

Morning Oregonian.

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PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY, JANUARY 8, 1904.

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TALLYHO IS OVERTURNED.

Horses Run Away on Steep Grade and Several People Are Hurt.

BOULDER, Colo., Jan. 7.—A serious tallyho accident, in which a number of university students and town people were severely injured, occurred on a steep hill two and a quarter miles east of town. Two coachloads of young people were returning from Hayden Lake. While descending the hill east of town, the four horses attached to one of the coaches got beyond control of the driver, and the coach was overturned. A dozen of the occupants were hurt. The most seriously injured were Miss Lena Newman, a university student, and Miss Edna Padock, daughter of the editor of the Boulder Daily Camera. Both were seriously crushed and bruised.

ODELL TO MANAGE CAMPAIGN.

New York State Election Will Be Under His Charge.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The World says: As a result of the recent conference between President Roosevelt, Governor Odell and Senator Platt, the World can announce that Governor Odell will be in command of the Roosevelt campaign for re-election in New York State this year. The plan has the sanction of both the President and Senator Platt, and the Governor has consented to accept the responsibility.

CUSTOMS DUTY AGAIN REDUCED.

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 7.—The Senate has voted the immediate abolition of another 5 per cent of the customs duty, making the total reduction 30 per cent.

INDORSE '05 FAIR

Senate Committee to Its Support.

ALL OF ONE MIND

The Vote on the Bill Is Unanimous.

OREGON MEN ARE HEARD

Favorable Report Will Be Prepared at Once.

HEARING IN THE HOUSE SOON

H. W. Scott, Jefferson Myers and Whitney L. Boise Will Appear Before Exposition Committee and Renew Arguments.

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.
Henry E. Burham, N. H.
Joseph R. Hawley, Conn.
Henry C. Hansbrough, N. D.
Henry C. Lodge, Mass.
Koss E. Chapin, Mich.
Russell A. Alger, Mich.
Charles W. Fulton, Or.
John W. Daniel, Va.
Francis M. Cockrell, Mo.
Edward M. Carmack, Tenn.
Paris Gibson, Montana.
James B. McCreary, Ky.
Francis G. Newlands, Nev.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 7.—In pursuance of notice to those interested in the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition, the Senate committee on Industrial Arts and Expositions today held a session to hear the commission from Portland and the Senators and Representatives of the state. Senator Burham presided.

There was practical unanimity among the members of the committee in favor of the bill. Statements by members of the commission from Portland were invited, and after a verbal hearing, they were requested to file their reports in writing. Senator Newlands, of Nevada, after hearing H. W. Scott, Jefferson Myers and Whitney Boise, inquired if the committee were not ready to make a report in favor of the bill. To this suggestion there was no dissent.

The remarks of the members of the Portland commission, delivered to the committee of the Senate and submitted in writing, were ordered to be printed with the report of the bill, and will be presented to the Senate as a part of the report. The principal argument was made by H. W. Scott. He went on to show the great territory which accrued to the United States by the Lewis and Clark expedition, and carefully reviewed the most important events connected therewith. He also made it plain that the Exposition will be far from local, and will redound to the benefit of the country. His remarks are given elsewhere in full.

Official Report at Once.

As some members of the committee were absent, and could not at the time be consulted, it was proposed, although the report was voted unanimously by the members present, that the official report of the committee be delayed until the absent members could be consulted. Senator Fulton, of the committee, said that he would see the absent members if possible today, which he did, and the views of the committee as reported by him are practically unanimous, although two members of the committee are absent from the city. They have been consulted heretofore, however, and it is known they are in favor of the bill.

Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, expressed his hearty assent. A subcommittee, consisting of Senators Newlands, Hansbrough and Fulton, was appointed by the committee to draft the report on the bill, as ordered by the full committee. They will give as early attention to it as possible, and the friends of the bill hope to have a report from the subcommittee to the full committee within a few days.

It is not doubted that the report of the Senate committee will be unanimous, in fact, every member of the committee present today declared in favor of it, and it is well understood that all the other members are of the same mind.

Hearing in House Next Week.

On next Thursday, the House committee on industrial arts and expositions will hear the committee from Portland. Tawney of Minnesota is chairman of this committee, consisting of 15 members distributed widely throughout the country. Many of those members have been consulted, and so far as known they are inclined favorably to the bill.

It is the belief of the Oregon delegation and of the Portland commission that the bill will be reported favorably by the House committee as well as the committee of the Senate. Still, there will be difficulties, for the bill will have to run the gauntlet of procedure through the Senate and House. There always is a

chance that at some stage of the proceedings any bill may be arrested. It is believed, however, that this bill will be carried through, although it is not improbable some change will be required in the House or Senate.

On the whole, the Oregon delegation in the two Houses of Congress and the committee from Portland are highly encouraged by the prospect. The historical importance of the event to be commemorated by the Exposition commends itself to every member of either House to whom the subject is presented. It would seem that the only possible chance of failure would lie in the possibility that the demand for economy, and the fear of a deficit, may make one House or the other, or both, hesitate at some later stage of the proceedings.

THOMSON IS OUT FOR ALL TIME

Sensors Are Asked to Name a Man for Receiver at La Grande.
OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 7.—(Special).—Secretary Hitchcock, by direction of the President, today notified the Oregon Senators that Asa B. Thomson cannot be reinstated as Receiver of the La Grande Land Office and called upon them to submit the name of some one else to fill this position.

The Secretary has reviewed the complete record of the Thomson trial, and after considering the official record, in conjunction with other reports and data in his possession, came to the original conclusion that Thomson's usefulness has been impaired, and that he should not be retained. After discussing the case with the President, the Secretary communicated with the Senators, but they have not determined what action they will take.

MITCHELL HAS NO APOLOGY.

Sensor Tells Frost His Criticisms Were Based on the Records.
OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 7.—(Special).—In a letter to C. A. S. Frost, replying to the long letter of the latter, heretofore published in The Oregonian, Senator Mitchell today advised the San Francisco man that no criticisms were made of him to the Attorney-General that were not found in the official record of the Court of Appeals of San Francisco, which, in sentencing Frost, severely arraigned him for being unfaithful to the Government.

Sensor Mitchell explained that neither he nor his colleagues bore Frost any personal ill-will but they felt fully justified in what they had said, and had no apologies to offer. Neither did they consider they were open to censure from Frost or anyone else on account of their letter.

Urges Opening of Reservation.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 7.—Representative Jones and Indian Commissioner Jones were today given a hearing before the House Indian committee in advocacy of the bill of the former, opening the south half of the Colville Indian Reservation to settlement. At the close of the hearing the bill was referred to a subcommittee.

Additional Rural Delivery.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 7.—Additional rural free delivery service was today ordered established February 15 at Farmington, Whitman County, Wash., with one carrier.

HE MAY STEP UP

Randall Is Urged for Major-General.

LIST SENT TO PRESIDENT

Ex-Commander at Vancouver First in Point of Service.

CHANCES ARE VERY BRIGHT

One of the Brigadiers Will Be Promoted on the Retirement of Young as Chief of Staff Tomorrow.

BRIGADIER-GENERALS.
Name Appointed.
Leonard S. Wood.....Feb. 4, 1901.
George M. Randall.....Feb. 6, 1901.
William A. Kobb.....Feb. 8, 1901.
Frederick D. Grant.....Feb. 18, 1901.
J. Franklin Bell.....Feb. 19, 1901.
Frederick Funston.....April 1, 1901.
Frank D. Baldwin.....June 9, 1902.
Theodore J. Winters.....June 17, 1902.
Jesse M. Lee.....July 15, 1902.
William H. Carter.....July 21, 1902.
Joseph H. Sanger.....July 23, 1902.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 7.—It is now up to President Roosevelt to determine whether Brigadier-General George M. Randall, until recently commander of the Department of the Columbia, shall be promoted to the grade of Major-General. The Secretary of War has submitted to the President a list of Brigadier-Generals who, in his opinion, should be made Major-Generals and placed on the retired list at once. On the Secretary's list is the name of General Randall, although he is not so strongly urged for promotion as some of the other Brigadiers, nevertheless, a great deal of pressure has been brought to bear to have General Randall promoted, and his chance of being among those favored by the President is said to be very bright.

(The occasion for the promotion of a Brigadier-General is the retirement of Lieutenant-General Samuel B. Young tomorrow, and the advancement of a Major-General, which will follow. This will leave a vacancy in the list of Major-Generals and General Randall leads the list of Brigadiers in the order of advancement.)

If the regular order of advancement is followed Major-General Adna R. Chaffee will be made Lieutenant-General and General Randall will fill the vacancy among the Major-Generals.

General Randall is very well known in

MAY BE PROMOTED TO MAJOR-GENERAL BY THE PRESIDENT



—Photo by Davies, Alley Building.
BRIGADIER-GENERAL GEORGE M. RANDALL.

The accompanying photograph of Brigadier-General George M. Randall was taken prior to his departure for Manila, while still in charge of the Department of the Columbia. It is the only recent photograph of the General in existence, and is an excellent likeness, the General consenting to pose for Photographer Davies only at his wife's urgent request.

this part of the country, having been stationed at Vancouver as commander of the Department of the Columbia, the position he held previous to his departure for the Philippines last April.

There appears to be no reason for departing from the usual order of advancement in this case, and if there were, General Randall's distinguished services and 22 years of service are sufficient to cause his promotion aside from the usual order of events. He was made a Brigadier on February 6, 1901. He is now 53 years old. There are several Brigadiers who are expected to be advanced to Major-Generals and retired. Of these, General Randall heads the list, but whether he will be retired rests with the discretion of the President.)

HAS DONE MUCH FOR COUNTRY

Lieutenant-Colonel Tucker Tells of Career of General Randall.

Lieutenant-Colonel William F. Tucker, Deputy Paymaster-General, stationed in Portland, has served with or under General Randall for many years, and gave some of the less generally known details of General Randall's career yesterday to an Oregonian reporter.

"My knowledge of General Randall's service in the United States Army," he said, "began when he was fighting Apaches in Arizona in the '70s, but his record reaches back to the very beginning of the Civil War. It has so happened that for the last 20 years our courses have run more or less parallel, and during that time I have not only kept informed of his movements, but have formed a warm friendship for him.

"I was not connected with him directly at first, but he was a hard service and acquitted himself well, as every one in the Army knows. First, it was against the Apaches and then the Sioux, and against the latter he was in the worst of it. A few years ago when he was here in Portland I went to see Buffalo Bill's show with him, and after the performance he said he wanted to see Colonel Cody, as he had served with him against the Sioux. As he came up the old scout looked over his former officer and said, 'Well, General, you are looking pretty well; apparently have not been eating any mule lately.'"

"It is his later career that I know best. In the Fall of 1897, when he was Lieutenant-Colonel of the Eighth, he was ordered into Alaska, and during the two winters he was there I know that he had a difficult task to perform and did it well. And when the Spanish War broke out in the Spring of 1898 he received the appointment of Brigadier-General of Volunteers. At the time he was at St. Michaels, and he hurried to San Francisco, but as his steamer entered the harbor General Merritt was leaving, and he did not have an opportunity to participate in the early part of the Philippine campaign, which he would likely have done had he arrived in time. As it was he was sent to Florida, and later in the same year was sent to Cuba as Colonel of the Ninth.

"From January 30, 1900, my service with General Randall commenced. At that time we were sent into Alaska, he in command of the department and I as Chief Paymaster. That was the summer when 20,000 people were in Nome without a civil government. And at that time the Department of Alaska had not been completely occupied by United States forces. With four companies, the material for two posts and supplies, General Randall went into Alaska, and from June to September took military occupation of the country and secured the only courts of justice in Northern Alaska. The decisions of these military courts have been praised by the Federal Judges, especially Judge Peckhoffer, who said after he had learned the facts: 'I am proud of the United States Army, particularly of General Randall.'"

"The difficulties he had to overcome in Alaska were many. The Department of Alaska, when organized, was so vast that it was unique in the military history of the United States. The questions of administration and supply were carried out under the greatest of difficulties. The posts were separated by such great distances and the climatic conditions made travel so arduous that communications, to say nothing of supplies, traveled exceedingly slowly. All supplies and other details for the protection of the soldiers had to be provided for fully a year in advance. In the matter of mail it was not unusual in those days for an official communication to require six months for a reply. With communication with the War Department cut off in this manner, the responsibility of the commander was unlimited. But General Randall was master of every emergency.

"On September 30, 1900, the Departments of the Columbia and Alaska were consolidated, and he came out of Alaska, and was stationed at Vancouver in command of the combined departments.

On April 1 of last year he sailed for the Philippines. Since I shook hands with him on the San Francisco dock I have not seen him, but from his letters and official reports I gather he has been very active in the Department of Luzon, of which he is Commander.

"General Randall is an officer devoted to his duty, which he has always performed well. He never takes any credit for anything he does, but considers it all in the line of duty. His modesty is one of his strongest claims to greatness, and has helped to make him many warm friends.

"Portland has a strong hold on General Randall, and his friends here constantly inquire of me whether he will settle here after his retirement. As a matter of fact he has left all his things stored here, and I think myself that he likes Portland as well as I do and will return here on his retirement. Mrs. Randall also has a leaning towards Portland. She is the daughter of Colonel Henry M. Black, who was stationed at Vancouver as a Captain as far back as 1882."

On the confirmation of General Randall's advancement congratulatory cablegrams will be sent him from the officers of the various orders of Masonry to which he belongs, and from L. H. Mohler, Whitney Boise and his military associates here and at Vancouver, all of which are likely to keep alive his interest in Portland and his many friends here.

BROTHER-IN-LAW OF DAN R. HANNA.

BARANAC LAKE, N. T., Jan. 7.—Carl Gordon, a brother-in-law of Daniel R. Hanna, of Cleveland, O., accidentally shot and killed himself here last night.

MORE SHIPS SENT

Russia Will Intercept Japanese Fleet.

IT IS NOW OFF COREA

Object Is to Stop Vessels Destined for Port Arthur.

POWERS LANDING MARINES

They Will Proceed to Seoul—Reply of Russia Is Still Being Considered, but There Is No Hope for Its Acceptance.

WAR CANNOT BE AVERTED.

PEKING, Jan. 7.—General Yuan Shihai, Commander-in-Chief of the Chinese army and navy, sent his foreign adviser, Charles Denby, Jr., to Japan to investigate the report as to the probability of war. Mr. Denby has reported that, according to the best opinions obtainable, based on diplomatic information, war cannot be averted.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The Daily Mail's Tokyo correspondent says that Russia's reply to Japan practically removes all hope of a peaceful settlement.

PORT ARTHUR, Jan. 8 (via Chusan).—Several Russian warships left at midnight to reinforce cruisers sent out for the purpose of intercepting a Japanese squadron of four ironclads which, it is said, is now approaching Corea, to stop six Japanese coal-laden ships from Japan destined for Port Arthur and to cancel their charter to a Russian firm.

There is a normal movement of troops in both directions on the railway. Haha Malak is frozen.

The Port Arthur defenses are complete and the authorities are confident.

POWERS ARE LANDING TROOPS

All Concur in Believing Reply of Russia Is Unsatisfactory.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—None of the special cablegrams from Tokio printed in this morning's papers is able to give the contents of Russia's reply, but all concur in believing it to be unsatisfactory. It appears that the note, which is still being undelivered.

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