr. Alexander is requested to furnish data are the society's holdings or interest in the Mercantile Trust Company of New York, the Equitable Trust Company of New York, the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company of New York, or in any other trust, title or safe deposit company, bank or banking corporation, or in any other business enterprise in this city; its loans to any of its employees, officers, directors or trustees, together with a statement showing who authorized the loan; a statement of all dealings which any broker sold for or to the society any stocks, bonds, securities or any other property including the "accredited underwritings" of the society; a statement as to whether anyone connected with the society received compensation or benefit from such stock transaction or underwritings; a statement of all salaries, officers, directors, trustees or employees has received any money or other thing of value because of his relation with the society; a list of the society's contracts with the leading agents here and abroad, with a compilation to show the practical result to the society from each agent; a statement showing each item going to make up the total of \$7,500,000 in the report of December 31, 1904, for commissions, advertising, postage and exchange, and how and why each was spent; also each item of a total of \$1,125,000 in the same report for "allotted disbursements" and how and why each was spent; a statement showing in detail the losses, if any, to the society since January 1, 1900, on any property of any kind purchased by it, giving the names of the persons who sold the same to the society; a record of any transaction by which any officer, director, trustee or employee of the society has indirectly or otherwise received any money or other valuable thing from the society, outside of and not part of his regular salary; and also a monthly statement from January 1, 1900, showing the cash balances of the society and where the same were and are deposited, and the terms of each deposit.

In the request for a copy of the society's "allotted disbursements" Mr. Alexander is asked to give the name of each person in receipt of salary or compensation of any kind from the society and to state the duties of each person so paid.

He is also asked to set forth the increase in salary to any employee; to give the name of any director, trustee or stockholder with any other compensation, direct or indirect, he receives in such manner and the name of the Equitable Society's officer who authorized the same.

WHO PAID FOR MONKEY DINNER?

Policyholder Wants to Know if Equitable Did.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 12.—Superintendent of Insurance Hendrick received a formal application today to inquire specifically into the charges made by the Equitable Life Assurance Society in the purchase of a dinner for the policyholders of the company. The request came from Senator Edgar T. Brackett, of Saratoga, an attorney for Charles B. Penfield, of that place, policyholder.

THE DAY'S DEATH ROLL

David Braham, Composer.

NEW YORK, April 12.—David Braham, the well-known composer and orchestra leader, is dead at his home here from kidney trouble, after an illness of several months. He was born in England, and came to America as a violinist at the age of 15. Braham composed the music of some of the most popular songs ever known in America.

In the late '60s and the early '70s they were whistled and sung from the Battery to the Golden Gate. Many of his songs, introduced by Harrigan and Hart, are still popular all over the world. They numbered more than 300 and included "The Little Widdle Dumm," "Maggie Murphy's Home," "Daddy Duff's Cart," "The Mulligan Gair," "Paddy Duffy's Cart," and the like. Many of the songs were composed while Braham was walking in the street, and several times his career came near being cut short while he was thus engaged.

He was a descendant of the family of John Braham, one of the most noted of English vocalists, who held the public for 40 years and wrote scores of popular songs, many of which have survived nearly a century.

Felipe Chavez, New Mexico.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., April 12.

Felipe Chavez, grandson of Francisco Xavier Chavez, first Governor of New Mexico under the Mexican regime, and son of Joseph Chavez, one of the early territorial Governors under the United States, is dead at his home in Belen, a village south of here, aged 71 years. Death was due to cerebral hemorrhage. Chavez was probably the wealthiest Mexican citizen of this territory, his fortune being estimated at from \$100,000 to \$200,000. One son and two daughters survive him. Jose Chavez, the son, is a stockbroker in New York. He came across the country in a special train, arriving a few hours too late to see his father alive.

Grand Secretary Oddfellows.

BALTIMORE, April 12.—General J. F. Grant, grand secretary of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Oddfellows in the United States, died today at the Union Protestant hospital, where he was operated on about four weeks ago for an internal affection.

Miss Howard Weeden, Southern Poet

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., April 12.—Miss Howard Weeden, the Southern poet and artist, died at her home here today.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

If Baby Is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and diarrhoea.

Murine Eye Remedy Cures Eyes.

Makes Weak Eyes Strong. Soothes Eyes Pain. Doesn't Smart.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They cleanse the bowels, but do not purge.

THE FIGHT FOR LIBERTY

Solons of Russia Propose to Propose Professions Act.

DECLARE FOR A CONSTITUTION

Convention Is Held in Defiance of Police, and Classes by Declaring Their Action Illegal—Zemstvo Congress Is Called.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 13.—(U. S. M.)—The formation of a National Professional Reform League to unite the activities of lawyers, doctors, teachers, engineers and other professional classes of Russia to bring about the democratization of the government and the institution of a representative parliament and a responsible ministry is the ambitious project set on foot by the national committee of the lawyers which finished its work here last night. The plan proposed preventing existing orders and regulations of the various professional classes, each of which shall elect delegates to a central bureau, which is to direct and coordinate the efforts of the "intellectuals" in the direction of reform.

Other classes which have openly manifested liberal tendencies on many occasions, notably the doctors at their recent congress in Moscow, promptly accepted the invitation and, unless interfered with, a powerful reform force is likely to spring into being soon. The deliberations of the lawyers, which were carried out in secret, in direct disregard of police orders, and which were participated in by 173 delegates representing every judicial district in Russia except Siberia, resulted in the organization of the National League Association and the election of a central bureau of 12, which is empowered to select legal representatives for a proposed central committee to draft preliminary plans for the organization of that body.

Let the Governed Help Rule. The leaders of the movement declare that their plans do not contemplate any assault on the monarchical reform of government or disloyalty to the Emperor. They are in favor of a republicanism an dthe establishment of participation by the governed in the direction of affairs and especially in certain matters of the budget and taxation, and the point of the reform, though by a small majority, of a resolution committing the assembly to extra-legal measures to show hatred of the existing order and being about a democratic and legal mode of government in Russia," bears out this declaration.

A feature of the meeting was a special honor shown the Polish delegates at the first session, when the entire assemblage rose and remained standing facing the section occupied by the Poles, who in a gesture of respect presented a panegyric on them. The Poles, however, did not participate in the following sessions, which were held in defiance of police orders, merely sending their visiting cards on the first day.

Dodge and Defy Police.

The delegates met in accordance with secret arrangements at different private houses, assembling before the arrival of the police and disregarding orders to cease their assembly. At yesterday's session, however, the police promptly issued a cordon of police around the house in which the delegates were to meet and sent word to those that all delegates, residents of St. Petersburg must leave the city immediately. As the Congress had finished its programme, adjournment sine die was pronounced, and the delegates, as a final thrust, drafted a statement to the chief of police that his general order to delegates to leave the city was illegal and that they would recognize the withdrawal of police only if the delegates were delivered to each delegate personally.

BRIEF TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The German Crown Prince drove a four-in-hand coach against a wall at Potsdam and prevented the king from leaving the city. The indictment against Marie Kutuzov, the Homestead, Ia., trainwrecker, on a charge of murder, was set aside on a technicality yesterday.

Charles M. Merriman, an investment broker of Boston, and brother-in-law of Rev. C. M. Sheldon, the author, committed suicide yesterday.

Charles H. Niehaus, the sculptor, swallowed two false teeth attached to a rubber plate six weeks ago, and yesterday had them cut out of his throat.

A new law in New York reduces the amount of wages exempt from levy for necessities of life or wages of domestic servants from \$20 to \$12 a week.

Paul Dubois has resigned the directorship of the Paris Fine Arts School and the position has been offered to Leon Bonnat, whose works are well known in America.

PEASANTS SEIZING THE LAND

Agrarian Revolt Spreads on All Sides, Though Cossacks Raid.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 12.—The peasants at Orpellek, in the Odessa district, seized the land of some of the big estates and proceeded to divide it. Troops have been dispatched to the scene.

In the late '60s and the early '70s they were whistled and sung from the Battery to the Golden Gate. Many of his songs, introduced by Harrigan and Hart, are still popular all over the world. They numbered more than 300 and included "The Little Widdle Dumm," "Maggie Murphy's Home," "Daddy Duff's Cart," "The Mulligan Gair," "Paddy Duffy's Cart," and the like. Many of the songs were composed while Braham was walking in the street, and several times his career came near being cut short while he was thus engaged.

DEMAND FREE GOVERNMENT

Lawyers and Professors Hold Meetings in Defiance of Police.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 12.—The radical position taken by the Pan-Russian Congress of Attorneys, which has been meeting here, in its denunciation of the bureaucracy and its demand for a constitution and the similar statement made at a meeting of college professors, have created a great sensation. All the efforts of the government to prevent the meetings being held in public were unavailing. The newspapers were then forbidden to mention the meeting, and the authorities in referring to the attorneys' meeting this morning's issue of the Son of the Fatherland was confiscated. The Russ also boldly defied the authorities by printing the resolutions adopted by the professors.

The resolutions adopted by the professors were preceded by a strong preamble declaring that the closing of all the higher schools was only insignificant evidence of the general crisis in Russia.

"The whole of Russia," it was added, "awaits impatiently a complete reform in the organization of the government. We believe it to be our duty to declare that the country is on the verge of a precipice. The poverty-stricken Russian people are driven by the malevolence of the government into agrarian and industrial revolt. Social and economic questions cannot be solved by the bureaucracy. Political reform is imperative.

"Each minute of delay increases the anarchy and revolt. The government should be reformed in accordance with modern principles, representatives of the people should have the principal influence, and the bureaucracy should be relegated to a minor role. The reformed government should be absolutely democratic. The people's representatives should make the laws and control the administration and the budget. All classes of political or religious should be obliterated. The principle of universal suffrage should be adopted which will never be accomplished through the bureaucracy. Consequently the abolition of every restriction on liberty of speech, meetings and the press should precede the convocation of the representatives of the people."

The action of these bodies served to emphasize the growing outcry against the Boulgair campaign, which is proceeding

with its work without any representatives of the people, thus furnishing a liberal with justification for the charge that the execution of the reforms outlined in the imperial rescript is completely in the hands of the bureaucracy, against which all classes of society are fighting.

The commission which has been dealing with the newspaper censorship under the present independent Councillor Kobakoff has decided to abolish the censorship of special telegrams to daily newspapers.

ERLANGER DENIES THREATS

Says He Never Talked of Driving Belasco Out of Business.

NEW YORK, April 12.—The charge made by David Belasco, the playwright, in the trial of his suit to establish his assertion that Klaw & Erlanger were his real partners in the partnership that started David Warfield in "The Auctioneer" that Abraham L. Erlanger had threatened to drive him out of the theatrical business and crush him, was denied today by Erlanger, who said:

"I had Belasco come to my house on Sunday afternoon. He said: 'Mr. Frohman is trying to crush me and drive me out of the theatrical business. I told him that he must begin right; that I did not want to be discourteous to him in my own house, but that I would not allow him to trade with my partner.' I told him: 'The trouble with you, Belasco, is that you never get along with the people with whom you form associations.' Erlanger said he told Belasco that he had no confidence in David Warfield as a star. He denied that he ever said that he was the 'great Mogul of the theatrical profession.' He insisted that Belasco should have no trouble in booking his own plays, and he escaped unharmed. Being James Hackett as an illustration, named theaters in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, New Orleans, Chicago and San Francisco not controlled by the combination where Hackett could be placed for a season's run.

SAYS RAILROADS DISCRIMINATE

Commissioner Prouty Sounds Warning Against Monopoly in Traffic.

CHICAGO, April 12.—"Railroad Rate Legislation" was the subject of discussion at the annual Spring meeting of the Union League Club, which was held tonight. The speakers were George R. Peck, general counsel for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad; C. A. Prouty, Interstate Commerce Commissioner, and Judge Peter S. Grosscup, of the Federal Court.

Mr. Prouty asserted that great discrimination had been exercised by the railroads in making rates to shippers, and that the greater part of this discrimination had been effected by the rebate system. Some progress had been made, he declared, toward the eradication of the evil, but there must be an amendment of the present law, and it must include the private car lines, the terminal railroads and the elevators.

He declared that six railroad systems had control of 55 per cent of the total mileage and two-thirds of the freight receipts. The traffic throughout the country, and that the railroad monopoly, he said, was the most injurious matter of its kind that the country could have to contend with.

HE WAS INSOLENT

Castro's Reply to Bowen Not Diplomatic.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Declaring that the United States gave to Japan the guns, the smokeless powder, the telephones and telegraph with which victory on the battlefield had been great enthusiasm at the banquet tendered tonight by the New York Commandery to the general officers and delegates attending the fourth biennial convention of the Military Order of Foreign Wars, called to order in this city tonight.

"When you sent Commodore Perry, 50 years ago," said Commander Kaneko, "you introduced us to the world and to Western civilization. Since you introduced us to Western civilization we have reorganized our army and made the Emperor the head of it. We teach our soldiers never to fight with our neighbors, and you gentlemen can rest assured that we will not declare war with a foreign power unless it is forced upon us. As long as the Philippines are near us, we welcome you as our old neighbor and we always come to you as your protegee."

NEVER FIGHTS HER NEIGHBORS

Kaneko Declares Japan's Friendship For United States.

PARIS, April 12.—In the Senate today, Minister of Marine-Thomson, answering Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, who in a speech yesterday, urged the gradual disarmament of the military and naval departments of the states of Europe by a proportional reduction of their forces similar to the joint disarmament of Chile and Argentina, said the idea of naval disarmament would be customary so long as Great Britain, the United States and Germany continued to strengthen their fleets. Already the fleets of Great Britain and the United States surpassed those of France and the fleet of Germany was about equal to that of France.

HE DEFENDS HIS COURTS

Resents Reflection on Them and Tries to Dodge Issue on Asphalt Case by Confining Attention to the Alcott Claim.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—While the officials here decline to make public at this stage the text of President Castro's reply to Minister Bowen's arbitration, it may be stated that there was nothing personal in the answer to the integrity of the President's statement. So that if it should be eventually held unidiplomatic and even rude, then the injury will be sustained by the State Department, rather than by the Minister, and therefore it is the former alone that will be concerned. This is particularly true of an inquiry from the Venezuelan Government, as to whether the United States Government presumed to question the integrity of the Venezuelan courts, the inquiry being couched in vigorous language.

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All New April Records for Victor Talking Machine Now In.

Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Introducing Our New Glove Store

We have moved the Glove Stock; you will find it in the second aisle near Washington-Street entrance.

Big Glove Bargains Today

Our 2-clasp "Dena" Overseas Kid Gloves, Paris point embroidery, all colors; regular price \$1.25, for this sale.....98c

Our 2-clasp "Livo" Pique Kid Gloves, Paris Point and fancy embroidery, all colors; regular price \$1.50, for this sale.....\$1.29

Our 3-clasp "Consuelo" overseas selected Kid Gloves, Paris point embroidery, all colors; regular price \$1.75, for this sale.....\$1.39

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