PASS OVER VETOES

Senate Has Its First Clash With the Governor.

REPUBLICANS NEARLY A UNIT

Bills Call for Material Testing Plant at University, and Authority for Lewis and Clark Corporation to Condemn Property.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 6 .- (Special.)-Two bills passed over the Governor's veto today in the Senate and were made a special order in the House for tomorrow. The vote in the upper chamber on one vetoed bill was 23 to 2, and on the other

These bills marked the first clash between the present Legislature and the Governor, and the first fulfillment of the Republican threat in the Legislature to override the Governor's veto. Republi-cans lined up at once in the Senate and in the House are counting noses for the

One of the vetoed bills was that of Senator Booth's to appropriate \$5600 for a plant at the State University for testtimber and stone; the other was Malarkey's bill authorizing the Lewis and Clark Fair Corporation to condemn lands or the Exposition

Senator Booth's bill was passed with the understanding that the National Government would detail an expert engineer to supervise the testing plant. Governor Chamberlain, in his message to the Legislature, said that the promise was un-certain of fulfillment and the arrange-ment was "loose and unbusiness-like." "Besides," said the Governor, "there is established at the Oregon State Agricul tural College a plant for this very pur pose. True, it is not as large as the one contemplated by the present act, but it has cost the state a considerable sum The state has invested for the purposes of instruction in wood and from at the latter institution \$12,000, and the machinery is installed there in a \$20,000 building, and it does seem to me that the moneys which have been expended ought to be utilized without establishing a lab-

oratory at any other point."

When the veto message had been read, Senator Booth explained that the purpose of his bill is to provide some place in Oregon where timber and stone can be tested in order to determine by recog-nized official authority its durability and value for building purposes. The testing plant at Corvallis, he said, is not com-plete nor adequate for this purpose, and the only machinery west of the Rocky Mountains of the kind meetioned is Mountains of the kind mentioned is at

the University of California. Senator Booth said that when the United States Custom-House at Portland was constructed, the floors were not made from Oregon lumber because the Gov-ernment had no definite information as to the durability of Oregon lumber. The testing station is designed to aid the

testing station is designed to aid the commercial interests of Oregon by placing before the people of this country the best sommercial interests of Oregon by placing the character of Oregon building materials. Senator Miller made a short address in opposition to the bill, calling attention to the fact that appropriations are growing rapidly, and that the appropriations at this sension will exceed \$2,00,000. The bill passed over the Governor's veto with 2 affirmative votes, the only negatives being thome of Senators Avery. Howe and passed over the Governor's veto with 24 affirmative votes, the only negatives being these of Senators Avery, Howe and

On Malarkey's bill the three votes in favor of sustaining the veto were those of Senators Miller, Pierce and Smith, all

The chief reason for the veto was that as follows: the bill gives the corporation power to the bill gives the corporation power to S. B. 239, by Brownell-Extending the condemn property in fee simple, while the initiative and referendum power to the peconths. In explaining the bill Senator Malarkey said that it was the original in-tention to have the bill provide for a term of years, but there was doubt whether manner, and the bill was drawn as presented. He said that the corporation has no desire to hold land indefinitely, but in condemning must proceed according to

As soon as the bill had been received from the Governor and the veto message read Senator Malarkey explained tour the purpose of the bill is to prevent the Lewis and Clark Fair Corporation from being held up for more than the value oproperty it may need. "As every on knows, many states are making appropri ations for state buildings, and It is coming a serious question whether there will be room on the grounds for all the dings the several states may wish to erect. If they must buy adjoining lands and have no power of condemnation the propertyowners may hold the corporation for much more than the value, because Fair must have the land, at whatever cost. This proposed law will prevent an Senator Pierce expressed a desire to support the hill but asked for time to a sider the Governor's veto. He moved to make the bill a special order for tomor now afternoon, which motion was voted down. A motion by Miller to lie on the table until tomorrow morning was also defeated. In one more effort on the part of the Democratic members to gain time Smith moved that a committee of three be appointed to confer at once with the Governor regarding his objections.

The motion was carried by a narrow majority, and the President appointed Senators Smith, Malarkey and Booth. Senator Booth was excused at his own request, because he had other business re-quiring his immediate attention, and Sen ator Brownell was appointed in his place After the committee reported, Senator Pierce said that because the Senate has refused to take more time to consider bill be must vote against the bill.

Addresses were made in behalf of the bill by Senators Brownell, Whealdon and Haines, and upon final vote the bill passed with the support of all Senators except Miller, Pierce and Smith. Senator Mays was absent.

The Governor's veto message was as fol-

vate corporation, organized under the laws of the State of Oregon, for the purpose of holding an Exposition, and this purpose will have been practically subserved when the Exposition terminates in October. There can be no necessity for appropriating in fee any lands in the City of Portland for the purposes of the Exposition. There might be ome reason for authorizing the use of cer-tain properties at or near the Exposition grounds for the term of five or six months or during the time necessary for the holding of the Expection, but a higher right than that ought not to be granted by the Legis-The power of eminent domain plates the taking of private property for a public or quasi-public use, and ought to be restricted rather than extended

IRRIGATION CODE CANNOT PASS

United States Will Be Given Power

to Condemn Water Rights. SALEM, Or., Feb. 6.-(Special.)-No irrigation code will be passed at this ses-sion of the Legislature, but an act will be passed granting to the United States the power to condemn any water right that may be necessary in the prosecution of its reclamation work, and an appropriation of \$5000 to \$10,000 a year will be

for hydrographic survey work. This was the conclusion of the joint irrigation com-mittee tonight, when Cole's H. B. M. for an irrigation code, was given its fina

While the members of the irrigation committee express regret at finding it necessary to reject the work of the State Irrigation Commission, appointed in pur-suance of an act of the last Legislature. they say that it was impossible to ap-prove of the bill drawn by the commission. There were a number of serious ob-jections to the bill, almost any one of which would have caused rejection. The arincipal objection features were:

The great power placed in the hands of the State Engineer in the control of the water rights.

The abolition of ripurian rights as they nave been recognized by the courts.

The requirements that the Attorney-General shall bring suits to determine water rights on all the streams of the state, making all persons claiming water rights parties to the suit.

The authority given an individual to condemn water rights for practically pri-

The third feature mentioned was probably the most objectionable to the committee, for it was generally believed to be an injustice to compel persons who are in the peaceful possession of water rights to go to the expense of litigation in order to protect those rights when no one is claiming an adverse interest.

That portion of the bill which provided for a hydrographic survey for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of water flow and water power in the various streams met the favorable consideration of the committee, and a bill will be introduced, carrying an appropriation of perhaps \$10,000 a year, for work of this kind, under supervision of the United States Geological Survey. The Gloveryment street street. cal Survey. The Government agrees to spend dollar for dollar with the state in hydrographic work, and advantage will

be taken of this offer.

Government irrigation experts say that the reclamation service hesitates to enter upon work in this state with the laws in the present condition, for the Govern-ment might find itself hindered by owners of water rights who would not sell at a reasonable figure. In order to meet this situation the committee will report favorably a bill giving the Government right of eminent domain in this state for reclamation purposes.

Bills Passed by the House.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 6.—(Special.)—Bilis passed the House today as follows: H. B. 262, by Steiner—To make counties and municipalities liable for raids on live-stock to 50 per cent of value of such live-stock; vote 51 to 6.

H. B. 284, by Newell—To prohibit float-

H. B. 284, by Newell—To prohibit floating hawdy houses; 54 ayes, 6 absent.
H. B. 201, by Jayue—To punish injury to water ditches; ayes 54, absent 6.
H. B. 259, by Hermann—That lands appropriated for county roads may be returned to owners when lands are not used for five years for that purpose; ayes 52, nays 2, absent 6.
H. B. 315, by Miles—To increase salary of Sheriff of Yamhill County.
H. B. 166, by Richie—To regulate registration of electors so that voters need not register again while continuing to live in

register again while continuing to live in same preciet; ayes 45, nays 8, abent 7. H. B. 168, by Shook—To provide for reor-ganization of Southern Oregon Agricultural

Society.

H. B. 243, by Shook—To increase salary of Kiamath County School Superintendent.

H. B. 248, by Cooper—To increase salary of Lincoin County Judge.

H. B. 132, by Huntley—To amend direct

primary law. H. B. 258, by Cornett-To provide for perpetuation of church organizations.

H. B. 180, by Carter—To provide special tax for district school libraries.

H. B. 236, by Laws—To remove trap pli-

New Bills In Senate.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 6.-(Special.)-New lls were introduced in the Senate today

S. B. 240, by Wright-To regulate the use f traction engines on county roads. S. B. 241, by Wright-To amend McMinn-

S. R. 242, by Laycock-To protect livetock against diseases.

S. B. 243, by Croisan—To relinquish to the lity of Salem control of the state newer from

Ity of Salem control of the state sewer from he prison and the anylum. S. B. 244, by Rand—To permit a major-ty of the directors of a mining corporation to reside out of the state. S. B. 245, by Carter—To amend Medford S. B. 246, by Carter-To regulate the cor

struction of barb-wire concerned to the control of barb-wire (by request)—To amend the code relative to the appointment of a Deputy Forest Warden.

S. B. 248, by Brownell—To provide the manner of charging juries.

R. B. 249, by Pierce—To incorporate the control of barb-wire fences west of the S. B. 249, by Pierce-To incorpora Little Walla Walla irrigation district.

Bills Filed by the Governor. SALEM, Or., Feb. 6 .- (Special.)-The folowing bills were filed by the Governor

with the Secretary of State today: H. B. 215, by Kuney-To Incorporate Wasco

H. B. 200, by Newell-To appropriate \$250 for agricultural institutes, H. R. J. by Vawier-To authorize State Land Soard to execute certain papers without ac-

H. B. 43, by Burns of Clatsop-To prohibit driving of salmon from protected waters, H. B. 40, by Jagger-To authorine County Courts to appropriate money for road purposes. S. B. 20, by Croisan-To lower fees of Coun-

H. B. 120, by Graham-To pay Susan E. Jones. Edna Tiffany and Sylvia E. Ferrell H. B. 70, by Mayger-To abolish fishery boun

ty fund. H. B. 76, by Mayger-To change time

Lewis and Clark Fair.

Routine of the Senate.

SALEM. Or., Feb. 6 .- (Special.)-The Senate was opened with prayer by Rev. T. F. Royal.

H. J. M. 5, asking Congress to cede con trol of water powers to the state, was referred to the committee on resolutions. The Senate concurred in the adoption of H. C. R. E. for protection of oysters. S. C. R. 24, by Miller, directing that all ormal school appropriations be presented in separate bills, was referred to the committee on resolutions.

Bills were indefinitely postponed in the

Senate today as follows: S. B. 226, by Loughary, prescribing the manner of expending county road funds, 8, B, 227, by Haines, regulating the size of foads to be hauled upon wagons on public roads. S. B. 179, by Croisan, to repeal the law requiring a census to be taken in 1965.

Bills Passed by the Senate.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 6-(Special.)-Bills were passed by the Senate today as fol-S. B. 249. by Pierce—To incorporate Lit-tie Walla Walla Prigation district. S. B. 216, by Tuttle—To incorporate Warenton.

S. B. 223, by Hobson—To fix boundary setween Marion and Linn Counties.

E. B. 149, by Haines-For relief of Louis New Bills in the House. SALEM, Or., Peb. 6.-(Special.)-The

following new bills were introduced this H. B. 112 (substitute); by West-To authorize

appointment of Water Commission for Tilla-mook City.

H. B. 329, by Kuney-To amend charter of

NOT TO MEET AGAIN

Legislature Will Adjourn February 17, Without Day.

LEADERS REACH A DECISION

Other Action Would Prejudice the Case of Senator Mitchell, and Acts Passed Might Be Held Up Unnecessarily.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 6.—(Special.)—That the Legislature will adjourn February 17 without day was indicated tonight at a conference of the leaders of both houses. The ruling sentiment was for ending the work of the Legislature one week from next Friday and not one dissenting opin-

ion was expressed.

This means that the Legislature will not meet again next November and that it will not reassemble unless convoked by

At the conference were President Kuykendall, Speaker Mills, Senators Hodson, Rand, Holman and Booth, and Representatives Linthicum, Kay, Vawter, Balley and Bingham. That other Legis-lators will concur in the decision reached tonight there seems little doubt, therefore it appears settled that the Legisla-ture will not adjourn to any set date.

In the past week members of the Sen-ate and House have been polling the two chambers on the question of another session next Winter and were understood to have found strong sentiment for meeting again. Indictment of Senator Mitchell was the real cause of the movement and the promoters of the plan professed fear that the outcome of the prosecution would necessitate election of another United States Senator before the next Legisla-ture should meet. They desired the Legislature to choose a Republican instead of the Governor's choosing a Democrat. But the men in conference tonight de-

cided that such action by the present Legislature would ill become the Republican members, that it would set up preju-dice to the damage of Senator Mitcheli and the Republican party, and that it would be a virtual admission that the Legislature had no faith in his innocence. One of the important obstacles in the way of the plan to adjourn to a fixed day was the possibility that none of the acts passed at this session would become operative until 90 days after adjournment of the second session except acts which con-tained emergency clauses, because final adjournment would not take place until the end of the second session and the referendum amendment says, "Referendum petitions shall be filed with the Sec-retary of State not more than 90 days after the final adjournment of the Legislature passing the bill on which referen

FIGHT ON CORPORATION TAX

Mining Companies Apparently Lead

in Contest for Amendment. SALEM, Or., Feb. 6.—(Special.)—A hard fight is waging in the Senate over the proposed amendment of the corporation tax law, with the mining companies apparently shead in the contest. The Bingham bill, which passed the House last week, is the measure under consideraweek, is the measure under considera-tion, and its friends are trying hard to get a favorable report from the committee on assessment and taxation, which has the bill in hand.

The bill to amend the corporation tax law was introduced in the interests of mining companies which have big capital stock but which are doing little or no iess. As taxpayers in general, but in particular, are interested in defeat of the bill, there is not much lobbying against it. Outside pressure felt by the Legislature in behalf of mining companies may secure the passage of the bill

A report was circulated in the Senate today that Secretary of State Dunbar who aided in the preparation of the pres-ent law and who twice recommended the enactment of such law, is in favor of the Hingham amendment exempting mining companies. When seen tonight Mr. Dun bar said he has not changed the position taken by him when he recommended in his blennial reports that such a law be

In the House the Bingham bill was re ferred to the committee on mining and was considered chiefly as to its relation to the mining companies. In the Senate it has gone to the committee on assessment and taxation and will likely be considered chiefly as a revenue measure, which fact gives the friends of the Bingham bill cause for concern. The committee on assessment and taxation is confronted with a proposal for reducing revenue at the same time that heavy appropriation bills are being passed.

COUNTY INSPECTION OF FRUIT Court Shall Act on Petition of Twen ty-Five Growers.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 6 - (Special.) -- County fruit inspectors are provided for in the House bill of Jayne of Wasco, or Cascade, as Mr. Jayne says, which passed the House late this afternoon. On petition of 5 fruitgrowers, the County Court of any ounty may appoint a fruit inspector, wh shall receive \$3 a day for the time actually employed. He shall enforce the provisions of the state horticultural laws against diseased trees and fruit, and shall work in conjunction with the Horticultural Commissioner for the district in which the county is situated. Appeals from decisions of the Inspector may be taken to the Commissioner.

Mr. Jayne stated that the Commission ers alone were unable to enforce the fruit laws, and that he drew up the bill at the instance of a number of fruitmen. West of Tillamook and Yamhill said that its provisions would not suit his constituents. and with 14 others he vainly opposed it

TAX FOR SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

House Passes Measure Carrying Ten Cents for Each Child of School Age. SALEM, Or., Feb. 6.-(Special.)-District hool libraries are well cared for in the House bill of Carter of Benton, which ent through the House this morning. The bill provides that a tax amounting 10 cents for each child of school ag in counties having less than 100,000 inhabi-tants shall be levied for the benefit of school libraries. This levy will amount to about one-tenth of 1 per cent. The books are to be divided among the districts of each county. The County School Superintendent, acting with the secretary of the new Library Commission, is to select the

Mr. Carter explained the bill, and Miles of Yamhili stated that the present law provided that such a tax might be levied by the County Courts, but that the Car ter bill made such action compulsory. Linthicum also favored the bill, calling attention to the fact that it would show the usefulness of the State Library Com

"If the bill doesn't pass, Mr. Linthicum's Library Commission won't have anything to do with it," exclaimed Smith of Jose-phine. The bill passed with plenty of friends to spare.

Additional provisions for the agricultural fairs of Southern Oregon are made in the House bill of Shook of Klamath which passed the House this afternoon, could no The appropriation of \$600 for Jackson and officials.

Josephine Counties is continued, \$1800 is appropriated for other Southern Oregon Counties and a new appropriation of \$600 is made for the fairs in Lake and Klam-

ath Counties.

Steiner of Lake declared that as aid had been given the Eastern Oregon agricultural societies this sum was due his section of the state. Those opposed to the bill were Richie, Huntiey, Smith of Lossophica Culdwell East and Lagger. Josephine, Caldwell, Fawk and Jagger,

West's substitute House bill introduced today changes the method of electing the Water Commission of Tillamook City. By the original bill the Commissioners were to be elected from the city at large. Now five are each to represent one ward and five are to represent the city at large. After the plant has been completed onehalf the commission will withdraw.

KAY ASKS SOME QUESTIONS Suspects "Machine" Work in Port of Portland Bill.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 6 .- (Special.) -To supplant G. B. Thomas and Captain E. W. Spencer on the Port of Portland Commission, the House this morning passed a bill by Representative Bailey against five nose Barnes and Newell, of Wash-ington; Burns, of Coos; Caldwell, of Yam-Hill, and Calvert, of Marion. All the members of the Multnomah delegation voted "aye.

A plan is incubating to hold up the bill in the Senate before it reaches the Gov-ernor. Foes of the Multnomah political organization in the Senate are lining up to give the bill a hard jolt and the men who are pushing it along are much worried. The opposition counts on the nine ndependents, who have been standing together, to combine their forces, units with Croisan and Hobson, who have thus far not been lined up beside the Multnomah organization workers, and with the five Democrats to smite what they call the Multnoman machine.

Early in the day the opposition relied entirely on the Governor's veto and their power to prevent a two-thirds majority of each house for passage over the veto, but tonight the opposition is bolder and declares it can block the bill in the Senate. Foes of the bill are getting together in the House to prevent a two-thirds ma-jority of that body in case the Governor should yeto the bill.

Representative Kay suspected this morning that the bill was in the interest of some machine or other, and asked Bai-ley several pointed questions about the cause of the changes on the Commission, to which Balley responded by saying that Spencer had withdrawn voluntarily and that Thomas by his conduct on the board had proved himself "unsatisfactory." A colloquy sprang up between Kay and Bailey on the floor of the House, but Speaker Mills put an end to it by pro-claiming from his walnut throne: "The Clerk will call the roll," and then after Reading Clerk "Pat" McArthur's sonorous tones had died away, "the bill was passed

and there being no objection, the title of the bill will stand as the title of the act." When the bill was ready for final passage Bailey arose to make an explanation. Said he: "The only changes from the present act are that Herbert Holman replaces G. B. Thomas, and Captain Crang takes the place of Captain E. W. Spencer. Spen-cer wishes to retire, and Thomas has

proved unsatisfactory."
A number of members looked as if they wished more information on the subject from the sponsor of the bill, but Kay was the only one to ask an audible question. "I want to know something about this," said Kay. "It seems to be legislating two men into office that are out now, and

putting out two men that are in."
"I think I have fully explained the purpose of the bill," replied Bailey instantly. "Captain Spencer is willing to retire, and Thomas has proved unsatisfactory. He is a bone of contention, and his integrity has been questioned. This is simply a local measure."

But Mr. Kay was not thoroughly satis

fied and said that it looked to him like the work of a machine. He asked more questions regarding the manner of electing the Commissioners, and how the present members of the Commission came into Bailey informed him that the Legisla-

ture was responsible and that without another act of the same body the member-ship could not be changed except by resignation or death.

No one else took up the debate, and Speaker Mills asked for a rollcall. The only "no" votes came from Barnes, Burns of Coos and Curry, Caldwell, Calvert and Newell, Kay voting "aye."

"MACHINE" AND IRRIGATION.

"Jack" Matthews Writes Letters to Influence Malheur Measure.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 6 .- (Special.)-The Multnomah "machine" is being charged with one more effort to dictate legislation, this time in connection with the Malheur irrigation district bill, which passed the Senate last week, and is now pending in the House. Letters written by "Jack" Matthews to the irrigation committee and to various members of the House form the foundation for the story that the ma-chine is trying to defeat the Malheur bill, and the fight is being taken up along factional lines to some extent.

All day there was active canvass on the floor of the House for votes for or

against the bill, and tonight the friends of the measure claim victory. The bill has already received the support of the irrigation committee, after a hearing of arguments on both sides, but the enemies of the bill do not propose to be so easily defeated. They will try to vote the measure down when it comes on for third reading, which will probably occur tomorrow.

Because of the interest which Matthews

has taken in the bill, some of the anti-machine members of the Legislature have made an extra effort to secure its passage.

ONE BOARD FOR STATE NORMALS

Bill Carries No Appropriation, and Has No Other Effect on Schools.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 6 .- (Special.)-Th first direct move on the part of the Legislature for consolidation of the four State Normal Schools occurred this afternoon, when the House passed Representative Vawter's bill providing for one board of regents instead of four. The State Board of Education and six members appointed the Governor shall constitute this board with powers as at present. No ap-propriation is included in the bill, and it has no effect upon the requested appro priations for the various normal schools. The appropriations are now being considered by the ways and means committees of both houses, but the amounts have not yet been decided upon.

Division Over Range Legislation. SALEM, Or., Feb. 6.-(Special.)-The Eastern Oregon delegation split over range legislation this afternoon. The bill of Steiner of Lake, providing that counties and towns should pay 50 per cent of damage maliciously inflicted upon stock came up for final passage, and Steiner declared it was a part of the programme arranged at a meeting of Eastern Oregon members. He said California had a similar law, which had proved effectual. Sits of Harney and Malheur arose and declared that he had not favored the bill.

"I believe it is putting a bounty on "I believe it is putting a bounty on neep. Owners will work off all their old

wheep. Owners will work off all their old worthless sheep, and the county will pay for them," said he. or them," said he.

But Steiner carried the day for his bill.

The bill is, as Sitz pointed out, for the protection of sheepowners who have suffered by the depredations upon their locks. Steiner said that only 50 per cent flocks. was to be allowed: that the sheepmen ild not take advantage of the county



Today Tomorrow On Special Terms

\$1 Down and 50c a Week

Golden Oak Morris Chairs

Substantially built of selected golden oak—the frames are well put together and have polish finish. Have spring seats and backs, upholstered in fine velours-your choice of green or red. These chairs are all fitted with automatically adjustable backs-no troublesome rods to get out of place. You can adjust the back to five different positions while sitting in the chair. The more you use them the more comfortable they grow.

Today and Tomorrow

GIBBS YOUR CREDIT ONE DOLLAR 15 GOOD DOWN FIFTY. MAKE YOUR CENTS A

ONE DOLLAR DOWN FIFTY CENTS A WEEK

HOUSE FAVORS JAYNE BILL

AMENDMENT OF LOCAL OPTION LAW MAY DIE IN SENATE.

Friends of the Measure Propose a Compromise, but Are Met With a Decided Refusal.

SALEM. Or., Feb. 6.-(Special.)-The modified Jayne bill for the amendment of the local option law will pass the House comorrow or next day by a narrow majority, but will encounter such opposition in the Senate as to make its fate in that chamber extremely doubtful. Anti-Saloon League workers who are fighting the bill have given up the House as lost to them, but assert confidently that they can kill the measure in the Senate. From the looks of things late tonight they will suc-

ceed. Opponents of the bill proposed a compromise tonight, whereby the bill was to provide for option by towns as well as precincts, and was to contain an emergency clause, but the other side refused those terms, and declare that they will stand or fall on the bill as it is now framed. Several amendments will be proposed, however, when the bill comes back from the engrossing committee to the House, whither it was sent today to correct several minor changes in phraseol-

ments. His proposed amendments are understood to provide for option by towns and to eliminate the refrendum election next June and to reduce the number of signatures on the petition for prohibition election below 30 per cent ters registered in precinct or town

A poll of the House today showed the following alignments on the Jayne bill: Ayes-Batley, Bingham, Bramball, Burgesa, Burns of Clatsop, Burns of Coos, Capron, Cole, Colwell, Cooper, Crang, Fawk, Graham, Griffin, Henderson, Hermann, Holcomb, Hudson, Hunt-ley, Jagger, Japne, Killingsworth, Laws, Lin-thicum, Mayger, McLeot, Meann, Mills, Muir. Shook, Sitz, Smith of Baker, Sceiner, Von der

Hellen, Welch-98.

Nors-Barnes, Blakley, Caldwell, Calvert, Carter, Cavender, Cornett, Dobbin, Donnelly, Edwards, Flint, Gray, Jackson, Kay, Kuney, Miles, Munkers, Newell, Richie, Settlemior, ionneman, Smith of Josephine, West-21, Doubiful-Vawter,

Members of the Senate are not so decided as are members of the House as to their attitude on the bill, nor so ready to disclose on which side they will ally them-selves. It has been taken for granted all along that the Jayne bill would have a better chance of passage in the Senate than in the House, but such does not appear to be the case. That the contest will be nip and tuck in the upper body will be appeared in the following canyasse. will be evident in the following canvasof votes:

Ayer-Coke, Farrar, Hobson, Holeon, Hol-Nose-Booth, Coshow, Haines, Howe, Carter, Laycock, McDonald, Miller, Nottingbana Pierce, Smith, Whealdon, Wright, Kuykendal Doubtful-Avery, Bowerman, Brownell, Coe.

Croisan, Loughary-6. Absent-Mays. Opposition to the Jayne bill is now based almost entirely on the special ref-erendum election for which the measure

SENATE IS AGAINST DIVISION Cascade County May Not Be Formed

From Portion of Wasco. SALEM, Or., Feb. 6 .- (Special.)-Foes of Cascade County have so marshaled them-

selves that the bill to create that political division out of the west end of Wasco County seems doomed to failure. The po-litical organization of Multnomah County has been pulling for the bill, and this has lined up the insurgent Republicans of the Senate to such an extent that they boast of their ability to put the bill to sleep whenever it shall show its head.

The Senate committee on count report the bill favorably, but is holding back the fight for a more favorable time. Only Il sure votes can be found for the measure, while the opposition has 14. Ma-larkey has refused to stand in with the Multnomah plan to divide Wasco; likewise Croisan and three of the five Democrats From present appearances the political organization will be severely jarred.

The bill passed the House last week without opposition and was expected to glide through the Senate the same way, but the opposition has been gaining confidence daily. The Senators are grouped

Ayes-Hodson, Holman, Sichel, Coc, Tuttle, Luykendall, Booth, Coke, Rand, Farrar, Ayes-Holl, Booth, Coke, Rand, For Loughary-11. Noss-Malarkey, Nottingham, Haines, ter, Hewe, Wright, Whealdon, Rower Laycock, McDonald, Croisan, Pierce, S very-14. Doubtful-Brownell, Hobson, Coshow, Miller

DOUBT OF PORTAGE EXTENSION Members of Committee Believe It WIII Cost Too Much.

SALEM. Or., Feb. 6 .- (Special.) - The project for extending the portage rail-road is meeting with trouble in the joint ommittee which inspected the route of the extension jast week. The sum asked of the Legislature for extending the road from Big Eddy so as to connect with the tracks of the Great Southern for entering The Dalles does not meet with approval of the entire committee. At least the embers are in doubt as to its practicability. the O. R. & N. track twice, once on a

The portage would be dependent for out. let into The Dalles on the Great Southern, which is a feeder of the O. R. & N. and therefore more or less at the mercy big company. The committee is not satissled with the promise that has been made by the Great Southern for trackage arrangements. Several members of the

committee are of the opinion that the extension could not be built for \$25,000

NO MANSION FOR GOVERNOR

Committees Will Report Unfavorably on Purchase of Salem House. SALEM, Or., Feb. 6 .- (Special.)-That the Legislature should not appropriate \$14,500 for a mansion for the Governor is the opinion of the committees on ways and means of the two houses. The bill was introduced in the House by Bailey to appropriate that sum for the purchase of the Patton house, near the Capitol, The committees reached their decision tonight and an unfavorable recommendation will be reported to the House tomor-

The committees have agreed to report bills for appropriating money for the sev-eral state institutions at Salem carrying about the same sums as two years ago

The House Judiciary committee tonight decided to report without recommendation the bill of Smith of Josephine, which prohibits any state, county or city officer from riding on a railroad pass. A hot debate is expected in the House when the bill comes up for final passage. Two bills affecting water-ditch owners

passed the House today. Jayne of Was-co was the sponsor of both. One allows the owner of land which must be drained to secure through the County Court coniemnation of a right of way through land whose owner refuses him the privilege. Viewers are to appraise the land cut through. The other bill provides punish-ment for any one who injures a ditch, dam or reservoir or taps such water supply. The joint Yambill delegation today con-

sidered increases of salary for their county officers. The proposal to raise the School Superintendent's salary from \$1190 to \$1400 was favorably received, but there was a split on allowing the Sheriff a deputy at a salary. No decision was also reached on increasing the County Treasurer's pay from \$600 to \$800

Cooper's bill increasing the salary of Lincoln County Judge to \$600 and that of Shook to increase the pay of the Klam-ath County Assessor to \$1200 were passed by the House today.



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