"Dry" Towns' Revenues Are Much Reduced.

## LOSS IN SALOON LICENSES

Provision Will Have to Be Made for Higher Levies.

EIGHT MILLS AT M'MINNVILLE

Advance in Rates on Water and increase in Licenses on Business Will Be Resorted To in

heretofore "wet" will greatly curtail mutax levies. In several towns existing needed to make up for the loss of revein Corvallie and Marshfield and other Coos Bay towns. Abolition of saloons in Mcville will make necessary an extra 3-mill levy, making the total 8 mills. Other towns plan to raise water rents and

## COOS TOWNS FEEL HARD HIT. Funds of Municipalities Are Derived

Mostly From Saloons. MARSHFIELD, Or., Nov. 20.—(Special.)

The city governments of the six impor-tant towns of Coos County derive their revenue almost entirely from salcon locases. The 'wet' element asserts that this revenue is indispensable; that Coos Bay has received a blow from prohibition that will bankrupt the towns and impose ns of taxation where they cannot be

ing a license of \$400 to the towns in which situated. These saloons are distributed as follows: Marshfield, 11; North Bend, 6; Coquille, 4; Myrtle Point, 2; Bandon, 2;

Empire, 2, and Beaver Hill, 1.

Coquille, Myrtle Point and Bandon are run almost entirely by the revenue from saloon licenses and the fines for misdemeanors. About their only expenses are a day marshal, who gets \$80 per month, and a night watchman, \$50. These towns have not availed themselves of the state law which permits a levy of 5 mills on the assessed valuation. But even this 5 mills will not entirely meet expenses. Empire, 2, and Beaver Hill, L. mills will not entirely meet expenses when saloon licenses cease. Coquille is preparing to raise water rents and license houses to make up the \$1600 lost from saloons. No doubt the three southern towns will find a way out, as they

ern towns will find a way out, as they are strongly prohibition.

With Marshfield the problem is different. Its assessed valuation in 1962 was \$550,786, which has increased little in the past two years. Marshfield has already taxed taself to the limit of 5 mills. It already has a floating indebtedness of \$12,000 in outstanding warrants. It will lose \$4400 by the discontinuance of asleen Heaves. by the discontinuance of saloon licenses, and this deficit must be made up by licensing business-houses and in other

North Bend and Empire find themselves similarly situated. The Bay towns com-plain bitterly of the unfairness of the law and of the injustice done them by the rural districts. They say they are per-fectly willing to have local option, but they object to county prohibition.

fectly willing to have local option, but they object to county prohibition. Coss County is divided into two districts, north and south, and separated by the watershed between Isthmus and Beaver inlets. South of this line the county is strongly prohibition, and as strongly op-posed to it on the north. But the south has the greater number of votes, and seven years ago was able to move the county seat from Empire to Coquille. It is now able to force prohibition on to the entire county, notwithstanding the Bay towns went more than two to one against it. It is also said that the southern end of the county gets about nine-tenths of all the money raised by taxation, although the greater part of the wealth is on the Cook Bay side. on the Coos Bay side.

he sentiment of the two communities reflected in the following figures: rehfield. North Bend and Empire cast votes for prohibition and 611 against Coquille, Myrtle Point and Bandon t 562 votes for prohibition and only 286 it. Coquille, Mayrice cast 5tt votes for prohibition and only 286 cast 5tt votes for prohibition and only 286 against it. Nearly all the rural districts in the north end of the county also went "wet" and nearly all in the south went "try." This difference of opinion has given rise to talk about dividing the given rise to talk about dividing the majority vote. If the Bay towns could get a majority vote to divide the county they could also get a majority vote to divide the county they could also get a majority vote to defeat prohibition and a division of the county will not be necessary. It is estimated that of the \$3.500.000 on the assessment roll, far more than half of it was opposed to prohibition. It is also believed that the Bay cities and from the county gave him liquor, and increase the county of the county will be made of this case. also believed that the Bay cities will increase largely in population in the next few years. These factors, it is said, will reverse the county's position

It is claimed that the liquor traffic is It is claimed that the liquor traffic in essential to the prestige and prosperity of scaport towns. Sallors will drink, and it is said their vessels will shun ports where there are no salcons. It is pointed out that the men on the whaler Bayles dropped some \$500 or \$500 in Marshfield salcons in the short time the vessel was in the harbor here a few days ago. It is argued that loggers, miners and sailors will spend their money for drink, and that if Coos their money for drink, and that if Coos

send out of the county many times the sum they pay for license. It is asserted that the license money comes primarily from the people anyway, and that it will be no greater burden to pay in direct taxation.

The proposition is put forth that with prohibition in ferce in Coos County not one pound less butter will be made, not a foot less lumber will be made at the leader stepped forward.

In a hurried conversation the policeman told him that #0 officers were in and around the jail and that an attack meant wholesale bloodshed. The leader returned to his fellows who were armed within five minutes the mob had disappeared.

It is pointed out also that the same arguments are now made for the saloon were advanced a year or two ago for gambling. Gambling in Marshneld was stopped and the town continued to prosper. Prohibitionists say that it is lust as wrong for other seaport towns to place temptation in the way

o do so. nists do not claim that law Prohibitionists do not claim that law will entirely suppress the liquor traffic any more than law wholly stopped polygamy in Utah. But it is expected that when the traffic is no longer made respectable people who engage in it will lose caste. It is not held that prohibition will do away with the consumption of liquor, but that the temptation to drink will be lessened. The indictment that the law does not give precinct local option is met by the counter charge that it is the principle, not the name, that is an lasse, and that county prohibition is the only measure that can be effective.

HIGH TAX FOR M'MINNVILLE.

Loss of Liquor Revenue to Be Made Up by Increased Levy.

M'MINNVILLE, Or., Nov. 20.—(Special.)
—Prohibition will entail extra taxes which
will be borne almost entirely by taxpayers in the incorporated towns. City Councils are already figuring on the increase
that will be necessary in the next tax
levy. In Yamhili County are 15 licensed
autocome however in severa incorporated levy. In Yamhili County are 16 nicensed salcoms, located in seven incorporated towns, as follows: McMinnville, 5; Sheridan, 4; North Yamhili, 2; Carlton, Amity, Williamina and La Fayette, each one. Each of these salcons pays an annual license of \$400, making a total of \$5000 for city treasuries. Except for McMinnville, salcon licenses bring in the principal revenue of the towns.

the towns.

In McMinnville the saloons annually contribute \$3000 to the city fund. City taxes amount to \$3450, and the city water and light plant brings in approximately

The last tax levy in the city was 6 mills. The city charter permits a maximum levy of 10 mills, which will perhaps be reached in the next levy for city purposes. The price of water and lights has been raised within the last year, and another rise is contemplated to assist in providing for the loss of revenue from salcon licenses. Prohibitionists maintain that if they are granted a "dry" county in name they will see that it is "dry" in fact. Realizing that the eyes of Oregon are on the counties where prohibition is to be tried, the leaders of the thirstless crowd declare that eratwhile "booze" emporiums and drugstores shall be vigilantly watched and the law enforced to the letter. Whether "blied piers" will operate romains to be contemporate to the leaders of the interest of the lighest form of Catholic learning, is the most important undertaking of the hierarchy, in view of rugstores shall be vigilantly watched and te law enforced to the letter. Whether blind pigs" will operate remains to be sen. So also does the question of a club organization for convivial purposes. It is thought by many that McMinnville could maintain such an organization, thereby permitting the regular drinkers to have their dram without paying a license.

CORVALLIS, Or., Nov. 20.—(Special.)—Four licensed saloons will be put out of business by prohibition in Benton County. These four are in Corrallia. Each pays a license of \$500 per year into the general fund of the city and the other revenue for that fund is derived principally from a 5-mill tax. The tax last year yielded \$3,868.85, which, with the saloon revenue, made

old Earl Hinds, of 508 East Ann street, still found a lucid moment last night in which he explained to the officers that his father had sent him after beer and that he drank it on the way home. Officer Endicott found the boy in a helpless condition at Third and Ash streets last night at 7 o'clock. He was brought to the station and held under a charge of drunkenness, but this was for the purpose of keeping him pending an inquiry into his case.

The boy stated to the officers that his father frequently gave him liquor, and from the easy manner in which he showed his acquaintance with the lower levels of life, his ability to chew and smoke tobacco and his general notions of morality, 14-year-old Earl Hinds apparently has not had all the teachings which morality requires. Action will be taken on his case

# LEADER OF MOB WARNED.

Negro Murderers Saved by Police Picket, Who Is Lodge Man.

their money for drink, and that if Coose Bay does not give them the opportunity they will go somewhere else.

Prohibitionists point out that the question is a moral one and not commercial. They hold that saloons are not creators of wealth, but distributors and that not one dollar of the license money paid by the saloons is brought into the county by them, but that they send out of the county many times the sum they pay for license. It is asserted that the license money comes primarily around the jail. Policemen were stationed in and around the jail.

Cardinal Gibbons Appeals for the Catholic University.

PLEDGES PERSONAL WEALTH

Present Financial Condition of the Institution at Washington and What is Hoped to Be Accomplished.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10 .- In secondthe recent meeting of the board of trustees of the Catholic University, Cardinal Gibbons today gave to the press the following official letter, addressed to the Catholic

clergy: Baltimore, Nov. 17 .- Right. Rev. Dear Sir: The board of trustees of the Catholic University of America, at its meeting April 14, unanimously adopted the follow-

Resolved, That His Eminince, the Some Places.

Some Places that the cantom to the United States, one month before the first Sunday of Advent, 1994. a letter of thanks for the interest taken in the collection of the university in 1968, and asking them to kindly worthy object by recommending it to the reversity in 1968, and asking them to kindly worthy object by recommending it to the reversity in 1968, and asking them to kindly worthy object by recommending it to the reversity in 1968, and asking them to kindly worthy object by recommending it to the reversity in 1968, and asking them to kindly worthy object by recommending it to the reversity in 1968, and asking them to kindly worthy object by recommending it to the reversity in 1968, and asking them to

undertaking of the hierarchy, in view of the general good. In the name of the trustees, as well as in my own, I tender you, your clergy and your people grateful acknowledgement for the share you have taken in the furtherance of this great

HIGHER LEVY FOR CORVALLIS

with the contents of the various sources, the receipts of the university for last year, apart from its regular income, amounted to \$155,990. Of these funds \$85,763 was invested, and the remainder was used to meet current expenses. As a result, there was no deficit last year, nor is there at present any floating debt. "The amount donated by the Knights

of Columbus, and not included in the recelpts mentioned, was \$50,000. This was also invested, making a total investment of \$100,000. The funds were placed for in-vestment in the hands of the finance com-mittee appointed last year and composed which, with the saloon revenue, made an aggregate income, aside from other small licenses, of \$5,868.85.

The 5-mill levy is the limit allowed under the charter. To raise sufficient revenue without saloon licenses would require an additional tax of something less than 3 mills.

The annual fixed charges in city expenses are: Interest on warrant indebtedness, \$1200; electric light, \$1020; officers' salaries, \$1680, and water, \$500; hitherto handled by the treasurer of the highest reputation for integrity and business ability. The entire amount, therefore, resulting from the collection, is absolutely from the collection in the complications and risks to which.

"With the assistance of the hierarchy in the manner indicated by the holy father, we feel confident that the university will be placed on a sound financial basis. In justice to those who, as individuals, or as associations, have endowed the university, we should see that its work is continued. Our Catholic people, I sincerely believe, will aid liberally in supporting an institution founded by the American episcopate for the common good of the clergy and laity in all our dioceses. To our non-Catholic fellow-citizens, our united efforts in behalf of the university under any circumstances will plainly show that we have at heart the plainly show that we have at heart the best interests of education, and that we

are not to be thwarted by difficulties.

"As I am prepared to do all in my power to build up the university and depower to build up the university and de-termined to guarantee it against all loss, even at the sacrifice of all I possess. I feel assured that you and your clergy will sid this sacred cause by an earnest appeal to the generosity of the people under your charge, and by personal sympathy for the work to which this collection is applied. "The holy father, in his letter on the subject last year, directed that this an-nual collection be taken up on the first Sunday of Advent or on the first con-venient Sunday thereafter. JAMES GIRBONS, Cardinal. "Chancelier of the Catholic University

"Chancellor of the Catholic University of America."

## IN MARCUS DALY'S QUARTERS Judge Parker Engages Swell Suite at the Netherlands.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10 .- Ex-Judge Alton B. Parker and Mrs. Parker will spend the Winter in New York City at the Hotel Netherlands. He has engaged the suite formerly occupied by the late Marcus Daly. The apart-ments are considered to be the most expensive in the hotel. Judge and Mrs. Furker will arrive in New York

Surprised at the Outcome. Surprised at the Outcome.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22—(Special.)—
Without a trace of disappointment in
his remarks, ex-Senator Henry G. Davis, of West Virginis, late Democratic
nomines for Vice-President, in an interview here today discussed the recent
election. Of the attitude of the President he said:

"President Roosevelt's declaration
that he would not again be a candidate
raised him greatly in my estimation.
It is the safety-valve of the future. I
think it was the wisest thing he has
done.

"Tou can say that I am entirely con-tented," he replied, when asked to give but de figures bedder me."--Collier's W

essage to the people. "I was con-rably surprised at the outcome of voting for I had believed that there an undercurrent which would be was an undercurrent which would be with us. We has encouragement of that kind in West Virginia, where the reports from those who took occasion to talk with the voters were very assuring. But not all of those who said they were solved to you with us old so.

Unique Institutions That Have Made Good Farmers and Housekeepers.

Chicago Tribune.

Hundreds of proficient young housekeepers got their first lessons in the art from the competitive drill of two plowing matches near Chicago. One of these institutions has just held its 2th annual match, and the other, the offspring of the former, is now ten years old, and has just had a successful meeting. The first one is the Wheatland plowing, match, located in Wheatland Township, Will County, and the other is the Big Rock Plowing Match Association, located in Big Rock Township, Kane Cuonty.

Both of these organizations were started by the ploneers of their respective coun-

ILLINOIS PLOWING MATCHES.

both of these organizations were started by the pioneers of their respective coun-ties—country gentlemen of the old school. The work was undertaken in each case for the purpose of encouraging boys and men to turn a furrow with such a degree of proficiency as to class it among the ac-compilarments of an artisan. Some of the best playman of the great serial translature. best plowmen of the great agricultural fields of the West and Northwest got their first lessons in plowing in one or the other of these Illinois institutions, the like of which there is said to be nothing in this

The matches were hardly started before the women took a hand. They established in connection with the matches a fair at which were exhibited products of the needle and the kitchen. On the same day cash prizes were awarded for the best lowing with walking, sulky or gang lows, to men and boys, and to young comen for the best work in sewing and mbroidery and in cooking, baking and

The men provided for the prizes in the slowing matches by raising the money among them, and the women accumulated fund by cooking and baking for a dinner to be served on the grounds. Over 15000 has been paid in prizes by the elder organization, and in like proportion by the younger match. In order to show the high standard that was set for the plowmen it is only necessary to state that the land is marked off with the precision that a tailor uses in outting a parment. The a tailor uses in cutting a garment. The plowman, in order to be perfect, must turn the land in a given time, and the last furrow must exactly complete the land without a break. To use the expression of one of the old-time Hig Rock plowers, "the furrow must be so straight that you may stand at one end and see a mouse jump across it at the other end." The work is judged and scored by the best-known plowmen, without knowing who has done the work.

With the same degree of proficiency the With the same degree of proficiency the women have continued their efforts until a small army of drilled housekeepers has been produced in both counties. In a period of time, now over a quarter of a century, pace has been kept, step by step, with modern creations of both the needle and the kitchen.

In all the time during which these unique institutions have survived without a jangle of any kind the young men and the young women have gone to other

the young women have gone to other homes. Both sexes have found the train-ing that the plowing match stirred up to be the most valuable asset carried away to distant lands. The graduates of these near Chicago tilling and housekeeping schools have not only taught many but they have raised families of their own, who have gone forth and taught others. The great Middle West has had the advantage of their skill.

thing ises than 3 mills.

The annual fixed charges in city expenses are: Interest on warrant inofficer's salirate, 31880, and water, 3500.

The grant annual fixed charges in city expenses are: Interest on warrant inofficer's salirate, 31880, and water, 3500.

The Gley and a supposed that if found necessary,
provision will be made for power to
levy an additional tax; in fact, this
small annual deficit for the past two
y years, entailed by construction of sewera, before which time the city had an
to how for traffic in liquor will be
at opped by the new measure. The fact
the contract the Williamster form Corvallis.

The majority of
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clipt of the corvalia of the cor pins and needles and lay it all to the loveliness of the store."

# Result of Immature Meddling.

Salem Capital Journal.

Oregon had a fairly good local option iaw, as all men knew who had lived in other states. Oregon had better cogditions and less liquor traffic than most states in the Union.

But the professional agitators who find ready-made audiences that cannot get away in the churches, saw an opportunity to get jobs in Oregon, where the people seemed unsophisticated and easy game.

So the howlers, like Tufts and Mahoney and others, proceeded to make a programme of about all that the good people would stand for. That programme was sprung last June, and was worked out in November.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 24.—Prince Fushima spent most of the day in retirement at the Buckingham Club. In the afternoon he visited the World's Fair, viewed the Japanese exhibits and other parts of the grounds. In the evening he attended the theater.

# OFFER TO COCKRELL

Missouri Senator Given Choice they were going to vote with us did so. of Two Positions.

PRESIDENT SENT HIM WORD

He May Go on the Isthmian Canal Commission or Take Place on Interatate Commerce Commission, if He Should Prefer.

WASHINGTON, Nov. M .- The President has offered Senator Cockrell, of Missouri. Isthmian Canal Commissionership, made vacant by the resignation of Colonel Hecker, of Michigan, and has also told him that if he feels that his bealth will not permit him to take this place, the President desires to offer him a position on the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Cockrell Declines to Talk. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 20.—Speaking with the Associated Press over the long-distance telephone from his home at Warrensburg this evening. Senator Francis M. Cockreil declined to say whether or not he had been offered the Isthmian Canal Commissionership by President Canal Commissionership by President Roosevelt or whether he would accept such an appointment if tendered him. He would not, he said, in any event take any action until he reaches Washington, No-vember 28. vember 28.

vember 28.

"I have already said all I care to at this time upon this subject," said Senator Cockrell. He declined to say whether or not the Canai Commissionership would be an agreeable appointment. Yesterday in an interview with the Associated Press, Senator Cockrell said: "If tendered any position by the President, I should treat it with the greatest

MONETARY COMMISSION. Best Results Obtained in China and Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20 .- The report of the Commission on International Ex-change regarding its work in the past year has been submitted to Secretary Hay and given by him to the public. The work covers investigations in connection with the reform of the monetary system of China and the establishment of a new monetary system in the Republic of Panama. There are submitted also some data showing a tendency toward greater stabil-ity in the price of silver bullion, appar-ently as a result of the direct action of governments with which the Commission governments with which the Commission conferred last year, especially of the British government in connection with the currency of India. This has tended, it is asserted, to produce greater stability of exchange, and thus to diminish one of the obstacles to trade between the gold countries and the silver-using countries. The report is signed by the three Commissioners—Hugh H. Hanna, Charles A. Conana and Jeremiah W. Jenks—but the greatest emphasis is laid upon the spectratest emphasis is laid upon the spectral trades.

greatest emphasis is laid upon the spe-cial mission of Professor Jenks to China to present to the Imperial Government a report on the work done in Europe in 1993, and to give any further assistance desired by the Chinese government in compliance with its request to the United States. The result of these investigations and discussions was that many ideas regard-ing conditions in China and what was practicable for China were secured; that

that so radical a change in their finan-cial system cannot at pregent be car-ried out by a Government which has so little real power over its separate provinces. However, they have prom-ised to at once consult the leading Viceroys and Governors and see what can be done; but whether or not Pro-fessor Jenks' plan is adopted, his in-struction and advice will aid the Chi-ness government greatly in its-efforts to adopt a uniform currency as re-

ness government greatly in its efforts to adopt a uniform currency as required by the recent treaties, and his further assistance is most likely to be solicited by them.

'More important still, of course, is the official statement from the Chinese government tiself. Prince Ching, the President of the Grand Council, who represents officially the Chinese government, in response to a request for a definite statement of his opinion to be presented to the United States, wrote to Mr. Jenks on the eve of his departure from Pekin, saying in part:

sorung last June, and was worked out in November.

The result is that the good old local option law was overthrown, and many towns have been opened to the licensed saloon that never before would grant a license.

All this is the result of half-baked theorists—well meaning, the they be—being allowed to prostitute a good cause for political purposes.

Tin-Plate Plants to Start Up.

PITTSBURG. Nov. 20.—The American Sheet & Tin-Plate Company announces that the Star Works, an eight-mill plant in this city, will be put in full operation on Tuesday. According to plans now under discussion, 3t idle tinplate mills of the big company will, it is maid, resume operations before the close of the first week in December.

Backed by the Rock Island.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Nov. 20.—The Tribune cialms to have authority for the statement that the Rock Island is back of the Colorado, Wyoming & Idaho Railroad, creently incorporated at Denver. The road will run from Colby, Kan., a station on the Rock Island, to Boise, Idaho, passing across Southern Wyuming.

Fushima Visits the World's Fair.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 20.—Prince Pushima spent most of the day in retirement at the

the fluctuations of exchange and that it is gratifying to report that the policy of comparative regularity of purchases by the government of British India and other governments has borne fruit.

Attention is called to the fact that since a April last the variation in the price of silver at London has been within the limits of 2 pence per ounce, while in 1900 the variations were more than 5 pence. It is pointed out that the price of buillon has reacted upon the axchange between

e gold countries and the silver-using untries and that the result of this sta-lity of exchange has been that in the Philippines the transition from the silver to the gold standard has been facilitated and in silver-using countries complaints and in sliver-using countries complaints have been much less acute than before regarding interruptions to trade with gold

ODELL AND PRESIDENT CONFER

Governor Cummins Believes in Extra Session of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Governor Odell, of New York, arrived in Washington tonight and had a conference with the President. On leaving the White House, the Governor said he talked with the President on several matters, the post-mastership of New York City being touched on incidentally. He declared he had no candidate for either United States

Senator or postmaster.

Governor Cummins, of Iowa, and Governor Cummins, of Iowa, and Heredor Cummins and his visit tonight. Governor Cummins said his visit was in connection with a dispute which had arisen between the Shiloh Park Com-mission and the Iowa State Commission in reference to the location of monuments. The Governor will call on the President tomorrow. He said that he thought an extra session of Congress should be convoked for revision of the tariff sione and that this matter should be disassociated

from every other question.

Governor Vansant said he was here to interview Secretary Shaw on a personal matter. He said he would see President Roosevelt tomorrow and perhaps would have something to say regarding his visit after that interview.

ROCKHILL TO SUCCEED CONGER Ex-Assistnt Secretary of State Conversant With People.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—(Special.)—The statement is made tonight on high authority that William M. Rockhill will be appointed Minister to China, as successor to Edwin H. Conger, soon after March 4. This change has been in contemplation for some time.

Mr. Rockhill has had much experience

in Chinese diplomatic matters, and is conversant with the people and the language. He was formerly Assistant Secretary of State, and is now Chief of the Bureau of American Republics.

Rough Riders Will See Old Chief. WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—President Roosevelt. according to his present inten-tions, will visit Fort Worth, Tex., in the Spring on the occasion of the reunion of the First Volunteer Cavairy (Rough Riders). He has given essurance that unless something unforeseen happens, he will make the trip. With the possible exception of an address to his comrades, it is stated that the Fresident will make no speeches, either going or returning.

New Orkleans, Nov. 20.—Secretary of War Taft and his party were taken to Reserve plantation for a glimpse of the sugar industry of Louisiana. Tonight he was the guest of a dinner party given by Archbishop Chapelle. The party will leave Monday on the Dolphin, in order to obtain a daylight view of the river mouth and the jettles.

Taft Visits in Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 20.-Secretary of

FIRE IN CINCINNATI. Strong Breeze Spreds Flames With Great Rapidity.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 20 .- Fire caused CINCINNATI, Nov. 20.—Fire caused a loss today in the central part of the city, on the south side of Fourth, between Walnut and Main streets, and also on Main near Fourth, approximating \$790.000. It started about noon in an abandoned building in the rear of Poursford Stationery Company. A strong breeze caused the flames to spread rapidly, and it required several hours to get the fire under control, and early in the afternoon a general conflagration was apprehended.

Several five-story buildings were damaged, the heaviest losses on buildings being sustained by the McMacken estate, estimated at \$75.000. The heavlest losses on stocks follows:

lest losse on stocks follows: The Rudolph-Wurlitzer Company, planes; \$200,000; insurance, \$220,000.

The Pounsford Stationery Company; \$60,000.
F. A. Schwalli & Sons, manufacturers of glassware and bottlers' supplies; \$55,000.

Queen City Window Glass Works; \$40,000.

The Loring-Andrews Company, Jewelry; \$45,000.

Loss Estimate is Reduced.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 20.—The loss from fire in the Missouri building last evening was

not so great as at first supposed. According to President David, of the Missourt Commission, the loss sustained by the state will amount to only 120,002. Inspection has proved that but ten paintings of Missouri's former Governors and Supreme Justices are so badly burned that they cannot be replaced.

The mammoth relief map showing the topography of Missouri was not damaged. All the furniture on the first floor was saved, while that on the second floor was

saved, while that on the second floor was

Fire Destroys Coal Steamer. SANDUSKY, O., Nov. 26.—The coal steamer Philip Minch, on its way from Fairport to Sandusky, O., was burned to the water's edge east of Marbiehead at midnight last night.

HARRISON MEMORIAL WINDOW Presented to Indianapolis Church by Ex-President's Widow.

INDIANAPOLIS. Ind., Nov. 20.—Dr. H. L. Haines, pastor of the First Preshyte-rian Church, today delivered the address fedicating the memorial window. rian Church, today delivered the address dedicating the memorial window presented to the church by Mrs. Mary Lord Harri-son, in memory of her husband, the late Benjamia Harrison, ex-Fresident of the United States. In conformity with the expressed wish of Mrs. Harrison, the dedication ceremonies were informal.

THE DAY'S DEATH ROLL.

Albert E. Troy.

DENVER, Nov. 20.-Albert E. Troy. a well-known newspaper man, died sudden-ly here today, the result of an attack of grip. Mr. Troy was news editor of the Post. A widow survives him.

In Memory of Senator Hoar.

BOSTON, Nov. 22.—Under the auspices of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of Suffold County, memorial services for the late United States Senator George Frisbie Hoar were held in Fanuell Hall tonight

Hugh S. Thompson. NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—Hugh S. Thomp-son, ex-Governor of South Carolina, died tonight, aged 68 years.

Remarriage of Respondents. PARIS, Nov. 20 .- The Minister of Jus ice has issued a circular instructing the judicial authorities to interpret in the most liberal possible sense the laws relating to the remarriage of respondents in divorce suits, which hitherto have always been most rigorously applied.

The law forbidding the marriage of a respondent and a corespondent remains in force, but the instructions are not to re-

fuse permission in the event of the first husband being dead. Marie-How did Mr. Scribbier take your re-fusal when he proposed? Louise-In shorthand. He is going to use it in his next novel.—Phila-delphia Bulletin.

A soft, fine grained skin is a valued possession.

Pears' Soap gives title to ownership.

Established in 1789.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Isn't it just barely possible coffee hurts you? Try

10 days in its place

AND MAKE SURE



Doctors of the St. Louis and Dispensary SPECIALISTS IN DISEASES OF MEN



VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE **NERVOUS DEBILITY** BLOOD POISON, RUPTURE, KID-**NEY AND URINARY DISEASES** and all diseases and weaknesses of men, due to in-heritance, habits, excesses, or the result of specific diseases.

heritance, habits, excesses, or the result of specific diseases.

Every man who is afflicted owes it to himself and his posterity to get cured safely and positively, without leaving any blight or weakness in his system we make no misleading statements or unbusiness-like propositions to the afflicted in order to escure their patronage. The many years of our successful practice in Portland prove that our methods of treatment are safe and certain.

Call at our offices or write, and if we find that you exceed the proposition of the cured we will NOT accept your money unbern and the weight guarantee a SAFE AND POSITIVE CURE in the shortest possible time, without hipripus after effects. Our charges will be as low as possible for conscientious, axiliful and successful service. Consult us before consenting to any surgical procedure upon important blood vessels and organs.

SPECIAL HOME TREATMENT, If you cannot call write us Always inclose ten 1-cent stamps for reply.

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St. Louis Medical and Dispensary Cor. Second and Yamhill Streets, Portland, Or.