

Oregontan.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.



PORTLAND, OREGON, THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1905.

Political, educational and mercantile bodies in Russia are adopting declarations in favor of an elective, repre-

killing many. It is estimated that more than 100 deaths occurred. The number of

Rudenia' demonstration in Moscow broken up by troops and much blood shed. Page 1. Cosmacks shoot down Finns at Heisingfore. Page 1.

treatment than any other part of the

iation which is most grat The app

country.

nian as a newspaper throughout the perature. East gives it instant hearing and recognition before committees of Congress. I am satisfied that the able

Trains and Steamers Stop.

Everywhere railroad traffic is delayed ets of diseastors to ship

political in character. to noon today nearly 30 inches of snow had fallen in the Hudson Valley. Trolley lines generally have suspended operations.

ted to be very great, and t fighting stal continues.

VOL. XLIV.-NO. 13,770

SHOOTING DOWN THE FINNS.

Cossacks Wound Thirty Who Welchmed Exiles Home.

HELSINGFORS, Jan. 35 -- Although the crowds on the streets were smaller to night, there was severe fighting, Cossacks and police firing their revolvers. Some 50 persons were wounded, of whom nine were taken to the hospital. Three are severely wounded. Two youths had their scalps cut and a third was struck in the stomach by a bullet. The demonstration is slackening.

A big demonstration was held upon the arrival of Finns who had been expelled from the country and who recently were given permission to return.

COSSACKS DISPERSE RIOTERS.

Only Disturbance of Peace During the Day in Moscow.

MOSCOW, Jan. 5 (7 P. M.) .- A squadro of Cossacks this evening dispersed about \$000 workmen who were growing obstreperous across the Moskva. No fatalities are reported. This was the only event of kind during the day. Reports that a mob was plundering and

wrecking shops in the Trevskaia are untrue. The merchants have sent an acceal to the Emperor to avoid bloodshed.

STRIKERS GAIN CONCESSIONS.

Governor of Reval Calms Them, and Employers Yield Something.

REVAL, Jan. E .- A crowd of strikers today marched in procession to the Gov-The Governor adresidence. dressed them in a few words and aliayed their excitement.

The strikers then chose a deputation to present their demands to their employers, who were gathered in the Governor's rooms. The demands include eight hours as a day's work and an increase of wages. It is reported that the results of the interview were satisfactory.

TRANQUIL BUT IN FEAR.

Moscow Dreads Outbreak of Strikers, and Demands State of Siege.

MOSCOW, Jan. 25 (5 P. M.) .- There is mplete tranquillity within the boun daries of this city, but the people are keeping indoors, owing to the official warning. The strike is spreading gradut thus far is confined to the ually, smaller mills. The larger industrial concerns are being guarded in order to prewent the men employed there from being intimidated, but it is the bellef that the strike will become general.

There are no troops in sight in the city proper. Probably there will be no papers porrow. The citizens are alarmed at he prospect of an irruption of hundreds

Strike spreads to Riga and other Baltic cities. Page 1.	1
Governor Trepoff issues proclamation offering concessions to strikers. Page 1.	1) In
Zemstvos demand representative government. Page 1.	D
Public bodies in Russia denomice Sj. Peters. burg massacre. Page 1.	by
Foreign.	t
Hull fishermen tostify before North Sea Com- mission. Page 3.	bi
Prince Extel Frederick of Germany seriously iii, Page 3.	
Riots and bloodshed expected at Hungarian election today. Page 6.	of
Liberals suffer crushing defeat in Ontario elec- tion after holding office 32 years. Page 12.	12
National.	34
Argument on Smoot investigation begins to- day. Page 2.	m
Senators condemn attempt to cut General Miles' pay, Page 2.	bi
House passes appropriation bills and hears	8
speech on tariff. Page 2.	
Appropriation for Cellio Canal won by Orego- nian's arguments; other Oregon river and	y
bartior appropriations. Page 1.	0
Bill to remove abuses in lieu-land selections. Page 5.	p
Interstate Commerce Commission says rebates	E
have been stopped. Page 6.	tr
Domestic.	1.5

Worse blizzard since 1888 sweeps coast and Middle West. Page 1 Congress asked to investigate charges of ruption against Consular Judge Ge Shanghai. Page 12.

Ladrones suffer heavily in battle with Philippine scouts. Page 12.

Pacific Coast.

Mayor Schmitz, of San Francisco, summaril Police Commissioner Hutton Page 9. Sovernor Mead signs the Lewis and Clark Fair bill. Page 5.

Ex-Cashier C. B. Wade is released on hall at Pendiston. Page 12.

Northwest Logislatures.

dings in Salem Senate and Hour Page 4.

The Washington Legislature provides for joint conference on fishing legislation. Page 5. Foster shows slight gain in ballots for United State Senator; members are growing real

Commercial and Marine.

Weekly review of local produce and jobbing markets. Page 13, eakness of stocks at New York due to Rus-sian crists. Page 15.

Chicago wheat closes firm on good support. Page 13.

Sharp advance in barley at San Francisc Page 15.

Wallowa County wool clip contracted for. Page 33.

team coaster inauguraies rate war. Page 12. Schooner Mahukona in perilous position just inside Columbia River, Page 12.

Portland and Vicinity.

Union Pacific Company will ald in advertising the Lewis and Clark Exposition. Page 8. Attorney arrested at Los Angeles for in frauds has a Portland record. Page

Passage of Lebrary bill in House at Salem causes salisfaction to educators and those interested in Heary work. Page 8. Plans of Fortland Comolidated Bailway Company show many proposed improvements for the coming year. Page 9.

Beturns expected on large scale in hand-frauds investigation' at close of present sension. Page 9.

Salem to urge new tax laws. Fage 7.

ying to friends of the Columbia River that which insures the building of The Dalles-Celllo Canal. Mr. Burton, backed y almost the entire committee, stood out calnat this project more persistently han against any other proposition rought before him, and it was only un-

er intense pressure that he yielded. Continuing Contract Next Year. It was the hope and intent of the friends this project to have it made a contining contract. Could this have been done

canal would have passed beyond the urisdiction of the river and harbor comnittee and would have received an an-Jones.' ual appropriation in the sundry civil ill, in amounts sufficient to pay for work as it progressed, until co But on this point Mr. Burton was unng. Nevertheless, the final action f the committee is in the nature of a ompromise, for while an immediate apropriation of \$50,000 is made, the Army ingineers are authorized to make con racts for \$250,000, which is equivalent to n appropriation of \$300,000. The \$350,000

tot carried by this bill will be incorporated in the sundry civil bill next session, in lenty of time, according to the engineers. o meet payments. There is strong hope that by the time

this money is expended Congress will be willing to make the Cellio Canal a continuing contract, so that it need not again e considered in the river and harbor bitt.

It will be noted that the amount allowed for the Cellio Canal is \$50,000 greater than that announced in these dispatches yesterday. It will likewise be noted that the committee, after its persistent opposition. nas actually given the Cellio Canal project 60 per cent of the amount asked for by the Army Engineers, a very high percentage, in view of all the circumstances Sums for Other Oregon Work.

Three other Columbia River appropria

tions are split up like that for the Canal. Three hundred thousand dollars is made immediately available for the mouth of the Columbia, and the engineers are authorized to make contracts for \$200,000 additional, this last sum to be carried in the next sundry civil bill, Likefor improving the channel from Portland to the sea, \$100,000 is appropriaed in the river and harbor bill, and \$125,000 additional will be carried in the next sundry civil bill. For dredging a 39foot channel between Vancouver and the mouth of the Willamette, \$30,000 in cash is

appropriated and another \$30,000 will be provided next year in the sundry civil

For Harbors in Washington.

The following amounts are allowed for Washington: Tacoma Harbor, dredging Puyallup waterway, \$40,000 cash; \$200,000 in sun-

dry civil bill. Lakes Union and Washington Canal. \$125,000 for dredging at Ballard and authorization of new survey to determine

of the importance and necessity to the Northwest of the canal and locks at severe was the storm in this city that Collio exercised greater influence than even during the day hours several persons any other one factor in securing the appropriation. Washington and Idaho delegations

contributed largely to the result, and I do not wish to underestimate or be understood as failing to appreciate the assistance they rendered. Nor can I sufficiently express my appreciation for the splendid work of Congressman

SOUNDED A PROMPT ALARM.

Ex-Congressman Moody Tells How Oregonian Aroused Public Spirit. THE DALLES, Or. Jan. 25 .- (Spe-cial.)-Expressions of satisfaction over the inclusion of the Cellio canal project in the rivers and harbors bill have been universal here today. Upon the visit of Chairman Burton and his committee to The Dalles some three years since, for the purpose of viewing the obstructions in the Columbia, the peo-ple of this section have had firm faith in the ultimate opening of the river. The subsequent acts of Congress and the fulfillment of its right of way con ditions by the state have strength

ened this continent into positive cer-tainty, particularly since actual work has been begun on the rapids. That the project was threatened with indefinite delay and no appropriation aroused universal indignation through-out Eastern Oregon, which feeling now is turned into grateful suiisfaction. Ex-Congressman Moody, rejoicing over the press announcement from Washington today, said: "This act of the rivers and harbors committee seals and insures the completion of the Ce-lilo canal project. In my judgment an appropriation at this critical point in the life of the improvement will bind Congress to continue the work and to appropriate as required sufficient sums speedily to complete the undertaking "For practically ten years prior to 02 there had been on the statute 1902 there had been on the statute books of the United States a law au-thorizing the construction of a boat railway around the obstructions in the Columpia River between, The Dalles and Cellio, but for want of an appro-priation no progress beyond securing a partial right of way was ever made. The original draft of the rivers and the original draft of the rivers and harbors bill of that year provided for the repeal of the boat railway act without offgring a substitute, and the covering into the United States Treas-ury of the \$220,000 standing to its credit. Before this bill was reported to the Warts or superfeat the tar

to the House, an amendment was se cured substituting for the boat rail-way project a canal project, providing it was found feasible and could in the judgment of a specially appointed board of Government engineers be con structed for approximately \$4,006,00). This board reported favorably but rec-ommended that no work should be begun until a right of way for the

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statements made by The Oregonian ing in, and with the rapidly failing ther mometer much suffering m

were frozen to death or died from exhaus tion. Tonight the hospitals, police sta course, the work done by the tions and the houses of refuge are crowded to their capacity.

More than once police reserves wer called out to take care of the crowds that were struggling around the entrance to some belated ferryboat, which was seen to attempt another trip. Long before sundown the homeward-bound workers

learned that trolleys everywhere through out Manhattan had been abandoned, that cable cars were stalled in many places, and that for those who lived in the sub urbs nothing remained but to take up

quarters somewhere near at hand if they hoped to return to work the following day.

Soon after 7 o'clock tonight a bulletin was posted in the New York Central station saying that no more trains were expected to arrive tonight. This notice referred to both local and express trains On the New Haven syste m very fer trains were dispatched, and those which arrived were from four to eight hours behind schedule time. The Boston ex press, due to arrive at 4:15 P. M., was reported stalled in a snowbank at Rye. This was the condition that prevailed on all roads entering New York.

Vessels Run for Refuge.

Not a vessel of any kind has sailed from or arrived at this port in more than 24 hours, and at the port of Boston only one arrival was reported, and that a coastwise steamer. Two trans-Atlantic liners the Ryndam, carrying the mails, and the Nord American, have been unable to leave their piers. Seven other steamers, all cheduled to leave their plers during the day, are atill in port.

At Sandy Hook and Quarantine the gale blew 90 miles an hour, and a number of vessels are reported at anchor there. The Atlantic Transport Line steamer Menominee, from London; the Holland-American Line steamer Rotterdam and the Fabry Line steamer Germania, all of which have been reported by wireless, are in Sandy Hook Bay, A dozen or more steamers now overdue have not been heard from. Not a Sound steamer left tonight. Not only was there some fear of the storm, but little freight had been delivered to these boats and passengers canceled their

Has Lasted Thirty Hours.

This city, always susceptible to abnormal weather conditions, is facing a condition unequaled since that March day years ago when it was cut off from the rest of the world by a record snowfall. The pres ent storm began yesterday afternoon is a gentle way. As night came, the wind increased and by midnight it was blowing half a gale and drifting hard. At noon it was 40 miles an hour, and with it came a

MIDDLE WEST FROZEN UP.

Railroads Snowed Up, Rivers Frozen Blizzards Raging Everywhere.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Jan. 25.-A pas-senger train on the Decorah division of the Rock Island Raliway has been stalled in a snowdrift near Independence since last night. The passengers spent the night in the coaches, but were rescued today and taken to Independence in bob-sieds. The coaches were kept warm and the passengers suffered little inconven-

LACROSSE, Wis., Jan. 25 .- Wisconsin is experiencing severe cold, the tempera-ture ranging from 12 to 25 below.

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.-A severe storm, accompanied by a stiff wind, pre-vailed here today. Tonight a fall of 30 storm, accom in temperature is predicted, six below being looked for. degrees

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 35 .- Intense cold weather continued today in the Southwest. At Kansas City it was 11 degrees below. In Kansas, the coldest point was at Concordia, with 15 below. At Mus-kogee, I. T., one degree below zero, the coldest in several years in the Indian Territory, was recorded.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 35 .- Officially the CINCINNATI, Jan. 28.-Officially the temperature today was one below zero, although several degrees colder was re-ported in the outlying sections. Similar temperatures were recorded throughout the state and adjoining states. Middles-boro, Ky., experienced the coldest weathsix years, the mercury reaching In 12 below.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 24 .- Unusually cold weather prevails throughout Kansas. There is but little wind, and for this reason the cattlemen are enabled to pre-vent any serious damage among their stock

ST. PAUL, Jan. 25 .- The extreme cold weather continues, the mercury today again registering 15 degrees below zero, and Minnedosa, in Manitoba, re-ported 32 degrees below zero. At Devil's Lake, N. D., it was 25 below: at Moore-Minn., 27 below, and at Huron. hend. S. D., 37 below.

SOUTH NO LONGER SUNNY.

Temperature Below Zero, Ohio River Frozen, People Frost-Bitten.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 25.-The country south of the Ohio River was today in the grasp of a cold wave. The Ohio River is frozen over from bank to bank for the first time in five years.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 25 -- The coldest weath er of the season was experienced here today. The thermometer fell to six below. One man was fatally frozen, and many others were severely frostbitten. For the first time in three years the river is com-pletely blocked with ice.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Jan. 25 .- The Blue Grass country and Central Kentucky to day was in the grasp of the worst bliz-zard since 1901. A fall of 33 degrees in temperature in 24 hours sent the mer-cury to six below.

contative legislative body and deuncing misrule under the autocracy.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 3 (2:15 A. M.) -Governor-General Trepoff and Minister of Finance Kokovseff issued a proclamation last night, which reveals the goverament's plan for breaking the strike, not only here but throughout Russia. The proclamation is conceived in a paternal tone and points out that honest workmen who want to better their condition should have brought their demands to the government instead of being misled by agitators into affiliating with a movement which is not confined to economic aspira-It invites them to return to work. tions. promising them, in the Emperor's name, a revision of the general laws so as to restrict the hours of labor, the institution of a plan for state insurance and otherwise to meet their demands so far as the law will permit and guarantees them protection against interference by agitators

This document will be followed either by an imperial manifesto along the same lines in the hope of preventing the spread of the strike, or by specific proclamations by the local authorities whereever strikes are in progress. By promising to yield the question of the hours of labor, which are now legally 11 in Russia, the authorities believe they will meet the main grievance of the workmen. This, together with the guarantee of protection, the authorities hope, will induce those strikers who are indifferent to colitical demands, and which class they declare constitute a great bulk of the men, to resume work.

It is certain many strikers were forced out against their wishes, but the general effect of the proclamation is still problematical.

Strike Spreads With Riots.

Though the strike has been spreading to various towns, the situation tonight, while quieting, is not acute anywhere. The great demonstration, with an accompaniment of bloodshed, which was anticinated at Moscow yesterday, did not occur, and the strike in the ancient capital has not spread rapidly, only about 20,000 workmen being out, according to the latest reports. Cossacks charged and dispersed a crowd of 3000 workmen, and reports were circulated in St. Petersburg that many were killed, but advices direct from Moscow at midnight deny this, the heat information being that only a few blank volleys were fired.

The Moscow military has received orders to avoid a repetition of Sunday's ragedy here and not use ball cartridges unless they are driven to do so by the firest necessity

In several Baltic province towns there have been considerable disorders, especially in Riga, where the military are complete possession. In the streets of Heisingfors there was last evening a re-

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tickets.