

SCHOOL FOR CITY

Reed Institute Endowed With \$2,000,000

BY WILL OF MRS. S. C. REED

Many Portland Charities Are Remembered.

OLD LADIES GIVEN A HOME

In Memory of Simeon G. Reed, Pioneer, Institute of Art, Music, Literature and Manual Training Will Be Founded.

Table with 2 columns: HOW ESTATE IS DISPOSED OF, To the relatives, To the charities, To the Reed Institute.

By the terms of the will of the late Mrs. Amanda W. Reed, a pioneer Portland woman, who died recently in California, this city is to have a magnificent institution of learning with an endowment of something like \$2,000,000.

Mrs. Reed's will, which was probated yesterday, provides that after the various bequests to relatives and charitable societies have been paid the remainder of all her property, real and personal, shall go to found and maintain a school to be known as the Reed Institute, as a memorial to her deceased husband, Simeon G. Reed. It is specified that the institute shall combine instruction in the fine arts and sciences and manual training, and that it shall be conducted with special regard to the needs of young men and women compelled to earn their own living. Mrs. Reed has provided that a nominal tuition may be charged, but the purpose is purely one of philanthropy and for the assistance of the deserving poor. A board of trustees consisting of Rev. T. L. Elliot, C. D. Bellinger, C. A. Dolph, William E. Robertson and Martin Winch is named to have full control of the institution, with the restriction that not more than \$50,000 be expended for building purposes. The estate left by Mrs. Reed is conservatively estimated at \$2,000,000, of which about \$600,000 goes to miscellaneous charities and relatives, leaving over \$1,400,000 for the institute.

Among her other bequests Mrs. Reed gives the block bounded by First, Second, Montgomery and Harrison to the Old Ladies Home. For many years the property was the Reed family residence, and it is admirably adapted to the use to which it is appropriated. Its value is fixed at \$40,000. The largest bequest to her relatives is \$100,000 to Martin Winch, Mrs. Reed's nephew, who has managed the estate for years. The larger bequests to relatives are as follows: Martin Winch, Portland, nephew, \$100,000; Emily Fisher, Portland, \$50,000; Anne N. Reed, a cousin, \$50,000; To Harry D. and Grace C. Reed, \$50,000; To Georgeanna Reed, \$25,000; To Georgiana Reed, \$25,000; To Myrtle Winch, \$5,000; To Simeon Reed Winch, \$5,000. Total, \$300,500. There is also devised to the children of the sisters and brothers of testatrix, Ellen, Sally, Emily, William H. and John A., surnames not given, \$500 each.

Bequests to Charities. Other bequests made by Mrs. Reed to Portland charities amount to \$20,000 as follows: The Home (Children's Home), \$5,000; Boy and Girl's Aid Society, \$1,000; Pastor Home, \$1,000; Portland Free Kindergarten, \$1,000; Portland Library Association, \$1,000; City Board of Charities, \$2,000; Oregon Humane Association, \$1,000; Portland Free Reading Room and Library Association, \$1,000; Rescue Home for the Deaf, \$1,000; Portland Women's Union, \$1,000; Good Samaritan Hospital, \$1,000.

To the Portland Art Association she bequeaths all her paintings and bronzes and \$10,000 to the Troupe Polytechnic School at Pasadena, Cal., and \$200 to the First Unitarian Church, Quincy, Mass. The petition accompanying the will mentions the names of some of the heirs, who are probably referred to in the will as the children of different relatives, as follows: Abigail Exton Wood, niece; James H. Wood, nephew, Quincy, Mass.; W. H. Faxon, nephew, Buffalo; Helen Faxon Passmore, niece, Philadelphia; Emma Wood Brainerd, niece, William H. Wood, nephew; Connie Wood, niece; Stella Wood, niece; Nellie Wood, niece, Pasadena, Cal. The estate includes much valuable real estate in Portland, including the Abingdon building, 300 feet front on Third street, between Washington and Stark, worth at least \$500,000; a block at First and Market streets, the block at First and Montgomery, property at Jefferson and Twelfth, and in fact residence property throughout the City of Portland. There are also valuable farm properties, personal property and holdings in Pasadena, Cal., where Mrs. Reed made her residence in recent years, although she visited Portland every summer. Simeon G. Reed, who built up this vast fortune, was a steamboat man, and was also a lover of fine horses, and a public-spirited citizen. The will was written September 4, 1901, and witnessed by Cyrus A. Dolph, Joseph Simon and Frank F. Woodward.

Mrs. Reed's Aspirations. In speaking of the proposed institute Cyrus A. Dolph, who is named as one of the trustees, said yesterday: "It was Mrs. Reed's desire to establish a great school at which young people who were unable to go abroad might secure a higher education in literature, the fine arts and even the trades. She expressed this desire to me many times and it became her dearest wish. She specified that but \$100,000 be devoted to building purposes, in order that there might be no lavish outlay in constructing great buildings with no means provided for maintaining the institution. The balance left after the \$100,000 is deducted will be invested and it will be sufficient to produce ample funds for the institute. I cannot state positively what the amount will be,

as I do not know the value of her California holdings, but it will be a considerable sum. This will be some time, but eventually as a result of Mrs. Reed's benevolence a great school will be opened here, which will be unique and well enough endowed to insure the success of its efforts. The text of the will follows: Text of the Will. IN THE NAME OF GOD, AMEN: I, Amanda W. Reed, of Portland, Oregon, being of sound and disposing mind and memory, hereby revoking any and all former wills by me at any time made, do make, publish and declare this my last and testament in the manner following, that is to say: First, I will and direct that all my just debts and liabilities of whatever nature be fully paid and discharged by my executor hereinafter named as soon as convenient after my decease. Requests to Relatives. Second, To Anne Kerwin Reed, cousin of my late husband, I give and bequeath the sum of \$25,000; and to Harry D. Reed, and Grace C. Reed, children of said Anne Kerwin Reed, I give and bequeath each the sum of \$10,000. Third, To Georgiana Reed, widow of my deceased husband's half-brother, Edward P. Reed, I give and bequeath the sum of \$25,000, to be paid to her in her own absolute right. And I do also give and bequeath to her, the said Georgiana Reed, the sum of \$25,000, upon the following trusts, that is to say: 1. To place the same at interest upon first-class income-producing real estate, or equally secure investments, and to distribute annually the interest or income therefrom arising in equal proportions to Arthur B. Reed, George Gordon Reed and Minnie Reed, children of the said Edward P. Reed, deceased, until the further disposition thereof as in this item provided. 2. In case of the death of either of said children of Edward P. Reed, deceased, leaving issue, the share of the said interest or income to such issue; or in case he or she shall leave no issue, to distribute such interest or income to the survivor or survivors of them. 3. Upon the death of the last survivor of said children of the said Edward P. Reed, deceased, to distribute said fund in equal proportions among the children then living of the said Arthur B. Reed, George Gordon, and Minnie Reed, per stirpes, and not per capita. 4. Provided, that whenever after three years from the date of my decease, in the judgment of the said George Gordon Reed, either of her or her successor in said trust, either of the beneficiaries of the said bequest shall be possessed of capacity, industry and economical and steady habits sufficient to insure an economical, safe and prudent management of his or her portion of such money, or to be able to support himself or herself in said trust, may in her or his discretion pay over an equal one-third of said bequest to the beneficiary so thought by said George Gordon Reed to be entitled to said bequest, with the provisions hereinafter stated. 5. In case of the death of said Georgiana Reed, the said distribution of said bequest by this item made to her upon the trusts aforesaid, it is my desire that any court within the commonwealth of Massachusetts having jurisdiction of the subject matter will appoint application made therefor as a trustee or trustees to be the successor of the said Georgiana Reed in the trusts hereby created. Fourth, To my sister, Emily Fisher, if she survive me, and to Nellie Annie Winsor, wife of Martin Winch, of Portland, Me., I give and bequeath each the sum of \$50,000. If either of them shall die before me, I give and bequeath the sum of \$25,000 to each of the children of my sister, Emily Fisher, and to the children of my wife, Nellie Winsor, if they survive me, and to the children of my sister, Emily Fisher, if they survive me, and to the children of my wife, Nellie Winsor, if they survive me. Fifth, To each of the children of my sisters and brothers, Ellen, Emily, William M. and John A., living at the date of my decease, I give and bequeath the sum of \$20,000. Sixth, To Simeon Reed Winch, son of my nephew, Martin Winch, I give and bequeath the sum of \$50,000, in consideration of his having been named for my dearest husband, I also give and bequeath to him, said Simeon Reed Winch, my husband's watch and chain. To Charities and Churches. Seventh, To the Troupe Polytechnic School and University, of Pasadena, Cal., I give and bequeath the sum of \$100,000. Eighth, To the First Unitarian Church of Quincy, Mass., I give and bequeath the sum of \$200. Ninth, To the First Unitarian Society of Portland, Or., I give and bequeath the sum of \$5000 in trust, to be securely invested, and the net income therefrom arising expended under the direction of the trustees and pastor of said church. Tenth, To the Home, a charitable society, incorporated under the laws of the State of Oregon, July 21, 1871, located at the City of Portland, I give and bequeath the sum of \$10,000. (Concluded on Ninth Page.)

GOVERN HIS WORK

President and Minister Barrett Confer.

LATTER TO PANAMA SOON

Matters of the Greatest Importance Await Him.

POSITION WILL BE UNIQUE

Governor Davis, Canal Commission and Panama Will Deal Largely With Him—Diplomat Put in Word for the '05 Fair.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington May 31.—John Barrett, of Portland, ex-Minister to Argentina, now Minister to Panama, arrived in Washington today, and this afternoon had long conferences with President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay. Barrett gives the first authentic account of how he secured the Panama appointment. He had been sent to Argentina on a special mission, namely, to report the conditions in that country, commercial, political, etc., and it was expected he would require fully a year and a half for the task. Instead, he finished it in four months time. It happened at the very time Barrett cleared up his work in Argentina, the vacancy occurred at Panama. The State Department notified Barrett that the President would be pleased to have him take the Panama post, and as the President's wish was tantamount to a command, Barrett promptly replied he would go. Prior to the receipt of the telegram from the State Department, Barrett knew nothing of the proposed transfer, and until the appointment was announced, no one outside of the President, the State Department and Barrett were aware that the change was to be made. Purely the President's Selection. Barrett was purely the President's selection, and the President evidently chose him because he was deemed with the consumer in which he had carried out his instructions at Buenos Ayres. On leaving Argentina, President Roca told Barrett he had in four months seen more of that country than any other Foreign Minister had seen in four years. President Roosevelt impressed upon Mr. Barrett today the fact that there was work of the greatest importance awaiting him at Panama. His time would be so occupied that he would not have opportunity to think about the climate. Minister Barrett's position at Panama will be unique. He will be the medium through which the Canal Commission and the government of Panama will act in matters of joint interest and jurisdiction. He will constantly co-operate with General Davis in interpreting the new treaty, as it regards the government of the canal, and the government of Panama. In addition, he will assist the Canal Commission in the transactions of its business direct with the Panama government. Speaks for 1905 Fair. Before leaving Argentina, Minister Barrett had a personal interview with President Roca, Dr. Quintanilla, the newly-elected President, and the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and invited them to participate in the Lewis and Clark Exposition. They all gave assurance that they would endeavor to secure at the coming session of Congress an adequate appropriation to transfer a part or the whole of the Argentine exhibit at St. Louis to Portland. Mr. Barrett wants to go to Portland before leaving for Panama, but may not have time. If not, he will spend considerable time in Oregon this Fall when he will return to the United States. The President, in view of Minister Barrett's work for the St. Louis Exposition, granted him permission to visit the World's Fair before leaving for the South.

WATER IN PLENTY

Deschutes Can Irrigate Large Crook Tracts.

NOW NO DOUBT OF SUCCESS

Members of State Land Board Make a Careful Survey.

HOW THE RIVER IS TAPPED

Land Now Covered With Two-Foot Sagebrush Is Capable of Supporting a Population of Twenty Thousand People.

REND, Or., May 30.—(Staff Correspondence.)—The possibilities of development by means of irrigation in the Deschutes country surpass all my expectations," declared State Treasurer Moore tonight after returning from a tour of the two irrigation projects in this vicinity. "There is a world of water and an abundance of land suited to irrigation. The soil is exactly like that in Klamath County, where irrigation has already been successfully undertaken. I no longer have any doubt of the success of these enterprises. "The population of Crook County is now about 5000. When water has been turned upon the land that can be irrigated from the Deschutes projects and

REV. SCANLAN PASSES AWAY.

Chancellor of San Francisco Archdiocese Dead in New York.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The Rev. J. P. Scanlan, chancellor of the archdiocese of San Francisco, died here today in St. Vincent's Hospital. He had been at the hospital several weeks, suffering from a complication of diseases.

In California Forty Years. SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—Father Scanlan was 68 years of age. He came to California in 1865, immediately after his graduation and ordination at All Hallows College, Dublin. He was a pastor for about 18 years in Sacramento, after which he took charge of St. Joseph's Parish, in this city. Under him the parish has grown to a membership of 8000 and his schools for boys and girls have an enrollment of about 1200. He was appointed chancellor of the archdiocese several years ago.

Noted Rifle Shot. NEWBURG, N. Y., May 31.—Colonel J. H. Bodine, a noted rifle shot, is dead at New Paltz. He was a member and captain of several American rifle teams which competed abroad. In 1876 he was a member of the international team which competed with the Irish team near Dublin.

OREGONIAN MAN BREAKS RECORD

Applicant for Pension Declares Himself Ten Times Deafened.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—(Special.)—All records of the Pension Bureau were broken today by the receipt of an application for a pension from Peter West of Bendleton, Or., who declares himself ten times deafened and eight times divorced. On looking up his military career, Pension Commissioner Waro was surprised to find that the man was a member of his old regiment, the Seventh Iowa Cavalry. "Long as West is on wives, he claims only four children."

FOUNDER OF THE REED INSTITUTE ENDOWED WITH \$2,000,000.



THE LATE MRS. S. G. REED.



RESIDENCE OF MRS. S. G. REED, WHICH SHE HAS WILLED TO THE OLD LADIES HOME.

MUST FALL BACK

Russians Cannot Hold Second Line.

WILL GO TO PORT ARTHUR

Oku Is Expected to Resume Forward Movement at Once.

FLEET IS READY TO BACK HIM

Togo's Best Ships Have Returned From Sasabo With Damages Sustained in Bombarding Sealed City Repaired.

LONDON, June 1.—A special dispatch from Rome says a telegram has been received there from Tokio reporting that General Kuroki has completely defeated General Kuropatkin's forces near Samtse. All the Russian positions east of Han Chang have been abandoned, according to the telegram. Several guns have been taken and the whole force of Cossacks captured.

CHERPOO, June 1, 11 A. M.—An unconfirmed rumor is current among the Chinese that a battle occurred six miles from Port Arthur yesterday.

SPECIAL CABLEGRAM FROM THE CORRESPONDENT OF THE LONDON TIMES AND PORTLAND OREGONIAN. AT SEA, off the Shan Tung Peninsula, on board the steamer Halpin, by De-Forrest wireless telegraph to Wei Hai Wei, June 1.—Later details from the zone of the Japanese military operations show that the tank assumed by General Baron Oku, when he undertook his forward movement against Port Arthur, was one which few generals would have coveted. The fourth Japanese division, upon whose shoulders fell the brunt of capturing the well-nigh impregnable Russian works at Kincho, had to cross a space over a mile and a half before it reached the enemy's main position. During this advance it was swept at effective range by the concentrated fire of every Russian gun placed along a line six miles in length. No troops could maintain an original formation in the face of such a deadly fire, and it was not to be wondered that the Japanese lines seemed to melt away in sections.

Weight of Numbers Tells. It was in advancing against the apex of the defenses of Manchouing that the Russian was longest in doubt, and for a time it seemed that the Russian fire was too strong to be overcome. However, the sheer weight of numbers finally told, and after 15 hours the first link of the chain gave away, and the whole system of defense was shattered almost immediately afterward. The second position, which is now being held by General Stoessel, is by no means as strong as that carried last week. The hills, along which are mounted numerous guns, are at right angles to the Japanese advance. The Kincho position was magnificently chosen, being open only to the guns of the fleet.

Russians Must Fall Back. This second line cannot be long held and the Russians must fall back upon Port Arthur so soon as General Oku resumes his forward movement, as the Japanese can outflank the second line, and place cannon that it will be rendered untenable. General Kuroki's lines of communication are reported threatened by a Russian force estimated at 10,000 to 20,000 mounted men. These men came originally from Vladivostok by way of the Gensan road, and have penetrated the country as far south as Hamhung. Four Japanese flying columns are now in pursuit, and a number of clashes have already taken place with minor casualties on both sides.

Fleet is All Ready. The Japanese division previously reported as being landed at Kauping, and which was reported to have been assigned the duty of protecting General Oku's army from a descent of Russians from the north, has dashed northward, and is now in communication with General Kuroki. It will be used probably in an attempt to flank General Kuropatkin's column.

Russians Must Fall Back. The fleet remains inactive, contenting itself with repairing damages received at the many bombardments of Port Arthur. Many of Admiral Togo's best ships have been detached in couples and sent to Sasabo, where the bottoms have been scraped, boilers and engines overhauled and supplies replenished. All are now in readiness to take part in the final operations which are expected to result in the capture of Port Arthur. Your correspondent, with the first Japanese army (Kuroki's), under date of May 28, sends a dispatch stating that there are signs that an immediate advance is contemplated. Reports from the scouts indicate that despite the rumors of a Russian attack current in the ranks for a week, the Russians have no intention of moving from their position at Liao Yang. It now seems certain that General Kuropatkin will try to hold the Liao Yang forts, as he regards them as the key to Mukden, and he has been ordered to hold the latter place at all hazards.

Kuropatkin Will Be Firm. Russian General Does Not Intend to March Before July. PARIS, June 1.—The correspondent in St. Petersburg of the Echo de Paris says: "A friend of General Kuropatkin's tells me that before his departure the General said: 'The first month it will be said that I am inactive; the second that I am incapable, and the third that I am a traitor, because we will be repulsed and beaten, although that will not seriously affect the result of the operations. I shall let people talk, firmly adhering to my resolution not to march before July, when I shall let the overwhelming masses I need.'

Deschutes Irrigation System. The Deschutes Irrigation and Power Company's system lies on the east side of the Deschutes River, north and east of the town of Bend, and south of Crooked River. It is shown as Tract Two on the map and comprises 14,000 acres. This company has diverted water from the Deschutes River, three miles south of the town of Bend and has conducted it in a canal of varying width and depth and of capacity to carry water sufficient to irrigate 25,000 acres. Water was permanently turned into this canal today. The canal has been completed for a distance of eight miles and will be extended 12 miles further, when it will traverse the entire 25,000 acres. It is expected that the ditch will be completed in about a month.

Scarcity of Labor. The Deschutes Company has been greatly hindered in its work by inability to secure sufficient men and teams. The canal already constructed begins with a flume made of heavy timbers and extending a mile and a quarter over the lava beds. The flume is five feet wide and five feet deep. The land traversed by the Deschutes Company's canals is very similar to that of the Three Sisters Company in soil and timber growth. In both projects there are many ledges of volcanic rock projecting from the ground. Some of these are so large that the land they occupy was not taken in the arid land aggregation. Others are small and render non-irrigable.

(Concluded on Page Five.)