INDICTED BY THE GRAND JURY

General Superintendent Conners is Shadowed by Detectives, and Finally Arrested on Evidence of Man He Tampered With.

CHICAGO, March 28.—The Federal grand jury tonight returned an indictment against Thomas J. Conners, general superintendent of Armour & Co., on a charge of interfering with a witness summoned to appear before the jury investigating the beef trust. Mr. Conners, who is J. Ogden Armour's most confidential employe and the active head of one of the largest packing companies of the world, was arrested on a bench warrant by a Deputy United States Marshal and taken to the grand jury room, where he was released on \$5000 bonds. After his release Mr. Conners refused to discuss the matter. CHICAGO, March 28 .- The Federal grand

The indictment charges that John Edward Shields of Brooklyn, a former em-ploye of Armour & Co., who testified be-fore the grand jury, was approached, favored and entertained by Mr. Conners. force the grand jury, was approached, favored and entertained by Mr. Conners, and specifically states that on March 25 the offense upon which Mr. Conners was indicted occurred. It is also charged that Shisids was given the use of Armour & Co. s offices at 265 La Salle street to transact his business while in Chicago and also the use of a private telegraph wire in the office of the packing commany.

Attempt to Fix Testimony. Another allegation is that Shields was ntertained by Conners and that Conners

entertained by Conners and that Conners ruggested to the proposed witness that he should testify feworahly to Armour & Co. and not tell all that he knew concerning the maiter under investigation.

The second count of the indictment charges that Mr. Conners did not limit his attempt at influencing witnesses to Mr. Shields, but that other witnesses who have not yet appeared in Chicago have been approached by him and attempts have been made to influence them as to the nature of the testimony they should give before the grand jury. give before the grand jury.

Close Watch on Shields.

When the special grand jury convened last night, Shields was one of the first witnesses to appear. He came to Chicago from New York. He had testified before a grand jury sitting in New York, and there is said to have divulged facts which led the Federal officials to believe him in possession of many other details concerning the question under consideration. He was requested to come to Chicago and the Federal officials were instructed to watch him closely. Two men were dethe Federal officials were instructed to watch him closely. Two men were detailed to watch him. One of these secret service men obtained Shields' confidence and thus learned facts which doubled the precautions of the Government to prevent any of the witnesses from being coached. Shields was followed by these detectives and it was learned that he frequented the offices of Armour & Co. having a private wire at his disposal and answering all his private correspondence there. Every move of Shields was closely watched.

The matter reached a climax yester-day, when one of the secret service men submitted a report to his superiors. To-day Shields was in the grand jury room from 2 o'clock till 5 o'clock.

The section of the statutes under which the indictment was drawn provides that any person who litterferes with a witness shall be subjected to a fine of \$500 or imprisonment for three months, or both.

REFORMS FOR MACEDONIA Lansdowne Save Revenue Must Be Rescued From Turkey.

LONDON, March 28 .- The House of tion lengthly tonight. Lord Lytton, Conservative, called attention to the condition of affairs in that part of the world. He said that the Austro-Rus-sian reform scenme was a failure and

sian reform scehme was a failure and it was acceless to expect anything from Russia or Austria. The rule of the Turk was an anomaly in civilized Europe and a perpetual menace.

Foreign Secretary Lansdowne said some progress had been made but he realized that action was urgent on the grounds of homanity and because the existing conditions menaced the peace of Europe. Great Britain, however, had less responsibility than any other power, and, however desirable, it was impossible for Great Britain to send a facet to Constantinople or an army of invasion into Macedonia. It was hardly likely that Russia and Austria would stand aside to find room for the Western Dowers.

The Foreign Secretary also said the British Government approved the latest scheme for financial reform. The JAMES WHITE, Hazardville, Turkish government proposed to raise the custom dues and Great Britain JAMES SPRACUE, new empto. would not accept a proposition so infurious until convinced of its neces-sity. The government of Great Rritain had made certain propositions in con-nection with the scheme for raforms. but the Foreign Secretary asked that he be not required to give the details at present. He assured the House that the powers were presenting a united front in connection with Macedonia, and he believed the outcome of the present negotiations would be satis-

Lord Lansdowne further remarked that, as a further indication of the manner in which the government re-garded the situation, he might say that it was of the opinion that the question had reached a stage where all carded the situation.

that it was of the opinion that it was of the powers had a right to make themselves heard. The finances of Macedonia must be so arranged as to provide adequately for the administration of Macedonia, guarantees must be provided that not any of the revenues surmarked for the special benefit of Macedonia. The oregonian is answer to the communication that a suppeared in The Oregonian for young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in Portland, said that preacher yeter young girls smoking cigarettes in pondent that Rev. C. T. Schnen.

REVOLT NEAR IN MACEDONIA

Fifty , Thousand Well-Armed Men Will Rise Against Turkey.

SPECIAL CABLE
VIENNA, March 28.—Private information has reached here from Beigrade to
the effect that the various Macadrian
centers state that the insurrectionary
leaders will preclaim a general rising
on April 27. General Sarafoff and Genstral Transchoff have united their forces.

on April 77. General Saratoff and General Thoutcheff have united their forces and now have ready for the field 50,000 receivening arready apparently desired in the official world generally apparently desired in the field and the official world generally apparently desired in the field of th

and King Charles this morning witnessed exercices by a cavalry regiment, a detachment of artillery and a company of sharp-shooters. The Emperor was subsequently conducted over the Bolem Monastery. After luncheon at the Necessidades Palace, the Emperor, King Charles and Queen Amelia visited the public buildings of Lisbon.

The Emperor attended a meeting of the Geographical Society, whose president, Admiral Perreira Ameral, in a

the Geographical Society, whose president. Admiral Ferreira Ameral, in a speech of welcome, greeted the Emperor of a great friendly nation as an interested student of Portugal's col-

onleing struggles."

Emperor William, replying in French, paid an eloquent tribute to Portugal's great work in fleids of exploration. Then, referring to the Afripioration. Then, referring to the Afri-can colonies of the two countries, ho said it was with the greatest satisfac-tion that he was able to declare in the presence of King Charles, his govern-ment and this Illustrious assemblage that Germany and Portugal always has been good neighbors and friends. The Emperor concluded by wishing prosperity to all of Portugal's colonies under the wise regime of her august under the wise regime of her august

UNUSUAL HONOR TO MEYER

DR. W. SEWARD WEBB COMING TO PORTLAND

HE WILL ARRIVE IN HIS SPECIAL TRAIN THIS EVENING.

train of five cars, is one of the wealthlest men of New York City, where he makes his home. He is closely related to E. H. Harriman in his railroad enterprises, and is supposed to be on a tour of the Coset in his interest, and whileshere will look

Over the rational situation on the Coset, particularly in the Northwest.

Dr. Webb was born in New York, January 31, 1851. He was educated by private rutors, at a military school and spent two years at Columbia College. He studied medicine in Vienna, Paris and Berith, and then graduated from the College of Physiciania and Surgeons of New York in 1855. He practiced medicine for some time, and then became a member of the firm of W. E. Webb & Co., steedbrokers, but

retired from that Inniness in 1883. He is president of the Rutland Hallway Company, of the Adironducks & St. Lawrence Hallway Company, and is a director in

Dr. Webb married the daughter of the late W. H. Vanderbilt, and is the direct

epresentative of the interests of his wife in the large railroad holdings which she

han. He is well known as a breader of fine horses and other stock, and his farm at Shelburof, about six miles south of Burlington, on Lake Champlain, is one of the most modern in equipment in the United States. It consists of 5500 acres, and

dispense with the presentation of letters | Foreign Minister, as it was not deliv-

ered to him until February 7, the day after he had been informed of the rup-

ture. Russia has always claimed that

the Japanese Government, having de-

cided to break off negotiations and begin hostilities, deliberately held up the

message at Tokio until M. Kurino, for-mer Japanese Minister at St. Peters-

burg, could deliver the instructions sent him February 5 to sever diplomat-ic relations. Japan, on the contrary, contended that the contents of the

roply having been substantially com-municated by Foreign Minister Lams-dorff to M. Kurino, and being unaccept-

able on the main issue, it was useless for Japan to wait any longer. The text of the proposition follows: "First—A mutual engagement to re-

spect the independence and territorial

"Second—An engagement on the part of Russia not to impede the commer-cial or industrial undertakings of Ja-

pan in Corea, nor oppose her measures for safeguarding such interests.

"Third—Recognition by Russia of Japan's preponderating interests in Co-rea and her right to offer advice and

assistance tending to the improvement of the administration of Cores. "Fourth—A mutual obligation not to use any part of Corean territory for

strategic purposes, nor undertake on the coasts of Cores any military works which menace free navigation of the Corean Straits. "Fifth—Recognition by Russis of Ja-

pan's right to send troops to Cores, in according with the proceeding articles, for the suppression of insurrections and disorders calculated to create in-

and disorders calculated to create in-ternational complications.

"Sixth—An engagement by Russia to respect the rights and privileges ac-quired by Japan, as well as other pow-era in Manchuria through freaties with China, Japan to recognize Manchuria and the littoral as beyond her aphers of interest.

of interest.
"Seventh A mutual agreement not to impede the junction of the Corean

and Eastern China railroads when they have reached the Yalu River. "Eighth-That this agreement sup-

have reached the Falu River.

"Eighth—That this agreement supplant all previous agreements between Russia and Japan respecting Corea."

"Ninth—The desirability, if possible, of creating a neutral zone in Corea."

A careful comparison of the above and preceding exchanges, all of which heretofore have been printed fully, confirms the fact that Russia, from first to last insisted that it was inconsistent with her dignity to include in a special treaty with Japan an obligation to respect the territorial integrity of China in Manchuria, resterating in the instructions sent to Baron Rosen, which were accompanied by a note of explanation to Japan that Russia's position in Manchuria concerned first China and then all the other powers having commercial interests there, and again pointing out the declarations already made by Russia to foreign Cabinets of her intention, so long as the occupation of Manchuria continued, to recognize the sovereignity and the binding force of the treaties contracted by the powers with the Pekin government.

With the exception of a rearrangement and some slight verbal changes, the first five articles are identical with those of Russia's original reply of October 2, 1903.

integrity of Cores.

over the railroad situation on the Coast, particularly in the Northwest

bak a water front of 20 miles along the banks of the lake.

many other corporations.

of recall, which will be handed to the King by his successor, will be received in audience by King Victor Emmanuel on

Thursday, and that night the King will

FOUR DIE WITHOUT PAIN.

Powder Mill Blows Up and Tears Em-

ployes to Fragments.

TROY, N. Y., March 28.-Three mer

were killed outright and another so

badly injured that he died a few hours

later by an explosion at the Schaghti-

coke Powder Mills, nears this city to-

JAMES WHITE, Hazardville, Conn. CHARLES COLBURN, Hazardville, Conn.

The men were at work in the Corn-

fragments. The fourth victim, White, was found 200 feet away, not yet dead. Three, wooden buildings, comprising part of the plant, and a car, the latter

loaded with powder being transferred

to the Corning mill, were destroyed.

The main buildings of the plant were not harmed. The explosion caused a great amount of damage to windows in Valley Falls and Schaghtlooke and

the shock was plainly felt in this city.

that they were under 14, but I have been doing evangelistic work among boys and girls long enough to know something about their agea."

W. H. Savage Is the Director.

SALEM, Or., March 28.—(Special.)— The executive committee having charge of the Marion County exhibit at the Lewis and Clark Fair today elected W.

H. Savage to arrange the display and care for it. The committee has made rapid progress in collecting exhibits and all will be complete when the Fair

opens June 1.

ng mill when the explosion occurred, and the cause is not known. The odies of three victims were blown to

JAMES SPRAGUE, new employe ALBERT BARTLETT, new employ

give a farewell.,dinner in his he which is an unusual distinction.

William Seward Webb, who will teach Portland this evening in a special

Offer Which Russia Made Japan on Eve of War.

HELD OUT FOR MANCHURIA

Text of Note Which Was Never De livered Because Japan Declared War on Learning Ita Contents in Advance.

PARIS, March 28.-The Associated Press is in a position to complete the diplomatic history of the Russo-Jap-King of Italy Will Give Ambassador
Farewell Dinner.

ROME. March 28.—Dowager Queen
Margherita today received American Ambassador Meyer in farewell andience. Mr.
Meyer, who has obtained permission to the world the ward the war, by fiving to the world the exact text of Russias final reply to Japan, dated February 2, 1964, which has never before been made public. Baron Rosen, former Russian Minister to Japan, did not have an opportunity of presenting the note to Baron Komura, Japan's

Russia made three concessions in the final note, as follows:

"First—The withdrawal of the provision of the Russian note of January 6, 1504, declining to recognize the settlement rights in Manchuria acquired under treaties with China, a point on which Japan laid great stress. These rights Russia cialmed were acquired by Japan under cover of treaties negotiated by the United States.

"Becoud—Recedence from insistence on

States.

"Second—Recedence from insistence on the proposition for a neutral zone in Northern Corea, but again putting forward its desirability.

"Third-Acceptance of the stipulation in article 3 of Japan's original propositious regarding the junction of the Corean and Manchurtan railroads."

Russia refused

"First—To include in the treaty an obligation to respect the territorial integ-

ligation to respect the territorial integ-rity of Manchuria.

"Second—To withdraw the inhibition against using Corean territory for strate-The note, it is claimed, proves conclusively that Russia hoped to prolong the

CHINA ARMING FOR DEFENSE Will Have Half-Million Man With

Modern Rifles. VICTORIA, B. C., March 28 .- Mail advices were received from Pekin by the Empress of Japan today that high offic-ials of China recognize that China will have to pass through a grave crisis threatening the very foundations of her independence and integrity at the close of the war, and that, to avert anarchy and chaos, the empire must be well

and chaos, the empire must be well armed and ready.

The Manchu civil and military authorities are accordingly rearming the various banner organizations, Manchu, Mongol and Chinesa. To the end of February 28, battalions, over and above the 7000 Manchus equipped with good arms in 1962, had been provided with either Maennlicher or Mauser magazine rifles. Factories are working to provide 20,000 mere for the Chinese forces at Pekin. These forces will form the nucleus of

a modern Chinese army to be organized without delay. An army of 50,000 men is expected to be ready, well armed, for the defense of Pekin before June.

JAPANESE AGAIN ADVANCING

Russians Fall Back Before Thom-Value of Lost Supplies.

GUNSHU PASS, Manchuria, March 28, The Japanese are again moving forward and the Russian guard has fallen back from its position, about 13 miles north of Sipinghai (4 miles north of Tie Pass), to Chaomiaodal, which is situated 40 miles below Gunshu Pass.

miles below Gunshu Pass.

Practically complete reports show that the Russian army sacrificed general commissariat stores to the amount of \$1,250,000 and stores for an army corps amounting to \$200,000 held at Mukden, most of it being set on fire. The boots and uniforms among the stores, of which the whole army was in need, arrived from Europe four days before the Russian retirement from Mukden. General Kuropatkin ordered the removal of the stores. patkin ordered the removal of the stores but his erder was not executed. An investigation will be finade to establish the

STAMPEDE FOR JAPAN'S BONDS

British Investors Crowd Banks to Secure Prospectuses.

LONDON, March 28.—When the pros-pectus of the Japanese War loan of \$150,-500,000 was lasted today the neighborhood of the issuing banks resembled the scenes witnessed on first nights at popular the-aters. Long lines of people were string-gling for admission, and special forces of police controlled the streams of eager investors. The friteriors of the banks were filled with shouting crowds strug-gling to snatch prospectuses.

RUSSIAN STOCKS ARE WEAK

Stagnant in Paris and Heavy Decline In St. Petersburg.

PARIS, March 28.—The tone on the Source today was heavy. Russians were weak upon a denial of the report that the Imperial Council had decided to open peace negotiations. A general stagnancy prevailed and the market closed heavy. Russian imperial is were quoted at 88.50, and Russian bonds of 1904 at 501. The private rate of discount was 214 per cent.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 38 G:28 P. M.)—A semi-panic prevailed on the Bourse here today. Russian imperial 4s fell a point to Win

Sorting the Plunder at Mukden. JAPANESE LEFT ARMIES IN THE FIELD, March E. II A. M. (Via Fusan.). FIELD, March E, II A. M. (Via Fusan.).—The Japanese army near Mukden is clearing the battlefield, sorting the enormous quantities of stores and materials captured and attending to the prisoners. Engineers are rapidly repairing the railroad bridge across the Hun River, which was badly damaged by the Russians. Trains are now running to the Hun River. They will reach Mukden in a few days. The weather is very warm and the ground is thewing rapidly, making the movement of guns and transport ing the movement of guns and transport wagons difficult.

France Sends Naval Escort.

TANGIER, March 38.-Two French cruisers left today to escort the steamer Hamburg, with the Emperor of Germany on board, through the straits. Mulai Ab-del Maiek has arrived here to welcome Emperor William

Fleet Salis From Madagascar. TAMATAVE, Madagascar, March 28. It has been definitely ascertained that the whole Russian second Pacific squadron left the waters of Madagascar March is for an unknown destination.

OBEY LAW, GOOD OR BAD

GOVERNOR FOLK SETS FORTH THE MISSOURI IDEA.

Missourians in New York Hear the Terror of Bribers Expound His Principles and Praise Him.

NEW YORK, March 28.-Governor Joseph W. Folk, of Missourl, was the guest of honor and the principal speaker at the banquet of the Missouri So ciety at the Walnrot-Astoria tonight. At the right of the Governor sat District Attorney Jerome, who also made a brief address. Governor Folk said in

part:
"The Missouri idea means the enforcement of law, and that, if the law be bad, the remedy is to repeal it, not to ignore it. There is entirely too little respect for law in America. Such a thing is unknown in any other land. Disregard of one law breeds disrespect for all laws in allowing some laws to go unenforced we reap a harvest in having all laws broken.

The law may not be to one's liking, but the answer: It is the law, should be sufficient for the law-abiding. Good men will observe even bad laws, but bad men will break even good laws. It should be that all men should be com-pelled to keep all laws, good and bad,

because it is the law.

"How careless people usually are as to whether laws are enforced or not. This lethargy gives rise to civic evils. Indeed, nearly all public wrongs grow out of the indifference of the people. There are muny who thrill with patriotic ferver at the thought of going to war and risking their lives for their country, but who forget to vote on election day. The patriotism of peace is just as necessary as the patriotism of war. The patriotism of the ballot of war. The patriotism of the ballot is even more necessary in a free country than the patriotism of a bullet. Plenty of men will die for their country, but the man who will live for his city and state every day is the man city and state every day is the man good government reeds."

District Attorney Jerome said:
"I do not want to belittle what Governor Folk has done, but it is a fact that nothing he has done can be compared to what he may do and may be. Whatever Folk has accomplished as Circuit Attorney and Governor, one of the greatest things be has done was to put courage into the hearts of thousands who never knew him. That will be the monument to his life. There are our men today on whom the attention of the United States is riveted—Roosevelt, LaFoliette, Deneen and Folk.
These men have the piain people behind them and will continue to have them, so long as the people believe they stand on their honesty."

PADDING OF PAYROLL CHARGED District Attorney Makes an Investigation of the Accusation.

A charge that the payrolls in the City Engineer's office were paided for the menths of February and March, 1904, is being investigated by District Attorney Manning. The complaint was made by a member of the Municipal Association who admitted when interrogated as to what he knew that he was not well informed as to particulars, but that the public knew. "Examine the payrolls for these two months," he said.

Mr. Manning dispatched his deputy. Mr. Adams, to look into the matter, and the latter proceeded to the office of City Auditor Deviin and asked for the payrolls, which were produced. Each contained about 75 names, and Mr. Adams could not and anything wrong with them. Upon inquiry Mr. Adams ascertained that the charge had been made soon after the payroll for February, 1904, had been turned over to Auditor Deviin, that it contained the names of two operators of steam-rollers, who had not worked on the rollers those months, because it rained con-stantly and they were not in use. Mr. Devlin explained to Mr. Adams that he refused to audit the salary claims of those two men unless affidavits were filed in his office, which was afterward, done. The affidavits said the two men worked

the City Engineer as a clerical error.
The last county grand jury investigated the alleged padding of a payroll by City Engineer Elliott, but did not see fit to return an indictment against him or any one else in his office on that account.

Japanese Bonds on Market.

NEW YO.... March 28.—The American allotment of \$75,000,000 of the new \$150,-000,000 Japanese lean was offered to the public today at the price of \$7% per cent plus accrued interest, which, figuring \$5 per pound sterling, according to the usage of the New York Stock Exchange, is the approximate equivalent of the Lon-don Issue price of 70 per cent. The bonds are in denominations of £100, £200 and £300. The principal and interest are pay-able in London in sterling and in New York in United States gold at the fixed exchange rate of \$4.87 per pou

* Try Again In Wisconsin.

MADISON, Wis. March —Unfavorable action on a bill for an exhibit at the Portland Exposition was reconsidered by the Wisconsin Assembly today, and a new bill appropriating \$2,000 was introduced.

CROSSETT MAKES LIFE'S WALK EASY



THE Crossett Shoe will never lead your feet to the chiropodist. That's another item you can credit to Crossett Comfort.

If your dealer does not keep them, we will send any style by mail or exditional to pay forwarding charges.

Write for illustrated catalog.

LEWIS A. CROSSETT, Incorporated, North Abington, Mass.

A Dollar's Worth Free To Any Rheumatic Sufferer

remedy may have a full dollar's worth free

to try. I willingly make this liberal offer because I know that Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy may be relied upon Al. WAYS to bring the utmost relief that medicine can, Years before I discovered this remedy, I studied the nature of Rheumatism. For Bheumatism is really

Chrystalized Poison!

Your blood is always full of poison—the poison you eat and drink and breathe into your system. It is the purpose of the blood to abooth and carry off this very poison. And the kidneys, which are the blood filters, are expected to cleanse the blood and send it back through the system clean, to gather more poison which, they, in turn, will eliminate.

But sometimes the kidneys fall. And sometimes, from some other cause, the blood gets so full of poison that they cannot absorb it all. This is the start of Rheumatism. The poison accumulates and crystalises. The crystals look like little grains of ungar or of the white sand. The blood carries them and they increase is also. Then, when it can carry than no longer, it deposits thom in a joint—on a bone—say where. The twinge in your leg-the duli ache in

Certain Relief

The secret by in a wonderful chemical I The secret by in a wonderful charmical I found in Germany. When I found this chemical I knew that I could make a rheat such in the could make a rheat matter ourse that would be practically certain. But even then, before I made an announcement, before I was willing to put my name on it.—I made miver than 2000 hasts And my failures were but 2 per cent. This German chemical is not the only ingredient I use in Dur Shoop's Rheumatic Cure—but it made the remedy possible—made possible an archievement which, I doubt not could have been made in the other way.

This chemical was very expensive. The duty, too, was high In all it cost me \$4.00 per pound four what is \$4.00 per pound for what is \$4.00 per pound for a real remedy for the world's most painful disease—for a real relief from the greatest torture human belongs know?

I don't meen that Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure can turn bony joints into feah again—that i invessible. But it will drive from

The twinge in your ieg—the duli ache in your arm on a rainy day—these are the outward sizes of the unseen crystais. And the twisted limbs and unspeakable anguish of the sufferer who has allowed his symptoms to go unbeeded and unattended for yearsthese are the evidences of what Rheumatian, neglected, can do.

I searched the whole earth for a specific neuralgis, goul—for all these are the results of rheumatic poison in the blood.
Plainly, the first thing to do is to remove the poison. But this is not enough. The formation of the poison must be stopped, so that Nature may have a chance to dissolve and eliminate the crystails which have already formed. Unless this is done there can be no cure—no permagent relief.
I searched the whole earth for a specific for Rheumatism—something that I or any physician could feel safe in prescribing—something that we could count on not only occasionally, but always. For the ravages

Mild cases are sometimes cured by a single package.—On sale at forty thousand drug stores.

Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy

Whiskey and Beer Habit

PERMANENTLY CURED BY

"ORRINE"

ABSOLUTELY SAFE, SURE AND HARMLESS

The affidavits said the two men worked from ten to 12 hours a day during the month, one as a bridge constructor, and the other as a stationary engineer.

Another charge was that a man's name appeared on the payroll in November last for \$50 who never had been in the employ of the city. This was explained away by the City Engineer, as a clerical error.

Cure Effected or Money Refunded

Ask your druggist whom you know what he thinks of GRRINE; he will in-dorse our statements as truthful in every respect. If ORRINE fails to cure we will refund you every penny paid for it as cheerfully as we took it.

No Sanitarium Treatment or Publicity!

No Absence from home or loss of time!

Mothers, wives and sisters, you cannot cure those who are afflicted with this most terrible of all diseases by your fervent prayers, or eyes red with tears, nor by your hope that they may stop drinking. It can be done only with ORRINE. You have the remedy—will you use it? If you desire to cure without the knowledge of the patient, buy ORRINE No. 1: If the patient desires to be cured of his own free will, buy ORRINE No. 2. Full directions found in each package. Price 31 per box.

All Correspondence Confidential For free book-Treatise on Jrunkenness and how to cure it-write to THE ORRINE CO., INC., WASHINGTON, D. C., or call on WOODARD, CLARKE & CO., PORTLAND, OREGON.



NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE The ORIGINAL remedy that "kills the Dandruff Germ."

DIDN'T KNOW IT WAS LOADED Most young and middle-aged men never know that their scalps are loaded with microbic growths until the hair has "gone off." Nature sends her warnings of dandruff, itching scalp and failing heli-but the discovery of the dandruff serm is too recent for the public to realize the

Brag Stores, \$1.00. Eand 10c., stamps, to HERPICIDE CO.; Sept. H. Catrolt, Mick., for a Sample: Applications at Prominent Barber Shops.



Twenty Years of Success In the treatment of caronic diseases, such as liver, kidney and stomach disorders, constitution, diarrhoda, dropaical swellings, Bright's disease, etc.

Kidney and Urinary Complaints, painful, difficult, too frequent, milky or bloody urine, unnatural discharges speedily cured.

Diseases of the Rectum

Such as piles, fistule, fissure, pileeration, mucoul and bloody discharges, cared without the knife, pain or

Diseases of Men

Diseases of Men

potency thoroughly cured. No failure. Cure guaranteed.
YOUNG MEN troubled with night emissions, dreams, exhausting drains, bestsfulness, averaged to seelety, which deprive you of your managed, UNFER YOU FOR BUSINESS OR MARKIAGE.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN, who from excesses and strains have lost their MANLY FOWER.
BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, Syphilis, Genorrheen, painful, bloody urine, Gisel, Siricure, Emiarged Prostate, Sexual Debility, Varicecele, Hydrocele, Kidney and Liver troubles cured without MERCURY OR OTHER POISONOUS DRUGS. Caterra and rheumatism CURED.
DRUGS. Caterra and rheumatism CURED.
DRUGS. Caterra and rheumatism CURED.
Trainess, His New Pamphlet on Private Diseases sent free to all men who describe their trouble. PATIENTS sured at home. Forms reasonable, All letters answered in plain envelope. Consultation free and sacredly confidential. Call on or address.

DR. WALKER, 181 First Street, Corner Yambill, Portland, Or

THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAME MAKES YOU ACHE ALL OVER Ache all over? Feverish? Chilly? Just coming down with a hard cold? Where do you suppose it will settle?

Do not let your cold settle. Break it up! Drive it out! Ask your doctor the best medicine for this. If he says Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, take it at once. If he has anything better, take that.

in the throat? That means hoarseness, sore throat, tonsillitis. In the chest? Then bronchitis, pneumonia, consumption.

Made by the J. C. Aper Co., Lowell, Mass. ATER'S HAIR VIGOR -For the bair.

ATER'S AGUE CURE -For malaria and ague.