WAR ON BROKERS

Complaint to Be Filed Against M. J. Higley.

LICENSE OF \$300 NOT PAID

Ticket-Scalpers Will Resist Payment and Test Case on Ordinance Will Be Carried to the Supreme Court.

The long-expected war on the ticket brokers of the city is to be declared today, so it is announced by Deputy City Attorney Fitzgerald.

The breach which has been widening between the license department of the city and the brokers who have been doing business here has become too extended to be bridged by any other means than a suit at law. The annual license of \$300 which was to have been paid by January. is has not been turned into the city treas in a single instance, and the city take steps to force the observance

M. J. Higley to Be Arrested.

Complaint will be filed against the bro-erage firm of Martin J. Higley, 165 North Sixth street today, and the proprieto will be asked to show why he should no forced to pay the license as provided

The brokers, on the other hand, say they are not afraid of the outcome of the case. They are willing and anxious to have it tried out on its meltis, and are confident out on its merits, and are conof winning against the ordinance, which they hold to be unconstitutional and not in accord with the power granted she city by its charter.

The objection to the license will be made on the ground that it is excessive and prohibitive. Judge Pipes, the attor-ney for the defendants, will take the and that a license must be placed upon a occupation in reasonable amount, and trary to the powers granted the city by

and the laws of the state. The great objection which will be made to the ordinance will be that it places unreasonable and unnatural obstructions and restrictions upon the business of the ticket-brokers and places them at an unery and unlawful disadvantage.,

Provisions of the Ordinance.

be kept open for inspection; that a de-tailed and complete report of the bus-ness of each day be made and filed with the Chief of Police; that the names of all e seiling tickets to the office, as well as those who buy, be kept, together with the destination of the purchaser and his description. The numbers and descriptions of each ticket handled in the office are to also be made a matter of record, in order that the palice may be able at to trace any ticket from one

pay their licenses in order that the suit might be brought by the city. It was demight be brought by the city. I was alred by them to test the ordinance in order that they might be able to show its alleged unfairness. Judge Martin L. Pipes and John F. Logan have been retained to represent the brokers, while the cause of the city will be looked after by City Attorney McNary and Deputy Nanorald

Pringerald.

Pending the outcome of the trial, the brokers will be allowed to continue doing business, and in the event of their defeat the back ilcense will be charged to them. together with the costs of the trial. The case will be taken to the Supreme Court by the defendants in the event of a ver-dict unfavorable to them.

BOYS TORMENT CHINAMAN.

Yee Hong Is Assailed With Shower of Loaded Snowballs.

Petting an unonensice thinness with stones concented in snowballs, resulted last night in the arrest of Morris Reynolds on a charge of assault and battery. He is alleged to have broken Yee Hong's nose during

Yee Hong is a young Chinaman, who peddles vegetables for a livelihood. He was walking along Third street, Jefferson vesterday afternoon when he encountered a gang of youngsters. Seeing him, they at once began a furious attack with stones, wrapped in snow. One of the missiles struck him squara on the nose. In great pain, he hurried to police hendquarters and sed the arrest of Morris Reynolds.

other boys, and further arrests are expected.

Since the recent fall of snow, the police nave been called out many times to protect Chinamen, but in all but this case could not reach the scene of battle quickly enough to make any arrests. Fingrant cases of cruelty have been numerous, and Chinese residents have been living in fear, many of them preferring to remain in their bornes than the state of the State of President Myers, of the State Commits.

DEDICATING THE JOSS.

Chinatown the Scene of Peculiar Religious Ceremonies.

Dedication ceremonies of Ga Guin, the new joss of Chinatown, continued yes-terday and last night, and the celebra-tion may now be said to be well under way. Yesterday morning at 4 o'clock the day's exercises opened with an explosion of firecrackers that made noise enough to awaken the neighborhood. At 2 o'clock there were ceremonies in the loss house, and at 4 o'clock in the afternoon additional ceremonies were held, and a prorcession marched from one joss house to the other headed by the priests in the other headed by the priests in near robes. Last night there was a pri-ate feast, at which the priests presided. The spectacular part of the ceremonics

not occur until the opening day of the Chinese New Year's celebration, when the streets in Chinatown will be red with fire, a great amount of cooked food will be seen on the sidewniks, hundreds of candles will burn, peculiar Chinese music will fill the air and the jubilee will be

WILL BUILD WOOLEN MILL. Company Organizes to Put in Plant

will have another woollen mill, located on the site of the former plant of the Portland Woolen Mills Company, at Willsburg, on Johnson Creek, where it was destroyed by fire, about a year ago. Articles of incorporation are filed for the T. W. Clark Woolen Mills Company, 250.00 capital stock most of which has been taken, and will be wholly disposed of today. A three-set woolen mill, which, operated by two shifts will equal a six-set mill, will be built.

The names of the men interested are not made public at present, but assurances are given that there is large capital back of the new enterprise. President

D. M. Donagh, of the Sellwood Board of Trade, spoke very confidently last evening of the new mill. Mr. Clark and the parties interested with him bave made a thorough examination of the old location at Sellwood and decided it was the best that could be selected. There is water power for operating the factory part of the year, and the company will use some electric power. It will be less expensive to build the plant on this site than elsewhere, as some of the present buildings will be pressed into use, and besides, the flume and side tracks are still on the grounds.

TO BEAUTIFY THE FAIR.

the estimate of the cost of the landscape gardening at the grounds of the Lewis and Clark Exposition. Exposition officlais now state that this figure is almost exact, and that when the work is finished

there will be little left of the sum set

Thirty thousand dollars is a great deal to pay for the landscape gardening of tract of land less than 100 acres in extent, but the money is being well spent and excellent results will be obtained. Walking from the Agricultural Palace to Walking from the Agricultural Palace to The Trail, through Centennial Park, will convince anyone that days and days of careful toil have been put in on the land. Now that the group of buildings to the West, is almost completed the landscape gardening can go on. The boulerards and drives will be mapped out, grass will grow where now there are unsightly bare spots covered with debris. Flowers have to be planted trees have to be trimmed. be planted trees have to be trimmed, and it may be said that the busiest set and it may be said that the busiest set of people on the grounds from now until the opening of the Fair, with the excep-tion, possibly, of the committee on in-stallation of exhibits, will be the land-

cape gardeners. The \$35,500 set aside for the landscape gardening does not include the cost of the Sunken Gardens, for which a spe-cial appropriation of \$2750 has been set

BUREAU DOES GOOD WORK.

Exposition Visitors Will Have Apartments Engaged Before They Arrive. The Lewis and Clark accomm

bureau has now come to be recognized as one of the essential side issues of the Fair. Directors are not slow in admit-ting that through this bureau the great work of caring for the thousands of

iters is greatly eliminated.

The bureau has now on its lists thousand of rooms throughout the city, a list of the hotels, their class and their rates. The great work of classifying these nu-merous places of accommodation has been completed and the bureau can with a minute's notice, roply to any que telling him or her exactly what can be

furnished.
Such a bureau was operated in St. Louis during the Louislana Purchase Exposi tion, and its success, aside from a finan-cial point of view, was appreciated by the Exposition officials there. The Portland bureau is aiready receiving hundreds of applications daily, and it appears that the greater part of the visitors to the Exposition will come with all arrange-ments completed and will be able to go at once to their quarters and enjoy them-selves from the start without a day or two of preliminary skirmishing for suitable apariments.

State Expended \$49,000. At the offices of the State Lewis and

Clark Commission yesterday vouchers were signed by President Jefferson My were signed by President Jefferson Myers, clearing up the final payments of the
state expenditure at the St. Louis Exposition. Partial payments were also
made on the machinery and mining buildings and vouchers signed for insurance.
Calculations disclose that the total expenditure of the state at St. Louis was
in round numbers 18,000. Final payment of the men employed by the State
Commission was made.

Care of Exhibits Arrive.

One car of the Oregon exhibit at the St. Louis Exposition arrived in Portland yes-terday, and such of the exhibits as are rable will be preserved for the Lewis The returning ond Clark Exposition. The returning Oregon exhibit will fill 14 cars. Another car of the Messachusetts exhibit also arrived yesterday, and the contents will be immediately unloaded and stored in the Liberal Aris building.

Excursion to Exposition.

From Echo comes news that an excur-sion from that place and vicinity is being arranged to visit the Exposition. H. C. Willis, publisher of the Echo News, is to give the excursion in the name of his to give the excursion in the name of its publication. The excursion is arranged to leave Echo May II and arrives in Port-land in time for the opening exercises of the Exposition. Arrangements con-

Exposition Notes.

taken off and put on again by 'the very been living in fear, many preferring to remain in their in to venture out and risk of the venture out and recited to the clergymen that he would properly refer the matter to the board of directors.

County named committees Sat.

**Matheur County named

Malheur County named committees Sat-urday to arrange for the county's exhibit at the Lewis and Clark Exposition. The committees named are to go to work im-mediately. The County Court has approdividuals will double that sum.

MISSING GIRL FOUND.

Miss Clara Clelland Runs Away to Escape Domestic Work.

While walking rapidly along Sigth While walking rapidly along Sight street, near Stark, Miss Clara Clelland, missing for two days, was taken into custody last night by Acting Detectives Hellyer and Vaughn. She was escorted to police headquarters, where after a consultation with Chief Hunt, she was placed in charge of her parents.

ents The girl is aged 16 years. At 5 o'clock Sunday night, she left her home in University Park, saying to her mother that she was going to call on friends in the city. Inquiry later proved she had not done so, and Captain of Police Moore was notified to look out for her. A desire to get away from domestic work was ine only ex-cuse given the police by the girl. She was just going to dinner when the officers found her.

Nixon to Bulld Ships for Russia. NAPLES, Italy, Jan. 16.—Lewis Nix-on arrived here yesterday on board the Hamburg-American liner Deutschland, from New York. His name is not on the passenger list. Mr. Nixon is pro-ceeding overland to Paris, where it is reported he will hold a conference with a Russian agent regarding tor-pedoboats.

COALS AT ALASKAN PORT

TO ORIENT.

High Rate Paid for Taking Freight to the Other Side-Cargo of the Aragonia.

Landscape-Gardening Will Cost a Moji, for orders, but which is supposed would coal at Bristol Bay.

The Olympia and the Tacoma, another steamer of the same company that sailed recently from Seattle with beef, astensibly for Shanghai, are un ial way and are actually going to the ports for which they cleared. The oldblockade runners away from there.

As in the case of the Olympia, oats will probably make up the freight.

Cargo of the Aragonia

Cargo of the Aragonia.

The China liner Aragonia began discharging her inward cargo at Montogomery dock No. 1 yesterday morning. The cargo measures 7600 tons and is made up of 50,407 rolls of matting, 400 tubs of camphor. 77 cases of brushes, 144 of porcelain, 276 cases of curious, 268 cases of tea, 121 cases of strawbraid, 500 bags of peanuts, 3520 packages of Chinese merchandise, two cases of smoking ware, 1261 bags of rice, 50 bags of coffee, 100 bales of kopok, 1050 bales of jute, and 12 packages of rattan chairs.

Patched Up With Schwerin.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.-The threatened rate war among the steamers plving between this port and Portland has been avoided. A commit-tee of the Steam Schooner Managers'

Ohio Off for a Cruise.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16 .- The bat tleship Ohio has gone on a cruise that will probably keep her at sea for two weeks, and in that time she will be put through a number of tests and will experiment with the wireless telegraph system that has been established on the Farallone

Ashore, but Is Soon Floated.

o the suspicion that she is bound for Siberian port. It is believed she will sot be the only vessel to engage in oil for the Union Oil Company, of this this business from Portland, but that city.

ness from Portland, but that city. waitress or barmaid, nor shall sing, possibly hree more cargoes for partial possibly hree more cargoes for partial possibly hree more cargoes for partial properties of barmaid, nor shall sing, dance or take part in any theatrical or last night and docked at Greenwich, vaudeville perormance in any saloon,

The schooners Andy Mahony, with 100,000, feet and Irene, with 500,000 feet of lumber, have cleared for San Francisco.

The bar dredge Chinoek, which will be repaired by the Risdon fron Works, of San Francisco, will start Jown the river at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The Marthe Roux will start dis-

gas dock today, after which she will take ballast for her trip to Australia. The steamer Balley Gatzert will be moved down to the Willamette Boiler Works in a day or two, where her smakestack will be removed with the shears, ofter which her old boiler will be taken out and the new one in-

Domestic and Foreign Ports.

ASTORIA, Or., Jun. 16.-Arrived down

dition of the bar at 5 P. M., smooth; wind southwart; weather cloudy. San Francisco, Jan. 18.—Arrived—Steamer Arizonian, from New York, via San Diego; barkenine T. P. Emigh, from Newcastie, Australia: steamer Czarios, from Coos Say; steamer Queen, from Victoria; steamer W. H. Kruger, from Gray's Harbor. Salled—Steamer Whittier, for Fortland; U. S. S. Ohio, cruise. Hamborg, Jan. 16.—Salled January 18—tura, for San Francisco.
Liverpool, Jan: 16.—Salled January 18—Steamer Ping Suey, for Seattle.

Steamer Ping Suey, for Seattle, Yokohama, Jan. 16.—Arrived-Mongolia, fr via Henolulu, for Hingo, Nagasaki and Hong Kong.

EXIT THE BARMAIDS.

Ordinance Discovered Which Will Put Ban on Variety Halls.

During the hearing in the Municipal Court yesterday morning Judge Hogue came upon a forgotten section of a city ordinance which, if enforced, and the Judge says it will be, will have the effect of driving the variety theaters in the North End out of business. The section mentioned sets forth the law that no woman shall be engaged as

or building connected by door, window, opening or other means of egress and ingress to any saloon, barroom or drink

barroom or drink shop, or in any ro

shop.
"This law is a good one and will have
to be enforced," said Judge Rogue. "It
will have the effect of breaking up notorious dives and will do a great deal
toward eliminating a part of the vice
in the city."

Under this ordinance the resorts conducted by Blaizer, Fritz and Erickson on Burnside street cannot exist. Other resorts to come under the disapproval of this section are the Orpheum Theater, Blazier's on First street, the Wigwam, the Banquet Hail. Nearly every saloon in the North End and the South End has women in rear rooms directly connected with the barroom, and these women sing and commit other acts con-trary to the ordinance in the case.

As soon as he made the discovery Judge Hogue sent word to Chief of Po-lice Hunt, calling his attention to the law, and also consulted with Deputy City Attorney Fitzgerald. There were In court yesterday five women charged with vagrancy, who came under the section mentioned, but Judge Hogue let them all off with small fines. Now that the fact concerning the section of the

ordinance is made public, the Judge will give the limit of the law to all resorts disobeying the ordinance. "The law should be enforced," said Attorney Fitzgerald, "and I will will-

Attorney Fitzgerald, and I will will-ingly prosecute cases where this ordi-nance has been disobeyed."

Judge Hogue was also notified yester-day morning that there were perform-ing on the stage of the Orpheum Theater several girls under age, some as young as 14 years. He called the atten-tion of Detective Hawley, who take care of the work of the Boys and Girls Aid Society, to the fact and requeste-Officer Hawley to communicate with the Chief of Police and see that something was done about the matter. Detective Hawley informed the Judge that the matter was called to the attention of the police a short time ago, that he was ordered to report it to Superintendent Gardner, of the Boys' and Girls' Ald Society, that he did so and for some reason the matter was dropped Hogue will see that a full investigation

Mandolin Course at University.

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON. Eugene.
Jan. 18.—(Special.)—Definite arrangements have been perfected for the establishment of a mandolin course of study in the University musical department. Floy Beltiman, of this city, who directed the Mandolin Club during the tour through Eastern Oregon, will have charge of the work.

EAST, WEST AND SOUTH

United in One Respect. There may be differences of opinion regarding some subjects in sections of the country remote from such other, but there is none respecting the best remedy for piles, as witness the letters below.

"I have been feeling so good I could hardly believe it, after suffering with piles for a year to find that I am once more feeling like myself. I wish you could have seen me before I started using Pyramid Flie Cure, and look at me now, and you would say I am not the now. and you would say I am not the same man. I have gained 20 pounds, and all on account of Pyramid Pile Cure." Walter Sharkley, 36 Park street, Springfield.

unexpected results, a complete cure. I have been troubled with piles for 35 years, and was in much distress and passed much blood, but at present amfree from any kind of piles." F. McKay, Weaverville, Cal.

"Fyramid Pile Cure has been worth becaused of dollars to me. It overed me.

thousands of dollars to me; it cured me after using numbers of other remedies and taking medicines from doctors. It also cured my son, although he could hardly walk, eat or sleep; he is now all H. Stringfellow, Postmaster,

Eliko, S. C.
One thousand dollars is offered by the
Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich., to
any one who will show the above testimonials to be not genuine.
Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by druggists

for 50 cents a package, and every suf-ferer should buy a package and try it to-night, being careful to accept no substi-tutes, and bearing in mind the fact that there is nothing else "just as good."

C. GEE WO

The Great Chinese Doctor

is wonderful cures are so well known throughout the United States and because so many people are thankful to him for saving their lives from OPERATIONS

CONSULTATION FREE

THE C. GEE WO

CHINESE MEDICINE CO. 253 Alder Street

Mention this paper. Portland, t



"Cures While You Sleep." Whooping-Cough, Croup,

Bronchitis, Coughs, Diphtheria, Catarrh. Confidence can be placed in a remedy, which for a quarter of a century has earned unquali-fied praise. Ask your physician about it.



HAND

It makes the toilet something to be enjoyed. It removes all stains and roughness, prevents prickly heat and chafing, and leaves the skin, white, soft, healthy. In the bath it brings a glow and exhilaration which no comish bath. All Grocers and Druggists



For Inflammation or Catarrhof the Bladder and Diseased Kid-neys. BOURE WO FAT. Curse juickly and permanently the worst cases of Gonorrhoos and Gibres, no matter of how long standing. A book to 17 harmiess. Bold by druggists. Price 51.00, or by mail, post-paid, \$1.00, 3 boxes, \$2.75.

THE SANTAL-PEPSIN CO.

Patients out of the city write for blank and freular. Inclose stamp. Address

Portland, Or.

(Established 1879.)



The Vapo-Cresolene Co. 180 Fulton St. N.Y.

SAPOLIO

mon soap can equal, imparting the rigor and life sensation of a mild Turk-



Scott's Santal-Pepsin Capsules A POSITIVE CURE



OLYMPIA WILL NOT SAIL DIRECT

The steamship Olympia, which leared from here Saturday night for to be going to Vladivostok, is at Asand will cross out today. She will sall first to Comax, where she loads 500 tons of hunker coal and will then proceed to Bristol Bay, Alaska, where she will fill her bunkers to their capacity, 200 tops. From that point she will proceed direct to her destination. Were Moji the port she is bound for, it is not considered likely

derstood to have received a freight rate of \$15 a ton for carrying supplies to the other side. As the regular liners transport these commodities at not to exceed \$6.50 per ton, it seems wise to take with a grain of sait the asser-tions of their charterer that they are being operated in the regular commerestablished Oriental companies were offered this freight, but their under-taking to deliver it at Chinese ports was unsatisfactory to the Russian agents, the complaint being that the Chinese ports are too closely watched by Japanese cruisers and great diffi-culty would be experienced in getting The fact that the Olympia, as well as the Tacoma, will take the northern route in crossing the Pacific is not in itself suspicious, as that is the path of most of the Oriental steamers, but

that guarantees freedom from strikes,

lockouts and labor warfare is Battle

The story? The work people, merchants, lawyers, doctors and other citi-

zens became aroused and indignant at

the efforts of the labor unions through-

out the country to destroy the business

of one of our largest industries the Postum Cereal Co., Lt'd., and at the open

threats in the official union papers that

State Federations of Labor was being brought to bear to "punish" the indus-

tries of Battle Creek, and particularly

This sprung from the refusal of C. W. Post to obey the "o dors" of the unions

to take the Postum advertising away from various papers that refused to pur-

chase labor of the labor trust-the unions,

Mr. Post was ordered to join the unions

out of business" these publishers who

had worked faithfully for him for years.

and helped build up his business. They

convenient and against their best judg-

ment to buy labor of the labor trust. It

seems a rule of the unions to conspire to

ruin anyone who does not purchase from

order the manufacturer to discharge certain people because they did not patron-

ize him, and so on to the ridiculous and

villalnous limit of all this boycott non-

sense, in trying to force people to buy

It at the best price he can get just as he

would sell wheat, but he has no right to even intimate that he will obstruct the

house finds he must have that paint taken off and put on again by "the

repair the house or barn the carpenters'

"union" hounds him. He takes a pipe

wrench to stop a leaking pipe and pre-

vent damage to his property and the

He cannot put a little mortar to a loose

So the white slave is tied hand and foot, unable to lift a hand to better him-

self or do the needful things, without first obtaining permission from some haughty, ignorant and abusive tyrant of

some labor union.

It would all seem rather like a comic opera, if it did not rob people of their freedom: that kind of work will not be permitted long in America.

Some smooth managers have built up the labor trust in the last few years to bring themselves money and power and by managing workmen, have succeeded

in making it possible for them to lay down the law in some cities and force workmen and citizens to "obey" implici-ly, stripping them right and left of their

This is a Government of and for the se and no organization or trust shall

displace it. But the unions try it every now and then, led by desperate men as shown in their defiance of law and sup-

port of law breakers.

of bread that has no "union" label

miserable for him,

"union" does things to him.

owner will not purchase of him.

usiness, or attempt its ruin because the

if a man has tabor to sell let him sell

them upon their own terms.

what they do not want.

Creek, Mich.

Association conferred with R. P. Schwerin, the manager of the line of Portland packets, and as a result of the conference an amicable agreement was reached. The steam schooner men will not cut the passenger rates, and the present schedule of fares will be maintained.

ALEXANDRIA, Egypt, Jan. 16 .- The North German Lloyd steamer Hohen-zollern, from Naples, ran ashore at the mouth of this harbor this morning. Later in the day the Hobenzoilern was floated and is now safe in the harbor.

The schooner Eldorado will finish loading lumber for Shanghal this morning. The steamer Aurelia will sail for San Francisco today with 530,000 feet by stopping on the route to coal at Alaska the Olympia lays herself open to the suspicion that she is bound for a Siberian port. It is believed she will of lumber.

The only place in the United States dren, destruction of property and murder hat guarantees freedom from strikes, of American citizens during the past two maintained, and the destructive work of outside interference avoided under the crime and abuse perpetrated by slave combined effort and action of all our peo-their work people. merchants and citiyears is perhaps ten times the volume of crime and abuse perpetrated by slave-owners during any two years previous to the Civil War. We are in a horrible petod of lethargy, which permits us to stand idly by while our American citizens are abused, crippled and murdered in dozens and hundreds by an organization or trust, having for its purpose, thrusting what it has to sell (labor) upon us whether or no.

Secondarion the formation of a Citizens Association.

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE L—NAME:

ARTICLE 2—OBJECTS.

First—To insure so far as possible, a permanent condition of peace, prosperity and steady employment to the people of Huttle Creek.

Result of Boycott

should be chased by a mob. caught and beaten unconscious, then his mouth pried open and carbolic acid poured down his throat, then his ribs kicked in and his face well stamped with iron nalled shoes, murdered because he tried to earn bread for his children. By the Eternai, sir. a fleet of Americas men-of-war, would assemble there, clear for action and blow something off the face of the earth, if reparation were not made for the blood of one of our citizens.

And what answer do we make to the appeals of the hundreds of widows and orphans of those Americans murdered by How do we try to protect the thousands of intelligent citizens who, with reason, prefer not to join any labor union and be subject to the tyranny of the heavily-paid rulers of the labor

Upon a firm refusal by Mr. Post to join this criminal conspiracy a general boycott was ordered on Grape-Nuts and An inkmaker we papermaker who failed to sell ink or paper would have the same reason to order Post to help ruin these publishers. So the peddler in the street might stone you if you refused to boy his apples; the cabman to run over you if you refused to ride with him; the grocer orders of any labor union. If they can make their boycott effective and sink our ship, we will go down with the captain on the bridge and in command."

This set the writers in labor spapers crazy and they redoubled their abuse. Finally one of their official organs came out with a large double-column denunciation of Battle Creek, calling it "a run-ning sore on the face of Michigan," because it would not become "organized" and pay in dues to their labor leaders. The usual coarse, villainous epithets common to labor union writers were in-

The unions have become so tyrunnous and arrogant with their despotism that a common citizen who has some time to spare and innecestly thinks he has a right to put a little paint on his own house finds he must have that paint taken off and out on again by "the The working people of Battle Creek."

The working people of Battle Creek are of the highest order of American mechanics. The majority are not union members, for practically all of the mau-facturers have for years declined to em-ploy union men because of disturbances about Il years ago, and the union men now in the city are among the best more miserable than that of a black slave before the war. If he drives a nail to No city in the State of Michigan pays

as high average wages as Battle Creek, no city of its size is as prosperous, and no city has so large a proportion of the best grade of mechanics who own their So the work people massed together with the other citizens in the organization of the Citizens' Association, with the following preamble and constitution: brick on his chimney or the bricklayers, plasterers' or hodcarries' "union" is up in arms and if he carelessly eats a loaf

Whereas, From 1891 to 1894 the strikes instigated by Labor Unions in Battle Creek resulted in the destruction of property and loss of large sums of money in wages that would have been expended here; and. the bakers' "union" proceeds to make life Whereas. These acts caused serious damage to the city and in a marked way delayed its progress at that time; and. Whereas, Since the year 1834 the citizens

to prevent the recurrence of strikes and Labor Union disturbances which have been prevalent elsewhere; and, Whereas, The employers of this city have steadfastly refused to place the management of their business under the control of Labor Unions, but have maintained the highest standard of wages paid under like conditions anywhere in the United States, and hereby unani-mously declared their intent to continue such policy; and the employes of this city, a large percentage of whom own homes and have families reared and eduthe people. They have gone far enough to order the President to remove certain citizens from office because the "unions" weren't pleased.

That means they propose to make the law of the unions replace the law of this Government and the union leaders dominate even the chief executive.

This is a Government of and for the chief executive.

ence of the past offering sufficient reason for a determined stand for freedom; and. Whereas, The attitude of the clitzens on this subject has been the means of pre-serving peaceful conditions and continu-ous prosperity in marked contract to the conditions existing in other cities suffer-ing from the dictation of Trades Union-lum; it is therefore.

Buttle Creek. Second-To energetically assist in mair taining law and order at all times and inder all conditions. Third—To protect its members in their rights to manage their property and to dispose of their labor in a legal, lawful manner without restraint or interference.

Fourth-To insure and permaner maintain fair, just treatment, one wanother in all the relations of life. Fifth-To preserve the existing right of any capable person to obtain employ-ment and sell his labor, without being obliged to join any particular church, secret society, labor union or any other organization, and to support all such persons in their efforts to resist compul-

sory methods on the part of any organ ized body whatsoever. Sixth-To promote among employers a spirit of fairness, friendship and desire for the best interests of their employes,

Seventh-To so amaigamate the public sentiment of all of the best citizens of Battle Creek, that a guarantee can be given to the world of a continuance of peaceful conditions, and that under such guarantee and protection manufacturers and capitalists can be induced to locate their business enterprises in Hattle Creek. Then follows articles relating to mem-bership, officers, duties, etc., etc., etc. This constitution has been signed by

the great majority of representative citi-zens including our workpeople.

A number of manufacturers from other cities, where they have been suffering all sorts of indignities, inconvenience and loases from the general hell of labor union strikes, picketing, assaults and other interference, proposed to move, providing they could be guaranteed pro-

The subject grew in importance until it has reached a place where absolute protection can be guaranteed by the citizens of Battle Creek on the following broad and evenly-balanced terms which guarantees to the workman and to the manufacturer fairness. Justice, steady work and regularity of output. The new-coming manufacturer agrees to maintain the standard rate of wage paid elsewhere for like service, under similar conditions, the rate to be deter-mined from time to time from well authenticated reports from competing cities. The tabulated wage reports issued by the Government Department of Commerce and Labor can also be used to show the standard rate, and it is expected later on that this Government bureau will furnish

different centers so that the workman when he is ready to sell his labor and the employer when he is ready to buy, may each have reliable information as to the market or ruling price.

The mew-coming agrees to maintain the sanitar, glenic conditions provided for by the state laws and to refrain from any lock-outs to reduce wages below the standard; reserving to himself the right to discharge any employe for cause.

The Citizens' Association on its part is possible to obtain, first-class workmen who will contract to sell their labor at who will contract to sell their labor at an attandard price for such period as standard price for such period as standard price for such period as attandard price for such period price have been enabled, by public sentiment, common to labor unionism. Each workman reserving to himself the right to quit
work for cause, and the Cltizens' Association furthere piedges its members to
use its associated power to enforce the
contracts between employer and employe
and to act en masse to uphold the law
at all times.

The new industries locating in Battle
Creek will not start under any sort of
labor union domination whatsoever, but

labor union domination whatsoever, but will make individual contracts with each employe, those contracts being fair and equitable and guaranteed on both sides. Thus from the abuses of labor unions and their insane efforts to ruin everyone

who does not "obey" has evolved this pian which replaces the old conditions of injustice, lockouts, strikes, violence loss of money and property, and general in-dustrial warfate, and inaugurates an era dustrial warrare, and inaugurates an era serving peaceful conditions and continuous prosperity in marked contract to the employer and employer, a steady continuous existing is other cities suffering from the dictation of Trades Unionistic in the continuance of industry and consequent prosperity. The entire community pledged by they have a right to use for announcement it, therefore.

Besolved That the continuance of peace store to each man his ancient right to editorial opinion.

their work people, merchants and citizens, as well as their industries, from the blight of strikes, violence and the losses brought on by labor unionism run amuck, by adopting the "Battle Creek plan," but this city offers industrial peace

now with cheap coal and good water. first-class railroad facilities and the best grade of fair capable and peaceable mechanies known. Details given upon inquiry of the Secy, of the Citizens' Ass'n." Identification.

The public should remember that there

are a few Labor Unions conducted on peaceful lines and in proportion as they are worthy, they have won esteem, for we as a people, are strongly in sympathy with any right act that has for its purpose better conditions for wage workers. But we do not forget that we seek the good of all and not those alone who belong to some organization, whereas evithe law abiding unions show undeniable evidences of tyranny and oppression who they are stong enough, while many of the unions harbor and encourage criminais in their efforts to force a yoke of slavery upon the American people. As a public speaker lately said: "The arro-gance of the English King that roused the flery eloquence of Otis, that inspire the immortal declaration of Jefferso that left Warren dying on the slopes than the conditions that a closed would force upon the community. men burst into rebellion 'when the King did but touch their pockets. Imagine, I you can, their indignant protest had he sought to prohibit or restrict their occu pation or determine the conditions unde

which they should earn their livell-hood," and to assault, beat and murder them, blow up their houses and poison their food if they did not submit. The public should also remember that good, true American citizens can be found in the unions and that they deprecate the criminal acts of their fellow members, but they are often in bad company. Salt only hurts sore spots,

when the criminals are denounced, but when you hear a union man "holler" be-cause the facts are made public, he has branded himself as either one of the lawbreakers or a sympathizer, and therefore with the mind of the lawbreakere, and likely to become one when opportunity offers. That is one reason employers de-cline to hire such men. A short time ago inquiry came from A short time ago inquiry came from the union forces to know if Mr. Post would "keep still" if they would call off the boycott on Postum and Grape-Nuts. This is the reply: "The labor trust his seen fit to try to rain our business because we would not join its criminal conspiracy. We are plain American citizens and differ from the labor union plan in that we do not force people to strike, picket, boycott, assault, blow up property or committ murder.

honest, lawabiding union man is not hur

er committ murder. We do not pay thugs 120 to break in the ribs of any man who tries to support his family nor \$30 for an eye knocked weekly reports of the labor market from

gard for sturdy and indepe

mene by paying the highest wages in the

choke the throat and still the voice raised in stern denunciation of the despotism which tramples beneath an iron-shoo heel the freedom of our brothers.

Your boycott may perhaps succeed in throwing our people out of work and driving us from business, but you can-not wrench from us that priceless jewel our fathers fought for and which every true son guards with his life. Therefore, speaking for our work people and our-selves the infamous offer is declined." POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD.

Big Q is a non-poistance remedy for General he is depth in two days. Whites, unnutural discussions of mucous sungion, tion of mucous must reast sounds because Non-astringent security of the contract of mucous must be the contract of mucous must be contracted by the contrac Sold by Drngglats,