RIGHT OF PRESIDENT

Senate Discusses His Authority to Withhold Papers.

PANAMA THE MAIN ISSUE

Democrats Contend the Executive Must Do Its Pleasure, While Republicans Take Stand He Is No Servant.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The time of the Senate today was devoted to debate rather than to set speeches on the attitude of the United States toward Panama revolution. There was a variation, however, in that the discussion also had reference to the right of the President to withhold information called for by the Senate. The foundation of the controversy was the Democratic caucus resolution calling on the President to state whether he has yet supplied all the papers in the archives bearing on the Panama affair.

The debate was opened by Culberson, and was participated in by Gorman and Bacon, on the Democratic side of the chamber, and by Cullom, Spooner and Lodge, of the Republican side. The Democrats contended for the right of the Senate to demand information in the possession of the Executive bearing on treaties before the Senate, while the Republicans spoke in defense of the discretion of the President to withhold information.

The joint resolution authorizing the accepting from citizens of France of a reproduction of D'Angers' bust of Washington was passed by the Senate when it convened.

When Morgan's resolution calling for Minister Buchanan's letter concerning amendments to the canal treaty was laid before the Senate, Morgan withdrew it, saying he had been informed that it was the intention of the President to send the document to the Senate in executive session. The resolution of Culberson, introduced at the instance of the Democratic caucus, requesting the President to inform the Senate whether all the correspondence relating to the construction of an isthmian canal had been sent to the Senate, was taken up.

Request for Panama Papers.

Cullom objected to the resolution as too broad as to date, and on his suggestion Culberson amended it so as to limit the request for correspondence since June 28, 1902, the date of the approval of the Spooner act.

Cullom then suggested that the resolution be further amended so as to relieve the President from the necessity of sending information which would in his opinion be incompatible with the public interest. Culberson declined to accept this amendment and made a speech in support of his objection and in favor of the adoption of the resolution as it stood. Cullom assured Culberson that whether his amendment was accepted or not, "the Senate will get all the information there is in the department pertinent to the general question."

Hale advocated the amendment. Tillman contended there is a difference between negotiations and treaties, but Cullom contended the President, as the head of one branch of the Government, has rights which pertain to his office exclusively.

went on, "seek after a week or two of caucusing to get some advantage. They hope to catch the President in an untruth, but they won't succeed, for there never was in the White House a President who was less liable to be found in such a predicament."

Culberson disclaimed any intention of reflecting upon the President's veracity and added that the resolution did not justify such an interpretation.

Gorman Replies to Cullom.

Cullom gave assurance that the information sought would be forthcoming.

Gorman replied, saying that "There is not now and there is not likely to be a resolution to be presented on this side of the chamber which is not couched in the most respectful language. We have too high a respect for that high office to pursue any other course." He stated that the discretionary clause had been purposely omitted from this resolution, but said the omission was no indication of a desire to reflect on the President.

Aldrich suggested that the resolution should be so amended as not to include papers covering present negotiations which may now be on, and Gorman replied he had not before heard that such negotiations were in progress. He was delighted to hear that such was the case, and he hoped for the honor of the country that the negotiations would be pressed to a successful culmination.

Gorman said that Cullom should not be so sensitive about the President. That official could take care of himself, and no Senator should refuse to give his assent to a request for the fullest possible information on a question so important.

"There is no insinuation in the resolution," he said, "and why hesitate about its passage?"

Spooner replied to Gorman. The resolution, he said, was understood to be the fruit of the "collective civilization of the Democratic side of the Senate." He did not adopt the suggestion of Cullom that there was an ulterior motive in its introduction, for he knew "how absolutely guiltless the Senator from Maryland and the Senator from Texas are in matters political." He could not restrain the thought that possibly there was a purpose of using the matter on the stump.

Not the Servant of the Senate.

"The President is not," Spooner argued, "the servant of the Senate, and the Senate could not command; and although the Senate is a part of the treaty-making power, the President is still the head of a co-ordinate branch of the Government, and could exercise authority in his own sphere of duty." In conclusion Spooner said:

"I intend to vote now and always, no matter who is President, because it is to the interest of the country and is respectful and decent to the President, for a proposition or amendment, leaving to the discretion of the President the right to withhold any papers which he believes should not be made public."

Ledge supported the position taken by Spooner.

Bacon took issue with the contention of the Republican Senators that the Senate could not demand information at the hands of the Executive Department. He quoted liberally from expressions made by Republican Senators, including Spooner, during the Cleveland Administration to support his contention. The Wisconsin Senator then maintained that Congress was entitled to all papers bearing on nominations. Bacon said the President either should send information or explain why he did not send it.

Spooner said the speech quoted by Bacon had been made when he first entered the Senate, but he had been able to discover but one inconsistency between his position then and now. He had not contended then, and certainly did not contend now, that the President must send the papers on first demand.

The Senate agreed unanimously to vote on the resolution before adjournment tomorrow, and at 5:40 P. M. adjourned.

CRUM APPOINTED ONLY TWICE

Shaw Gives Senate Record of the Collector at Charleston.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—In response to Senator Tillman's resolution adopted by the Senate, calling for the record of William D. Crum's appointment, and his service as Collector of the port of Charleston, S. C., Secretary of the Treasury Shaw today sent to President pro tem Frye the following letter:

"William D. Crum was appointed Collector at the port of Charleston, S. C., March 20, 1903, and a temporary commission issued. Mr. Crum qualified by executing a bond for $50,000, and took oath of office March 30, 1903. Mr. Crum was again appointed December 7, 1903, and has given bond in the sum of $50,000, and took the oath of office on January 2, 1904.

"There has been no third appointment and no fourth appointment. The same information is contained in a letter to B. R. Tillman under date of January 8, 1904, and which appears in the Congressional Record of January 25, 1904.

"The resolution also asks, 'Is Mr. Crum now in office, and if so under what authority of law? William D. Crum is de facto Collector at the port of Charleston, S. C. Whether he holds his position under authority of law is determinable, not by the Executive Department of the Government, but by the judiciary, and that only. He is not receiving pay, because of the provisions of section 1761-62."

NOT ALL OF YALE AGAINST HIM

Second Memorial Forwarded Approving President's Panama Policy.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 28.—The memorial of a number of Yale professors and other New Haven citizens recently sent to Senator George F. Hoar, deprecating the Administration's attitude in relation to the Panama situation, has been followed by one of opposing purpose. This document, which has just been forwarded to Senator O. H. Platt, expresses the belief that "the President of the United States was fully justified in recognizing the independence of Panama," and asks for the ratification of the Hay-Bunau-Varilla treaty.

The memorial is headed by the name of Charles S. Mellen, president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, and has about 100 other signers, including 40 Yale officers and professors.

MONEY TO REMAIN UNTOUCHED

Panama Will Set Aside $8,000,000 of Money Received for Canal.

PANAMA, Jan. 28.—The Constitutional Convention today approved a measure providing that of the $10,000,000 to be paid to the Republic of Panama by the United States for the right to use the canal zone $8,000,000 is to remain untouched for the future benefit of the new republic.

Reyes Needs No Letters of Recall.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Dr. Thomas Herran, the Colombian Charge, has received word from General Reyes announcing his departure next Saturday on the steamer Valencia for Barranquilla, whence he will proceed at once to Bogota. The Colombians feel that as General Reyes came here as a special envoy on a special mission, and not a regular Minister, it will not be necessary for him to present letters of recall. They also feel that the note that General Reyes presented to the State Department before he left will meet all the necessities of the case.

TO MEET AMERICAN DIPLOMATS

New Dominican Government Will Stand by Previous Contracts.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—General Sanchez, whom the Morales government has appointed Dominican Minister to the United States, had a long talk with Acting Secretary Loomis today. The substance of what the Minister had to say was that his government was prepared to execute all the demands of this country regarding pending claims, and to stand by all agreements this Government has made with previous Dominican administrations.

Minister Powell has practically recognized the Morales government, and no effort will be made to recall this action, unless the Morales forces demonstrate their inability to maintain order.

It is said that Minister Sanchez desires to raise funds here to put the government on a firm basis. No date for his reception, and in fact very little of a definite character regarding his status has been decided.

Will Try to Stop Steamer.

CAPE HAYTIEN, Jan. 28.—The Dominican gunboat Presidente arrived last Tuesday, and the Captain asked the Haytien government for munitions of war. President Nord made no response. After the installation of the new Dominican Consul here the Presidente left for Montecriste to attempt to prevent the German steamer Schaumburg from entering Montechriste, it is said.

MEDICINE CAN'T CONQUER IT.

Leading Chicago Doctor's Startling Statement Regarding Pneumonia.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—"Drug treatment is useless in cases of pneumonia. The medical profession, so far as medicines are concerned, can be of no assistance in the fight against this disease. The sooner the profession will acknowledge this to the public and set to work to discover some specific to save pneumonia patients, the better for all concerned."

This startling statement by Dr. A. D. Bevan, who stands high in the profession, has stirred up the members of the Chicago Medical Society at their meeting.

Several physicians sprang to their feet to protest against this arraignment. All had to admit, however, that there is no definite remedy known, and they based their protests solely on the contention that they might influence the patient favorably by easing somewhat and by the moral effect of their presence.

CUBA EXPECTS NO DELAY.

Rumor That War Talk Will Hold Up Loan Is Discredited.

HAVANA, Jan. 28.—The apparent difficulty that will be experienced in floating the $35,000,000 Cuban loan at present on account of the Eastern war scare has given rise to a rumor that the National City Bank of New York, the tentative bidder for the loan, has withdrawn. President Palma said to the Associated Press tonight that he knew nothing of this withdrawal. Senor Zaldo, Secretary of State, also said he did not believe the National City Bank had withdrawn, as otherwise the National Bank of Cuba, which was also a bidder for the loan as a representative of a European and American syndicate, would also withdraw on account of the war probabilities. It is supposed here that the offer of the New York bank is unchanged.

Census Figures of Dallas.

DALLAS, Or., Jan. 28.—(Special.)—A census of this town taken during the past week shows the following totals:

Married males, 342; married females, 338; unmarried males over 21 years, 134; unmarried females over 18 years, 73; widowers, 28; widows, 55; male children under 21 years, 296; female children under 18 years, 254; total, 1528.

Inside the city limits the population is 1449, the First Ward containing 508; Second Ward, 501; Third Ward, 440. There are 327 dwelling-houses in the town. Only two houses were found vacant in the city.

Radium Relieves Cancer Sufferers.

VIENNA, Jan. 28.—Professor Gussenbauer, one of the leading surgeons of Austria, has conducted successfully experiments with radium for enlargements of the gullet in cases of cancerous contraction of the esophagus, thereby obviating the necessity of recourse to artificial nourishment.

MOB OPENS GRAVES

Heads of Bodies Are Cut Off and Stuck on Poles.

ATROCITIES IN MOROCCO

Burying-Place of Foreigners Is the One Attacked--Attempt of Government to Circulate Unpopular Coins the Cause.

TANGIER, Jan. 28.—Morocco City has been the scene of serious disturbances in consequence of the government's attempt to force the circulation of new and unpopular copper coins, on which is placed an artificial value, and which it is to receive in payment of taxes. Business is paralyzed, provisions are scarce and starvation is threatened.

A mob arose and first attacked the Christian cemetery lately given by the Sultan to the foreign missions, burned down the gates, desecrated the graves, exhumed the bodies, cut off their heads, and paraded the town with the heads stuck on poles. The rioters proceeded to the Jewish quarter, with the object of destroying, but they found the gates closed and strongly guarded.

The Jews were panic-stricken until they found that the protection of the authorities was effective. The rabble subsequently looted the jewelry shops, robbing and wounding many Jews.

The Governor attempted to quell the disturbance, but he was stoned. The authorities finally induced the mob to withdraw on the promise of temporary withdrawal of the obnoxious coinage.

FIRE SUFFERERS CARED FOR.

Adequate Provision Is Made for the Thousands in Aalesund.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—Official information has been given out that the needs of the 13,000 inhabitants of the town of Aalesund, Norway, which was destroyed by fire on January 24, have been provided for adequately. Seven thousand of the people of Aalesund have gone to neighboring towns and villages, and the Hamburg-American line steamer Phoenicia, which was sent out to Aalesund with relief at the instigation of Emperor William, is caring for 4000 more. She has 20 days' supplies for this number.

The people of the destroyed town have taken new heart, Emperor William's telegram having contributed greatly to their encouragement. All the ships at Aalesund were flag-bedecked yesterday upon the occasion of the celebration of Emperor William's birthday.

The relief work is well organized, and provision is being made for the return of the refugees, inasmuch as there is but scanty food supplies in the surrounding country. It is intended to send several hundred children to Bergen. Invaluable assistance in the maintenance of order at Aalesund was afforded by the German cruiser Prinz Heinrich, which among other things lighted the town with its searchlights. The property losses are estimated at $4,250,000.

WARN BRITISH TO RETURN.

Thibetans Will Resort to Force if Expedition Continues to Advance.

CHUMBI, British India, Jan. 28.—Colonel Younghusband, commanding the British expedition to Thibet, has received a personal visit from the Lepon-Lama, one of the five great Lamas of Thibet, warning him to return to Gnatong and promising that there will be serious trouble if he does not do so. Large reinforcements of infantry and cavalry have already reached the Thibetan camp, and more are coming from Lhana and Shigasto, the capital. It is expected that an attack will be made on the British camp at Tuna, when the Thibetans are sufficiently reinforced.

In the meantime the British are pushing the work of roadmaking through a gorge north of Lingmathang, which is said to be more difficult to traverse and higher than the Kyber Pass. The military telegraph is keeping pace with the roadmakers. All the work is doing in the face of Arctic weather. The British expedition is still waiting a proper representative from the Dalai-Lama at Lhasa. A flying column under command of Colonel McDonald is ready to push forward at any moment, should necessity arise.

IMPROVES THE MAIL SERVICE.

Line of Fast Steamers Will Be Put On the Run From Canada to Britain.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—It is announced here that the Canadian government has made a contract with the Allan line of steamers for an improved mail service between Canada and Great Britain, to commence next August with the turbine steamer Victorian and to be supplemented later with a sister ship, the Virginian. The British terminus of the service will be Moville, Ireland, the year round, while the Canadian terminus will be Quebec in the Summer and St. John, N. B., in the Winter.

The steamers Tunisian and Bavarian are to alternate with the turbine steamers. The schedule time is to be 6½ days in Summer and 7½ days in Winter. The subsidy is $10,000 a round trip for the turbine vessels and $5000 for the slower vessels.

Another Leading Servian Implicated.

BELGRADE, Servia, Jan. 28.—Milloch Peteronievitch, formerly chief of the late King Alexander's Cabinet, is also implicated in the misappropriation of $30,000 belonging to the estate of a natural son of Prince Michael Obrenovics, in connection with which ex-Minister of the Interior Todorovics was arrested January 27. Peteronievitch admits that he remitted money to certain persons in England, but says he obeyed a direct order of King Alexander and refuses to furnish further details. He has been arrested pending an examination of the statements made.

General Insurrection Breaks Out.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—A newspaper published in German Southwest Africa, just received here by mail, announces that in consequence of the gathering of the Kara tribesmen in the hills, a general insurrection has broken out among the Bondelzwartz tribesmen. Fifteen white men have intrenched themselves at Luederitzbucht, the most important port of the colony, and there is danger that the entire southern section will be devastated.

Amendments May Kill the Bill.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The Senate has passed a bill authorizing the communes to suppress employment agencies, the operations of which have led to rioting on the part of the laboring classes, but with certain modifications which render doubtful the ratification of the bill by the Chamber.

Split in Cabinet Averted.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—MM. Rouvier and Pelletan had a sharp discussion in the lobby of the Chamber of Deputies today over an interview given by M. Pelletan, but Premier Combes interceded and averted a threatened split in the Cabinet.

May Resign From French Cabinet.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Rumors of the intention of Finance Minister Rouvier to resign his portfolio have arisen as the result of differences between M. Rouvier and Marine Minister Pelletan, in regard to the proposal that the government purchase the state railroads.

To Report on Dreyfus' Demand.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The president of the Court of Cassation has appointed Counsellor Boyer to report on the demand of Dreyfus for a revision of his trial. Neither M. Boyer nor Attorney-General Baudoin took part in the first revision of the case.

GOVERNMENT FOR ALASKA.

Senator Mitchell Fathers Bill Which He Will Strongly Urge.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 28.—Senator Mitchell has introduced a bill making further provisions for a civil government for Alaska, and will strongly urge its early passage. The bill is as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of title 1, chapter 1, of an act entitled: "An act making further provision for a civil government for Alaska, and for other purposes," approved June 6, 1900, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 2. There shall be appointed for the district a Governor, who shall reside therein during his term of office and be charged with the interests of the United States Government within the district. To the end aforesaid he shall have authority to see that the laws enacted for the district are enforced and to require the faithful discharge of their duties by the officials appointed to administer the same. He may also grant reprieves for offenses committed against the laws of the district or of the United States until the decision of the President thereon shall be made known. He shall be ex-officio Commander-in-Chief of the militia of the district, and shall have power to call out the same when necessary to the due execution of the laws and to preserve the peace, and to cause all able-bodied citizens of the United States in the district to enroll and serve as such when the public exigency demands; and he shall perform generally in and over said district such acts as pertain to the office of Governor of a territory, so far as the same may be made or become applicable thereto.

The Secretary of the Interior shall, in the month of November, 1904, advertise for and receive bids, which in his discretion may be for one or more years, and in behalf of the United States he shall contract with the responsible asylum or sanitarium west of the main range of the Rocky Mountains submitting he lowest and best responsible bid for the care and custody of persons legally adjudged insane in said district of Alaska; the cost of advertising for bids, executing the contract, and caring for the insane to be paid, until otherwise provided by law, by the Secretary of the Treasury, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, on accounts and vouchers duly approved by the Secretary of the Interior.

"The Governor shall from time to time inquire into the operations of any person, company, association, or corporation authorized by the United States, by contract or otherwise, to kill seal or other fur-bearing animals in the district, and any and all violations by such person, company, association or corporation of the agreement with the United States under which the operations are being conducted, and shall annually report to Congress the result of such inquiries.

"He shall make an annual report, on the first day of October in each year, to the President of the United States, of his official acts and doings, and of the condition of the district, with reference to its resources, industries, population and the administration of the civil government thereof. And the President of the United States shall have power to review and to confirm or annul any reprieves granted or other acts done by him.

"The Governor may appoint and commission one or more notaries public for the district, and appointments of notaries public heretofore made by him are hereby legalized, and all acts performed by them by virtue of their notarial commissions shall be for all purposes as valid as though the Governor had at the time full and complete legal authority to appoint and commission them."

BREAKS DOWN AND WEEPS.

Mrs. Lorenz Feels She Has Been Scandalized in Postal Frauds.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The defense in the postal trial opened today. Mr. Maddox, on behalf of the Groffs, said he would prove that George E. Lorenz, in 1895, had purchased for $500 a half-interest in the Groff fastener. He was followed by Mr. Kumler for the Lorenzs. Kumler asserted that, as far back as 1888, Machen, George E. Lorenz and his brother engaged in the oil business in Ohio, and, as a result of their various transactions, George E. Lorenz owed Machen $25,000, and that whatever Lorenz paid to Machen was in settlement of an honest debt.

When Mr. Kumler, in the course of his opening remarks, said Mrs. Lorenz had been scandalized by the Government, which had treated her with cruelty, Mrs. Lorenz broke down and wept bitterly. She was led from the room by Mrs. Machen and Mrs. Phillips, Mr. Machen's sister.

The first witness for the defense was Miss Ina S. Liebhardt, chief clerk of the Rural Free Delivery Division, who had testified for the Government. She gave in great detail a statement of the administrative duties of the Superintendent of the Free Delivery Division, and said since 1901 she had placed Machen's name and initial on nearly every paper going out of the Free Delivery Division, and before that date she had taken similar action with respect to at least half the mail. She said that she signed Machen's initials or name to at least 300 papers a day, and that many of them related to Groff fasteners. This, she testified, was done in a routine manner, because the Groff fastener had become a fixed supply. She also testified that various officers of the Postoffice Department were aware that she placed Machen's initials and signature on official papers. She said that in all these transactions Machen never in any way had indicated to her to increase the number of fasteners, and never had directed her to take any steps to hurry forward the approval of bills.

The witness had not concluded her testimony when court adjourned until tomorrow.

Take Luncheon With Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Secretary Root and ex-Governor Taft, his successor as Secretary of War, took luncheon with the President today. This afforded the President and Governor Taft the first opportunity to discuss pending affairs at length since the arrival of Governor Taft yesterday.

Extradited for Forsaking His Wife.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 28.—(Special.)—Governor McBride has issued requisition papers to George R. Brook, Sheriff of Clark County, Wisconsin, for the arrest of Glenn R. Lloyd, who is alleged to have abandoned his wife and child in September of last year. Lloyd disappeared from his home in Wisconsin four months ago, and was afterward located in Portland.

Upon arriving in Portland Brook found that Lloyd had gone to Chehalis, in this state, where he was later apprehended.

Bragdon Wants to Adopt Boys.

ASTORIA, Or., Jan. 28.—(Special.)—A petition was filed in the County Court this afternoon by Loren Bragdon asking permission to adopt Wilber, Harold and Clifford Carr, and the court has set the case for hearing on March 21. The petition states that the boys were abandoned by their parents three years ago. The petitioner and the three boys have been playing at vaudeville theaters on the Coast for some time under the name of the "Four Bragdons."

CUTS MOST LUMBER.

Oregon Timberman Shows Portland Leads All Other Coast Cities.

Portland sawmills produce more lumber than those of any other city on the Pacific Coast. The cut in 1903 was 361,000,000 feet, says the Oregon Timberman, whose annual resume has just been issued. The Timberman says:

Cut of Columbia River basin mills for 1903 will approximate 600,000,000, of which Portland cut 361,000,000 and Astoria 45,500,000 feet. The cut of the state will approximate 1,000,000,000 feet.

The cargo trade from the Columbia River for 1903 aggregated 171,577,603 feet of lumber, as compared with 134,656,789 feet in 1902, an increase of 36,920,814.

This gain was largely attributable to the shortage of cars. Portland still retains her prestige, with 361,000,000 feet, as the largest lumber-producing city on the Coast.

The foreign shipments showed a gain of 12,607,161, and the domestic an increase of 24,313,653 feet.

The foreign cargoes were distributed as follows:

Destination.	Ships.	Feet.
China	22	23,484,277
South Africa	10	11,132,693
Russian Asia	5	13,544,717
Manila	5	6,156,827
South America	6	4,080,389
Australia	2	2,346,402
United Kingdom	1	1,792,083
British India	1	1,500,065
Oceania	1	542,923
Totals	52	64,580,281

Of the domestic shipments, 25,000,000 feet went to lower California points, and some 72,000,000 feet to San Francisco, an increase of a little over 10,000,000 feet for San Pedro and district and about 14,000,000 for San Francisco.

Of the lumber shipped from the Columbia River, 46,900,045 feet were from lower Columbia River points, and the remainder, 60,088,177, from Portland. Of the foreign, all but 907,571 feet was from Portland.

The cut of the Pacific Coast States is approximately 5,000,000,000 feet, Oregon and California cutting about 1,000,000,000 feet each, with Washington 1,700,000,000, British Columbia 500,000,000, Idaho and Montana 500,000,000 feet each. The California pine mills cut about 500,000,000 feet. The redwood production of California aggregated 450,000,000 feet. This was the largest cut of redwood in the history of the state, exceeding that of 1902 by approximately 100,000,000 feet.

The first seven months of 1903 showed the greatest activity in lumber ever known on the Pacific Coast. The last five months have shown the inevitable reaction due to disturbed financial conditions and labor uneasiness throughout the United States, coupled with an aggravated car shortage and overproduction. Despite these unsatisfactory conditions the lumber industry of the Pacific Coast has grown, is growing and will continue.

Operators Considering Wage Scale.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 28.—The bituminous coal operators of Indiana, Ohio, Western Pennsylvania and Illinois, the central competitive district, in which 117,000 miners are employed, met today to take up the consideration of the wage and working conditions for the year beginning April 1. The first session was largely given to organization and preliminary speeches.

Strong Appeal to Obstructionists.

BUDAPEST, Jan. 28.—In the lower house of the Diet today Premier Tisa made a final appeal to the obstructionists to pass speedily the recruiting bill, as failure to do so would plunge thousands of families of reserve men into the deepest distress. The Premier characterized the procedure of the obstructionists as "uncommonly conducive to parliamentary anarchy."

Pugilist Placed Under Arrest.

DETROIT, Jan. 28.—Ben O'Grady, a Buffalo pugilist, is in a hospital, and Noah Brusso is under arrest, as a result of a knockout tonight at the Detroit Athletic Club. A blow to the chin in the third round sent O'Grady to the floor, and he was taken in an ambulance to a hospital, where he revived.

Boxer Dies of Exertion.

DETROIT, Jan. 28.—Charles Andette died tonight shortly after boxing five rounds with Thomas Johnson in a saloon. It is thought the exertion of fighting caused a blood vessel in his head to burst. Johnson was arrested.

Walsh-Flynn Fight a Draw.

PUEBLO, Colo., Jan. 28.—Andy Walsh, of New York, and Jim Flynn, of Pueblo, fought 20 rounds to a draw here tonight.

AT THE HOTELS.

THE PORTLAND.

E M Libbey, Lewiston
J Condren, Spokane
Mrs Condren, do
T S Griffith, do
F H Day, Chgo
T A Selig, do
B Turner, Frisco
T A Noble, Spokane
R K Ennis, Vancvr
H L Hawthorne, do
B Hawkins, do
R H Tooley, Victoria
Mrs Tooley, do
M H Grover, N Yak
M H Spire, St Louis
H F Eggert, Chicago
F J Ramos, Phila
W T Sherwood, St Pl
L O Erickson, N Y
J A Bell, Frisco
J S Cake, Coos Bay
M H Capies, Frisco
V W Lindhard, do
A Ball, do
S Pitts, Victoria B C
O R Morse, Salt Lake
Mrs Morse, do
C H Miller, Ohio
J J Newborn, Chicago
W M Graham, Mich
G Hochstadter, Chgo
E Kaufman, St Louis
R S Cox, Seattle
Mrs Cox, do
F A Hannon, Tacoma
W B Jerome, Chgo
M A Gill, Frisco
A A Miller, Seattle
A Thompson, Dawson
T C Ford, Seattle
G Hanson, do
W E Fry, do
W Jarchow, Philadel
E W Linforth, Berkly
J Altman, Chgo
Mrs Altman, do
G G Major, New York
F J Blakeley, Roseb
T McCord, Selma Ala
A W Peabody, Frisco
M Aronson, New York
F T Hauck, Chicago
W S Durkee, New Yrk

THE PERKINS.

E Johnson, Idaho
J M Miley, Spokane
A A Smith, do
D M Adams, do
C P White, Vancvr
B E Smith, do
Mrs Smith, do
A Young, Hammond
Mrs M Ash, Wallula
Mrs S A Ash, do
A H Thomas, Sheridn
Mrs Thomas, do
J F Mossman, St Pl
Mrs L F Brine, Dalls
Mrs J S Smith, Salem
Mrs H I Clarke, Mont
L B Reeder, City
J E Sisen, Idaho
F J Brown, Astoria
J E Tripper, Cove
J E Newton, Tacoma
Rose Curry, N Y
W J Warren, Cathlmt
G D Rushmore, S F
D Gould, City
T A Rhea, Heppner
A Cameron, Wasco
W H Burkhardt, Salm
Mrs Burkhardt, do
J H Wellington, St Hl
Mrs Wellington, do
W H Wolfe, do
W H Kenoyer, Chehalis
W J Burke, Los Angls
J H Kahler, Spokane
L J Sprague, Washn
J Dobson, Chehalis
T Wigman, City
A A Walker, Gaston
J T Foster, N Yakima
E Sharpe, Tacoma
E W Dixon, Seattle
C E Hadley, Tillamk
M E Hadley, do
J F Tucker, Seattle
M A Miller, Lebanon
Miss Glass, Brownsvill
Mrs W B Glass, do
W E Parrish, Dayville
A J Buchanan, Roseb
Mrs Buchanan, do

THE IMPERIAL.

S C Dilley, Seattle
D Pierce, Gaston
H W Porter, Ameswll
H Wentson, Pendleton
P C Scott, Helston
T M Barney, Pendlton
J G Allyres, Chicago
Mrs L J Taylor, Astor
Mrs C R Thomsen, do
Mrs J H Smith, do
C A Stockton, do
Dr J A Regan, do
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