WEALTH IN SAND

Government Puts Hope in Oregon Minerals.

IS LOOKING FOR PLATINUM

David T. Day Detained to Portland Exposition.

HEAD OF MINING EXHIBITS

He Will Make a Full Investigation Into the Value of Black Sands of the West and Coast—Interest in Display.

A new area of placer mining, and one which will revolutionize the platinum industry and make it possible to utilize millions of tons of minerals that are now lying untouched, is to be one of the outcomes of the Lewis and Clark Exposition. This announcement is officially made by David T. Day, head of the division of mining and mineral resources of the United States Geological Survey. Mr. Day arrived in Portland yesterday morning. Besides his connection with the Government, he has been selected by the Exposition to take entire charge of the mining department. He started upon his new duties immediately upon his arrival at the Expositon and spent the day outlining the displays in the Mining building, which had just been completed.

Comes by Special Permission.

Mr. Day secured the special permission of the Government to serve in the capacity of head of the Exposition mining department. At the same time he will represent the Government in a new line of research which was provided for and directed by a special act of Congress. This consists of examining the black sands of the Pacific Coast.

Hundreds of tons of this sand will be brought to the mining building by the Government. Not that it is interesting in itself, but the processes to which it is to be subjected will be intensely interesting. Every known concentrating process will be utilized in order to learn all the values and qualities of the sand.

What it is expected to develop more than anything else is platinum, which is becoming a scarce article on the market, owing to the Russo-Japanese war, which has robbed the Ural mountains of most of the convict miners and Slavs who were willing to work for a pittance.

"There is every reason to believe," said Mr. Day, "that the Pacific Coast can supply some of the platinum which is used by the United States. It is worth more than gold and fully 95 per cent of all used in America is imported from Russia. Four per cent of the rest is from South America, so it is readily to be seen that the United States makes practically no showing in this industry. The Government is anxious to have the Western resources of this valuable material investigated and I have been instructed by Congress to examine carefully the black sand deposits of the Pacific Coast. I have found it in the black sands all along the coast from California to British Columbia and also in Montana and Wyoming. I found it more plentiful in Oregon and Washington than elsewhere and believe it is contained in the black sands in sufficient quantities for profitable marketing, providing favorable methods of treatment may be secured.

Experiments in Concentration.

"The tests that will be given these sands at the Lewis and Clark Exposition this Summer will be thorough. A special addition to the mining building will be erected for this purpose and therein will be placed all kinds of concentrating machinery and apparatus. I confidently look for a new era in placer mining, for I believe firmly that millions of dollars have been going to waste through ignorance of the proper methods of placer mining. Miners have been content to extract the gold and then lay aside the sediment that remained. Herein is the mistake.

"For example, an instance came to my attention recently which illustrates the point. A placer miner on the Snake River had been mining for gold alone. A short time ago he sent the waste material to Denver to be tested. To his surprise there was 7 per cent of monozite in the stuff and it was worth $1200 a ton. This is only one instance in ten thousand, and the result of the tests in the mining building will aim to do away with this waste and to open up many new and important mining industries for Oregon, California and the entire Coast."

Mr. Day has been with the geological survey for 19 years past and has been assigned here for duty at the request of the Exposition management, and with the consent of the Government that he may conduct his investigations to good advantage. He will remain in Portland until the conclusion of the Exposition and will have offices in the Administration and Mining buildings.

He expresses himself as well pleased with the new mining building and believes the mining displays will be more elaborate and more successful than those of any previous exposition, all of which, within the past 19 years, he has attended.

TRUNK LINES MAY YIELD.

Expected to Concede Rates for Letter-Carriers' Convention.

It is now beginning to look as though some agreement would be reached between the trunk lines east of Chicago and the National Letter-Carriers' Association, and that the National convention will be held in Portland during the Summer, after all. The Hill lines and the Northern Pacific have been heard from and each has expressed a willingness to help in the mediaton of the differences between the Eastern roads and the association.

A. L. Craig, general passenger agent of the O. R. & N., has taken a very active interest in the work, at the solicitation of the Chamber of Commerce, and has been in correspondence with the head offices of the Harriman system. J. C. Stubbs, traffic director of the Harriman system at Chicago, has promised to do what may be in his power to secure a reduction in rates. Mr. Harriman alone of the head officials has not been heard from by the Chamber of Commerce, but he will be seen personally by T. B. Wilcox, who is now in New York. It is thought from what promises have been already made and from the attitude of the Eastern men as far as has been learned, that there is little doubt that a lower rate will be made, and it will be possible to hold the convention here during the Lewis and Clark Fair.

Siberian Railway at "Trail."

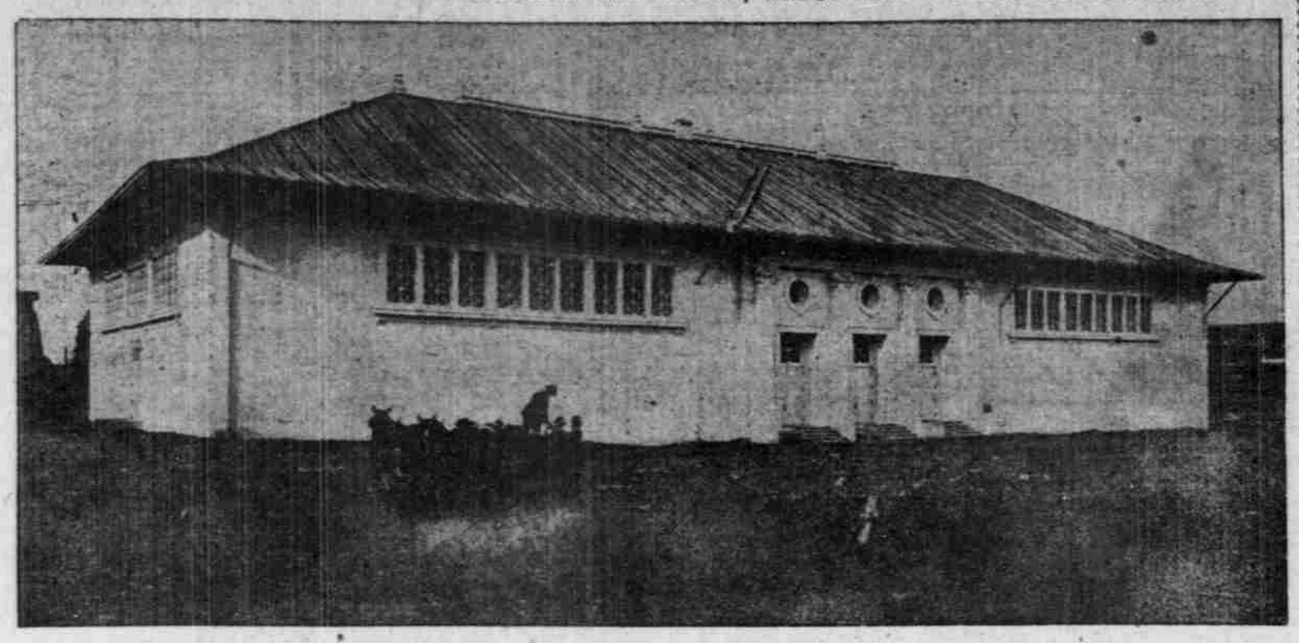
After several weeks of negotiating, the Great Siberian Railroad Company has filed papers and it is now probable that the Lewis and Clark Exposition will have its exhibit on the "Trail."

It represents a trip through Russia and Siberia, from Moscow, reproducing Moscow, the Ural Mountains, the great steppes of Siberia, Lake Baikal, Mukden, Port Arthur, etc. The snow storm scene on the steppes is said to be marvelous and realistic.

At the last Paris Exposition something similar was introduced by the Russian government, but it remained for an American company to enlarge and improve it at St. Louis. It was one of the largest attractions at the World's Fair and was prepared and operated at a cost of more than $50,000. The Great Siberian Railroad Company is arranging to operate it here.

The war scenes will no doubt attract great attention. It is said that all the reproductions are historically and geographically correct, the engineer of that great railroad furnishing the photographs from which it was produced.

MINING BUILDING AT LEWIS AND CLARK EXPOSITION, WHICH WAS COMPLETED YESTERDAY



The finishing touches were put on the mining building at the Lewis and Clark Exposition yesterday morning and as soon as it has been formally accepted by the State Commission it will be available for use in the storage of ores and mining machinery. Inspections of the building have been made and the work is said to be satisfactory in every respect.

The building is 200 feet in length and 100 feet wide. It was built by the Burrell Construction Company at a cost of $14,370. The completion of the building at this time is extremely opportune, as several weeks will be required to place the exhibits. There is to be a working model of a coal mine, which will be especially difficult to set in place effectively. The building is attractive of appearance and, with the elaborate mineral displays and the experiments to be made in conjunction by the Government, there seems little doubt that the mining fraternity will come here in force.

DEPENDS ON THE BOND ISSUE

Plans for Public Dock in St. Johns Have Been Prepared.

Engineer Smith, of St. Johns, in accordance with instructions of the Council at its last meeting, has prepared plans and specifications for a public dock to be built at the foot of Richmond street. These plans will be submitted to the next meeting of the Council for approval or rejection. Part of the piles for this dock have been driven and it is estimated that with the assistance promised by George W. Cone in the way of material, and cash from Daniel Brecht, who subscribed $50 toward the dock, the cost to the city will be about $500, but in view of the provision in the new charter forbidding issuance of warrants without cash on hand, the building of the dock probably will be delayed until bonds can be issued for this and some other needed city improvements, including fire apparatus and City Hall grounds.

Seattle Challenges Multnomah.

The Seattle Athletic Club is endeavoring to secure a return boxing and wrestling tournament with the Multnomah Amateur Athletic Club to be held in Seattle. Edgar Frank has received a letter asking if such a meeting can be arranged in the near future, and he is now looking around for men which might be sent to Seattle.

The difficulty facing the local club in a meeting with Seattle is in securing men of the proper weight. The Multnomah men are invariably too light for the Northern boys, and consequently the club is placed at a disadvantage.

Frank will soon know, however, just what he can do, and if men can be sent up at a weight not too far below the Seattle men the meeting will undoubtedly be arranged.

Contract for Jetty Stone Made.

Major W. C. Langfitt was advised by wire yesterday that the department had accepted the bids of the Columbia Contract Company and J. W. Sweeney for supplying stone for the jetty, and the papers are now being prepared. The contract with the Columbia Contract Company will provide for the delivery of 60,000 tons of stone at $1.10 a ton and Sweeney will furnish 110,000 tons at $1.02. Delivery of this stone will begin about the middle of April.

DAVID T. DAY, GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL WHO WILL SUPERVISE ENTIRE MINING DEPARTMENT AT LEWIS AND CLARK EXPOSITION.

PAYS TEN DOLLARS

Saloon Proprietor's Small Forfeit.

TUXEDO CASE COMES UP

Judge Hogue Says He of His Own Knowledge Is Sure It Has Violated One o'Clock Ordinance.

DISPOSITION OF CASES.

The police have made 15 arrests.

Municipal Judge Hogue fined two defendants $10 each, and four defendants $5 each.

Six cases have been "continued indefinitely," which means during the good behavior of the defendants.

Two cases were dismissed.

One cast is set for hearing in Municipal Court today.

Testimony from Captain of Police Bailey and Special Policeman Austin to the effect that there were three men and two women in the Bodega saloon at 2:15 A. M. recently, caused Municipal Judge Hogue to suggest the placing of a $10 forfeit by the proprietor, as the court wished to be lenient. This was because the police had caught the establishment once previously in the act of violating the early-closing ordinance, and because the bartender said he was merely fixing the beer pump.

Captain Bailey and Special Policeman Austin were very positive in their testimony, and Proprietor Rhoades, who was present, said he really could not understand how the three men and two women came to be in his saloon at such an unseemly hour. The minimum fine for violations of an ordinary character, heretofore, has been $25, and some have been fined $50, but in this case, Judge Hogue said, he could not see why Rhodes should be fined $25. Rhodes smilingly handed over the $10 "forfeit" and walked out laughing.

The case of the Tuxedo, which has occasioned much talk and has been the cause of several rather exciting encounters of a wordy nature between Judge Hogue and Chief of Police Hunt, will be taken up tomorrow. Attorney John F. Logan, representing the proprietors, was before the court to ask a continuance, which was granted.

"I wish to say to you, Mr. Logan, that I have no special dislike for the Tuxedo or its proprietors," said Judge Hogue, "but I know it to be one of the toughest places in Portland. I believe that it has been violating the early-closing ordinance practically all of the time. Now, if your clients wish to pay a fine of $50 on the charge already filed, that will be the understanding, but if not, a second charge will be filed, based on my personal knowledge. The morning in question was following the recent Chinese shooting on Second street. I have the evidence to convict, as I personally know the law was violated that morning."

"Then I shall ask, your honor, that Mayor Williams appoint a special Judge to hear your evidence," replied Attorney Logan.

"It will not be necessary," quickly retorted the court, "for the fine will be sufficiently high to permit of an appeal. As I said before, I have no grudge against this saloon, but for some reason it has been permitted to run openly, and no arrests made. Were I not personally concerned, I should let the police handle these matters, but an effort has been made to make capital out of this matter, and I am merely protecting myself."

"Well, that is a matter between you and Chief Hunt," said Attorney Logan, and a laugh went up from the spectators in which the court joined.

The report of Patrolman Lee, made October 3, 1904, over which Judge Hogue and Chief Hunt clashed Saturday, has been delivered into the hands of Municipal Clerk Olsen, and will be used in the hearing of the Tuxedo case tomorrow. Lee states that he found the side door of the saloon open long after closing hours. No arrest was ever made on his report.

Captain Bailey and Patrolman Seymour found the Gilt Edge, 308 Alder street, open at 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning, and took the names of three men who came out. It is probable the proprietor will be arrested today and arraigned with the other cases tomorrow.

DESTROY EMPTY CIGAR-BOXES

Dealers Are Not Allowed to Use Dummies for Display.

Between now and May 1 bonfires, fed by empty cigar boxes, will be in order in many of the cigar-houses of this city, and in fact throughout the country, as a result of the enforcement of the internal revenue laws in regard to dummy boxes. It has been the general custom among cigar dealers to use dummy boxes for advertising and display purposes. While an innocent practice, in many cases the law is violated by stamping on the boxes the factory and collection district and also by placing on the boxes the regular caution notice to the effect that the manufacturer had compiled with all the requirements of the law and that all persons were forbidden to use the package for cigars again. This has been done not only to permit the use of them for display purposes, but in order that if the manufacturer at any time desired to do so he could not see why Rhodes should be fined $25. Rhodes smilingly handed over the $10 "forfeit" and walked out laughing.

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There is no prohibition of the use of dummy boxes provided they do not bear the factory stamp and caution notice, so that cigar boxes bearing nothing but the labels and decorative effects of the manufacturer are entirely within the law.

Commissioner Yerkes has lately issued a warning that if any illegal dummy boxes are found in use after May 1 the offenders will be summarily prosecuted. The penalty provided for the violation of the law restricting the use of boxes bearing the factory stamp and caution notice is a fine of from $50 to $500 where there is no willful attempt to defraud the Government. If the violation is part of an attempted fraud the fine may be from $500 to $5000, or imprisonment for six months to five years.

The Portland cigar dealers who have been using such boxes are preparing for their destruction, since no one can afford to take the chance of prosecution after May 1.

ACCUSED IN A STREET-CAR

Boy Points Out Man to Policeman as a Burglar.

"That man is a taief, for he stole a lot of things out of my father's house," said a son of B. Koehn to Patrolman E. S. Nelson, as the latter boarded a street-car yesterday afternoon, bound for police headquarters. As the boy spoke, he pointed to a man, who leaped from his seat and ran rapidly away from the car.

Patrolman Nelson followed, and ran the fleeing man a hot race, finally placing him under arrest and bringing him to headquarters. There the prisoner gave the name of Thomas Leonard, and said he just came here from Minneapolis. He denied connection with any robbery, but was booked on suspicion.

It was not long until B. Koehn, who lives at 587 Union avenue north, arrived, and identified Leonard as a man whom he caught going through the Koehn residence, saying he entered with a skeleton key.

Leonard will be arraigned before Municipal Judge Hogue this morning, at which time the details of the case will be brought out, if possible.

Closed by Sheriff on Attachment.

Rothschild Brothers filed an attachment suit in the State Circuit Court against Bradley & Ovlatt, proprietors of the Cave saloon, on Alder street, near Third, to recover $352. The Sheriff closed the place.

BOARD CALLS HALT

Schools Must Not Bear Outside Burden.

NO JUNIOR CIVIC BOARDS

School Directors Object to Proposition That Children Furnish Luncheons for the Departing Nineteenth on Buford.

School children are a means of working a public scheme which is being overused, think the members of the Board of Education, and they are going to interfere when it comes within their prerogative and ease the civic burden of the little tots.

At the same time they wish to relieve the school principals of duties not education, which the patriotic citizens are willing to hand over to them. They find that principals are constantly being put to uses for which the head masters of schools were never intended.

Last night a committee from the Civic Improvement Board of the Chamber of Commerce waited on the School Board to learn why it objected to the formation of junior civic societies in the schools. Later the Board discussed the matter and said it thought the inculcation of civic pride into children was a very fine thing, but that the school as an engine of inculcation was being misused. However, it would consent to the formation of these societies, removing the part of the scheme proposed by the Chamber of Commerce that the school principals appoint committees of citizens resident in the district to inspect yards improved under this society. As far as the beautifying of "front yards and back yards," as Mr. Williams expressed it, is concerned, let the youngsters do it, and let the Chamber of Commerce give prizes for the one best done, but let it not be a school matter. The machinery of the school, thought the Board, was not intended for such purpose and should only be lent, as it is a convenient means of getting the children together. Above all things, the teachers should only take voluntary part in extra-educational matters.

Board Turns Down Proposition.

The Board had only recovered its equilibrium after the indignation to which it aroused itself over this matter, when the chairman, Mrs. Sitton, produced a letter from a kind-hearted citizen who said he had been in consultation with Mayor Williams and both of them believed it would be well if the children of certain schools were to furnish luncheon for the departing Nineteenth Regiment next Saturday. The children were each to bring luncheon enough from home on Friday for one person, and that this was to be placed in boxes furnished by the Civic Improvement Board of the Chamber of Commerce, which were in turn to be placed in large dry goods boxes furnished by the principals of the schools, which were in turn to be hauled by drays to the transport Buford, where the departing Nineteenth was to undo the various boxes and obtain the food.

The Board fairly sizzled at the idea. It agreed that the Nineteenth deserved a luncheon at the hands of the citizens of Portland, but could not see why the school children should tease their mothers into doing the extra necessary work. It looked like a long way around the block and was regarded by the Board as just a little too much use of the public schools for matters not connected with their purpose.

East Side High School.

A committee of East Side citizens, Dr. S. E. Josephi, O. M. Scott and Whitney L. Boise, moved by the rumor that a petition had been presented the School Board not to build the new High School on East Stark, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth, appeared before the Board last night and explained the beauties of that location and the reasons why the Board ought to decide to build there. The Board, however, listened with indifference, as it had not received any petition and had not given the matter of location recent thought.

A committee of architects, E. M. Lazarus, Richard Martin and Joseph Jacobberger, also appeared and made a request that a competition be begun by the Board for the best plans for the new High School building, but as soon as the Board learned that there would be expense included in this, it hesitated and referred the matter to its building committee.

J. G. Hoard, janitor of the Sellwood School, having shown insubordination to Principal C. L. Strong, a superior official, was relieved of his duties. The principal and janitor had been at dagger points for some time and the janitor had a resignation before the Board, which was very promptly accepted.

Mrs. Anderson, a primary teacher in the Gresham School, was chosen to fill a vacancy in the second grade of the Couch School.

When you suffer from sick headache, dizziness, constipation, etc., remember Carter's Little Liver Pills will relieve you. One pill is a dose.

MUST PAY PENALTY

Six Business Men Fined by Judge Hogue.

FIFTEEN ARRESTS IN ALL

Civic Improvement Board Causes Trouble for Those Who Are Careless as to the City's Cleanliness and Condition.

There have been 15 arrests, six convictions, two acquittals and six cases have been continued indefinitely since the Civic Improvement Board began its crusade against unsightliness in Portland. In addition, however, the police, assisted by others, have accomplished a great deal toward cleanliness throughout the city by ordering people to remove garbage and refuse from streets, sidewalks and vacant lots.

Almost every person arraigned before Municipal Judge Hogue has been ready with an excuse, but to each has been pointed out the necessity of cleaning up the city, and in flagrant cases fines have been imposed by the court.

The arrests that have been made have been of people complained of by the Civic Improvement Board and those who are working in conjunction with its members, and the police themselves. Special Policeman Mallett has been doing duty for the board along these exclusive lines. Of late he has been devoting particular attention to trapdoors. Many merchants in the down town districts have been in the habit of leaving the doors to basements open much of the time during the day. Chief of Police Hunt recently issued an order that this must cease.

The cases as disposed of in the Municipal Court are:

S. L. Brown, fined $10; L. Peray, fined $5; John Gardner, fined $10; W. W. Patterson, fined $5; A. J. Bingham, fined $5; J. Reilly, fined $5; J. H. Avery and John Briggs, dismissed; F. L. Litherland, D. C. Burns, J. N. Bristol, John Woo and Hop Song, continued indefinitely, and William Isensee will have a hearing before Judge Hogue today.

For two weeks Chief of Police Hunt has been making daily trips to portions of the city for the purpose of personally inspecting each district. He states that there is great improvement along lines of cleanliness everywhere.

Citizens' Ticket Completed.

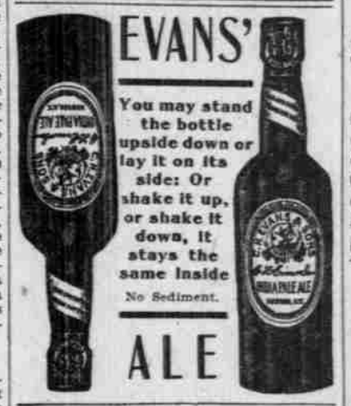
The citizens' ticket at St. Johns has been completed. The nominations follow: Mayor, Thomas J. Monahan; Recorder, M. L. Tufts; Treasurer, H. B. Tickner; Councilmen-at-Large, G. H. Carlson, E. L. Johnson; Councilmen, First Ward, L. A. Crane, Daniel Buck; Councilmen, Second Ward, H. W. Brice, G. M. Hall. The platform declares for an honest, just administration, a progressive policy with encouragement to new enterprises, and leaves the liquor question to the taxpaying citizens of St. Johns.

Extradition Hearing Begun.

The preliminary hearing of Monk Finton and Joe Golden, in their extradition proceedings, was held before United States Commissioner McKee yesterday, who committed the men to the County Jail to await their final hearing today. These men are wanted in Vancouver, B. C., under a charge of forgery alleged to have been committed in May, 1904.

John Richard Murry Greenfield charges the men with the crime and asks for their extradition

EVANS'



You may stand the bottle upside down or lay it on its side: Or shake it up, or shake it down, it stays the same inside

No Sediment.

ALE

Weak Kidneys

To any Kidney sufferer who has not tried my remedy I offer a full dollar's worth free. Not a mere sample—but a regular dollar bottle—standard size and staple.

There is nothing to pay, either now or later. I ask no deposit—no promise. You take no risk. The dollar bottle is free—because mine is no ordinary remedy, and I feel so sure of its results that I can afford to make this offer.

In the first place, my remedy does not treat the kidneys themselves. Such treatment is wrong. For the kidneys are not to blame for their weaknesses or irregularities. They have no power, no self-control. They are operated and actuated by a tiny shred of a nerve which alone is responsible for their condition. If the Kidney nerve is strong and healthy the kidneys are strong and healthy. If the Kidney nerve goes wrong you know it by the inevitable result—kidney trouble.

This tender nerve is only one of a great system of nerves; this system controls not only the kidneys, but the heart and the liver and the stomach. For simplicity's sake I have called this great nerve system the "Inside Nerves." They are not the nerves of feeling—not the nerves that enable you to walk, to talk, to act, to think. They are the master nerves, and every vital organ is their slave. The common name for these nerves is the "sympathetic nerves"—because each one is in such close sympathy with the others that weakness anywhere results in weakness everywhere.

This is why I treat not the kidney that is weak, but the ailing nerve that MAKES it weak. This is the secret of my success. This is why I can afford to do this unusual thing—to give away FREE the first dollar bottle, that ANY STRANGER may know how my remedy succeeds.

The offer is open to everyone, everywhere, who has not tried my remedy. Those who have tried it do not need the evidence. So you must write ME for the free dollar bottle order. I will then send you an order on your druggist for a full dollar bottle, standard size and staple. He will pass it down to you from his stock as freely as though your dollar lay before him and will send the bill to me. Write for the order today.

For a free order for a full dollar bottle you must address Dr. Shoop, Box B 173, Racine, Wis. State which book you want.
Book 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book 2 on the Heart.
Book 3 on the Kidneys.
Book 4 for Women.
Book 5 for Men.
Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases are often cured by a single bottle. For sale at forty thousand drug stores.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

SLEEP

For Skin Tortured Babies and Rest For Tired Mothers

In Warm Baths with

Cuticura SOAP

And gentle anointings with CUTICURA Ointment, the great Skin Cure, and purest and sweetest of emollients. It means instant relief and refreshing sleep for tortured, disfigured, itching, and burning babies, and rest for tired, fretted mothers, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.

Send for "How to Cure Baby Humors."

HAND SAPOLIO

FOR TOILET AND BATH

Fingers roughened by needlework catch every stain and look hopelessly dirty. Hand Sapolio removes not only the dirt, but also the loosened, injured cuticle, and restores the fingers to their natural beauty.

ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

NONE SUCH MINCEMEAT

IS MADE IN OUR KITCHEN TO SAVE WORK IN YOURS

The Operatives, Utensils, Machinery and Departments in Our New Model Factory Are Scrupulously Clean

VISIT US SOME TIME

Merrell-Soule Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

LASH'S KIDNEY & LIVER BITTERS

A PLEASANT LAXATIVE NOT INTOXICATING

DAMIANA BITTERS

Baja California Damiana Bitters is a great restorative, invigorator and nervine. The most wonderful aphrodisiac and special tonic for the sexual organs of both sexes. The Mexican remedy for diseases of the kidneys and bladder. Sells on its own merits.

NABER, ALPS & BRUNE, Agents
323 Market St., San Francisco. Send for circular.
For sale by all druggists or liquor dealers.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

FREE LAND IN OREGON

In the richest grain, fruit and stock section in the world. Thousands of acres of land at actual cost of irrigation. Deed direct from State of Oregon. WRITE TO-DAY. BOOKLET and MAP FREE. Deschutes Irrigation and Power Company, 510-11-12 McKay Building, Portland, Oregon.