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It Is Strongest in New England States.

OLD BAY STATE LEADS

Their Manufacturers Want Free Raw Material.

MIDDLE WEST ON SAME SIDE

Shoe Manufacturers Willing to Concede Free Shoes if They Get Free Hides_President May Cause Commission of Inquiry.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 22-It is rather strange that the demand for mriff revision should come from Massachusetts. Some other New England States are favorable to revision on certain articles, notably Concticut, Rhode Island and Vermont. The first two are similarly situated to Massahusetts, having large manufacturing interests, and naturally desire a reduction of the duty on raw materials that go into their products. Maine and New Hampshire, being side by side, are naturally similarly interested in tariff conditions. The late Nelson Dingley, who was chairman of the ways and means committee when the Dingley law was framed, was very careful to see that everything in Maine was highly protected, and there is is scarcely a product of that state that is not well taken care of. In fact, he carried this plan so far that it caused sarcastic comment from the late Thomas B. Reed, who was then Speaker of the Possibly this accounts for the fact that every member of the Maine del-egation in the House is emphatic in his opinion that there should be no extra session and no tariff legislation; also that Senator Hale is one of the most determined men against any "tinkering with the mariff." Maine does not want any of her present industries to suffer, and in a bill that was under the supervision of men who were not from that state it. might be found that inequalities existed on Maine products.

Where the "Standpatters" Are. In looking over the country to see where the demand for tariff revision arises, and where "stand-patters" predominate, it is cany to observe that the protected interests are looking after their own. In the Middle West, especially in Wisconsin and Minnesota, there is a very strong feeling for tariff revision. Members of the present House do not care so much about this. but in representing their constituents they feel obliged to urge that something b ne. The manufacturing states naturally do not want the tariff revised, save on those articles that they want to get as raw material. New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Illinois, Indiana, West Virginia and the Pacific Coast seem to be absolutely united against revision, while lowa is divided. The division in lowa is lowa is divided. The division in lowa is on the Cummins and anti-Cummins line. Men who do not train in the Cummins. Camp are opposed to any changes in the tariff. In the mountain country very strong opposition to tariff revision is found, because the people of those states found, because the people of those states are aware that there will be a reduction on hides, and the cattlemen are opposed to anything of that kind. Free Hides Means Free Shogs. In fact, there seems to be no limit to Free Hides Means Free Shoes. From a member of the Massachusetts delegation who would no doubt be con-suited and have a great deal to do in making up any tariff bill, it is learned that the articles which it is thought should receive attention in the revision of the tariff are iron, steel, glass, wood-puip, hides and manufactured leather, and a reclassification of the cotion schedules. This reclassification is proposed for the purpose of affording the New England mils better opportunities for spinning and manufacturing cotton. It was naturally supposed that, while Massachusetts was despondent over their condition, and who, after a few weeks spent in camping on auxious for free hides, she would still in-ate upon protection on leather and manufactures of leather, but the manufacturers of shoes in Massachusetts have been in- The lake is an uninviting spot, it is said,

loss of the jewelry was discov ered upon her return. Suspicion at-tached to the beliboy after a gold fountain pen, belonging to one of the other guests of the hotel, had been found sewed up in the lining of his vest. The stolen jewelry consisted of diamond rings, diamond brooches, laces, diamond stud and watches, watch chains and other miscellaneous articles.

SOLONS WORK AGAIN.

Oregon Lawmakers Go Back to Salem Today.

The two houses of the Oregon Legisla-ture will take up their burdens today where they left off last Friday. This morning's train from Portland to Salem will be heavily freighted with lawmakers and lobbyists. As yet the solons have been unable to make up their minds whether to addourn

As yet the sounds have been induce to make up their minds whether to adjourn on February 10 or to continue the ses-sion the full 40 days to February 17. Speaker Mills' resolution for adjournment February 10 is still with the House committee on resolutions, to which it was referred early last week. While all the members believe that the sooner the ses-sion ends the better, nearly all expect it

to continue 40 days. to continue 40 days. The most important matters to be con-sidered this week are local option, forest fires, county division and game protec-tion. The context between Columbia River fisheries will not reach the climate probably unfil next week, when the joint committee, appointed to confer with a similar committee of the Washington Legislature, will have made its recomendations.

mendations. The only bill of importance thus far passed by both houses is that for ceding lake lands in Klamath and Lake Coun-ties to the National Government. This bill has been approved by the Governor. Important bills have been introduced as

To put state officers on flat salaries. To call a constitutional convention. To protect the salmon industry of the joinnbia. River. To establish a buréau of mines. To protect game. To appropriate money for Indian War olunteers of 1555-6.

To establish laboratory at State Uni-

ersity. To regulate veterinary surgeons To create office of State Examin To prevent robbery on railway trains. To regulate architects prohibit sale of game. establish Malheur isrigation district.

To regulate employment of convicts. To appropriate \$5,000 for Normal School at Monmouth. To license hunters of game. To exempt mining corporations from

orporation tax. arporation tax. To regulate osteopathy. To prohibit back entrances to saloon To abolish two and three of the tormal schools. To create countles of Hot Lake, Casade and Jefferson or Negmith. To create state library commission To regulate automobiles. To protect forests from fire.

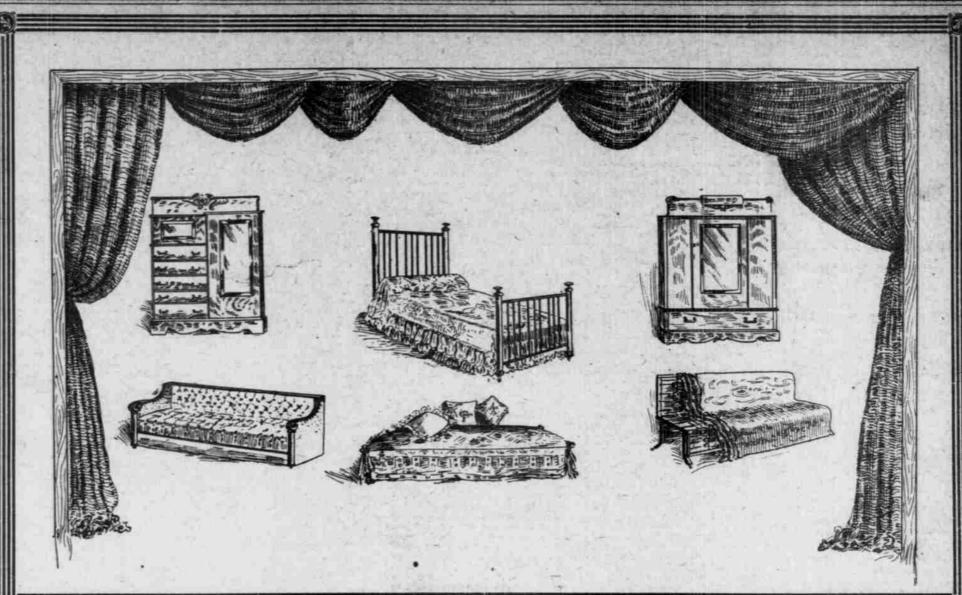
To amend direct primary law, To amend local option law. To prevent combinations ns of insurance To prevent ompanics. To give each county a prosecuting at-

To create state tax commissio To raise marriage license to \$5. To tax gross earnings of express, telephone and telegraph companies. To make gambling a felony and to sup-prose bucket shops.

WONDERFUL SOAP LAKE.

Legislature Considers Sale of Its Borders.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. I.-The introluction of a bill to repeal an act now on the statutes reserving from sale a quarter section of land five miles northwest of Ephrata, in Douglas County, has caused the relating of wonderful stories of the medicinal properties of Soap Lake, a small body of water upon which the



Exhibition and Demonstration

ALL THIS WEEK --- IN OUR CORNER WINDOW

MANTEL BEDS, UPRIGHT FOLDING BEDS, FOLDING DAVENPORTS FOLDING STEEL COUCHES, ALL LATEST IDEAS IN SAVE-ROOM BEDS

ALL this week we shall exhibit in our corner window a number of the very latest ideas in "Save-room" Folding Beds, Folding Davenports and Folding Couches. We shall show these beds fully made-up and ready for use. We want to demonstrate to you what a convenience they are and how easily they can be operated, so we'll have an attendant in the window all during the day. At intervals she will operate these different beds exactly the same as though they were in daily use, thus giving you a practical demonstration of their simplicity of construction and ease of manipulation. If you are interested in this sort of furniture 'twill be worth your while to see this exhibit.

Commission May Investigate The idea now seems to be that a com-mission, or, rather, members of the two committees of Senate and House which will bandle tariff legislation when the matter is considered, shall be authorized to make an investigation of the subject. If is doubtfol whether the stand-natiers will consent to this. Their idea is to have the country understand that there is a move-intention of revising the tariff, and that

of shoes in Massachusetts have been in-formed that, in case hides are put on the free list, manufactured leather must also go on the free list. Governor Douglas, who was elected on the Democratic ticket, and who is one of the largest shoe manu-facturers in the country, has already con-sented to that proposition, and the Mas-sachusets mean say that other manufac-turers are willing to have their products of leather and hides. **Commission May investigate** The like is an uninviting spot, it is said, the water is a very songy, saine taste, not unlike that of epsom saits. When here surface of the water is stirred by a breaze and the waves churn up foam and froth, which piles up on the lee shore, ometimes two feet high. The wind scatters this foam among the sage brank for long distances. One of the principal ints in the water is said to be found in no other waters, so far as known, with

