EXILE DIES IN WANT

Paul von Wustrow Was Hungarian of Noble Birth.

ONCE SENTENCED TO DIE

Escaped to America and Served in Confederate Army—Poverty and Official Record of Death Prevented Getting His Own.

CORVALLIS, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—Colonel Paul von Wustrow, a former nobleman of Hungary and a Colonel in the Hungarian army in the war with Austria of 1848, was buried in Alsea yesterday. His death occurred there Tuesday.

Colonel Wustrow has always been a figure of great interest in Benton County. In common with many another Hungarian revolutionist after the Austrian struggle, Wustrow was taken prisoner and sentenced to death. An Austrian commander became Governor of the conquered province, and the greatest cruelties were inflicted on the conquered people. Before the day of Wustrow's execution his friends bribed the officials and the prisoner was allowed to escape to America. An official record of his death was made in order to conceal the irregularity.

The Wustrow estates in Hungary were restored in 1857, but the story runs that by reason of the record of Colonel Paul von Wustrow's execution, he was unable to secure his portion of the ancient patrimony. His poverty since his residence in Benton County prevented a visit to the land of his birth, which might have resulted in restoring him to his rights. During the Civil War, Wustrow was with the Hospital Corps in the Confederate service. He was a scholarly and most interesting man.

MRS. LINDLEY GETS DIVORCE

Husband Practically Deserted Her When He Went to Oregon.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 24.—Mrs. Kate C. Lindley, of Whittier, Monday pleaded with Judge Conrey in the Superior Court to free her from the matrimonial compact existing between herself and Hervey Lindley, a wealthy mining man of Oregon. Lindley is connected with mines in Southern Oregon and the Klamath Railway.

Lindley is well known in this section, having been engaged in business enterprises here until a few years ago, when he went to Oregon and sued his wife for a divorce in the courts of that state.

Mrs. Lindley, however, followed her husband to Oregon for the purpose of defending the suit. The Oregon court denied Lindley's plea for matrimonial freedom.

Upon her return to Los Angeles Mrs. Lindley looked about her for revenge or something else of a kindred nature, and she commenced divorce proceedings on her own account.

The feature of Monday's proceedings was the display of genuine tears, and Mrs. Lindley was so confused on the witness stand that words failed her, and both the court and her attorney almost begged her to talk.

The couple were married in 1875 at Waterloo, but for nearly 20 years they have made their home in California. Lindley left Los Angeles about two years ago to engage in the lumber business in the North, but his engagements seem to have been so pressing that he has been unable to find time to visit his wife. More than this, Mrs. Lindley says his business engagements have prevented him from even writing a letter home.

A member of Congress first conveyed to Mrs. Lindley the news of her husband's intentions in the divorce line, but when Lindley filed a suit in Oregon his wife put her foot down on the plan and the plaintiff lost the case.

Judge M. T. Owens and Mrs. Minnie H. Lombard aided the plaintiff in her fight for freedom. Judge Conrey granted the divorce. The couple settled their property rights outside of court.

THREE PARTIES IN THE FIELD

Northern Pacific Official Tells of Surveys in Idaho.

TACOMA, Wash., March 24.—Persistent and repeated rumors that Northern Pacific engineers are making surveys in Clearwater Valley, in Idaho, were confirmed today by C. M. Levey, assistant to the president of the road, and just back from a trip to Portland.

"It is true," said Mr. Levey, "that we are making surveys in Idaho. I am told the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company is doing the same thing. I am inclined to think that some time the Northern Pacific will build a line in that section of the Northwest. The field is rich, and a road will be needed, but I am not prepared to say that we intend to build at once, nor is the move part of any reported war with the Union Pacific, the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company, or any other railroad. The object of these surveys is to relocate rights of way we have held for some time over Government land. These lapse after a period of five years."

There are now three survey parties in the field.

LOOMIS GIVEN FULL HONORS

Assistant Secretary of State Visits Mare Island Navy-Yard.

MARE ISLAND, Cal., March 24.—Francis B. Loomis, Assistant Secretary of the State Department, paid a visit to the Mare Island Navy-Yard today, coming from San Francisco on the naval tug Golden Gate. Upon arriving at Mare Island, the Assistant Secretary was accorded the full honors to which his rank entitles him. A salute of 15 guns was fired from the Independence as the tug came up the channel.

The Mare Island station band and a full battalion of marines, under command of Major James E. Mahoney, commander of the marine corps at the yard, was drawn up at the quay wall, where the visitor was met by Rear-Admiral McCalla, as he stepped ashore. He was immediately escorted to the commandant's headquarters, where he was the guest of honor at a luncheon, after which he inspected the yard, also visiting the Russian vessel Lena, which is held here by the Government.

MEEKER SAYS IT WAS MURDER

Hanging of Chief Leschi, of the Nisqually, Years Ago.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 24.—(Special.)—A bitter controversy has broken out among Puget Sound historians and pioneers over the fate of Chief Leschi, of the Nisqually Indians, who was hanged in 1860 for rebellion against the United States and leading his people to murder many of the whites in the Indian Wars of 1856 and 1857 as a result of an attempt on the part of Ezra Meeker, in his new book on "Pioneer Reminiscences and the Tragedy of Leschi," which is now in press, in which he claims Leschi was not lawfully hanged by the whites, but was murdered, and inferentially throws odium for the death of Leschi upon the shoulders of General Isaac I. Stevens, first Governer of the Territory of Washington.

Leschi, in whose memory Leschi Park was named, was chief of the Nisqually Indians in the '50s. This tribe resided in the territory lying between the present cities of Tacoma and Olympia. Governor Stevens negotiated treaties with the Indians in the Winter of 1854-55. The treaties were sent back to Congress and were delayed in being ratified. The Indians did not understand the delay and, believing that the white man did not intend to keep his word, launched into the bloody wars of 1856 and 1857. Leschi was captured and, after three trials, was convicted of murder and hanged in 1860.

Professor Edmund S. Meany, of the State University history department, vigorously resents the Meeker story and has protested to historians. Today he gave out a strong interview, declaring Meeker wrong.

STEVENSON BUYS A HOTEL.

Railroad Agent Will Not Take Court Clerkship Offered Him.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 24.—(Special.)—George H. Stevenson and State Senator C. F. Clapp have purchased the Diller Hotel from State Senator W. G. Potts. The purchase price approximates $35,000. Mr. Stevenson's interest in the hotel means that he will immediately move from Tacoma to Seattle. In earlier years Mr. Stevenson was extensively engaged in the fishing business on the Columbia River, and he owns a big ranch in Oregon. Senator Clapp has big interests here already.

Naturally the purchase of the hotel settles Mr. Stevenson's connection with the clerkship of the Eastern Washington Judicial district. The deal between Piles and Sweeny gave the Ankeny-Sweeny forces control of the Eastern Washington Judicial district patronage, and Mr. Stevenson was offered the position of Clerk of Court. The offer was made so that Mr. Stevenson could either accept the berth personally or designate the clerk.

Senator Potts is to go to Eastern Washington on a long vacation tour.

WANTS HER REAL ESTATE BACK

Silverton Woman Signed Deed When She Thought She Was Dying.

SALEM, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—Mrs. N. E. Milster, of Silverton, today brought suit against her daughters, Mrs. Ida S. Graves, Mrs. Jette Dibble and Mrs. Bertha Woodsides, to secure the cancellation of a deed to certain real property in Silverton. She alleges that she executed the deed while on what she believed to be her deathbed and with the intention that the deed should not take effect unless she died, the conveyance taking the place of a will.

Mrs. Milster alleges that the consideration of $2000 named in the deed was not paid and that since her recovery the grantees refuse to deed the property back to her.

KILLS WIFE AND HIMSELF.

Bodies of Los Angeles Attorney and Wife Found in Bed.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 24.—Charles Stephen Rogers, a patent attorney and his wife, were found dead in bed at their home this afternoon. The circumstances indicate that Rogers shot his wife and then committed suicide. No motive for the crime is known.

One theory is that after retiring last night Rogers became suddenly insane.

Will Fight for Boom Rights.

ABERDEEN, Wash., March 24.—(Special.)—The coming week will bring to Aberdeen some distinguished representatives of the Government in the cases of the United States against the C. E. Burrows Company and other persons using the Humptulips River and Elliot Slough for boom and other purposes. The Burrows Company within the past few days has been ordered out of Elliot Slough, and they will defend the action at a hearing in this city, at which W. A. Worden, of Tacoma, master in chancery, will preside. Jesse E. Frye, United States District Attorney, will also be here for Uncle Sam.

Withdrawal of Idaho Lands.

LEWISTON, Idaho, March 24.—Register J. B. West and Receiver C. H. Garby, of the Land Office here, have received a telegram from Commissioner W. A. Richards, of the General Land Office, withdrawing from all disposal, except under the mineral laws, a tract aggregating 700,000 acres in the country lying northeast of Pierce City and extending east as far as the Montana line.

The Coeur d'Alene Land Office received a similar order yesterday withdrawing lands in Kootenai and Shoshone Counties.

Southern Pacific Trains Running.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 24.—Southern Pacific operating officials here are convinced that their troubles, due to the recent high water near Yuma and beyond in the Los Angeles division are ended. Today five trains were sent East and eight trains, all bringing delayed passengers, arrived in Los Angeles. Some of those on board had been on the way from Chicago and other Eastern cities for more than a week.

Change in Business at Silverton.

SILVERTON, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—J. F. Davis has sold his stock of general merchandise to the Garman-Hemenway Company, who also have large stores in Cottage Grove and Grant's Pass. Mr. Garman will personally take charge of the store here. Mr. Davis will probably remain here and engage in some other business.

Will Run a Long Tunnel.

SILVERTON, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—The Lewis & Clark Mining & Milling Company has let a contract for their 200-foot tunnel, to be increased to 500 feet, and the work will begin at once. Last year this company equipped the mine with modern machinery and now this new contract will thoroughly develop the ledge.

Hip Broken in Runaway.

SALEM, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—J. A. Hewitt, of Amity, Yamhill County, fractured his left hip yesterday in a runaway accident. His horse became frightened at a train and ran away, throwing him out of the carriage against a telegraph pole.

Sold to Minnesota Men.

SPOKANE, Wash., March 24.—The A. M. Fox Lumber Company has sold its big sawmill and planing mill here and 150,000,000 feet of standing timber in Northern Idaho to a syndicate of Minneapolis lumbermen for $450,000.

Ice Plant at Condon.

CONDON, Or., March 24.—A new ice plant is to be built at this place, costing $5000. The building will be 30x80 and have a capacity of four tons a day. The plant will be ready for operation in about eight weeks.

Deputy Shoots a Highwayman.

TONOPAH, Nev., March 24.—Harry Mannon, Deputy Sheriff, of Nye County, shot three times, mortally wounded and captured one of the band of highwaymen who recently committed a holdup at Montezuma and got $400.

TO CURE COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

LOVE MOST POTENT

Russian Officers Break Parole to Get Married.

RAN AWAY FROM THE LENA

One Young Naval Lieutenant Succeeds, but Their Government Catches the Others Before Object Is Attained.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—(Special.)—That love is more potent than patriotism has been exemplified in the case of the Russian officers of the Lena, who returned to Mare Island last night from Russia after breaking their parole, for they went home to be married. They give this frankly as the reason for their action.

Several weeks ago it was announced that Lieutenant Peter Michaeloff, Lieutenant Andrew Kyra Dynjan and First Engineer Serge Kapatzin, of the Russian cruiser Lena, had violated their parole and returned to St. Petersburg. After negotiations between the two governments it was stated in a St. Petersburg dispatch that the three young officers had been degraded and ordered to report to Captain A. Berlinsky at Mare Island.

Nothing more was heard of the matter until last night, when the three officers, accompanied by the blushing bride of Lieutenant Michaeloff, stepped off the San Francisco boat and into a launch, which conveyed the party to the Lena.

Michaeloff's sweetheart was awaiting him when he arrived in St. Petersburg, and the marriage was celebrated forthwith. The other two men who had broken their parole were taken prisoners by the government before their marriages could be solemnized. Their promised wives were anxious to marry them, even in the face of the impending disgrace, but the fathers of the young ladies, who were serving in the palace of the Czar, would not allow the unions to take place until the too-ardent young lovers had satisfied the demands of the Russian government.

When the cases were explained to the Minister of War, he ordered all the young men back to America, but imposed no other penalty.

ASSAULT ON A CHAMBERMAID

Charge Brought Against Philippine Veteran at Tacoma.

TACOMA, Wash., March 24.—(Special.)—T. P. Dunn is in the City Jail, held to answer to the charge of assault on Eugenie Anderson, a chambermaid of the Olympic Hotel. The crime was committed Saturday evening, but the police were not notified until Monday noon. Dunn was arrested on Pacific avenue, near Twelfth street, by Detective Smith, within an hour after notice of the crime was received, and has since been in jail.

Dunn had a room in the Olympic Hotel, 1111½ Pacific avenue, and was in his in room Saturday evening, when the chambermaid, a pretty girl of 20 years, entered to do some work. She charges that he then assaulted her.

Dunn is a single man, 26 years of age, and has lived in Tacoma several years. He was a soldier during the Spanish-American War, and served in the Philippines, where he was wounded by a bullet in the head. An information was filed in the Superior Court this afternoon by the Prosecuting Attorney against Dunn, who will be arraigned tomorrow.

FUNERAL OF MRS. STANFORD

Magnificent Floral Tributes Nearly Hide the Mausoleum.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Palo Alto, Cal., March 24.—Borne by eight of Stanford's stalwart athletes, the body of the late Mrs. Jane L. Stanford was carried down the aisle of Memorial Church at 1:30 this afternoon, accompanied by a cortege of pallbearers and relatives. The capacity of the auditorium was taxed by the congregation. A number of clergymen took part in the services, and Rev. John W. Dinsmore, of San Jose, delivered the memorial address.

The body was laid to rest in the Stanford mausoleum, between the bodies of Mrs. Stanford's husband and son. Great piles of floral offerings, sent from all parts of the country, were banked on all sides of the huge tomb, covering a great space on the surrounding lawn and almost hiding from view the sepulchre itself. About 5000 persons followed the casket from the church to the mausoleum.

The Stanford Club of Portland was represented by E. C. Sewell, of Portland. A floral tribute was offered.

WHISKY SELLER IS NOT GUILTY

First of 125 Cases Tried Before Jury at Baker City.

BAKER CITY, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—The first of the so-called whisky cases of the 125 or more indictments returned by the grand jury, which adjourned sine die yesterday, after 16 days' session, was tried by the Circuit Court today, Hon. Samuel White on the bench, before a jury of 12. It was the case of the state against William Patterson, charged with keeping his saloon open Sunday, contrary to state law. District Attorney Leroy Lomax prosecuted the case, and Hon. John L. Rand defended.

The case went to the jury at 5 o'clock this afternoon after an exhaustive argument by counsel before a crowded courtroom. The instructions of the court were short and comprehensive, and the jury returned a verdict of "not guilty" in five minutes.

MEAD WELCOMED AT COLFAX

Hundreds Attend Public Reception at the Courthouse.

COLFAX, Wash., March 24.—(Special.)—Governor Albert E. Mead was given a monster reception in the Courthouse here tonight, where he met hundreds of Whitman County citizens. Judge Chadwick, of the Superior Court, delivered an address of welcome to which Governor Mead responded briefly.

After the address an informal reception was tendered the Governor, who stood with a number of prominent citizens and shook hands with hundreds of men and women who filed past. Prominent citizens of all political parties were present from all parts of the county.

After the reception a banquet was given at the Hotel Whitman. The committee had issued 250 invitations, and fully 150 prominent citizens from all parts of the county were present.

MAN HUNT ON M'NEIL ISLAND

Bell is Believed to Be Hiding Somewhere in the Woods.

TACOMA, March 24.—The search for Albert E. Bell, the noted mail thief, who escaped from the United States Penitentiary at McNeil's Island Wednesday, was continued on and off the island all day, but tonight when the guards were sent out to patrol all avenues of possible escape there had been no new developments in the search.

United States Marshal C. B. Hopkins, who returned from the island tonight, said he believed Bell was still on the island, and the search is now being prosecuted with a view of starving the prisoner out.

Two revenue cutters, the Grant and the Arcada, were added to the fleet which is now patrolling the shore line, and it will be impossible for an escape to be effected to the mainland if it has not already been accomplished. The officers are now working on the theory that possibly Bell is being harbored by some rancher on the island, in which event it is not believed he will attempt to get off the island for several days, or until the patrol is removed.

More than 50 men joined in the manhunt today, but no trace of the man was found. The reward has been increased to $258.

BRONZE STATUE OF SACAJAWEA

It Will Be Cast in New York From Clay Model.

The clay model for the statue of Sacajawea has been shipped from Chicago to New York, where a bronze casting will be made. Miss Alice Cooper, the sculptor, has achieved a most notable success in her work. After the Exposition the statue will be presented to the City of Portland. The cost of the statue will be $6000, of which $3000 has been subscribed, all but $300 of this amount coming from persons outside of Portland. July 6, Sacajawea day, all children under 15 years wearing Sacajawea badges will be admitted to the Fair grounds upon payment of 10 cents.

POLICE CHIEF IS DISMISSED.

Wittman and Three Other Officers Guilty of Permitting Gambling.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—Chief of Police Wittman, Sergeant Ellis and two patrolmen were dismissed from the police force tonight by the Police Commission, having been found guilty of failure to suppress gambling in Chinatown.

NORTHWEST DEAD.

Mrs. Mary A. Rowland.

M'MINNVILLE, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—Mrs. Mary A. Rowland, who was buried here today, crossed the plains by oxteam to Oregon in 1845, with her first husband, James Sappington. Her maiden name was Anderson. She was born in Kentucky, December 7, 1826. In 1835 she married Mr. Sappington. To them were born J. W. Sappington, G. W. Sappington, Mrs. J. T. Fouts and Mrs. D. W. Laughlin. Soon after their arrival at Hillsboro Mr. Sappington died. In June, 1847, Mrs. Sappington married Jeremiah Rowland. To them were born T. J. Rowland, Maggie J. Hewitt, James Rowland, Lousana, F. M. and N. J. Rowland.

James C. Irwin.

CORVALLIS, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—James C. Irwin, one of the best-known farmers in Benton County, son of the late Richard Irwin, died at his home 12 miles south of Corvallis last night, aged 51 years. He was never married.

Mr. Irwin was born in 1854 on the farm on which his life was spent, and on which he died. The log cabin in which the family then resided still stands intact. Three years before, the father had bought the farm, or rather another man's right to it, for $30, the sole improvement being the cabin in question. The place is now one of the great farms of the county, comprising 800 acres, of which 500 are under cultivation.

The mother, at the advanced age of 80, still survives. The only other living member of the family is ex-Commissioner Richard Irwin.

Reward After Long Service.

TACOMA, Wash., March 24.—(Special.)—After more than 15 years' service in the Tacoma Postoffice, Frank H. Calvert, superintendent of city delivery, has received a promotion from the Postal Department, which has just ordered him to report at Los Angeles, where he is to occupy a responsible position.

Mr. Calvert has filled well nigh every position in the Tacoma Postoffice. For some years he served in the money order department. He first entered the service here when J. B. Hogue was Postmaster in 1889, and acted as assistant postmaster under Mr. Hayden, after Mr. Stocking had resigned to go to Manila.

As superintendent of the city delivery Mr. Calvert has brought about several reforms which have proven of great benefit to the general public.

Langdon Bentley.

MONMOUTH, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—Langdon Bentley, an old and respected citizen, died here last night. Mr. Bentley was born in Duchess County, New York, in 1823. In 1848 he was married to Miss Parmelia Parmelee, of Canada, and two children were born to them—Aylett, whose home is here, and Rosa, now Mrs. I. G. Davidson, of Portland. In 1870 he moved to Oregon, residing for a time in Marion County, and finally in Polk. He was State Senator from this county in 1876.

Town's Will to Be Tested.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 24.—The first steps were taken today to test the validity of the will of the late Henry Town, whose estate is valued at $600,000. According to the terms of the will the estate is not to be divided until 1922, when the youngest son will be 25. One-sixth of the estate goes to individual legatees, $200,000 to the Salvation Army, $100,000 each to the Vancouver General Hospital, Alexandria Orphanage and Christ Church.

Takes Her Weary Way to Sea.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—Mrs. Margaret Norrington, aged 75 years, impoverished and feeble minded, was today ordered deported to Victoria, B. C., a second time. She was recently sent here by Victoria officials and was promptly sent back. The Victoria police at once returned her here on a steamer, and now she is to make the northern trip again. The woman says she originally came from New Zealand in search of a sister.

On Planting Street Trees.

PORTLAND, March 21.—(To the Editor.)—As we have such a perfect climate for the development of trees and plants, it would not be hard for Portland residents to have trees to rival the famous ones of the old world, as our wild trees demonstrate fully. Now, I have often thought a little more care and intelligence in planting street trees would be a great advantage, as in many parts of this city a very hard soil comes just below the surface for a foot or so. This, I think, should be removed in order to allow the small roots on young trees to take their natural course downward, instead of spreading near to the surface of the soil, making an unsightly appearance and filling drains and destroying walks, at the same time making it much harder for the tree to exist.

A LOVER OF PORTLAND'S TREES.

Men Commended for Shooting.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS, Wash., March 24.—(Special.)—An official order has been published by the Commanding-General of the department commending the men who shot Lieutenant Boone. General Williams, in his official acknowledgment specially commends the men for their prompt action to their duty. The soldiers who prevented the escape were Corporal Brandt, Company A; Private Ames, Company C, and Private Wilson, of the same company. All the men were of the Nineteenth.

Gladys—What did the Count give Ethel for Christmas? Edith—Some kind of a thoroughbred dog, I believe. Gladys—He didn't—er—offer himself, did he?—Judge.

HIDES HER WEALTH

Yamhill Is Making Complaint Without Reason.

VALUATIONS KEPT TOO LOW

Other Counties in the State Have Doubled Their Estimate Since the Passage of the Assessment Law in 1901.

SALEM, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—That Yamhill County has no cause for complaint by reason of the fact that her state tax is at the rate of 7.1 mills on her assessed valuation, while that of Clackamas County is only 3.5 mills, is apparent from an inspection of the way valuations have changed in the two counties.

Since the assessment law was changed in 1901, the valuation of property in Clackamas County has more than doubled, while in Yamhill it has remained stationary. The rate is only half as large in Clackamas because the assessed valuation is twice as great.

The same is true of many other counties. Multnomah County has increased its valuations 61 per cent in the last four years, Marion nearly 50 per cent, Lane 50 per cent, Washington 60 per cent, Umatilla 55 per cent, Polk 35 per cent, Klamath 100 per cent, Tillamook 85 per cent, Wasco 40 per cent, Gilliam 120 per cent, Josephine 60 per cent, and Jackson 33 per cent.

The fact of the matter is that no other county in the state has made as poor a showing as Yamhill in the matter of assessed valuations, for that county's increase since 1900 is only a little over 6 per cent. Even Curry County, the poorest county in the state, shows an increase of 70 per cent in assessed valuation since 1904.

When Marion County taxpayers read in today's Oregonian that Yamhill believes the present system of apportioning state taxes is unfair to Yamhill County, they declared that Yamhill is unfair to herself, and that by keeping her assessed valuation down she is keeping her rate of taxation up and publishing to the world an entirely too low estimate of her wealth.

How other counties have advanced their valuations while Yamhill has remained stationary, is shown from the following comparison of valuations for 1900 and 1904:

County—	Gross value of all property. 1900.	Gross value of all property. 1904.
Baker	$ 2,966,260.00	$ 3,953,935.00
Benton	2,700,070.50	4,497,840.00
Clackamas	4,566,464.00	9,364,000.00
Clatsop	2,822,619.00	4,625,678.00
Columbia	1,580,626.00	2,579,692.00
Coos	2,914,614.00	3,677,648.00
Crook	1,795,684.00	2,688,783.00
Curry	545,274.00	927,729.00
Douglas	4,747,550.00	5,351,471.00
Gilliam	1,140,343.00	2,490,307.00
Grant	1,447,080.00	1,999,050.64
Harney	2,219,749.00	2,247,510.00
Jackson	3,947,014.56	4,545,871.52
Josephine	1,351,713.00	2,634,095.00
Klamath	1,642,578.00	3,262,575.00
Lake	1,630,325.00	2,188,100.00
Lane	6,281,021.00	9,296,690.00
Lincoln	653,522.00	1,030,592.00
Linn	7,347,375.00	8,521,010.00
Malheur	1,684,800.00	2,023,875.00
Marion	7,745,296.00	10,373,830.00
Morrow	1,101,343.00	2,392,631.00
Multnomah	33,107,502.00	56,427,377.00
Polk	3,429,574.00	4,146,100.00
Sherman	1,498,068.00	2,181,515.00
Tillamook	1,464,347.00	2,597,983.00
Umatilla	6,027,347.57	9,457,198.95
Union	2,786,596.00	4,123,993.00
Wallowa	1,721,073.00	3,011,183.00
Wasco	3,334,084.00	4,737,220.00
Washington	3,258,490.00	5,115,870.00
Wheeler	888,906.00	1,044,994.00
Yamhill	3,205,651.00	3,868,225.00
Totals	$125,738,761.13	$188,058,281.11

Prior to 1901 the counties had engaged in a competition to see which could reduce its assessed valuation most, in order to escape the burden of state taxes. In 1901 the fixed ratio was established, upon the basis of the average valuation for five years, and since that time, the cause of the reduction having been removed, the counties have been increasing their assessments and getting the record valuations somewhat near the real valuations.

COLLEGE FIGHTING SALOON.

Argument Heard in Injunction of University Against Forest Grove.

HILLSBORO, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—Today the Circuit Court was occupied by argument on the demurrer in the injunction suit of Pacific University against the City Council of Forest Grove, asking the court to declare that the officials of that city have no power to grant a liquor license.

Hon. W. M. Cake and E. B. Tongue appeared for the Mayor and Council; Judge H. H. Northup, of Portland, and S. B. Huston, of Hillsboro, representing Pacific University. The plaintiff alleges that the city charter grants the city officials no warrant of authority to license a saloon, and holds that neither of the following sections, upon one or both of which the Council voted to license, gives that power:

"To suppress, regulate and prohibit the sale or giving away of spirituous, malt or vinous liquors or other intoxicating compounds.

"To license, tax and regulate auctioneers, taverns, drays, hacks, wagons, hawkers, peddlers, brokers, pawnbrokers, money-changers, traveling salesmen and solicitors and all business houses, branches of business or professions not elsewhere in this act otherwise provided for.

Counsel for plaintiff contend that the word "regulate" does not mean "license," nor does it imply that license may be granted. The defense holds that the word "regulate" gives authority to license, and that the word "regulate" has no place in the subdivision unless it does mean "license." Numerous authorities were read to bear this out. But counsel for the defense say, "If we grant that this subdivision does not give the city power to grant license, the one immediately following it does give the power, where it says the Council has power 'to license, tax and regulate, . . . and all business-houses, . . . not elsewhere in this act otherwise provided for.'"

On the other hand, Pacific University alleges that the subdivision, which contains the word "regulate," is prohibitory.

The defense verbally asked the court not to allow that part of the pleading of Pacific University wherein it set up that large sums of endowment were secured from the East by the fact that the college held out to donors the representation that no saloon existed in Forest Grove. Counsel contended that this money, then, was secured on only a half truth, as it was notorious that whisky is sold in the college city the year round.

The prosecution also argues that the saloon will be a nuisance by reason of its proximity to the university, and this is another reason why the injunction should be granted. Argument will not be concluded until next week.

HORRIBLE DEATH OF ENGINEER

Pinned Under Steaming Engine in Stream He Writhes in Agony.

CHEHALIS, Wash., March 24.—(Special.)—At Ed Eastman's logging camp on Deep Creek, eight miles west of Chehalis, today, William Lowry, engineer on a donkey engine, met a most horrible death. While moving his engine across a creek the bridge stringer gave way and the engine overturned into the stream, where there was five feet of water. Lowry was caught in such a way that his feet were towards the bank and his head down stream. His body was under water five minutes or more before his companions were able to get his head out. The boiler had caught him across the back, from which the shirt was torn by the fall.

Lowry was pinioned so that, despite all efforts to rescue him, he had to lie there struggling and writhing in pain from 11 o'clock until about 2 before he died. Vainly did Lowry beg the men to release him so that he might drown himself and end his suffering. His back was being slowly cooked by the heat of the engine and boiler meantime.

Men stood in chilly water over waist deep and kept his head above the water, hoping they might rescue him before death came to end his misery. Others who watched the sickening sight had to turn away. About 15 men were there, but it was not until about 4 o'clock that they were able to release the poor fellow's body and remove him, as there was no way to lift the immense weight.

Lowry was about 45 years old. He had no relatives in this section, but has a brother in Connecticut. For many years he was an engineer on the Northern Pacific main line between Tacoma and Ellensburg. Lowry was at one time married to Eastman's sister.

KUYKENDALL NOT A CANDIDATE

Says He Has Retired From Politics in Oregon.

EUGENE, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—Senator Kuykendall, in an interview with the Register as to his candidacy for Governor, said:

"No; emphatically, no. Put that as strong as you can. I have never been, am not, will not be a candidate for Governor; I have never said or done anything that would justify any one supposing I had such intention. I am not a candidate, present or future, actual or receptive, and you may say that I will not be a candidate for any public office again.

"I am not insensible to the honors of the office nor the kindness of the people giving me support, and believe every good citizen should be willing to devote a fair amount of his time to the public service. I have spent as much time that way as could be reasonably expected of a man, unless he intends to make public service a life business, which I have no intention of doing. I will give my undivided attention to business and let politics alone. There will not be much difficulty in finding candidates for Governor, and all other offices, without me."

Mill Starts Up at Aberdeen.

ABERDEEN, Wash., March 24.—(Special.)—The Deming mill, removed from Oceosta to this city and rebuilt, was started this week and the $1000 of cash pledged as a bonus by business men was turned over to the firm. Forty hands are being employed.

Will Make Tar Soap.

ABERDEEN, Wash., March 24.—(Special.)—Pile-driving has been started for a new plant to be established by the Alexanders in South Aberdeen. The refuse from the mills will be used, and tar, tar soap and other articles manufactured.

DEFENDS HOUSE BILL 370.

Senator Farrar Opposes Plan of the Referendum.

SALEM, Or., March 22.—(To the Editor.)—It is proposed to use the referendum to repeal House Bill 370, an appropriation bill passed by the late and much-lamented Legislature, appropriating moneys for the support of the several state institutions.

The reasons urged for such actions are, too many normal schools supported by the state, and that there is too much money appropriated for these schools. Some say that one normal school is all the state should support; others say that one of the present schools should be abolished. How can we arrive at a conclusion as to what is the will of the people of Oregon as to what shall be done in regard to the normal school question? Will repealing House bill No. 370 abolish any normal school, and which one, or how many of them will it abolish?

I believe that most people who have thought of the matter at all will say that a vote in favor of repealing House bill No. 370 will repeal none of the acts creating any of the existing normal schools. The state normal schools were created by special acts of the Legislature, and to abolish them there will have to be a repealing act passed by the Legislature or by the people through the initiative; and in no other way can any effective work be done by those who wish to abolish normal schools. I have my doubts if the people of Oregon, after a full and fair discussion of the subject will consent to take any backward step in regard to the educational interests and institutions of the state. The members of the joint ways and means committee of both houses are selected with reference to their business qualifications and fitness to apportion the revenues of the state to the requirements of the different institutions of the state that derive their support from the taxes collected from the people. And the levies of such taxes are based on the requirements of these institutions. The recommendations of the ways and means committee for appropriations are based largely on the reports of the superintendents of institutions and the Secretary of State as to what is needed to carry on the business of the state. The committee finds itself with no authority other than to hear the requests and recommendations of the different heads and managers of state institutions, and to accept their estimates as recommended by the Governor and Secretary of State. Often this committee cuts down these estimates in its recommendations to the Legislature (thereby creating a deficiency to be provided for by the next Legislature as per two years ago), while at other times amounts are increased.

The committee would think many times before it would cut out the support from any established state institution; and the authority to attach an emergency clause to any bill enacted by the Legislature rests entirely (as says the Supreme Court), in the Legislature. And it is believed by many that in order to sustain the credit of the State of Oregon an emergency clause ought to be attached to all bills making appropriations available immediately when signed by the Governor.

The issue at stake is the appropriation of $113,000 for normal schools, which is about 10 per cent of House bill No. 370, and about 5 per cent of the total appropriations made by the last Legislature. Now, my friends, this will be about .6 of a mill on your state tax. No one expects to stop payment or to save the whole $113,000 of normal school appropriations. But we all see that it is going to create a great expense and loss to the state to hold up this appropriation bill. One of the superintendents said to me today: "I am feeling it already. I have to pay $15 per ton for hay that I could otherwise have bought for $13 per ton." (Don't infer that they are feeding the insane, mute or blind, or even the reform school boys on hay.) If the referendum petitions are filed this will continue and prevail in all departments of the state, and the state will pay fully 10 per cent more on all its purchases for the next two years. It is said, "It will teach Legislatures a lesson." Why not teach them a lesson by leaving them all at home the next time, and elect a new, and inexperienced Legislature every session, and then cuss 'em because they didn't know how to do it?

There is a great injustice done the friends of the normal schools who were in the Legislature, and who appeared before the different committees. They were neither "grafters," "log-rollers" nor "hold-up" men, but were men of education and in every way interested in the public welfare and looking after the interests of their section and constituents who sent them there. Nor do I think there was any trading or trafficking in regard to measures before the Legislature to promote the interests of the normal schools.

I think the proposal to use the referendum on House bill No. 370 is a mistake. I believe this bill only provides for the support of what the courts would rule are legitimate state institutions. There might be some good reasons urged for the use of the initiative for the abolishment of some one or more of the normal schools, but if more than this were attempted there would be small chance of success.

SQUIRE FARRAR.

The Oregonian agrees with Senator Farrar that demanding the referendum upon the appropriation bill will not settle the normal school question. It has several times expressed the opinion that the initiative is the proper means of ascertaining the views of the people upon this matter. Senator Farrar is in error, however, when he assumes that the only objection to the appropriation bill is the number and size of the appropriations for normal schools. The promoters of the referendum movement assert that their purpose is to present in definite form a protest against heavy appropriations in general, and to show their disapproval of the practice of placing the normal schools appropriations in the bill with the asylum, penitentiary, etc., in order to insure their enactment. As the referendum managers view the matter, the Legislature defiantly passed an omnibus bill and asked the people what they were going to do about it. The people, or at least the necessary per cent of them, have accepted the challenge.

Draft Horse a Bit of a Wag.

VANCOUVER, Wash., March 24.—(Special.)—It was reported yesterday that a horse belonging to the Washington & Oregon Lumber Company dropped dead. Further light upon the matter shows that the horse still lives and was today driven back to Portland with a load of lumber. It appears that the horse takes a freak spell occasionally and tries to play dead, or at any rate lies down, as it did in this case.

Intervention is Dismissed.

The intervention filed by R. A. Graham in the suit of the Farmer's Loan & Trust Company vs. the Coos Bay-Roseburg Railroad & Navigation Company et al. was dismissed by Judge Bellinger upon motion in which Graham concurred.

A. C. Merriman, Lumber Millionaire.

MARINETTE, Wis., March 24.—A. C. Merriman, of the Hamilton & Merriman Lumber Company, died today at Eureka, Cal., aged 74 years. His estate is value at $7,000,000. His funeral will take place here next Friday.

Craze for Killing.

New York Evening Sun.

The swallow is being annihilated. As the birds cross France and Italy going to Africa in the fall and returning in the spring they are mercilessly slaughtered for the table and the plume trade. Their numbers are visibly decreasing.

Smoky Printer Fined, but Appeals.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—In the prosecution of Public Printer Palmer for violation of the anti-smoke law, Judge Scott today imposed a fine of $50 and the case was appealed.

A la Russe.

New York Evening Sun.

The discovery that the bulkheads in some of the newest British warships are perfectly useless to resist sea water pressure was made during a recent inspection of the Channel fleet.

Good Health to the Children

Children especially are fond of dainties, and the housekeeper must look carefully to their food.

As good cake can be made only with good eggs, so also a cake that is healthful as well as dainty must be raised with a pure and perfect baking powder.

Royal Baking Powder is indispensable in the preparation of the highest quality of food. It imparts that peculiar lightness, sweetness and flavor noticed in the finest cake, biscuit, doughnuts, crusts, etc., and what is more important, renders the food wholesome and agreeable to young and old.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.