TURNS ON GAS TO DIE

Actor Leeland Commits Suicide in Detroit Lodgings.

CRACKS IN ROOM STUFFED

Son of Wealthy Salt Lake Parents Was Ill From Operation and Effects of an Attack of Typhoid.

DETROIT, March 20.—Robert Leeland, an actor and writer of several melodramas, was found dead today in his room in a lodging-house on Columbia street. He had committed suicide by stuffing up every crack and crevice in the room and then turning on the gas. Leeland, who was 30 years of age, is said by one of his friends to be the son of a wealthy banker in Salt Lake City, Utah, named Smedley.

Leeland was last seen alive last Thursday morning, and it is believed he turned on the gas and died Thursday afternoon. His preparations had been most careful. He even removed the tip from the gas jet to insure a rapid flow. He left a note on the table in the room saying:

"My only request is that I be buried here at the expense of the city. I have no money. I have spent many hundreds of dollars while here as a member of various theatrical companies. Don't notify my parents. It is unnecessary."

On the back of this note he had written that weakness and illness as the result of an operation for appendicitis and an attack of typhoid fever had incapacitated him for work.

"I am very well connected," he wrote, "probably better than any one in the theatrical professional. Last season I played a leading role in 'The Chaperones.'"

Leeland's Home Was at Salt Lake.

SALT LAKE, March 20.—Robert Leeland's real name is William Burss Smedley. He is the son of William E. Smedley, a wealthy banker and insurance man of this city. The young man was born in Leavenworth, Kan., in 1874, but spent most of his youth here. He was educated in an Eastern medical school, but was obliged to give up his profession because of ill health. Some years ago he attended a military academy at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., with the intention of entering West Point. He soon left school, however, to become an actor.

Smedley was known both as an actor and a playwright. During the past year he has been starring in "Her Fatal Son," a play written by himself. The young man's father has directed the authorities at Detroit to send the body here for burial.

STEAMER HIT CONNING TOWER

Hull of Sunken Submarine Boat Was Also Injured.

PORTSMOUTH, March 20. — Attempts were made today without success to raise the British submarine boat No. A 1, which was run down by the Donald Currie Line steamer Berwick Castle Friday afternoon. The principal damage appears to have been done to the conning tower, which shows the marks of the collision.

It has been ascertained that the submarine's hull was also pierced. The boat will be salvaged first by repairing and then filling it with compressed air, the position in which she lies and the currents having compelled a suspension of the attempts to lift her. The divers report that it is impossible to see inside the submarine. The opinion is that the boat filled with water immediately.

The disaster to the No. A 1 has created a most painful impression in all classes. Queen Alexandra, the Duke of Connaught and the Chiefs of the Admiralty have sent messages of sympathy to the relatives of the victims. Admiral Fisher, in an official signal to the fleet expressing sorrow says:

"Practically our gallant comrades died in action. Their lives were not thrown away, if we consider their splendid example of cheerful and enthusiastic performance of duty, involving all the risks of war."

LONDON, March 21.—The Daily Mail's Hamburg correspondent says the captain of the Berwick Castle persists in the assertion that it is impossible that his ship could have collided with the submarine No. A 1, as the shock would have been much more violent. He says he felt only two very slight shocks.

HAMBURG, March 20.—The Donald Currie Line steamship Berwick Castle, which ran down the British submarine boat No. A 1 near Portsmouth Friday afternoon, arrived here today undamaged. The officers of the vessel declined to give any information concerning the matter, pending an official statement.

Emmanuel Will Go to Naples.

ROME, March 20.—King Victor Emmanuel has ordered the royal yacht to be sent to Naples on March 26 for his meeting with Emperor William of Germany, who will remain there four days. The Associated Press is semi-officially assured that the meeting of the monarchs will have no political significance, although the sovereigns wish to have a verbal exchange of views concerning pending international questions.

Redmond Against the Government.

MANCHESTER, March 20.—John Redmond, addressing an Irish demonstration here today, said that the first business of the party was to strike down the present government and then to see that no government was put into office which would not grant home rule to Ireland.

He said it was ridiculous for Liberals like Herbert H. Asquith to call home rule an "academic question."

Beresford Entertains the Emperor.

GIBRALTAR, March 20.—Vice-Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, commanding the Channel squadron, entertained Emperor William at dinner on board his flagship tonight, the squadron meanwhile displaying brilliant illuminations and searchlights.

WORK OF THE TRACT SOCIETY

Christian Literature Distributed to All Parts of the World.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The annual meeting of the American Tract Society was held in the Church of the Covenant. Justice Brewer presided and made a brief address setting forth the general work of the Tract Society both in the home and foreign field. He emphasized the necessity of this work, as well as showing that there was no other agency so well equipped to furnish Christian literature in the many languages and dialects.

Rev. Judson Swift reported the year's work, and William H. Taft, Secretary of War, delivered an address which gave an account of the progress in the Philippines relating particularly to education and Christianity. The secretary of the society said that 39 new publications had been added to the list during the year. These were in English, Polish, Bohemian, German, Hungarian, Spanish, Swedish and Italian, and the total number of distinct periodicals added was 180, making the grand total of publications issued since the organization of the society, including volumes, tracts and periodicals, 749,215,571.

The Tract Society furnishes all or nearly all of the Christian literature in the Spanish language, and during the year has distributed in the American colonies upward of 1,000,000 pages, and the total for the year in the Spanish-speaking countries is 5,212,000 pages. The work among the Mormons in Utah is of intense interest.

The society has expended a total of $750,000 in creating and circulating Christian vernacular literature at the foreign mission stations.

FUN AT COOPER'S EXPENSE.

Williams Makes His Flop on Bristow Report Occasion to Tell a Story.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 20.—One of the funny incidents in the recent eruption in the House of Representatives, occurring at the time of the publication of the Bristow report, was the complete flop made by Representative Cooper, of Wisconsin. The first day of the discussion Mr. Cooper made a brief speech in the House, in which he stated that he seriously objected to having his name brought before the country along with that of A. W. Machen, a convicted felon, then on his way to the penitentiary, and said no member of the House of Representatives whose name appeared in the Bristow report had the right to stand up and ask for a moment's delay upon the Hay resolution for the investigation of the Postoffice Department.

Two days later, after President Roosevelt had taken a hand and assisted the House leader in outlining a plan which would shut off any hasty and improvident action, Mr. Cooper made another speech, in which he declared that General Bristow in his report had not assailed the integrity of any man in the House of Representatives, and added that no man was justified in making assault upon the Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General. This change in attitude brought forth hisses from the Democratic side, and Representative Williams, the Democratic leader, took occasion to tell a story at Mr. Cooper's expense. Mr. Williams' story was as follows:

"I have about come to the conclusion that the gentleman is very much in the fix of my old friend Uncle Marlin Stubblefield. One day Uncle Marlin spoke of a certain family of people up in the northern part of my county as being fellows with tusks, that rooted in the ground, and ate acorns, and wore no clothes, and 'warn't no folks.'

"Soon after that a great, big, strapping son of the head of that family, with two six-shooters, came in and said to Uncle Marlin: 'I understand, sir, you have said my father was a hog.'

"The old man measured up the six-shooters, measured up the size of the fellow who accosted him, just as my friend has measured up the size of the White House this evening. Uncle Marlin, as I said, looked at the fellow's size, and then said:

"'Whoever told you that is a liar. All I said was this: That he rooted in the ground, that he didn't wear no clothes, and that he warn't no folks! Now, you can make the most of that, if you choose, but I'll swear I never said he was a hog.'

"Mr. Bristow has not said that any of you are hogs; he has not said any of you were corrupt. He has said that you have induced corruption in the Postoffice Department, and back of that he means, if he means anything, that you knew you were inducing it when you did it, and that you 'exerted undue influence.' He has given all the descriptions of a hog, by which descriptions every man would know a hog if he saw him, or if he had ever seen one before, but he declines to say in haec verba that you are hogs."

CANDAMO VISITS WARSHIP.

The Peruvian President Accompanied Aboard New York by Americans.

NEW YORK, March 21.—President Candamo has visited the American cruiser New York, says a Herald dispatch from Lima, Peru. He was accompanied by United States Minister Dudley, members of the Cabinet, Secretary Neil and several well-known Americans, Englishmen and Peruvians.

The batteries of Callao and the cruiser Constitution saluted as the Presidential party arrived and the Peruvian ensign was displayed on the New York, when President Candamo reached the vessel. The band of the warship played the Peruvian national anthem, and the crew manned the yards and gave three cheers for Peru and three for the United States.

President Candamo inspected the New York with great interest and expressed much gratification at the welcome he received. A ball in honor of the officers of the warships was given at the Callao Club later.

RANGE FIRE BURNS BUILDINGS

Narrow Escapes From Death Reported From Nebraska.

HEMINGFORD, Neb., March 20.—Disastrous prairie fires have swept the range country. One strip burned is six by 12 miles, another more than 20 miles long, and is still burning. Ranch sheds, barns, groves on timber claims and property along the railroad has been destroyed.

Several narrow escapes from death are reported from the ranches.

Traction-Car Barn Burned.

CHICAGO, March 20.—Fire tonight destroyed the Union Traction Company barn at Division street and Western avenue, causing $15,000 loss. The building was 250 feet long and 200 feet wide. This is the second of the Union Traction Company's barns to burn within a week. Both fires are thought to have been of incendiary origin.

STOCK MARKET MORE ACTIVE.

Money Is Cheap in London and War News Is Scarce.

LONDON, March 20.—The Stock Exchange has been more active and stronger, owing to the cheapness of money and the absence of war news. The new Irish loan, issued in accordance with the terms of the Irish land purchase act, is considered attractive for investors and will be easily covered.

Business during the week continued to be of small volume, but there was no pressure to sell, and the report that the government is buying consols for the sinking fund had a reassuring effect.

The American market was fairly strong at the beginning of the week, but was weaker afterward, on the news of the collapse of Sully & Co., in New York.

ATTACKED BY LADRONES.

Chief Surveyor of Party Wounded and Constable Killed.

MANILA, March 21.—Ladrones attacked a surveying party yesterday 10 miles north of Callambaud. A. S. Perkins, who was in charge of the surveying party, was wounded in the battle and one private of the constabulary was killed and another one wounded.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

FOR RELIEF OF SETTLERS

SHERMAN COUNTY CASES AT LAST NEAR SETTLEMENT.

Secretary of Interior Will Gather Information for Next Session of Congress.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 19.—A great deal of importance attaches to the act of Congress recently signed by the President for the relief of settlers on lands in Sherman County, Oregon. This bill opens the way to ultimate legislation for the payment of claims of settlers who entered upon lands included within the overlap limits of the grants made to the Northern Pacific Railroad and The Dalles Military Wagon Road Company in Sherman County. Congress called upon the Interior Department for information upon which to base legislation for the payment of just claims of Sherman County settlers, but the information furnished was not of such character as would warrant the passage of a general relief bill.

Through the efforts of Representative Williamson and Senator Mitchell a new bill was recently passed directing the Secretary of the Interior to investigate and ascertain the names of all settlers who entered upon the improved lands within the conflicting limits of these two grants, and who have since been dispossessed of their lands under the decision of the Supreme Court holding that these lands, upon the forfeiture of the Northern Pacific grant, reverted to The Dalles Military Road Company. Prior to this decision it had been held by the department that the disputed lands, on the forfeiture of the Northern Pacific grant, became a part of the public domain, and it was due to this conception on the part of the department that settlers were allowed to enter upon these lands, only to be deprived of their homes by the subsequent ruling of the court.

In addition to reporting names of settlers in Sherman County who have suffered as a result of the Supreme Court's decision, the Secretary is to ascertain the dates when these settlers located upon Sherman County lands, when they were dispossessed of their lands, and in all cases where any of these settlers are still in possession of the lands claimed by them, the Secretary is to ascertain the reasonable value of the land and the improvements thereon. He will also ascertain whether any of the settlers have purchased from The Dalles Company or from its successor, the Eastern Oregon Land Company, their right to the lands so settled upon, and the amounts paid by such settlers to the wagon road company.

One of the most important features of the new law, however, provides that the Secretary of the Interior shall ascertain what price and on what terms the Eastern Oregon Land Company will relinquish to the settlers the lands claimed by them, together with the improvements thereon. All of these facts are to be submitted to Congress at the next session.

It is the purpose of Representative Williamson, when the Secretary's report is at hand, to introduce a bill which will make a sufficient appropriation to enable the Sherman County settlers to either purchase from the Eastern Oregon Land Company the tracts which they entered, on the assumption that they were obtaining public land, or which will compensate these settlers for the losses sustained through no fault of their own, in case the company will not sell. The claim of Sherman County settlers for relief is a just one, for all the entries which were canceled under the decision of the Supreme Court were made with the approval of the Interior Department, the department having assumed that the lands referred to became a part of the public domain upon the forfeiture of the Northern Pacific grant. The department was in error in so holding, because there was no justification of law for the belief that the grant to The Dalles Military Wagon Road Company did not hold good.

Nothing is lost by the delay in securing this information from the Interior Department, for at the present time it would not be possible to secure the passage of a bill which would pay the claims of Sherman settlers. While the amount involved is not believed to be excessive, Republican leaders are now trying to hold up all claims of this sort, just prior to the National campaign. From facts that are now available, it is estimated that an appropriation of between $250,000 and $300,000 will have to be made to quiet the claims of Sherman County settlers. The exact amount cannot be determined until the report of the Secretary of the Interior Department is available.

ANSWERING THE IRISH.

Correspondent Replies on Behalf of Race of "Assassins."

PORTLAND, March 18.—(To the Editor.)—The disposition of a class of Irish to interject their sarcasm on all possible occasions, and if noticed and returned, to feel hurt, get violently abusive and destroy their usefulness, is well illustrated in the following: During a discussion of South African affairs, the Colonial Secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, referred to the Boers fighting under the British flag. Mr. Dillon interjected, "They are traitors." Joe retorted, "The honorable gentleman is a good judge of traitors." Mr. Dillon got no more than he deserved, but because he found he had not a monopoly of sharp words, he must get into a rage and said: "I will tell that right honorable member that he is a —— liar." Refusing to recall the expression, he was voted suspended.

The vindictive spirit of a class of Irish and their exacting revenge out of all proportion to the offense is well illustrated by the following: "A Dublin newspaper says that some days ago a woman who had let a house to the government for use as a police barracks died in County Tipperary. She was rigidly boycotted. Even after her death no person would dig her grave, and it was done by the police. No one attended the funeral except the woman's immediate relatives and a few priests." (New York Times.)

The ability of a class of Irish to make a mountain out of a molehill and to think themselves very badly treated is most strikingly exhibited in the following: "It was Irish influence which induced President Roosevelt to withdraw permission to his daughter Alice to attend the coronation of King Edward, of England," exclaimed Congressman John F. Fitzgerald, of Boston, at a meeting in the Bijou Theater, Brooklyn, in honor of the 126th anniversary of the birth of Robert Emmet. Loud cheers greeted the statement by Mr. Fitzgerald. "It is positively true," declared Mr. Fitzgerald, raising his hand to still the tumult of applause. "I have the news on the most unimpeachable testimony. Representations were made to the President that it would be a grievous mistake for him to permit his daughter to be present at the coronation. It would look as if the executive of the greatest of republics were pledging the support of the United States to King Edward, and this is the view the delegation that visited President Roosevelt took. The President saw that to send his daughter to the coronation would be a grave political mistake. I am certain that he recognized the fact that were he to send his daughter to the coronation citizens of Irish birth or descent in the United States would feel that they had reason to consider themselves unjustly treated, and the cause of liberty the world over would receive a decided check." (New York World.) Great Caesar's ghost! The cause of liberty the world over checked—the political fortune of the President ruined—every citizen of Irish birth and descent unjustly treated. All because a maiden fair had her pa's permission to take a holiday. This, too, from a Congressman of cultured Boston! If this be the stuff your correspondent, Mr. O'Connor, thinks is good sense and evidence of brains, he is very welcome to a monopoly of it. But he will not humbug the American public so easily as he thinks. Why, bless you, every one knows a class of Irish could not exist without a grievance.

In the Princeton Review, May, 1884, will be found, "Landowner and Farmer in England," by David B. King. From it may be had a good idea of the condition of the British farmer, the disastrous effect of bad weather, high wages, foreign competition with cheap and easy transportation, and the lack of much-needed legislation. Also will be understood the operation of certain land laws enacted in 1870, 1875, 1881 and 1883. It will be seen the Irish farmer was not discriminated against by the government, but suffered from the common evil, and was the first to get relief, and greater relief than accorded to the farmers of England and Scotland. Indeed, it was the general opinion that Parliament, in passing the Irish land act, the average of rent acts, and the agricultural holdings act, had gone much too far in the direction of interfering with the freedom of contract. The land act of 1870 gave to the Irish tenant the right to compensation for improvements on quitting his holdings; also right to compensation for disturbance when forced to leave by the landlord. The landlord, however, could increase his rents. This was remedied by the act of 1881, which provided a court to fix a fair rent to stand for 15 years. The tenants' right to live on and farm the land indefinitely at a fixed fair rent; his rights to improvements were secured, and, further, the law made provision to lend the tenant three-fourths of the purchase money, if he wished to buy the landlord's interest. We now refer to a "Talk With the Hon. Horace Plunkett," see Review of Reviews, April, 1903. Mr. Plunkett came over here to talk about Ireland, and said: "Yes, indeed, for the last 20 years, the Irish tenant has enjoyed perpetuity of tenure so long as he pays his rent; and that is fixed, not by the landlords, but by the state, every 15 years, through a specially appointed state tribunal. Moreover, the fair rent, as it is called, secures to the tenant the value of his improvement. . . . Several land-purchasing acts have been passed, and about 12 per cent of the tenants have been enabled to buy out their holdings with the assistance of state credit. The experiment has proved entirely satisfactory, and the great majority of the tenants naturally want to become owners by the same means. My ranch friend asked just now, what the Irish farmers were kicking about, when so much had been done for them by legislation. Unhappily, about the time when their position was being so enormously improved by the legislative changes which I have described, a new trouble overtook them in the form of agricultural depression, resulting from the opening up of vast tracts of virgin soil in the Western Hemisphere and Australia, and also from the extraordinary development which has taken place in rapid and cheap transportation, as well as in processes of food preservation." In the foregoing you have the testimony of an Irishman who has been closely identified with improvements for his country. The reader has his choice, the Hon. H. Plunkett or Mr. O'Connor.

I would claim the attention of the reader once more to the May number of the Review of Reviews, 1903, to what the "blawsted" British have been doing to Ireland. "While in the United States we are this year undertaking to bring Government aid to industry, trade and agriculture by digging the Panama Canal, enlarging the water ways of New York State, investing millions in the irrigation of Western land, and financing the transfer of the friar lands to the peasantry of Luzon, the British government is entering upon a scheme of land purchase greater in the financial magnitude than all these American projects put together. In short, the greatest event of the month under review in these pages has been the introduction of the Tory government's Irish land-purchase bill—aggragating in the end $500,000,000."

The following is from the September number: "The British Parliament was prorogued on August 14. This session will have been memorable in history for its adoption of the Irish land-purchase bill, which will become operative on the 1st day of November. . . . It is a scheme for the creation of a new interest-bearing debt of a maximum amount of $500,000,000, with the proceeds of which the Irish landlords are to be bought out. The plan further provides for a free gift—eventually aggregating some $60,000,000 in the form of bonuses to the landlords to induce them to sell."

Mr. O'Connor makes no mention of the facts we have presented to the reader; the probable reason is that he did not notice them in the Irish World. We have only space to call attention to the amount of gratitude shown the Tory government. These Irish gentlemen nearly succeeded in turning them out of office a day or two ago, because they refused to sanction the expense of teaching Gaelic in the junior grades of the Irish schools. The language of Shakespeare, Francis Bacon, Addison, Milton, Webster, Henry Clay, Calhoun, in short, of the United States, Canada and Australia is not good enough for these gentry. We miss our guess very much if the American people have very much sympathy for these gentlemen.

Some other time we shall take up the famine of India, its cause, and what has been accomplished by the British.' As to personalities, although no man has a monopoly of sarcasm, and although the history of the Irish gives very good opportunities for the play of sarcasm, we, nevertheless, leave that field to the exploitation of Mr. J. O'Connor.

DONALD ALLISON.

FIGURE IT OUT

If You Can Get a Thoroughly Good Piano, Well Made, Substantial and Sweet-Toned for What Is Generally Asked for the Cheaply Made Commercial Pianos, What Are You Going to Save?

You are going to save yourself a lot of disappointment, to begin with.

You are going to save yourself the expense of having your poor piano tinkered up frequently, broken strings replaced, sticking keys fixed, retuning and many other annoyances.

You are going to save yourself the necessity of buying a new piano when you become fully disgusted with your bad bargain.

A Good One

Here is the Bailey, one out of our 30 fine makes. Everybody who has had experience with it has a good word for it. It has come to be called the "beautiful Bailey" both on account of its tone and neat, artistic finish.

For $225

You can get a very attractive style in either mahogany, walnut, or oak, double veneered. Hand-carved panels, natural-wood pilasters, carved trusses, overstrung bass, bell-metal pressure bar, new, improved repeating action. A piano that any cultured home would be proud to boast of. Fully guaranteed. Payment down this week only $8, monthly payments $4. Eilers Piano House. The largest, lowest priced and most responsible piano concern on the Pacific Coast.

Lipman, Wolfe & Co. Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

First Agency for Butterick Patterns at the Lipman, Wolfe & Co. Store—April Delineator now on sale—April Patterns are on sale—Fashion Sheets for the asking—Subscriptions taken for the Delineator—"Trefousse" Gloves are the best gloves possible—Portland agents Burgesser and Robinson & Wells' Hats—Artistic Picture Framing—Custom Shade Work—Greatest Northwestern Mail-Order Huse.

Up to $1.50 Silks 98c

Included in the offering are Checked Swivel Louisines with embroidered dots—Hairline Taffetas with embroidered dots—fine Checked Taffetas—Polka Dot Novelty Weaves—Swivel Checks—all of them are this season's most stylish weaves—equal to any elsewhere $1.50 values—today at.............. **98c**

$10 Covert Jackets $7.80

These Jackets are made of a fine quality of Tan Covert Cloth, are the fashionable length, 21-inch—have lap seams, notched collar, coat sleeves and cuff, and full satin lined—fresh and new, this season's make—really worth more than $10—Special **$7.80**

$15 Silk Coats at $9.85

These Coats are made of a high grade Black Peau de Soie Silk, are 27 inches long, strictly tailor-made; have pleated shoulder cape, new pouch sleeves, trimmed with ornaments, lined throughout with white satin—equal to any $15 value anywhere—Special.............................. **$9.85**

$20 Silk Coats at $14.75

These Coats are made of a superb quality of Black Peau de Soie Silk, are 24 inches long—fitted back, pretty novelty shoulder cape, trimming of lace, ribbon and fancy braid lining of white satin—equal in every respect to the best $20 value—Special.............................. **$14.75**

Dress Goods at $1.19

A wonderful collection at this price—all $1.50 to $1.75 values—three style groups to choose from—BURLAP BOUTONNE, a soft shaggy fabric with a raised bright self-colored mohair floss; SEEDED CREPE DE PARIS, a soft clinging silk and wool fabric for street and evening wear; ETAMINE BOUTONNE, a clinging wire cloth weave showing a short self-color mohair floss that imparts a peculiarly handsome effect. All of these in the season's most favored colors, champagne, cadet, helio, tan, reseda, pearl, royal, mode, castor, etc.; 45 and 48 inches wide; all $1.50 and $1.75 fabrics on sale at.............................. **$1.19**

Pure Linen Suitings 50c

Of medium weight, 30 to 36 inches wide, they have a finish which linen alone possesses—which is improved by continued washing—choice of light and dark blue, grays, tans, nile green, cadet, pink and natural linen color; exceptional value at.............. **50c**

Easter Bible Sale

We carry exclusively the Oxford Bible. We have at all times the largest and best selected stock of these Bibles in Portland. Our prices have always been the lowest.

Oxford Text Bibles.

French Morocco Bound; size 5½x3½; 6 maps; Special.............. 45¢
French Morocco, Divinity Circuit; red under gold; 6 maps; 3½x5½; Special .... 65¢

Oxford Reference Bibles.

Real Seal, Divinity Circuit; red under gold; maps; size 5¾x3¾; Special .... 80¢
French Morocco, Divinity Circuit; red under gold; size 4⅝x6⅞; 12 maps; Special $1.25
French Morocco Self-Pronouncing Text, Divinity Circuit; red under gold edges; large type; 5½x8½; Special $1.50

Also a special reduction on all India Paper Editions.

Prayer Book and Hymnal Sets.

Japanese Morocco, 32mo., Bourgeois type; special, per set........ $1.25
French Seal, 32mo., printed in Bourgeois; special, per set........ $1.56
Lambskin India Paper Edition, inlaid monogram; special, per set.. $2.80
French Seal, printed in Minion size type; price, per set, special.. $1.00

Devotional Booklets.

Pocket sizes, white embossed covers, gold lettering and gold cross; fully illustrated; Gold Dust, Daily Food .... 35¢
Adresses by Brooks, Words of Comfort and Hope; special........ 39¢
Thos. a Kempis' Imitation of Christ in white and gold; special..... 39¢
An assortment of dainty booklets in gift bindings; special.......... 18¢

ALSO Reference Testaments, Revised Testaments, Marked Testaments, Red Letter Testaments, 20th Century New Testaments—all at special prices.

DEATH AFTER FIST FIGHT

WILLIAM PANGBURN, JR., DIES AT GOOD SAMARITAN.

Dispute With His Chum, Lee Radabaugh, Led to Fatal Encounter Ten Days Ago.

William Pangburn, Jr., who has been confined to his home, at 502 Northrup street, for the past ten days as the result of a fist fight with Lee Radabaugh, in a livery stable at Fifteenth and Couch streets, died at the Good Samaritan Hospital shortly after 10 o'clock last night. Upon order of Judge Hogue, Radabaugh, who had been relased from the City Jail on a charge of assault, having furnished $50 bail, was re-arrested by Officers Vaughn and Hogaboom, and placed under $1000 cash bonds.

"My son told me that Radabaugh kicked him while they were fighting," said W. M. Pangburn, the father of the dead boy, last night. "He said Radabaugh accused him of owing him $3, and when he said it was not true, that Radabaugh began kicking him. He was so badly used up that he has been confined to his bed ever since the affair, and on Friday the physicians ordered my son taken to the Good Samaritan Hospital, where he died last night. Previous to the fight the two boys were chums."

The day after the fight occurred Mr. Pangburn had Radabaugh arrested on a charge of assault. The bail was fixed at $200, but was reduced to $50, which Radabaugh furnished. Upon learning of the death of young Pangburn, early this morning, Judge Hogue ordered Radabaugh re-arrested and placed under $1000 bonds.

Both of the boys were 21 years of age. Radabaugh was employed as a hostler at the stable where the fight occurred and was arrested at that place by the officers last night.

GOVERNOR BOYLE PROMOTED.

Reward for Handling of French Shore Matter in Newfoundland.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., March 20.—Sir Cavendish Boyle, Governor of Newfoundland, has been promoted to the Governorship of Mauritius. This is one of the most important of the British Governorships, and carries a salary of $25,000 a year, as against $10,000 paid to the Governor of Newfoundland.

The promotion is due to Sir Cavendish Boyle's tactful handling of French shore matters during his incumbency of the present post. He will leave here early in May.

THE DAY'S DEATH ROLL.

A. W. Colgate.

PASADENA, Cal., March 20.—A. W. Colgate, of Morristown, Mass., a wealthy soap manufacturer, aged 65 years, dropped dead as he was about to enter the residence of a friend on Orange Grove avenue. Death was due to heart failure. Mr. Colgate had been staying at the Hotel Raymond since December 19, and was apparently in the best of health. His body will be taken east for burial.

Charles W. Thompson.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Representative Charles W. Thompson, of the Fifth Alabama District, died in this city this afternoon of pneumonia. Thompson had been sick just one week. The body will be taken to Tuskegee, Ala., for burial.

George Merritt Clark.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., March 20.—George Merritt Clark, of Buffalo, N. Y., a well-known member of the American Water Color Society of New York, died at his California home near Bostonia, in this county today.

East Side Notes.

Mrs. L. E. Rockwell, wife of Dr. Rockwell, has returned from the East, where she went in September as a delegate to the Women's Missionary Convention.

A large crowd of men laid the two permanent double crossings for the Southern Pacific and City & Suburban double tracks at the intersection of East First and Morrison streets yesterday. These crossings will carry the two tracks the Southern Pacific Railway Company is laying through to East Market street on East First street.

Rev. Harvey Hill, who has been confined to his home on the East Side for the past 15 weeks, was considered slightly improved yesterday. For the first time in many weeks he was able to recognize his mother and close friends. The attending physician entertain hopes that he will recover, but says that it will be nearly a year before he will be fully restored.

AT THE HOTELS.

THE PORTLAND.

E W Smith, N Y
E C Macdonald, Spkn
R E Olds and wife, Lansing, Mich
E J Bouser and wife, do
H A Cohn and wife, San Francisco
Mrs B H Grambs, Seattle
H C Harris and wife, Des Moines, Ia
H Ablers, Omaha
M B Amsell, Seattle
P W Wolpermuth, do
Mrs G W Champlin, Chicago
Mrs R A Kettle, do
T Chase, do
A H Stewart, Denvr
M M Mattingly, Olym
H W Hahn and wife, Cleveland, O
L S Robinson, S F
C W Craig, do
P A Young, Albany
S Burkhardt, Wash
W A Phelps, Mich
W S Winegar, do
F S Hurley, Chicago
F Riffle, S F
C R Davis, do
E T Coman, Mich
F A Yeaton, Boston
A S Crowder, Spkn
J A Black, S F
M B Williams, N Y
M J Betruese, do
L Clark, Chicago
C C Gilbert, S F
T G Mortland, Seat
F Weston, Mass
G F Merrian, do
A T Judd, Holyoke
C H Holmes, R I
D Hardy, S F
J B Murphy, do
L T McDuffie, Mich

THE PERKINS.

Ernest Werner, Hubd
Grace Smith, do
F B Harrington, Moscow
Mrs Harrington, do
F Peterson, City
Mrs A A Pompe, Vancouver
Mrs A M H Maltby, do
R Reeves, do
T A Milhira, Bellingh
A E Donavan, Vancr
W G Cyrus, Astoria
C W Brinot, do
J A Bomburg, do
G E Bartness, Hd Rv
L B Watts, City
J L Purdy, Michigan
J L Winchester, do
T M Riggen, Seattle
F L Nelson, Stillwtr
A B Colby, City
Louis Cohn, Seattle
Chas F Wells, do
W O Thompson, Virginia City, Mont
B P Kunker, Segner
J Balsbridge, Cal
Daisie Mahamat, Omaha
Wm M Loomis, Pitts
Margaret L McCully, Joseph
L O Conner, Seattle
E D Kelly, N Dak
J L Nelson, Stillwtr
B Gladhart, Weiser
Mrs M Rand, Vancr
E W Dexon, Seattle
F H Robertson, do
Mrs Robertson, do
J T Lamborth, Pendl
L Greenwald, do
L W Held, do
J W Maloney, do
Dallas O'Hara, do
T R Hampton, do
J W Kimball, do
F R Smith, Bennett
Mrs Ralph Folsom, Pendleton
Mrs J C Robinson, Antelope
H M Read, Seattle
L E Bender, Corvallis
Mrs Bender, do
J C Cooper, McMinn
G F Stewart, La Gran
O N Davison, New Lexington
G E Ames, Cleveland
Mrs L C Bruckner, Little Falls, Wash
Mrs W A Bruckner, do
J E Taylor, T Dalles
P D Butzer, Bucorda
J W Hayes, do
Z O Adams, S F
G B Hegardt, F Stev
F B Waite, Roseburg
C P Fenstormacker, Breckinridge
Mrs Fenstormacker, do
R Sam Hays, Sweet Springs
Mrs Hays, do
Jas Edwards, Idaho
Mrs Edwards, do
A L Myers, Baby Mine
H E Gist, Seattle

THE IMPERIAL.

L B Clough, Vancvr
W Harvey Willis, San Francisco
W C Alderson, City
Mrs Dr Stowell, Van
C E Dickey, City
H L Hart, do
W F Zwick, Seattle
Wm Timson, Bellingham
W F Matlock, Pendl
J Lyon, En Router
W P Lathrop, W W
John Empey, Spkn
H B King, do
E W Dans, La Grand
M D Clifford, Canyon
C A Blair, Los Angl
John J Bellergy, Pndl
G A Hurtman, do
F C Feller, Chicago
D Wilcox, Los Angl
Mrs Wilcox, do
J A Whitman, Medfd
Geo Riley, S F
James Palloran, Seaside
D O Smart, Kan City
Mrs Smart, do
W O Connor, Seattle
L P Braddy, S F
Mrs J M Brodie, Eugn
C E Lytle, Shaniko
A H Grigsley, S F
James King, Boise
Mrs King, do
James Withycomb, Corvallis
A B Cordley, do
A L Kinsley, do
Mrs Chas Words, Chemawa
Evelyn Words, do
S Hartman, do
F G Kellogg, Tacoma
E H Strenmeyer, Ast
Manley M Straron, Knappton

THE ST. CHARLES.

David Fairchild, U S A
H L Wilson, do
J R Day, do
F P Hobson, Marshfield
Mrs Hobson, do
Miss Hobson, do
J L Lambert, Boston
T O Clement, do
Chas Watson, McMinnville
E Roy, Stayton, Or
W L Freres, do
Margaret Moo, do
E H Weyman, Spkn
Lloyd Cooper, Iowa
C G Coppock, do
R C Craven, Corvallis
Mrs Craven, do
H C Nicolai, Pendl
H T Dodge, Hoquiam
J N Rundle, Tacoma
Mrs Rundle, do
Mrs Tift, Buffalo
Mrs N J Fisher, Neb
Lewis Creps, Banks
W N Borr, do
Mrs Campbell, do
Chas Harris, Marshfld
John S Ashbaugh, Dallas
F L Mason, do
W P Wilson, do
W S Smith, do
C Jones, Astoria
Wm Morris, City
R Harrison, do
D P Lang, Montavilla
H H Hall, do
Frank Anders, do
J W Montgomery, Bridal Veil
Henry A Townsend, Des Moines, Ia
Geo H Hopper, Neb
H Schrader, Comas
Chas Johnson, Astoria
T A Hall, do
A Klingor, do
Mrs Klingor, do
J C Harman, Antelope
W Clark, do
H Kirbyson, do
C A McGraw, Dundee
L Michael, City
O Shepardson, Wash
Geo H Hurlburt, City
J Frukositz, do
J Smith, do
L Stanyshire, Troutdal
T W Couder, do
Miss Bell Henderson, Forest Grove
C W Demarest, City
I N Moore, do
W H Busy, Chinook
H V Barberl, do
F S Murray, Cottrell
D A Peebles, do
J C Buckley, Gresham
Jacob Hofstetter, do
Capt John W Brown, City
R Perkins, do

THE ESMOND.

W J Lloyd, City
Mrs Lloyd, do
O Johnson, Astoria
Mrs Johnson, do
H T Wilson, Tacoma
Mrs Wilson, do
Miss Wilson, do
C W Thornthwaite, Wasco
Mrs Thornthwaite, do
H Humphrey, Mt Vernon
J E Templeton, Reno
Mrs Templeton, do
D N Roberts, Greshm
J W Thompson, Stevenson
D Martin, Oregon Ct
L Warren, do
W R Wagner, Rainl'r
S White, Salem
H Worsley, S F
L Norton, Buena Vist
Mrs Norton, do
Miss Norton, do
W Dodson, Camas
L Connor, Omaha
Mrs Condor, do
H P Fellows, Tacoma
Mrs Fellows, do
J Benson, do
Mrs Benson, do
J G Wilson, City
L Osberg, Cot Grove
M A Goodnough, do
H McLean, do
E H Ferry, Astoria
A Sickan, do
R Straite, Skam
W Hall, City
J D Bergus, S F
P H Hogg, City
A E Mead, Salem
A E Williams, do
H Thomson, do
L Smith, Vancouver
W E Kelso, Milwaukie
G H Kuhns, Vancouvr
C R Reynolds, do

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