CHARGES POUR IN

Baker and Lindsley Bombarded by Enemies.

INVESTIGATION BEING MADE

Baker Declared All Kinds of a Bad Man, and Lindsley a Lobbyist for Corporations—Appointments Held Up.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 24.—Obstacles continue to arise in the way of George H. Baker, of Goldendale, and Joseph B. Lindsley, of Spokane, recommended respectively for Marshal and Attorney of the Eastern Washington Judicial District. Charges against both men continue to pour in upon the Department of Justice, and the President has determined to make no appointments until he knows what there is in the accusations. He will insist on good, clean men.

Mr. Baker is accused of being all kinds of a bad politician and offensive partisan. But what is of more importance, it has been charged, so it is said, that, when Republican National Committeeman for Washington he misappropriated part of the funds placed in his hands for expenditure in the campaign of 1900. This charge is said to be made by responsible parties and is now being looked into very carefully, for on the investigation hangs ultimate action in Mr. Baker's case.

There are numerous charges of record against Mr. Lindsley, alleging that he is not sufficiently experienced as a lawyer or practitioner before the United States courts to be qualified to fill the office of United States Attorney. But, aside from this, it is alleged that as a member of the Spokane City Council he lobbied in the interest of the Spokane Telephone Company and defeated a franchise sought by an opposition concern; and that he also lobbied in the interest of the Spokane Light & Power Company against the interests of the people of Spokane.

These charges, if sustained, are sufficiently grave to prevent the appointment of both Baker and Lindsley. It is not known when the report will be submitted. It may be some time before these offices are filled. Meanwhile Senators Ankeny and Piles remain in Washington awaiting results.

IRRIGATE WITH WATER ONLY

Government Bars Liquor Dealers From Land to Be Reclaimed.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 24.—Instructions have been sent to local land officers to cancel all entries made of lands embraced in withdrawals for Government irrigation purposes, whenever it is shown that the entrymen have leased their lands to liquor-dealers or have themselves engaged in selling liquor to workmen employed on Government projects.

Herbert A. Yates, of Oregon, has been appointed clerk in the reclamation service and assigned to Pendleton under District Engineer John T. Whistler.

LAND REVENUE ON DECREASE.

Abatement of Timber Land Stampede the Principal Cause.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 24.—Public land receipts are still on the decline. Apparently the record for the year 1903 is not again to be equaled. In the 12 months which ended June 30, 1903, the receipts from the disposal of public lands reached the enormous total of $10,557,618. The next year the gross receipts fell to $8,795,892, and for the current year there threatens to be a further decline of about $3,000,000. All of this means that there will be $3,000,000 less added to the reclamation fund this year than during the year 1904, and nearly $5,000,000 less than two years ago.

This falling off is not unexpected. Two years ago the rush for timber lands was at its height; the number of timber entries was unprecedented. It is well known that the principal source of public land revenue is the sale of public timber lands, and when these sales decrease the receipts show a falling off.

The General Land Office has compiled statistics of land business done in the six months from July to December, 1904, inclusive, the first half of the present fiscal year. In that time there were 81,790 entries, embracing 9,765,549 acres. The total cash receipts were $3,565,114. It is to be noted that the number of entries showed a material decrease as compared with the first half of the previous fiscal year, though the acres disposed of show a marked increase. To be exact, there were 16,771 less entries in the first half of the present fiscal year than in the corresponding half of the year 1904, yet the number of acres entered shows an increase of 1,165,000 for the six months. This increase in acreage is attributed to the operation of the 640-acre homestead law, applicable to Nebraska, known as the Kinkaid act. This law was passed as an experiment, to permit large homestead entries to be made in the grazing country. It was contended that no man could make a living on 160 acres of this land, but that it would be rapidly taken up if the size of the entries should be increased fourfold. This assumption has proven correct.

At the last session of Congress a 640-acre homestead law was passed for the arid region of Colorado and South Dakota. As this law went into effect immediately, it is assumed that there will soon be a still further increase in the acreage disposed of, though the number of entries will not increase in proportion.

It is roughly estimated that about 5,000,000 acres of grazing land in Nebraska have already been taken up under the Kinkaid law. This law does not tend to contribute much to the reclamation fund, and will not operate to swell the amount available for the construction of Government irrigation works.

It is now believed that between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000 will be added to the reclamation fund this year, though the figure will be nearer $5,000,000 than $6,000,000.

May Seek to Compel Answers.

DENVER, March 24.—The Legislative committee appointed to investigate charges of bribery of members of the Legislature held a brief executive session today. No witnesses were examined. It is stated that the committee discussed the proposition of asking the Legislature to empower the committee to compel newspaper men, legislators and others to answer directly questions as to their knowledge of bribery or attempted bribery. No definite decision was reached. The committee adjourned until Monday.

TRANCE DUE TO POISONING

Woman and Daughter Asphyxiated by Gas Starve in Sleep.

NEW YORK, March 24.—One of the most remarkable cases in the experience of the doctors of the Presbyterian Hospital, in this city, ended today in the death of Miss Luella Huestis, of Mount Vernon, who with her mother, Mrs. James H. Huestis, had been in a trance for 15 days prior to her death. More than two weeks ago both of the women were found unconscious in the home of Henry Heifer, a lawyer of this city, and were supposed to have been asphyxiated by gas. Neither had since recovered consciousness, and physicians and hypnotists were puzzled by their unaccountable coma.

Miss Huestis was an attractive young woman, aged 22 years. Lack of nourishment was the principal cause of her death, as it had been impossible to give her food except in liquid form and through a tube. Stimulants and oxygen were administered, without effect.

A singular fact is that the young woman's mother, who lay in an adjoining room, began to show signs of the approach of death soon after the death of her daughter. Like her daughter, the mother also is greatly emaciated, and the physicians at the hospital say that her low vitality is due principally to starvation.

A specialist in hypnotism and psychology who investigated the case has made public his conclusion that the two women had unconsciously hypnotized each other, and that gas asphyxiation had nothing to do with the case. He said that he had himself been hypnotized while hypnotizing a patient, and had only been awakened by the arousing of the subject. The case of the two women has attracted the attention of scientists all over the country.

Oriental Commercial Union.

PORTLAND, March 24.—(To the Editor.)—An opportunity is presented to our city by reason of the Lewis and Clark Fair to acquire a practical-working Oriental commercial museum. I am aware that to undertake the establishment of such an institution would entail a very considerable cost were it not that during the Exposition Oriental commerce will come in close and direct touch with our American manufactures, shipping and general commercial interests. During this time all information so vital to the success of a working exhibit, exploiting the exchange of commerce between our country and the Oriental countries can be gathered from first hands, through the contact of the representatives of these several interests. This museum should collect and have at hand samples of all export goods now marketable and which promise a market in the Orient, showing the manner of packing and preparation, wholesale and retail prices, shipping, warehouse, dock and tariff charges, relative values of money, exchange charges, ports of entry for such products, names and addresses of local dealers, with commercial ratings, and in short all the minutiae of detail which would enable an American manufacturer to reach the Oriental markets with his product without the necessity of sending a representative into such market for investigation.

Business people are well aware of the benefit that the great commercial museum of Philadelphia has been to that city. The business men of St. Louis some ten years ago started the establishment of such a museum with reference particularly to the Mexican and South American trade, which has been the means of building up a heavy commerce with those countries, particularly in manufactured goods.

Such a museum established in Portland, having to do with Oriental commerce, will give to this city an advantage and prestige enjoyed by no other American port. It will make our city the Mecca of every ambitious merchant or manufacturer who will want to reap the benefits from the rapidly increasing Pacific Ocean commerce. With our transcontinental rail lines connecting at our docks with the Portland & Oriental Steamship Company, with a regular line of steamers direct to Asiatic ports, it will be the means of diverting through our port a large portion of this growing commerce. While this trade has made rapid increase in the past five years it is admitted that its expansion will reach enormous proportions when the great Eastern war has terminated. Portland should use every effort to take advantage of this opportunity, and if taken up by our commercial bodies there is no question of its ultimate success and the permanent establishment in our city of an Oriental commercial museum.

G. Y. HARRY,
Member Lewis and Clark State Commission.

The Denver & Rio Grande scenery is even more beautiful in Winter than Summer. Travel East via that line and spend a day in Salt Lake City.

MAY ASK FOR PROTECTION

MORALES FEARS REVOLT AT HOME OR INVASION.

Government Sends Commissioner to Obtain Facts Which Will Induce Senate to Ratify Treaty.

NEW YORK, March 24.—President Morales' Council of Ministers is discussing the question, cables the Herald correspondent at Santo Domingo, of asking the United States to take Samana and Sanchez under American protection under the terms of the arbitral award, in order to prevent their seizure by persons hostile to the government.

W. R. Thomann, head of the German consular service at Santo Domingo, and Dr. Perera Blesa, Spanish Charge d'Affaires, intend visiting Port au Prince, Hayti, April 5, if they cannot do so earlier, to consult the German and Spanish Ministers, who are accredited to both Hayti and Santo Domingo, as to the situation.

A newspaper organ of the opposition party has bitterly attacked President Morales, charging him with disloyalty and declaring he has been losing ground daily since last June. There is activity in the forts and in the city, and the street guards have been doubled.

The American gunboat Castine is on the alert ready to land 70 men at a moment's notice to protect American interests. The marines have their cartridge belts filled and all precautions have been taken in view of a possible outbreak. There is a signal station on the roof of the American Consulate.

IN TOMORROW'S OREGONIAN

BROADWAY, THE MECCA OF THE STAGE-STRUCK GIRL.
A wide-awake woman correspondent sets forth exactly what a novice who has, or thinks she has, dramatic talent, must face when she applies to a New York manager for work.

NEW SONG FOR OREGON CHILDREN.
Father F. Dominic, O. S. B., of Mount Angel Abbey, has set to music the poem "Woodman, Spare That Tree," and has dedicated the work to the school children of Oregon for Arbor day. The music is simple and adapted to youthful voices.

OFFICIAL HOSTESS OF THE OREGON BUILDING AT THE FAIR.
Outline of the strenuous social duties of Mrs. T. Jefferson Myers, who will arrange and preside over the numerous functions during the Lewis and Clark Exposition.

A "NEW" WHITMAN LEGEND RIDDLED.
Professor William I. Marshall, of Chicago, answering Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, shows that the Hudson's Bay Company's archives furnish no support to the "Whitman-Saved-Oregon" story.

MEMORIES OF MRS. STANFORD BY A SENIOR.
Lenore L. Williams, with no attempt at eulogy or fine diction, writes of the philanthropic woman's share in university life and of her personal sympathy with students.

CARRIED CHIEF JOSEPH'S CHALLENGE TO WAR.
Interesting sketch by Bert Huffman of E. S. McComas, picturesque newspaper man, scout and Eastern Oregon adventurer.

"LITTLE MOTHER" TO SOLDIER BOYS.
Sketch of Mrs. M. Lincoln, deaconess of the Methodist Episcopal order, now visiting Portland. Her special mission is with the men at Presidio Hospital, San Francisco.

UNCLE SAM'S GREAT SCRAP HEAP AT PANAMA.
Frank G. Carpenter writes of machinery and supplies that cost $29,000,000 which our Government acquired in the purchase of the Panama Canal.

TALES FROM DICKENS.
Halli Erminie Rives' subject for tomorrow is "Dombey and Son," with little Paul and Cap'n Cuttle and Florence.

DO ANIMALS HAVE THE POWER OF REASON?
As an implied answer to John Burroughs' declaration, S. B. Riggon takes the affirmative view and argues that animals have deductive reasoning.

KEEPING HOUSE AT A NEW YORK ZOO.
William Thorp writes of the endless labor in maintaining cleanliness of environment, in preparing food and in bathing wild animals kept in confinement.

SHALL WASHINGTON HAVE A PARISIAN SUNDAY?
Margaret B. Downing writes of a spirited dispute among social leaders at the National capital over observance of the Lord's day.

ALL THE NEWS AND THE CUSTOMARY DEPARTMENTS.

CATTLE IN STREETS.

One of the Country Characteristics Portland Still Possesses.

PORTLAND, March 24.—(To the Editor.)—In our praiseworthy united efforts for the cleansing and beautifying of our streets and private grounds in anticipation of the Exposition, which I trust will crystallize into a settled purpose on the part of all the citizens to continue such efforts without abatement, in order that the whole city may be raised to a plane commensurate with its rapidly increasing population and its growing importance, I would like to speak of the very unsatisfactory conditions prevailing along one of our most prominent thoroughfares, namely, Fourteenth street, from Washington to Montgomery.

This is one of the most beautiful streets of the city, particularly well adapted for residence purposes, but the portion of it, especially, lying between Morrison and Jefferson streets, has been allowed by the city officials to become badly in need of repairs and has been in this condition for at least the past three years. A prominent thoroughfare of this nature cannot escape the notice of Eastern visitors and is certain to cause unfavorable comment, since the street is one that could make a most attractive showing if kept in proper condition.

This street is so full of holes that riding, instead of becoming a pleasure, is rendered most objectionable. In addition to the unsatisfactory condition of the roadbed, there is one very improper use to which the street has been put for many years past and is merely a continuation of its village character. I speak of the droves of hogs and cattle which are frequently, in fact two or three days in some weeks, driven along the street to the great annoyance and disgust of the residents.

Portland is now a city of 150,000 inhabitants and is assuming a position among the large cities of the country commensurate with its population and importance, but we can never occupy our proper place unless such village characteristics are abolished and such annoyances relegated through the proper channel.

Public discussion of these matters, of course, accomplishes something, but the desirable results sought for can only be obtained by calling public attention to such nuisances through your columns. We are all interested in such matters, or should be, and the attention of the City Council, or the proper official, should be directed to this and similar opportunities for betterment.

E. R. HATCH.

SCRIPPERS ARE WITHIN RIGHTS

Timberlands Legally Taken in Lieu of Worthless Holdings.

PORTLAND, March 24.—(To the Editor.)—In The Oregonian I see from the Oregon City correspondent the following: "It is generally understood that in recent years large corporations have relinquished to the Government land within the forest reserves that has been denuded of its timber, reducing its value to a nominal sum, and made lieu land selections instead on some of the most valuable timber lands in the state, of the reasonable value of $40 to $50 per acre, thereby defrauding the Government out of thousands of dollars."

United States land laws not only permit the above method of exchanging lands lying within the forest reserves for any other surveyed lands of like area owned by the United States, and not otherwise appropriated, but the said laws specifically provide every detail of how such exchange shall be made and there is no law or even regulation by the Interior Department requiring or even suggesting that it was ever the intention on the part of the makers of said law that the owners of scrip should consider the relative value of the lands they surrender to the Government and the lands they selected in lieu thereof. Filers of scrip have in every case fully complied with every condition contained in the lieu land law when they buy practically valueless land in forest reserves and exchange that with the Government for other lands of more value. In the light of the foregoing it is remarkable that nearly every newspaper correspondent and especially the Washington correspondent of The Oregonian and editors in general in referring to the exchange of lands within forest reserves for other lands characterize the filers of said scrip as land-grabbers, scoundrels, thieves and conspirators to defraud the Government out of valuable lands. The press has thereby done the people of the Northwest a great wrong, and it is no more than fair to ask it to undo this so far as possible. Filers of scrip have simply accepted a legal proposition made to them by the Government officials for the exchange of lands. The whole wrong done to the Government in this matter was done by the enactors of the lieu land laws and not by those acting under said laws and in exact conformance thereto.

SCRIPPER.

HOPED AMERICA WOULD ACT

French Bondholders Disappointed at Failure of Treaty.

PARIS, March 24.—The authorities here say that no steps are being considered relative to pressing the French claims against Santo Domingo. It is explained that the French holders of Dominican bonds hoped the United States Senate would ratify the treaty adjusting the finances of Santo Domingo, and the bondholders were much disappointed at the fact that action on the treaty was deferred. However, they have taken no steps to secure government intervention, and the latter has not yet shown a disposition to assume the collection of the debt by the adoption of drastic measures.

The officials here say the total amount of Dominican bonds held in Europe is about $21,000,000, divided in order of importance between Belgium, France, Holland and Germany. Although Belgium is chiefly interested, the authorities point out that she is a neutral power, not having the means to adopt coercive measures. France approached the United States some months since, with the view to securing details of the Dominican sources of revenue, but these proved so complicated that the officials entertain little hope of utilizing the revenues as a means of liquidating the foreign bonds.

CAUSE OF BELGIAN PROTEST

Santo Domingo Has Not Paid Instalments Due on Bonds.

BRUSSELS, March 24.—The protests of the Belgian Government and of the French and Belgian bondholders of Santo Domingo are said to be due to Santo Domingo's nonobservance of the agreement concluded with the bondholders June 31, 1901, to pay towards the satisfaction of the public debt $25,000 monthly out of the customs receipts of the Port of Santo Domingo.

(The largest of the foreign debts of Santo Domingo is that represented by the bonds of the new unified loan of 1897, held in Europe, principally in France and Belgium, consisting of two issues, bearing respectively 2.4 per cent and 4 per cent interest, and amounting to about $21,250,000. Both classes of bonds were secured on customs duties, and specially assigned revenues. Default in the payment of interest was made April 1, 1899, since which time several arrangements have been attempted to provide for the interest payments. Belgians hold about $6,000,000 of Dominican bonds.)

Germany Will Rely on United States.

BERLIN, March 24.—The Foreign Office, replying to an inquiry of the Associated Press, as to whether the report that Great Britain and Germany were pressing Santo Domingo for a settlement of the claims of British and German subjects was correct, said the German government was satisfied to leave Santo Domingo and her obligations to foreign creditors entirely in the hands of the United States, and that consequently Germany was not pressing Santo Domingo for the payment of debts due to Germans.

INVESTIGATE ISLAND'S AFFAIRS

Cabinet Will Send Hollander to Obtain Information for Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The Cabinet today discussed the situation in Santo Domingo. No new phases of the question have arisen within a few days and the Administration will not make any present change in its indicated method of procedure. The failure of the Senate to ratify the treaty with the Dominican government has embarrassed the Administration and nothing now will be done except to initiate an investigation into the affairs of the island government with a view simply to obtaining definite information. The present status on the island, so far as this Government is concerned, will not be disturbed.

Professor J. H. Hollander, who has been designated as special commissioner to investigate conditions in Santo Domingo, was in conference with Secretary of War Taft and Acting Secretary of State Adee today regarding the scope of his mission. Professor Hollander also will see the President before leaving for Santo Domingo.

PLANS FOR INVESTIGATION.

Hollander Will Spend Month in Tour of Dominican Ports.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Arrangements for the investigation of the affairs of Santo Domingo were completed today after a conference participated in by President Roosevelt, Secretary Taft and Professor H. J. Hollander.

It was decided that Professor Hollander, who is to make the inquiry, will sail from New York on April 1 in a mail steamer for San Juan, P. R. From there he will go to Santo Domingo on the Chattanooga, which will be at his disposal to convey him from place to place while he is pursuing the investigation. He will return to the United States in May, and if his investigation is not completed by that time he will again return to the island.

Does Not Believe Woman's Story.

BEDFORD, Ind., March 24.—The Lawrence County grand jury investigating the murder of Sarah Shafer today released Elmer Browning, who was bound over jointly with Frank Evans, upon the alleged confession of Browning's divorced wife. The latter charged that her former husband had confessed that he, with the help of Frank Evans, murdered Miss Shafer. The grand jury then adjourned.

Great Benefit to Joseph Holland.

NEW YORK, March 24.—A benefit today at the Metropolitan Opera-House for Joseph Holland, the actor, who, on account of illness, probably will never be able to appear on the stage again, netted $22,000. Among those who contributed their services were: William Courtney, Ethel Barrymore, William Gillette, Blanche Walsh and Lew Fields. Mrs. Leslie Carter delivered a brief address and read a letter from Joseph Jefferson, godfather of the beneficiary.

Jury Takes Lesson in Dynamite.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The trial of Gessler Rousseau, charged with having placed an infernal machine on the wharf of the steamer Umbria, was continued today. Inspector G. E. Murray, of the Bureau of Combustibles, told of finding in the mysterious package two boxes filled with dynamite. He built up the machine in the presence of the jury as it was when he found it, with the exception of the dynamite. The case will be continued tomorrow.

Teacher Loses First Contest.

SALEM, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—Mrs. Nora Sanborn, formerly a teacher in the public schools at Hood River, has lost in her first contest with the School Board of that district. Trouble having arisen between the teacher and her pupils, the School Board investigated the matter and gave Mrs. Sanborn indefinite leave of absence on full pay. She appealed to the County Superintendent, where the board was sustained. She then appealed to Superintendent of Public Instruction Ackerman, who holds that since she had not been dismissed there was nothing from which she could appeal, and the whole proceeding is dismissed by him.

Actions of B'nai B'rith Grand Lodge.

NEW ORLEANS, March 24. — The B'nai B'rith Association Grand Lodge closed its quintennial convention today, adjourning to meet in Washington in 1910. The court of appeals appointed includes E. J. Wolfe, of San Francisco. The committee on constitution reported a number of changes in the laws, and the report was adopted. Lodges outside the United States were limited to one representative. The executive committee is authorized to select a treasurer, and the President to appoint a salaried secretary. The committee recommended a per capita tax of $1, a slight increase, which will yield $19,000 a year. The budget as made up for five years amounts to $94,300. The chief expense is the Consumption hospital at Denver, $30,000.

AT THE HOTELS.

THE PORTLAND

J C Ross, New York
C N Howes, Silver C
A D Rummell, S F
F I Colter, City
E C Pendray and wife, Victoria, B C
W L Austell, Detroit
C Dominich, do
C H Robbins and wife, Chicago
F A Yeaton, Boston
R B Maxwell
M E Horner, Detroit
J W Frankel, N York
F I Wilsey, N York
Mrs and Miss McAusland, Omaha
H R Tracy, Astarada
W N Ketchum, Chgo
J B Fleming, Los An
M C Burnett, Chgo
D Clark, Spokane
B J Mitchell, U S A
E W Davis and wife, U S A
J T Kidd and wife, Newark, N J
W E Davis, N York
W C Barrell and wife, San Francisco
H E Lewis, do
W Teakon, Borneo
C F Maxwell, Boston
J F McNaught, Herriston
M Jones, California
T T Guinea, Chicago
Y D Karminsky, Spokane
F B Terrell, U S A
J E Serve, San Fran
W H Bishop, Seattle
C McNamee, Seattle
G J Myers, Boston
W J Haliahan, Phila
B W Cooper, N York
T R Scott, New York
A F Upham, Chicago
F W Dostan, Helena
F Miwkinoka, S F
F B Stone, Chicago
S H Pitkins, Cleveland
J I Bloom, New York
S Siebenhauser, S F
J H Rhodes and wife, Chicago
F J Harmon, Milwk
J B Ettinger, N York
J Livingstone, Ohio
Mr and Mrs H A Belcher, Boston
Miss M E Nye, Boston
W E Crews and wife, Alaska
M Dryfus, Paris
H Abeles, Omaha
Mr and Mrs H W Davis, New York
Mrs Denz, New York
E Dame and wife, Goldfield
W G Taylor, St Louis
S A Lee, Seattle
L Cochrane, San Fran
J Howell and wife, do
T E Johnson, Boston
G H George and wife, Astoria
L Piamondin, S F
H R Hoefler, Astoria
H L Knight, Astoria
W E Tallant, Astoria

THE PERKINS

H S McGowan, Astor
J Lindstrom, Aberdn
Rev R Gillam, Lowell
S C Tabor, Omaha
L V Tabor, Independ
Miss Wells, Independ
J R Looper, do
G A Watt, McMinnvill
Mrs D Short, Calgary
Mrs I D Pafferty, do
Mrs M Arnold, Clarton, Pa
Miss B F Arnold, do
E S Caldwell, Spokan
Mrs Caldwell, do
C Sommercamp, do
L Emerson, Walla W
J C Kasburg, do
H Trimble, San Fran
E V. Ervine, San F
R E Frazier, Milton
C Wesley, Scio
R Burns, Salem
F Blaser, Salem
S Otterson, Albany
M Peston, Albany
F Baker, Astoria
Mrs J W French, The Dalles
Mrs N J French, do
Mrs N J French Balten, The Dalles
Miss N Balten, do
E J Murray, Kas City
A J Bale, Kansas C
F Peters, Minneapolis
J A Ballager, S F
J L Lines, Corvallis
A E Bone, Corvallis
C R Mallet, do
B F Laughlin, Dallas
Mrs Laughlin, do
Two sons, do
J W Chandler, La Grd
N Reed, Astoria
Mrs O H Schump, do
Miss Schump, do
F Birchtold, Corvallis
W E Cole, Hood River
J B Small, Cleo
M Van Elsberg, S F
Mrs Van Elsberg, do
F Smith, Prineville
Mrs McPherson, Victoria, B C
Miss McPherson, do
G I Newman, do
Mrs F A Dodge, N D
W A Seger, Spokane
M H Richards, San F
J M Ross, Union
Mrs Ross, do
L Butler, Hood River
R Burns, Walla Walla
Mrs Burns, do
Miss McGivery, do
C W Ames, San Fran
Mrs Ames, do
W H Eccles, Hood R
H C Jackson, Idaho
H H Newman, do
F Shoemaker, Fargo
Mrs E Worth Shutts, Pocatello, Idaho
W G Aiken, do
O C Fenlason, Hoqam
V A Hancock, Tacoma
J H Younker, Ashland
G L Bratton, Ashland

THE IMPERIAL.

C R Wright, Astoria
H M Coss, Medford
G H Ohler, Astoria
H H McCarty, City
P K Parchnist, City
R Gibson, Astoria
A J Duncan, Seattle
J Dalton, San Fran
Miss Dalton, do
H L Toya and wife, Northwood
Mrs H Eakin, Cot Gr
Mrs F D Wheeler, do
J Frasier and wife, Georgetown, Ill
Mrs A Schanck, S F
J D Ferguson, Jr., and wife, Aurora
C H Caleb and wife, Waterbury, Conn
T Brownhill, Madras
H Kubez, San Fran
F C Brostus, H River
N N Carroll, Colfax
J M Hansborough, Roseburg
G G Bingham and wife, Salem
E Hipicer, New York
A S Fee, Astoria
H G Van Dusen, do
C W Fulton, Astoria
Mrs C W Fulton, do
Mrs A W Smith, Chgo
Mrs W D Wheeler, do
H R DeLaplain, City
E V Honsyer, Seattle
Mrs A C Eppley, Salem
Mrs D I Fry, Salem
C A Murphy, Salem
C B Winn, Albany
E W Haines, F Grove
D J Turner, North Carolina
Margaret Ray, La Grange
Mrs G H Rogers, do
Clara Huff, Ostrander
H C Hall, Ostrander
Mrs H C Hall, do
F G Conley, Gresham
W E Van Horn, Wis
Mrs Van Horn, do
Miss Van Horn, do
Miss J Van Horn, do
J H Robertson, do
Mrs Robertson, do
G W V Holt, Oak H
F Gram, Milwaukee
W Curtis, do
C J Adams, do
A Bartels, do
John Wills
S Koettner, Kalama
W Huntington, Catlin
E A M Cone, Buttevill
R D Lawson, Woodld
J Ackerman, Pe Ell
T R Meak, Orient
S G Viken, Orient
R Duff
E Howard, Vancouver
F E Brumley, Or City
Mrs M Bloom, Molson
R L Bewley, Sheridan
John Ramsey
E E Biddle, Gervais
Mrs Biddle, do

THE ST. CHARLES.

T H Parrish, Newberg
Laura A Walker
C N Plowman, Or City
G H Rogers, Newbrg
J C Karl, Seattle
E Binkerna, Iowa
J Mays, City
N Johnson, Hillsboro

Sixty years of experience with Ayer's Sarsaparilla! Think of that! Think of the millions of people who have been cured by this medicine!

If despondent, down-hearted, discouraged, and almost ready to give up, this splendid old family medicine will prove the silver lining to your dark and dismal cloud. Ask your doctor.

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AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL—For coughs. AYER'S AGUE CURE—For malaria and ague.

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First-class restaurant in connection.

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