Members of House Pass on Swayne Case.

NO DIVISION ON QUESTION

Charges Against Florida Judge Arouses Intense Interest.

FEW SEATS ARE UNOCCUPIED

Committee is Appointed to Carry the Matter Into the Senate-Proceeding Occupies the Entire Day.

CHARGES AGAINST SWAYNE.

Arbitrary in his rulings. Padding expense acc

Spending on an average 212 days out-

During this time, he held court no-

Never lived in that state in any sense.

His Career. Charles Swagne was appointed District Judge for the Northern Florida District by President Harrison, 15 years ago. He is 52 years of age. He was extensively ndorsed for Supreme Justice in 1897, after the death of Justice Field.

First Impeachment Since 1876. The Swayne proceedings are the first of their kind since the imposchment in 1876 of General W. W. Belknap, who was Secretary of War in General Grant's

........

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13 .- Sitting as a grand jury, the House of Representatives today, with almost a full membership, adopted a resolution providing for the impeachment of Judge Swayne, of the Northern District of Florida, for "high crimes and misdemenhors." Throughout the session intense interest was shown by members.

Following the adoption of the impeachment resolution, provision was made for the appointment of five memorate for the appointment of five memorate for the action of the House, and it was again and deals less gently with Lawson peachment and for a committee of seven to present the case to the Sen-

That the members fully appreciated the responsibility resting upon them was evidenced by the close attention Senate, Messrs, Palmer (Pa.), Jenkins which they paid to the reading by (Wis.), Gillett (Cal.) Clayton (Dem., Ala.), Paimer (Rep., Pa.) of the specifications and evidence in the case.

As Palmer detailed the various amounts paid to Judge Swayne as nec essary expenses, he was subjected to a fire of questions by several members. A question by Mr. Adams (Pa.) if it were the custom of the other Judges to accept the maximum of \$10 per day for expenses aroused the ire of Palmer. who answered with an emphatic "no," adding that if it was the custom it would be no evidence in this case.

"We are," he said, with emphasis, "trying the case of Judge Swayne, and not all the Judges of the United

Expense Account Unexplained

Replying to Lacey (Ia.), Palmer said the committee did not look into the question of whether the rate of \$10 a day was a maximum allowance, not thinking it relevant. The charge against Judge Swayne of swearing that his expenses were \$10, when, in fact, the expenses were proved to be considerably less, he said, stands unexplained and undefended by the Judge.

In order that it might be considered as a part of the record in the case, and taken into account in making up the BRIBERY CHARGED IN ELECTION decision of the House Clayton (Dem. Court of Claims regarding what may be regarded as proper expenses of a Judge.

After concluding his resume of the evidence. Palmer said that if Judge W. S. Fielding. Finance Minister in the Swayne had done well he ought to be Federal Cabinet: Sir Frederick Borden, vindicated and sent out with the commendation "well done good and faithful servant." If Judge Swayne had done his excuse and apologies may or may not receive consideration." If the House were of the opinion that Judge Swayne's conduct had been commendable, "let him go scot free," but, he added, amid impressive silence, "in my judgment it will be a sorry day for the ided by the representatives of the The courts, he declared, are refuge of the weak, defenseless oppressed, and upon their integrity and purity depends the preserva on of life, liberty and property. Mr. Palmer closed by saying: "That

they may be kept pure and free from all reproach is my prayer and my hope, and for that reason I shall vote impeach the Hon. Charles Swayne. Clayton (Dem. Ala.) said: "This man is unworthy of the high office." He was sure that the House, if it were satisfied from the testimony that Judge Swayne an unjust and unworthy man, would not heritate to see that the for sal charges are made against him as his arraignment and trial at the bar of the Senate.

Clayton Severely Arraigns Judge. Clayton was particularly severe in his arraignment of what he characterized as Judge Swayne's excuses and ex-culpatory testimony regarding his failure to acquire a residence in Pensa-

"Ah," he said, striking his deak, "when he studies the case and the report he sees that he did not swear far enough, and now he tiptoes on this question of resi-

Judge Swayne's amended testimony, he seclared, amounted to nothing. When the Judge took steps to acquire a residence ifornia

in his district "he had wind of these im

eachment proceedings."
The question of Judge Swayne's resi dence was also discussed by Gillett (Cal.), who insisted that Judge Swayne had dis-tinctly shown an intent to make Pensa-cola his home. All the effort and industry of the parties making the charges again Judge Swayne, he said, had not produce Judge Swayne, he said, had not produced a single witness who said Judge Swayne resided or had a home in Delaware. It made no difference, he contended, if Judge Swayne were not in Pensacola over 20 days a year, because he might have been somewhere else, "doing business for his country." The record showed that Judge Swayne went to Florida, Alabama and Texas to hold court.
"There was no evidence." he maintained.

"There was no evidence," he maintained, "that anybody suffered injury by reason of the fact that Judge Swayne was not

Florida.

in Florida."

Gillett then took up the judicial acts of Judge Swayne, who justified them on the ground that Judge Swayne not only had the legal right to act as he did in the soveral cases complained of, but also had jurisdiction so to do.

While he admitted, in reply to a question by Palmer (Pa.), that traveling over the country by Judge Swayne in a private car of the Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West Railroad—then in the hands of a receiver appointed by Judge Swayne—was a thing that ought not perhaps have was a thing that ought not perhaps have been done, he contended that it did not involve that turpitude that should cause

subject of the amounts charged by Judge Swayne and sworn to as having been expended by him for reasonable ex-penses, said Gillett, which witness explained away and excused by some cir cumstances, was a serious accusation. If the \$10 a day were collected by Judge Swayne with wrongful intent its collec-

Laughter at Expense of Gillett.

Mann (III.) provoked laughter by calling attention to the fact that Gillett had made a report in the case one way and made a speech the other; and he tried to secure a categorical answer as to whether he thought the resolution should pass. "When the roll call comes," said Gil-

"Then," retorted Mann, "I shall be compelled to vote after the gentleman "
"If you will follow the gentleman from California." quickly replied Gillett, "you

Powers (Mass.) declared that the real was whether Judge Swayne ought to be impeached upon one or more criticles of the specifications. Littlefield (Me.) defended Judge Swayne

ation he felt the Senate would not sus-"If you believe," said Henry (Dem. Tex.), "Judge Swayne acted fraudulently in making these accounts, don't you think the other specifications would throw light

replied Littlefield; "I don't think this House in an impeachment proceeding will undertake to present to the Senate, and stand before the people, on the proposition that it is necessary to rely on the atmosphere created by one sustained charge to sustain a charge that is vague

adopted.

Another resolution was adopted providing that a committee of seven by appoint.

Copper King. peachment against Judg e Swayne. The Speaker thereupon appointed as the com-

and Smith (Dem., Ky.). At 5:18 the House adjourned until to

ROCKEFELLER GIVES MORE.

University of Chicago Receives About Three Hundred Thousand Dollars.

CHICAGO, Dec. II.-The University of Chicago is the recipient of another gift from John D. Rockefeller, according to a nember of the advisory committee of the Baptist Theological Union. Between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000 is said to be the amount of the endowment. The money is said, is to be used for the creation of a school of engineering.

President of Carnegie Institute.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.-Dr. R. S. Woodward, dean of the faculty of pure science at the Columbia University, today was elected president of the Carnegie Institute by the board of trustees. He succeeds Dr. G. C. Gilman, ex-president of Johns Hopkins University. Woodward is well known as an educator and while in this city was connected with the Coast and Geodetic Survey and

Ala.) quoted from a decision of the Conservatives Begin Proceedings

the Geological Survey.

Against Prominent Liberals. HALIFAX, N. S., Dec. 12 .- A sensation as created in political circles today by the institution of legal proceedings against Minister of Militia and Defense, and four other leading Liberal members of Parliament in Nova Scotia. Petitions filed in the Supreme Court asked that the Parlia-mentary seats of all ten be called vacant on the grounds of alleged bribery com-mitted by agents in their behalf in the general election of Thursday, Nover The petitions were filed in the interest of the Conservative party.

The proceeding is believed to be an atment to obtain several members from this province. In the November election they one of the 18 sents. the Liberal leaders are now in Halifax,

PORTLAND GETS MEETING. Traveling Passenger Agents Will Come Here in 1905.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 13,-The American Association of Traveling Passenger Agents today elected J. W. Adams, of San Francisco, president. Portiand, Or., was chosen as the next meeting place, without opposition, the time to be fixed by the executive committee, which will be appointed by President Adams

ACTRESS WEDS MILLIONAIRE. Leading Lady of "San Toy" Wins

Affections of Californian.

DENVER, Dec. 13.—Miss Mina Rudolph, leading lady of the "San Toy" company, and Jefferson J. Graves, of Jameson, Cal., reputed a millionaire, have been married by Justice of the Peace Hynes, of this city. The couple left immediately for Cal-

Colonel Greene Coming With Hot Words.

SHOOTING MAY

Copper King Hard Hit By Raid Makes Attack in Print.

BOSTON MAN ON HIS GUARD

Detectives Closely Guard His Rooms -Greene Calls Him a Faker, a Liar and a Robber of Poor Widows and Orphans.

BOSTON, Masz., Dec. 13 .- (Special.)-President William C. Greene, of the Greene Consolidated Copper Company, published here today a half-page of bitter denunciation of Thomas W. Lawson "the gentleman from California will for the latter's methods of advertising and raiding of Amalgamated and other copper stocks. In it Colonel Greene calls Lawson a faker, charlatan, liar and robber of the poor widows and orphans. He announces that he is coming to Boston to tell Lawson to his face, in Lawson's office, the very same things.

Lawson has replied to this attack and says he will continue in his course, despite Greene, Standard Oil, "the system" or any living being. He declares he is not responsible for the losses of Colonel Greene, amounting to \$5,000,000 it is said. in Greene Consolidated stock, or for the drop in that stock this week. Lawson says that Greene Consolidated was one of the stocks he exempted from attack

are closely guarded tenight by detectives in its character."

Lamur (Dem., Fla.), who filed the original charges against Judge Swayne, closed six-shooter in an open drawer at his el-

"tyrannical and unjust."
The previous question was ordered, 195
to 21. The resolution was then agreed to without division. Immediately after the adoption of the impeachment resolution, it also breathes defiance.

GREENE HAS NOT YET LEFT.

He Announces Intention of Meeting

Lawson in Advertisements. NEW YORK, Dec. 13.-Wall street was today discussing the possibility of a meeting between Colonel W. C. Greene, of the Greene Consolidated Copper Company, and Thomas W. Lawson, of Boston, Colonel Greene having announced in several morning newspaper advertisements that he was going to Boston this morning to onfront Mr. Lawson, whom he blamed for the recent crash in copper stocks. Colonel Greene had not left this city this afternoon, and some of his friends said they were not at all sure that the threat contained in the adver-tisement would be carried out. It was positively stated that he would not go tonight.

Colonel Greene reached his office early today and denied himself to every one seeking information. During the day, however, when a rumor that he had lost co rol of the Greene Consolldated Company was circulated. Colonel Greene sent out signed statement in that he and his friends held a majority of the stock.

AVERT WALL-STREET PANIC.

Capitalists Block All Movements to Force Prices Downward.

NEW YORK, Dec. 13.-Wall street began the day with more anxiety than it has shown since the May panic in 1561. Chief among the reasons for this feeling was the absolute collapse of the market resterday's close, revealing weak spots in

unlooked-for places.

A great majority of the brokerwork until late last evening, and so of the members worked long after mid-night examining accounts and issuing imperative calls to customers for margi Many stock exchange members arrived nuch earlier than usual, to prepare for the day, and to get a line on the Lonmarket. That center offered but slight encouragement. No Americans showed general recovery from the opening de moralization there. Almost every con ceivable sort of rumor was in the air this morning and the names of Indi-viduals and firms who are commonly supposed to have suffered by the break were freely mentioned. Few doubted, how-ever, that the moneyed interests were prepared for any emergency.

Attracted by the previous day's events, the guilery of the stock exchange held a large crowd of onlookers. The floor was crowded with members, many of them oldtimers, who seldom appear there, save on momentalis' occasions. The subdued noise which prevailed at the opening broke into a roar at the first sound of the chairman's gong. The greatest crowds we're again around the Amalgamated Copper and United States Steel trading posts, where brokers fairly mauled on another in their efforts to execute order. Many of these, as indicated by th opening quotations, were to sell "at the "The offices of the brokerage were crowded with customers, market. many of them from out of town. They seemed to think it necessary to their in-terest to be in close touch with the situa-In the offices of the commission houses, which have private wires running to the leading cities, the scene was especially animated and exciting.

Telegraph operators were receiving and ending countless messages, and it seemed as if the country at large was waiting Wall street. the tape was at least fen minutes behind the market. Amaignmated Copper was quoted at 6% at a time when 64 was

being bid on the floor. Support was shown in this and other stocks, and brokers supported buying by insiders. Bargain hunters also took a hand. Offerings of copper seemed to be freely advertised, and as much gossip as leaked out of the boardroom in the early trading indicated that the buying was of a general character. eral character. *
The delayed quotations on the tape re

corded some further disastrous breaks in prices, but powerful support quickly be-

came manifest, and there were spasmodic railies all through the list.

The bears rushed to cover and carried Amaigamated Copper three points over last night. Southern Pacific, Colorado Fuel and International Paper recovered Fuel and International Paper recovered to a point over the closing last night, and fractional gains were established in Union Pacific, Pennsylvania, Norfolk & Western, United States Steel, Ontario & Western, Atchison, Rock Island and Kansas & Texas preferred. Recoveries were complete or practically so in Missouri Pacific, Southern Railway and People's Gas. Recoveries elsewhere were not so complete, but showed violent railies from the low roint.

plete, but showed violent sales in Allis (The break extended to 3 points in Allis Chalmers preferred, 7 in Puliman and 3½ in Tennessee Coal.

Trading was extremely feverish for a time on the rally, but the market settled down into a quieter tone before II o'clock. Call money opened at 3 per cent and held at that figure throughout the morning. Lordon traders dealt both ways. ing. London traders dealt both ways, but probably sold 20,000 shares on balance. The story was told that just before the opening here 25,000 shares of United States Steel preferred were dumped on the Lonon market, the object apparently being depress prices here.

London doubtless sold back all this

stock on profit taking. Room traders are said to have bought 15,000 shares of Steel preferred, which they sold at a profit of 134 points. Numerous similar quick "turns" were probably made on a smaller scale. The recovery conveyed the theory that the greater part of the liquidation by weak interests has been completed. The buying power, in the judgment of onlookers, was of a better quality than had seen since the beginning of the de-

The market became quiet at the recov ered level of prices, but support was forthcoming at any attempt to force the level downward again. The whole mar ket showed a close sympathy with Amalgamated Copper, which touched 65% early in the afterno on, and support for that stock relieved the pressure at any other

Another chill pervaded the stock market in the last hour, when Amalgamated Cop-per, after selling up more than five points over last night, suddenly relapsed 2%. The gains which had been established elsewhere, melted away in short order, but at about last night's level support was again forthcoming after the same character as that which had protected the earlier market. Some sharp railies re-sulted, and in a few cases prices ran up higher than before.

BOSTON MARKET STEADIER. There is a Determined Attempt

Check Bearish Tendency. BOSTON. Dec. 13.—The Boston stock market, at the opening today, showed (Concluded on Page Four.)

CONTENTS OF TODAY'S PAPER

YESTERDAY'S Maximum temperature Lawson's Raid on Stocks.

Colonal Greece, who has lost \$5,000,000, calls
Lawson a taker and a robber, and adver-

tisee that he is going to Boston to repeal statements to his face. Page 1. earing Greene will make good his threat Lawson works with revolver at his elboy

Lawson
Page 1.
Large interests step in and block every attempt to force prices down. Page I.
Case of Mrs. Chadwick.

Hearing in New York is waived, and officers start with her for Cleveland. Page 1. Prisoner declares she refused bail in New York and will not try to secure it is Cleveland. Page 1.

She denies she is afaid to meet Carnegie, and is returning to face her accusers and fight for securities. Page 1. wland grand jury is still investigating. Page 1.

Congress. House votes to impeach Judge Swayne, of Florida. Page 1. nate passes bill to throw open 800,000 acres of land in Yakima reservation

omination of Governor Brady, of Alaska in the Senate. Page 3. enate committee hearing Smoot case is in-formed of bloody vows Mormons take in the House of Endowment. Page 3.

Minneapolls is visited by a \$3,000,000 fire which three lives are lost. Page 1. Prosecutor says he will show relatives of Nan Patterson conspired with her against Caesar Young, Page 4.

stmaster-General Wynne removes lettercarriers who have been prominent politically and guilty of insubordi

Reter-Japanese War.

Disasters to both Russian and Japanese ships
at Port Arthur are reported by Chefor cos-

Dismantled Rucian ship Askold is taking on coal, and some believe she has been re-paired with idea of trying to join Baltic squadron. Page 4. North Seg Com

Assessing of Minister von Pichye are as tenced. Page 8. Hungarian Depiates, incensed at presence of guards, wreck interferent Parliament build. ing. Page 5. 7 Pacific Const.

under discussion at Salem. Page 6. Columbia River parkers will work for longopen Spring season. Page 6. cers at Tacoma. Page 6.

"Young Corbett" offers to meet Terry McGov ern again. Page 7. McCreedies go to San Francisco to attend baseball meeting. Page 7. Multnomah eleven short of good men for Scat tie game. Page 7.

Commercial and Marine. local hop market firmer. Page 15.

Strong demand for bariey at San Francisco Steamer Wenona inspected on drydock Page 14. Portland and Vicinity.

Prompt measures by capitalists avert disasted in stock market. Page 15.

Secretary Reed predicts that Lewis and Clark attendance will exceed 1,000,000. Page 6. Trial of land-fraud cases goes on. Page 16. Grand jury considers sewer scandal. Page 10. logical survey. Page 14. Mrs. J. B. Goggius' attempt to take latest of suicidal series. Page 14.

hour Pierced hat and other evidence found on shind of attempted train robbery. Page 10. was 2. E. Clark, chief of Order of Rallway ductors, in Portland, Page 10,

Mrs. Chadwick Starts For Cleveland.

SHE MAKES STATEMENT

Offers to Furnish Bail for Her in New York Declined.

WANTS TO MEET CREDITORS

Prisoner Declares She Will Pay Every Debt, Then Call Some People Names She Will Not Give Bail in Ohio City.

DEVELOPMENTS OF DAY.

Mrs. Chadwick waives examination in New York, and starts for Cleveland to stand trial,

She declares her going was entirely voluntary, and that she refused offers of

Bail will not be given in Cleveland. The amount will be placed at \$40,000. Prisoner is sure she can pay all her ebts, and once this is done, she pro ises to issue a sensational statement. Carnegle cannot appear at investiga-tion beginning today, but will attend

Banker Beckwith asserts Dr. Chadwick knew a great deal about his wife's dealings, despite his statement to confrary, Grand jury at Cleveland is still at work, but has returned no more indict-

NEW YORK, Dec. 13.-Mrs. Chadwick tarted for Cleveland on the Buffale Limited train, which left the Grand Central Station over the New York Central at 8 clock tonight. Before leaving, she made a statement, in which she declared she will pay all her obligations, and that her sole purpose in going is to face her crock bail here if she had wished to, and that

one of the most prominent men in the country had offered today to go on her Mrs. Chadwick left here in custody of United States Marshal Henkel and two Deputy Marshals. Marshal Henkel said he would leave the train at Poughkeepsie but the deputies would go on to Cleveland with the prisoner. The train is

scheduled to arrive in Cleveland at 11:50 tomorrow morning. Before leaving the United States Marshal's office, Mrs. Chadwick, at the suggestion of her counsel. Philip Carpenter, consented to an interview with the newspaper men who were waiting. It was shortly before 7 o'clock when the reporters were admitted to Mr. Henkel's office where Mrs. Chadwick was awaiting them. She was reclining on a couch, and seemed particularly alert. She was the absolute mistress of berself, and either smiled as she made her statements, or gave way to

an expression of bitterness. "Many statements that have appeared are absolutely false," she began! "I have read statements in one or two papers that are absolutely false. I am physically and mentally broken down. Im not in

any condition to make a statement Did Not Cable Dr. Chadwick. "It is not true that I cabled to Dr. Chad wick this morning. Dr. Chadwick cabled to me this morning, and that cablegram will appear in the Cleveland Plain Dealer

omorrow morning. "I am going home for the sole purpos of facing my creditors and the charges they have made against me. I am going home voluntarily, and not because I could not obtain bail. Since my arrest I have had offers of ball from many prom inent persons. Isn't that so Mr. Carpen ter?" she asked, turning to her counsel

"Yes, that's true," he replied. Today bail was offered to me by one of the most prominent men in Cleveland by telegram," said Mrs. Chadwick. "He said that a wire would bring him here to furnish any amount of ball that would be wanted."

'I have had at least half a dozen prominent persons offering me ball today," centinued the woman. "There was no reason why I could not get ball. "I am not going to answer any qu tions," sald Mrs. Chadwick, when one of the reporters asked her to disclose the identity of the person who made the

"As I said before, I am a wreck. The way my son and maid have been assed by you young men is absolutely barrassing. I want it understood that I am going home simply because it is the place where I should be.

"I shall not give ball when I get to Cleveland. I have the best motive in the this case from beginning to end will b soon published in a certain news "You will call names, won't you?" terrupted Mr. Carpenter.

Will Use Names. "I shall use names," corrected Mrs.

"I promised to give out my story, and it may take weeks to get it out. It may be, however, that it will be published tomorrow, next week or in a month, but ertainly not until all my obligations are "I have not tried to flee from any one;

not even from the newspapermen," she continued, with a smile. "When you young men thought that I was sick at the Holland House, I walked out right by you and went to the Fifth-Avenue Hotel, and afterward took a cab back to the Holland and went to bed.
"I left the Holland House one night nad went out walking between two of the most prominent men in New York City, I had dinner with them at Sherry's, and came back, and you did not see me.
"Even the night it was reported you had committed suicide you went out.
didn't you. Mrs. Chadwick?" seked Mr.

"Yes; I left the Holland at 8 o'clock

ominent men in New York and remained ere until II:20. When I returned to the tel the elevator man who took me up stairs winked at me and whispered: "The newspaper men say it is rumored that you have committed suicide." I said to him:

"Let them say what they please."
"Will you say anything about your relations with Mr. Carnegle?" was asked.
"I am not going to be questioned." she replied. "I have nothing to say about Mr. replied. I have nothing to say about any Carnegie, and nothing to say about any one else. I want to say emphatically that I have not been compelled to return to Cleveland. If the grand jury had indicted me 50 times, would have gone back just

"I was ready to go back a week ago last Saturday. I had all my things packed, but they wanted me to go down to Wall street." Mrs. Chadwick would not say who

'they" meant. "The result was that I did not get off," "I feel a little better than I did a week

ago, but I am still nervous, and I can hardly stand on my feet."

Mrs. Chadwick was taken from the Tombs in a carriage by Marshal Henkel shortly before 4 o'clock. An hour earlier Mr. Carpenter had gone to the office of United States District Attorner Essential. United States District Attorney Burnett in the Federal building, and informed him that his client would waive examination Marshal Henkel and Commissioner Shield were notified at the same time.

At the Tombs, in deference to the pr tests of Mrs. Chadwick, Warden Flynn permitted Henkel's carriage to be driven into the courtyard, in order that the pris oner might avoid the battery of cameras. The party drove rapidly to the Federal building, and the woman was taken to the Marshal's office, no one but herself and Marshal Henkel being permitted on the

Arriving in the Marshal's office, the oman almost collapsed. Commissione Shields was notified and he came to the office, cancelled the commitment and formally delivered her over to the Federal authorities. She was then taken before Judge Adams, of the United States Circuit Court, who signed an order for her emoval to Cleveland.

Mrs. Chadwick Is Hysterical. Mrs. Chadwick was hysterical when she returned to the Marshal's office, and it required the combined efforts of the Marshal and Mr. Carpenter to soothe her. After her meeting with the reporters,

Mrs. Chadwick waited in the Marshal's office until time to leave for the Grand Central Station, when she came out leaning heavily on Marshal Henkel's arm, and that of Mr. Carpenter. With Deputy Marshals guarding them, the party walked to the elevator and descended to the street. There Mrs. Chadwick was assisted into the carriage and was at one driven away.

When the carriage reached the Hotel Breslin, at Twenty-ninth street and Broadway, the party stopped and Marshal Henkel went into the hotel. He returned in a few minutes with the maid, who carried several bundles. She, with Marshal Henkel and one of the deputies, accompanies Mrs. Chadwick to the station. The male companied Mrs. Chadwick to Cleveland. Emil Chadwick is already there. Tickets bad been procured in the afternoon, and the party went at once to where the Buf-falo Limited was validing and took seats in a drawing-room compartment in the last car, which is also equipped with berths.

NOT AFRAID OF CARNEGIE.

Mrs. Chadwick Is Going Home to

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Dec. 13 .- "I am going back to Cleveland of my own free will and in order to face my accusers," said Mrs. Chadwick to the Associated Press representative on the train. "I would have returned ten days ago had not been asked by my Cleveland course to stay away so that I would not have to testify in the preliminary hearing against my good friends, Beckwith and Spear, When I get to Cleveland I will make a fight for the securities that Mr. Reynolds holds, and for the deed of trust. do make the fight people will know that never received one dollar dishonestly.

"Within the next few days I shall give out a most complete statement of all my transactions from beginning to end, and l will tell everything that has occurred will call things by their proper "I wish to deny emphatically that I ever secured one dollar from Henry Phipps or from any Phipps. I further wish to say

that while I have had money from Pitts

that while I have now many from Pitts-burg people, I have never had a particle of Pittsburg paper. I see that it has been stated that I decided to leave New York because I was afraid to face Mr. Carnegie. I fully expected he would go to Cleveland Positively, Dr. Chadwick never left me cause of my financial difficulties, or anything that was said against my repu-tation, or for any other cause. He has cabled me several times since my trouble in New York, asking if he can do any thing or if he should come home. I have insisted in every instance that he remain

in Paris, that his presence here is unit advisable that he continue the medical treatment he is recelving there. "It is an acknowledged fact that I have raised more than \$1,000,000, and if wanted to take even a small part of it and go away, could not I have done so long before this "" Mrs. Chadwick was asked; "Is it true Ars. Chadwick was asset; is it true, as published, that the \$5,000,000 securities held by Mr. Raynolds are worthleas?"

She said: "Now you are asking me questions," and refused to say more on the

question of securities. CARNEGIE WILL ATTEND TRIAL

He Is Too III, However, to Appear at Investigation Seginning Today. CLEVELAND, Dec. 13.-District Attor ney Sullivan tonight received word from Andrew Carnegie that he was suffering from lumbago and would not be able to attend the investigation which commences tomorrow. Mr. Carnegie, phowever, will attend the trial of Mrs. Chadwick when

Bail Will Be Fixed at \$40,000. CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 13.-The pros pects tonight are that when Mrs. Chad wick arrives here she will be compelled to go to jail unless she can give bail in the

it takes place.

mount of \$40,000. United States Marshal Frank M. Chandler said that Mrs. Chadwick, upon ar-rival here, would be brought before Judge Wing, who would be sitting in the United States District Court, where, if she could so, she would be placed in the County Jail.

GRAND JURY STILL AT WORK It is Believed Inquiry Will Be Com pleted Today.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 13 .- The county grand jury today resumed its investiga-tion of the affairs of Mrs. Chadwick, but returned no indictment against her. It is understood that an indictment relating to the uttering and forging of the \$5,000,000 note on deposit in the Wade Park Bank, which was the principal matter consid-

(Concluded on Page Five.)

PRICE - FIVE CENTS.

Minneapolis' Loss Is Already \$3.000,000.

PEOPLE PERISH

St. Paul Is Early Called On for Assistance.

HIGH WIND FANS THE FLAMES

Blaze Originates in Photographic Supply House From Cause Yet Unknown, and Entire Retall District Is Endangered.

MINNEAPOLIS Dec. 14 .- Fire which broke out in the photographic supply house of the O. H. Peck Company on Fifth street South, at 19:30 o'clock last night, spread to adjoining buildings and aused a loss roughly estimated at \$3,000,-000. The Peck building was entirely gutted, while the six-story furniture house of Boutell Brox., one of the largest establishments of its kind in the Northwest, was ruined and a number of smaller buildings also destroyed. The cause of

the blaze is as yet unknown. The Powers Mercantitle Company, an mmense department store just across First avenue south, was threatened with destruction, but heroism upon the part of the Minneapolis and St. Paul Fire Departments prevented the destruction, although immense damage was done to the stock by water. St. Paul was called upon for aid soon after the flames were discovered and sent all her available fire ap-

paratus. For a time the best part of the retail district of the city was threatened, and the firemen seemed unable to stay the onrush of the flames, which were driven by a high wind from the north. By allowing the buildings already on fire to burn themselves out and confining their efforts to adjacent buildings the firemen had the conflagration well under control at 1 clock this morning. One man was reported killed by coming into contact with a live wire, and two firemen are also believed to have been killed. The fire was discovered in Peck's photographic supply street. It soon got beyond control and attacked Bouteil Bros.' store. The big store, filled with draperies and rugs, hung from display racks, was easy prey for the flames and the store was hopelessly

With the firemen still working on Boutell's building, the walls fell with a crash. Two firemen were seen in the glare that lighted the whole city, to be buried beneath the avalanche of brick and mortar. One of the men caught in the fall of the walls was a member of the salvage corps, The other was a fireman from one of the

engine companies. The fire spread to the New England housefurnishing establishment, across the street from the Boutell store. Then it leaped to the Powers Mercantile Comnany's great department soire. The district in which the fire occurred

is closely built up, most of the buildings being substantial brick and stone structures. The high wind carried burning brands and sparks in all directions, and many small blazes were lighted within a radius of four blocks. The principal newspapers of the city were located but a block from the scene of the fire, and for a time were thought to be in danger. The Northwestern Bank building, the Phoenix office building, the National

Bank of Commerce, the New York Life building and many other big office buildings were within the fire zone, and for a time seemed in danger of being wiped out. The cold weather and high wind deterred the firemen greatly in their efforts to subdue the flames, but fortunately the wind died down about 2 o'clock, and further danger of the fire spreading seems to have been averted.

The dead: GUSTAV MILLER, Salvage Corps, - BUCKLEY, Salvage Corps.

The missing-John Fellows, Hose Company No. 18; George Sincoe, Hose Company No. 18. Badly burned - Leon Kirkhoff, Hose Company No. 18.

Losses So Far Compiled. MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 14.-3 P. M .- The osses by fire, so far complied, follow: Boutell Bros.-Building, \$200,000; stock, \$400,000; nearly covered by insurance,

ing, \$100,000; stock \$200,000. Peck's Photographic Supply House-Building, \$35,000; stock, \$60,000, Miss Irene Hale-Buildings, \$300,000. Powers Mercantile Company-Building, \$100,000; stock, \$300,000.

Immense Coal-Bunkers Destroyed.

BUFFALO Dec 14-The immense coal

Lintilff Picture Frame Company-Build-

bunkers of the Buffalo Creek Railroad, at the Tift Farm, in the southern city limits, were destroyed by fire at 3 o'clock this

Other losses, \$400,000.

Treaty of Peace Signed. BUENOS AYRES, Dec. 13 .- A treaty of peace between the Government of Paraguay and the revolutionists was signed last night on board the Argentine warship La Plata, by President Escurra and General Ferrira. The treaty marks the complete triumph of the revolution and is based on the resignation of President Escurra and the tion of Senor Gauna, a supporter of the