

GETS INSIDE FACTS

Grand Jury Learns of Operations of Beef Trust.

ALMOST READY TO INDICT

Swift's Former Private Secretary Admits He Gave Damaging Testimony, and Believes Decision Has Been Reached.

CHICAGO, April 7.—Members of the Federal grand jury which is investigating the beef trust were placed in possession of "inside information" today by Myron C. Baker, auditor for the Boston Elevated Railroad, and for two years private secretary to Edward C. Swift, vice-president of Swift & Co. Mr. Baker was on the stand for nearly two hours and is said to have furnished a great deal of information concerning the inner workings of the big meat-packing firms. In answer to questions after leaving the jury-room, Mr. Baker declared he had told the truth and that from the action of the jurors it was apparent to him that they had already decided on what action would be taken against the packers.

It was persistently rumored about the Federal offices, where the jury is sitting, that preparations are making to return indictments within a short time, but whether the indictments will charge violation of the anti-trust laws, perjury or interference with witnesses could not be ascertained.

"I believe that the jurors have made up their minds in this matter," said Mr. Baker. "They seem to understand the situation, and we got along well together. I was not asked if any one had approached me or anything along that line, so I suppose they know what I have been doing since I came to Chicago."

"Did you tell anything that might injure the cause of the packers?" Mr. Baker was asked.

"Yes, I think I did. I told everything I knew, and it was the truth. I testified for almost two hours."

"Did you present any documentary evidence?" he was asked.

"No, I did not," was the reply, accompanied by a significant motion toward his forehead.

The jury adjourned tonight until Monday. The demurrer to the indictments against T. J. Connors, Armour & Co.'s general superintendent, on charges of interfering with the grand jury, will be argued tomorrow morning and argued before Judge Landis. The argument will be on the demurrer for the quashing of the indictment.

COST OF LIGHT IN NEW YORK

Officers of Gas and Electric Companies Give Figures.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Figures giving the actual cost of producing illuminating gas and electric lighting current were brought out today during the examination of officers of gas and electric companies by the committee of the Legislature which is investigating lighting conditions in New York City.

It was testified by George W. Doane, of the New Amsterdam Company, that his concern produced gas at an actual cost of 2 1/2 cents a thousand cubic feet, selling at 3 1/2 cents, and that the production to the Consolidated Company at 2 1/2 cents and distributing the rest to consumers at \$1 per 100 feet.

According to Vice-President John W. Lieb, Jr., of the Edison Company, the average actual cost of illuminating current for the last four years was 4 1/2 cents a kilowatt hour, not aside for depreciation, had Mr. Lieb said, Mr. Doane put into the plant. Mr. Lieb testified that the net profit of making electricity per kilowatt hour is 1.75 cents. He said the company's net profit for all the gas years of its existence on \$40,000,000 of bonds and gave the net income of the company for the last five years as follows: 1900, \$23,124,824.17; 1901, \$46,967,190; 1902, \$32,233,838.

Auditor Henry M. Edwards, of the Edison Company, testified that the company had produced illuminating gas at a cost of \$81,800, but that all of the greater part of it has gone back into the plant. The total receipts of the company for last year he said, were \$1,000,000.

John A. Sanborn, bookkeeper for the New York Mutual Gas Light Company, testified that his company had supplied illuminating gas to the Consolidated Company under a contract which provided that the Consolidated Gas Company was to pay the entire cost of production and allow the Mutual a profit of 10 per cent above that amount. It has been shown at a previous hearing that the Mutual had supplied gas to the Consolidated Company at 60 cents per thousand cubic feet, while the actual cost of production approximately 36 1/2 cents per thousand cubic feet. Other companies, which supplied larger quantities, received from 25 to 32 cents per 1000 cubic feet.

In the examination of George W. Doane, vice-president and general manager of the New Amsterdam Company, it was developed that while the company is captioned as \$42,277,600, the actual value of the property held by the company is \$8,195,000. Mr. Doane explained that the remaining \$34,082,600 was estimated value of the good will of the company.

EXTENDING THE OIL WAR WEST

Independents Carry Hostilities Into North Dakota.

ST. PAUL, April 7.—The fight against the Standard Oil Company has been carried into North Dakota by independent oil dealers of St. Paul and Minneapolis. The railroad and warehouse commissioners of North Dakota held a conference today with the Minnesota railroad commissioners at the Capitol, at which the situation was come over and to ascertain what the conditions really are in the two states.

RIVAL TO THE STANDARD OIL

Kansas Producers Combine to Build Big Pipe Lines.

CHANUTE, Kan., April 7.—Representatives of 30 independent oil companies, which control three-fourths of the oil production of Kansas, met here today and decided to form a company representing \$7,000,000 of invested capital, to build a fuel oil pipe line from the Kansas oil field to Kansas City and to construct a refinery and storage tanks in that city. The company to be formed will be the only one which will compete with the Standard Oil Company for the markets of the Middle West. The producers decided that a consolidation of all their interests is the only salvation of the independent operators in Kansas.

Did Not Steal, Only Mismangled.

DENVER, April 7.—By order of District Judge Frank T. Johnson, the jury in the case of E. M. Johnson, ex-president of the defunct Fidelity Savings Association, charged with embezzlement, today returned a verdict of not guilty. While lamenting the fact that thousands of poor persons had been made penniless by the Fidelity failure, Judge Johnson said the worst that had been proved was mismanagement, which was not on trial. District Attorney George S. Sledge said that he would now prosecute the indictments of Johnson which charge violations of the Colorado banking law.

SNUB THE KAISER

His Butting Into Morocco Not Well Received.

HE IS ABOUT TO EXPLAIN

Germany Denies Von Sternberg Asked American Help — Italy and Spain Refuse to Join in His Protest.

MARINES FOR MONTE CRISTI

Another Detachment to Keep Santo Domingo Quiet.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The Navy Department has been advised of the departure of the cruiser Dixie from Guantanamo. The Dixie carries a detachment of about 165 marines, who recently were relieved from duty on the Isthmus of Panama. The Yankee is at Santo Domingo, Santo Domingo, with 300 marines. The extra detachment on the Dixie has been sent in order that it might be at the disposal of Admiral Sigbee, should it be needed in connection with the commencement of the American Administration of the Dominican customs.

HAYTIAN FLURRY IS PAST.

Black Republic Convinced That Minister Powell Meant Well.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Haytian Secretary Leger today called on Minister Taft to make further representations touching the recent report of American Minister Powell, to the effect that serious trouble was expected at Port au Prince. Mr. Leger complained that this report had seriously embarrassed the Haytian officers in the negotiation of a loan. He did not make any official demand for the removal of Mr. Powell, however.

Secretary Taft referred his caller to Acting Secretary Adee, who endeavored to show the Minister that Mr. Powell acted only within the lines of his duty in reporting to the State Department any conditions which he feared might lead to trouble. Moreover, it appeared that there really had been ground for apprehension, growing out of the proposed deportation of the Syrians. The impression that Mr. Powell had been unduly active in the interest of the Syrians, and incidentally had contributed to the delay in granting the Haytian government, was shown to be erroneous, and Mr. Powell's own reports made it clear that he actually had been doing his utmost to conserve the peace and to aid the Haytian government in its effort in the same line. A misapprehension had existed on this point, so that Mr. Powell's status is likely to be improved as the outcome of Mr. Leger's visit to the State Department.

A mail report from Mr. Powell was received at the State Department today, dated Port au Prince, March 28, the day before the last day of grace allowed the Syrians in the original decree of expulsion, and before it was known that the aid Boston was to grant to the Syrians that out of 1300 Syrians in Hayti, 400 have left since January 1. The remainder are the naturalized citizens of every European country except Germany, and all diplomatic representatives all have protested successfully against the application of the decree to any Syrians thus naturalized.

Mr. Powell further reports that he has secured a modification of the order which prevented the Syrian merchants from obtaining credit at the Custom House. Italian goods consigned to them, so that such goods at least may be returned to the shippers.

GIRLS' FIRST NAMES.

Some Remarks on Their Use, Proper and Improper.

Aitchison Globe.

The World quotes a visiting girl as saying the Hiawatha boys are too familiar, basing her criticism on the one who called her by her first name the second time he met her. He also tried to kiss her. And, of course, being from Horton, she said that he would have to call on her at least once again before she could permit that. Ed. Bok, who treats his lady-love like they do on the stage and in the story books, has laid down the law that no young man should permit a young man to be familiar in addressing him in public, at least. Ed. says that no difference how "tight up" they are when alone, they must be careful and deferential in public.

"Most fellows think," says Billy Sawbeck, "because they have known a girl well and long that they can paw over her, and squeeze her hand and bow to her first name at sight. This isn't using the girl right, for it cheapens her, and makes her common to all who see and hear."

"It is fine in men to keep women above them in thought and address," says the old Beau. "Sometimes when inclined to call a girl by her first name," says a girl, "I hope the boys will think how it sounds and what it may indicate. Sometimes there isn't a thing in it, but more often it suggests a flirtation. A girl who is addressed by her first name before folks, feels common, just like a brass ring, and the girl with finer ideas would rather be called by her first name than to use the 'phone for familiar talk. I don't like to hear a man bawl my name and talk sweet and pretty over a wire. I like a man to be careful and considerate always, particularly in public. I wish when my company is wanted a little note of invitation would be sent. . . . And yet the boys are not the only offenders. I have been amazed to hear girls gather about 'charming men' they had barely met and cheapen themselves by calling them 'Billy' and 'Jack,' flustering and twittering about them in a manner that would make an English housewife or something for worms. No one but a careless and a thoughtless man can dare for familiarity. The better right a man has to know and understand a woman the more genuine an English housewife is to her. I like the men some, but I don't like a goeling who doesn't know enough to be wise. We girls are watched and criticized all the while, and the boys could help by minding their manners. We want them to treat us politely and considerately."

IS LOTUS-EATING.

(Continued from First Page.)

Christian Science is the religion of chloroform, the apotheosis of anaesthesia. I must not be understood as being opposed to the actual use of anaesthetics when needed. But I am opposed to the religion having chloroform, the religion whose chief purpose it is to pretend that we can escape the ills to which flesh is heir. Christian Science is a hedonism, pure and simple, epicureanism in its worst phase. We have too much already of intellectual hedonism. Instead of a religion of chloroform, let us have a religion of duty and effort. Christian Science demoralizes its followers and impoverishes and enervates the intellect. It may be called witchcraft, teaching as it does of the secret-minded assassin and malicious animal magnetism. Christian Science permits children to languish and to suffer and to die, unhelped and unaided by medical science.

Says Boy Has Run Away.

E. L. Baker, of Wilsonville, Or., last night telephoned to the Portland police that he had seen a young boy, the son of a man from home and headed for this city.

PARIS IN FERMENT

Prominent Men Suspected of Being in Plot.

MYSTERIOUS WARNING SENT

Generals, Deputies and ex-Cabinet Minister Said to Be in Conspiracy Against Republic—Arms and Uniforms Seized.

PARIS, April 7.—The investigations of the secret police have not yet determined whether the arms and uniforms recently seized in the suburbs of Paris were intended for a chimerical African expedition or a seditious movement against the government. Statements made by Deputy Rabier tend to show the existence of a plot. M. Rabier recently received letters warning him that a number of determined men were planning a surprise movement. He at first dismissed the letters, but he recently decided to submit them to the minister of the interior, Etienne, who turned them over to the police.

One of the letters said a prominent general was at the head of the movement, which included a number of Deputies and one former Cabinet Minister. According to this letter, the necessary arrangements, uniforms and equipments were ready and recruiting was going on among the retired colonial troops.

It is said that Premier Rouvier and other officials received similar warnings. However, the plot, if it actually existed, appears to have been nipped in the bud by the secret police. The affair gives rise to much sensational conjecture, including the rumor printed by the Patrie that the house of Colonel Marchand of Funchal, France, who is now in Morocco, was searched by the police, which the family and police indignantly deny. The newspaper makes veiled allusions to many prominent Generals and civilians, who, it is said, had a hand in the affair.

A report was circulated by a minor news agency today that General de Negrier is under surveillance, and that the former War Minister, Cavaignac, has been summoned before the authorities in connection with the investigation into the military plot. It is disclosed, however, owing to the fact that both the General and M. Cavaignac are abroad. The same agency published a rumor that it was part of the conspirators' plan to imprison President Loubet in a house situated in the Bois de Boulogne.

An officer from the garrison of Rochefort, who sent a warning letter to M. Rabier, has been summoned to appear before the investigating officers here, and also three other officers said to be connected with the affair. The police searched a house in the outskirts of Paris, where rifles were said to have been collected, but did not find any.

FIGHTING A SHARK.

Courting Death in Terrifying Mid-Ocean Sport.

Metropolitan.

Ahead, not far distant, rose the back and dorsal fin of the basking shark that, aside from the triangular-shaped fin, might have been a log wash. But that was a mere doubt to its true nature, the giant of the tribe, the huge animal which in the eighteenth century was so common off the New England coast that it constituted a regular fishery, and was fattening the sea. Slowly the dory moved on, the men lifting their oars carefully, not even feathering, and when near the shark they gave a long stroke and the dory shot quickly alongside. For a second the skipper could have stepped upon this living island against which the sea was breaking, and the windward side, and doubted if the temptation was strong as he hesitated and made a move as though he would jump, then lifting the harpoon with his force he drove it into the shark's side.

The Kangra Valley is believed to have been devastated, and it is reported that the town of Kangra was reduced to ruins, with great loss of life. No confirmation of the report is obtainable, as the telegraph station at Kangra is wrecked.

EARTHQUAKE KILLS HUNDREDS

Goorkha Soldiers Buried and Woe in City Laid in Ruins.

LAHORE, India, April 7.—Four hundred and seventy men of Goorkha regiments were buried alive as a result of an earthquake at the hill station of Dharmasala, according to the latest information from that place. The reports add that it is impossible to rescue the entombed men.

The greatest difficulty is experienced in procuring news from Dharmasala. The telegraph staff at the station there was practically wiped out, and a temporary office has been opened 13 miles from the town, but the facilities are meagre.

Three Missionaries Among Dead. LONDON, April 7.—A telegram received by the Church Missionary Society in London from Lahore, India, reports that three of the society's representatives at Kangra, the Rev. H. F. Rowland, Mrs. Double and Miss Lorimer, were killed by the fall of the mission house there during the recent earthquake. All the other missionaries in Punjab are believed to be safe.

Instrument Registered Earthquake.

GOETTINGEN, Prussia, April 7.—The Indian earthquake was registered with remarkable precision by the seismograph at the Geophysical Institute here. The earth oscillated one millimeter.

How Editors Grow Rich.

Dawson (Ky.) Oracle.

After a good deal of study and work we have at last "agreed" out why so many country editors get rich. Here is the secret: A child is born in the neighborhood, the attending physician gets \$10; the editor gets the long-tongued youngster and the "happy parents" get a dozen dollars. If the child dies, the minister gets \$10 and the editor gets \$20. It grows up and marries; the editor publishes another long-winded flowery article and a dozen dollars. If the child dies, the minister gets \$10 and the editor gets \$20. If the child dies, the minister gets \$10 and the editor gets \$20. If the child dies, the minister gets \$10 and the editor gets \$20.

Punishment for the Doctors.

MORCOW, April 7.—Several members of the Medical Congress have been arrested.

CRUSHED TO DEATH IN RUINS

Hundreds of Soldiers, Thousands of Natives Killed by Earthquake.

CALCUTTA, April 7.—It now appears that 400 of the Seventh Goorkas were killed at the Dharmasala Cantonment by the collapse of a stone barrack building, in consequence of the recent earthquake.

In addition, 20 members of the first battalion and 50 members of the second battalion of the First Goorkhas were killed, while it is roughly calculated that from 20 to 20 per cent of the native population of the surrounding villages was killed. In addition to the Europeans already reported killed at Dharmasala, seven children of Europeans are said to have perished.

RETURN OF SHERLOCK HOLMES.

Sir A. Conan Doyle's story for tomorrow deals not with murder, or other statutory crime, but with an unmanly act in a college, entitled "The Mystery of the Three Students." Those who object to blood in literature will find nothing to criticize here.

ALL ABOUT THE TEN-MILE PANAMA CANAL STRIP.

Frank G. Carpenter has a chat with Governor Davis on his peculiar principality and its queer population.

INDIAN WHO REMEMBERS THE WHITMAN MASSACRE.

Bert Huffman writes of Shap-lash, of the Umatillas, who boasts that no pale face blood is on his hands.

ALICE ROOSEVELT'S TOUR OF THE PHILIPPINES.

A special Washington correspondent tells how she will make this journey in regal style to please her distinguished father.

ACCUSES COLUMBUS OF "DOCTORING" HISTORY.

A new iconoclast has arisen. Henry Vignand, for 30 years secretary of the American Legation at Paris, declares that Christopher Columbus was a man of limited intelligence and untruthful proclivities. Mr. Vignand has devoted all his leisure time to studying Columbus and owns a library of 13,000 volumes relating to the discoverer of America.

WHAT IS JEFFERSONIANISM?

Dr. S. E. Forman, one of the biographers of the great Democrat, quotes from his writings his views on trusts, regulation of railroads, the tariff, the Army and the Navy. Dr. Forman furnishes several texts for after-dinner speakers at Jeffersonian banquets.

DISCUSSION OF POLITICS IN THE PLUIT.

Dr. C. H. Chapman, formerly president of the University of Oregon, contributes a very readable article based on Rabbi Abney's recent criticism of Dr. Stephen S. Wise.

WHAT CAUSES GOOD DREAMS AND BAD?

At Clark University, scientists are at work taking a census of dreams among trusted individuals throughout the country with a view of finding a remedy for such a disturb peaceful slumber. Everyone will be interested to learn what these psychologists have discovered.

TAMING WILD FLOWERS THAT GROW NEAR PORTLAND.

A nature lover throws out some hints concerning the transplanting of woods blossoms in odd nooks of city gardens—a pleasurable diversion that may be indulged in this month.

EDUCATION FOR SUCCESS.

First of a series of four articles by Andrew Carnegie, intended as an aid to those who labor with their hands. Their publication is by special arrangement with the author.

IN TOMORROW'S OREGONIAN

First of a series of four articles by Andrew Carnegie, intended as an aid to those who labor with their hands. Their publication is by special arrangement with the author.

EDUCATION FOR SUCCESS.

First of a series of four articles by Andrew Carnegie, intended as an aid to those who labor with their hands. Their publication is by special arrangement with the author.

WHAT IS JEFFERSONIANISM?

Dr. S. E. Forman, one of the biographers of the great Democrat, quotes from his writings his views on trusts, regulation of railroads, the tariff, the Army and the Navy. Dr. Forman furnishes several texts for after-dinner speakers at Jeffersonian banquets.

DISCUSSION OF POLITICS IN THE PLUIT.

Dr. C. H. Chapman, formerly president of the University of Oregon, contributes a very readable article based on Rabbi Abney's recent criticism of Dr. Stephen S. Wise.

WHAT CAUSES GOOD DREAMS AND BAD?

At Clark University, scientists are at work taking a census of dreams among trusted individuals throughout the country with a view of finding a remedy for such a disturb peaceful slumber. Everyone will be interested to learn what these psychologists have discovered.

TAMING WILD FLOWERS THAT GROW NEAR PORTLAND.

A nature lover throws out some hints concerning the transplanting of woods blossoms in odd nooks of city gardens—a pleasurable diversion that may be indulged in this month.

ACCUSES COLUMBUS OF "DOCTORING" HISTORY.

A new iconoclast has arisen. Henry Vignand, for 30 years secretary of the American Legation at Paris, declares that Christopher Columbus was a man of limited intelligence and untruthful proclivities. Mr. Vignand has devoted all his leisure time to studying Columbus and owns a library of 13,000 volumes relating to the discoverer of America.

WHAT IS JEFFERSONIANISM?

Dr. S. E. Forman, one of the biographers of the great Democrat, quotes from his writings his views on trusts, regulation of railroads, the tariff, the Army and the Navy. Dr. Forman furnishes several texts for after-dinner speakers at Jeffersonian banquets.

DISCUSSION OF POLITICS IN THE PLUIT.

Dr. C. H. Chapman, formerly president of the University of Oregon, contributes a very readable article based on Rabbi Abney's recent criticism of Dr. Stephen S. Wise.

WHAT CAUSES GOOD DREAMS AND BAD?

At Clark University, scientists are at work taking a census of dreams among trusted individuals throughout the country with a view of finding a remedy for such a disturb peaceful slumber. Everyone will be interested to learn what these psychologists have discovered.

PARIS IN FERMENT

Prominent Men Suspected of Being in Plot.

MYSTERIOUS WARNING SENT

Generals, Deputies and ex-Cabinet Minister Said to Be in Conspiracy Against Republic—Arms and Uniforms Seized.

PARIS, April 7.—The investigations of the secret police have not yet determined whether the arms and uniforms recently seized in the suburbs of Paris were intended for a chimerical African expedition or a seditious movement against the government. Statements made by Deputy Rabier tend to show the existence of a plot. M. Rabier recently received letters warning him that a number of determined men were planning a surprise movement. He at first dismissed the letters, but he recently decided to submit them to the minister of the interior, Etienne, who turned them over to the police.

One of the letters said a prominent general was at the head of the movement, which included a number of Deputies and one former Cabinet Minister. According to this letter, the necessary arrangements, uniforms and equipments were ready and recruiting was going on among the retired colonial troops.

It is said that Premier Rouvier and other officials received similar warnings. However, the plot, if it actually existed, appears to have been nipped in the bud by the secret police. The affair gives rise to much sensational conjecture, including the rumor printed by the Patrie that the house of Colonel Marchand of Funchal, France, who is now in Morocco, was searched by the police, which the family and police indignantly deny. The newspaper makes veiled allusions to many prominent Generals and civilians, who, it is said, had a hand in the affair.

A report was circulated by a minor news agency today that General de Negrier is under surveillance, and that the former War Minister, Cavaignac, has been summoned before the authorities in connection with the investigation into the military plot. It is disclosed, however, owing to the fact that both the General and M. Cavaignac are abroad. The same agency published a rumor that it was part of the conspirators' plan to imprison President Loubet in a house situated in the Bois de Boulogne.

An officer from the garrison of Rochefort, who sent a warning letter to M. Rabier, has been summoned to appear before the investigating officers here, and also three other officers said to be connected with the affair. The police searched a house in the outskirts of Paris, where rifles were said to have been collected, but did not find any.

FIGHTING A SHARK.

Courting Death in Terrifying Mid-Ocean Sport.

Metropolitan.

Ahead, not far distant, rose the back and dorsal fin of the basking shark that, aside from the triangular-shaped fin, might have been a log wash. But that was a mere doubt to its true nature, the giant of the tribe, the huge animal which in the eighteenth century was so common off the New England coast that it constituted a regular fishery, and was fattening the sea. Slowly the dory moved on, the men lifting their oars carefully, not even feathering, and when near the shark they gave a long stroke and the dory shot quickly alongside. For a second the skipper could have stepped upon this living island against which the sea was breaking, and the windward side, and doubted if the temptation was strong as he hesitated and made a move as though he would jump, then lifting the harpoon with his force he drove it into the shark's side.

The Kangra Valley is believed to have been devastated, and it is reported that the town of Kangra was reduced to ruins, with great loss of life. No confirmation of the report is obtainable, as the telegraph station at Kangra is wrecked.

EARTHQUAKE KILLS HUNDREDS

Goorkha Soldiers Buried and Woe in City Laid in Ruins.

LAHORE, India, April 7.—Four hundred and seventy men of Goorkha regiments were buried alive as a result of an earthquake at the hill station of Dharmasala, according to the latest information from that place. The reports add that it is impossible to rescue the entombed men.

The greatest difficulty is experienced in procuring news from Dharmasala. The telegraph staff at the station there was practically wiped out, and a temporary office has been opened 13 miles from the town, but the facilities are meagre.

RETURN OF SHERLOCK HOLMES.

Sir A. Conan Doyle's story for tomorrow deals not with murder, or other statutory crime, but with an unmanly act in a college, entitled "The Mystery of the Three Students." Those who object to blood in literature will find nothing to criticize here.

ALL ABOUT THE TEN-MILE PANAMA CANAL STRIP.

Frank G. Carpenter has a chat with Governor Davis on his peculiar principality and its queer population.

INDIAN WHO REMEMBERS THE WHITMAN MASSACRE.

Bert Huffman writes of Shap-lash, of the Umatillas, who boasts that no pale face blood is on his hands.

ALICE ROOSEVELT'S TOUR OF THE PHILIPPINES.

A special Washington correspondent tells how she will make this journey in regal style to please her distinguished father.

ACCUSES COLUMBUS OF "DOCTORING" HISTORY.

A new iconoclast has arisen. Henry Vignand, for 30 years secretary of the American Legation at Paris, declares that Christopher Columbus was a man of limited intelligence and untruthful proclivities. Mr. Vignand has devoted all his leisure time to studying Columbus and owns a library of 13,000 volumes relating to the discoverer of America.

WHAT IS JEFFERSONIANISM?

Dr. S. E. Forman, one of the biographers of the great Democrat, quotes from his writings his views on trusts, regulation of railroads, the tariff, the Army and the Navy. Dr. Forman furnishes several texts for after-dinner speakers at Jeffersonian banquets.

DISCUSSION OF POLITICS IN THE PLUIT.

Dr. C. H. Chapman, formerly president of the University of Oregon, contributes a very readable article based on Rabbi Abney's recent criticism of Dr. Stephen S. Wise.

WHAT CAUSES GOOD DREAMS AND BAD?

At Clark University, scientists are at work taking a census of dreams among trusted individuals throughout the country with a view of finding a remedy for such a disturb peaceful slumber. Everyone will be interested to learn what these psychologists have discovered.

TAMING WILD FLOWERS THAT GROW NEAR PORTLAND.

A nature lover throws out some hints concerning the transplanting of woods blossoms in odd nooks of city gardens—a pleasurable diversion that may be indulged in this month.

ACCUSES COLUMBUS OF "DOCTORING" HISTORY.

A new iconoclast has arisen. Henry Vignand, for 30 years secretary of the American Legation at Paris, declares that Christopher Columbus was a man of limited intelligence and untruthful proclivities. Mr. Vignand has devoted all his leisure time to studying Columbus and owns a library of 13,000 volumes relating to the discoverer of America.

CATARRH CURED