Land Office Decision on Klamath Swamp Land.

GOVERNOR WILL APPEAL CASE

Gives Instructions to Attorney-General and Asks Oregon Delegation to Recommend an Attorney at Capital--Decision's Text.

SALEM Dec. 3 - (Special.) - Governor Chamberlain has received from the Gen-eral Land Office a copy of the decision dered on November 16 ruling adverse-on the state's claim to swamp land Klamath Indian reservation. this decision it appears that, unless a reversal can be secured on appeal to the Secretary of the Interior, the state will

se entitled to neither the swamp land for indemnity land in lieu thereof. As the state has at least \$100,000 at stake, the Governor has instructed the Attorney-General to appeal the case. He has also written to the Oregon delegation in Congress asking them to recommend some attorney in Washington to look after the state's case there.

The decision of the General Land Office holds that the title to the swamp land inside the Kiamath reservation is vested in the Indians and that the state acquired no right thereto under the swamp and grant of 1860. The decision is as

On November 17, 1902, the United States Surveyor-General for the District of Oregon reported to this office swamp land list No. 82, bracing a total area of 92,378,00 acres of and in the Klamath Indian reservation. The list was reported in accordance with the

structions of the Secretary of the Interior of January 4, 1901 (30 L. D., 395). In the of January 4, 1801 (80 L. D., 380). In the instructions the following language was used:

"For the purpose of making the necessary examination of the lands, preparatory to the making of swamp-land selections, agents of the state, upon application to the Indian agent at such reservation, will be permitted to go and over the reservation, and to do sail on and over the reservation, and to do all things necessary to the proper selection of any lands therein claimed to come within the terms of the grant to the state. This will not, however, justify or authorize the disturb ing of the occupancy or claim of any Indian, and will not be considered as a recognition of the state's claim, but is done simply that the claim of the state, if any, may be properly presented, duly considered and rightly deter-

'Many of the lands in this reservation have retofore been allotted to the Indians belonging thereon, but before the issuance of the first or trust patents for such allotments it is deemed best that the claim, if any, of the state should be determined.

"If any selections of claimed swamp lands within the limits of said reservation are made by the state, your office will promptly give notice thereof to the Indian Office, particularly specifying the lands selected."

A list of the lands selected."

A list of the lands embraced in said list 82 was furnished the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and I am now in receipt of a letter from that officer, dated June 23, 1903, in which he furnishes this office with a list of lands which have been allotted to Indians, and which are included in said list 82. The total area allotted to the Indians is 55, 28184 acres. area allotted to the Indians is 55,281.84 acres At the date of the passage of the swamp-land grant to Oregon, March 12, 1860 (12 Stat., 2), which is a grant in praesent; therefore acting on the particular date of its passage or not at all, the lands of the Klamath Indian were unceded, and were not subject to any general grant, such as is the swamp-land grant, and the swamp grant could not, there-fore, operate on the lands in question, since-"It is not necessary to constitute an Indian reservation that a treaty or act of Congress shall specifically describe the lands that are reserved. It is sufficient for such purpose if the lands occupied by the Indians are recog-nized by the officials of the Government as reserved Indian lands.—Syllabus, case of Red Lake Indian reservation in Minhesota, 22 L.

The Klamath Indian reservation was created by the treaty of October 14, 1864 (16 Stat., 707). By article 1 of the treaty the Indians ceded to the United States all their right, by the, reserving to themselves a certain de-scribed tract or body of land, to be set apart as a residence for the said Indians, to be held and regarded as an Indian reservation.

The Indian right of occupancy to the lands in the present reservation has never been extinguished, and the lands embraced therein are subject to allotment to the Indiana as provided for by the act of February S. 1887 (24 Stat., 288), as amended by the act of Febru-ary 28, 1891 (26 Stat., 794). The allotment to an Indian of a tract of land in a territory over which the Indian right of occupancy has not been extinguished, and the perfection of such allotment, has the effect of making his right

not necessary to consider the question as to the swamp claim to any lands in said reservation which have not been allotted to the Indians, as the reservation is still in existence, and until such reservation is extinguished no action regarding the disposal of lands therein, other than by allotment, can be

of occupancy perpetual, and, therefore, re-serves the land from the operation of the

of the opinion that the claim of the state, under the swamp grant, does not attach to any lands in the Klamath Indian reservation as created by the treaty of October 14, 1864. supra, which have been allotted to the Indians and that the state's claim to such lands should be rejected, in order to leave the allot-ments free from conflict and ready for patent. inclose, herewith, a list of the lands allotted to the Indians, which tracts are also claimed by the state, as swamp land, and I have to direct that you allow the state 60 sys within which to show cause why the swamp claim to such tracts should not be re jected for the reasons above set forth. In the event of failure to make such showing within the time allowed, or to appeal herefrom, the claim will be rejected without fur ther notice, and to that end it is hereby for rejection J. H. FIMPLE. Acting Commissioner.

M'KENZIE HELD FOR MURDER Bullet That Killed Inhoff Fits Gun of Gambler.

ASHLAND, Or., Dec. 3.-(Special.)-C. ASHLAND, Or., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—C. K. McKenzie, who shot and killed an old man named John Inhoff at Dunsmuir Sunday, was lodged in the County Jail at Yreka today, charged with murder in the first degree, after a preliminary hearing and inquest held at Dunsmuir yesterday. Inhoff, who had been employed in min-ing near Dunsmuir, recently fell heir to severa hundred dollars and went on spree with McKenzie, who is a sambler, and both, it is said, were under influence of whisky when the shooting occurred. In hoff was shot in the head and the there fitted McKenzie's pistol. here were no eye-witnesses to the affair, however, and evidence is purely cirmstantial.

NEZ PERCES INDIANS PROTEST

Agent McArthur Represented to the Government as Not a Fit Agent.

SPOKANE, Wash., Dec. 3 .- (Special.)-A rumor of trouble brewing between the Nez Perces Indians and Agent McArthur came to a head this week when copies of the protest and charges signed by 160 members of the tribe forwarded to Secretary of the Interior, and to Senatora Heyburn and Dubols. Below is a part of the petition setting out the grievances and asking for Mr. McArthur's removal: "Lapwai, Idaho, Oct. 19.—To the Hon-ecretary of the Interior: We, the undersigned members of the Nes Perces tribe of Indians, desiring to present to you the grievances of the Nez Perces tribe against E. T. McArthur, Esq., the superintend- druggists

STATE HAS NO CLAIM ent of Indian Schools of this reservation and ex-officio agent, respectfully represent that the said E. T. McArthur is not a fit or proper person to hold said position, and that he should be removed or transferred for the following reasons:
"That the said E. T. McArthur is of a

hasty, irascible temperament, impatient and easily made angry, this to such an extent as to render almost impossible for the Indians to transact any business

with him.
That out of any rents due to the Indians in the leasing of their allotments, the said E. T. McArthur retains one-half thereof, refusing to give any certificate or other evidence of his retention of said money or to give anything showing the amount due to the Indians and allows to interest on the recent property of the second retained by no interest on the amount retained by him, and we are informed that this money is deposited by said E. T. McArthur in the bank of Culbesac, a private bank of which J. S. Martin, chief clerk of the Lapwal agency, is president, and W. Montgomery Leasing, clerk, is a prominent stockholder."

INSTRUCTIONS FOR INDIANS.

Agricultural Colleges Are Expected to Furnish in the Future.

CORVALLIS, Or., Dec. 2.—(Special.)— Levi Chubbuck, special inspector Depart-ment of the Interior at Washington, spent yesterday and today at the Oregon Agri-cultural College with the view of consummating plans whereby more positions as instructors in agricultural and other industrial lines may be made available to the graduates of agricultural colleges—thus dispensing with political favor in the se-lection of instructor in Indian schools. It is understood that Superintendent Reel has brought the matter to the attention of Secretary Hitchcock, who is now behind the present movement to make these posi-tions more purely competitive. Mr. Chubbuck is Secretary Hitchcock's special agent to effect the desired change as rap-idly as the interests of the Indian service will warrant.

Northwest, Mr. Chubbuck expresses himself as more than ever confirmed in the opinion that positions as instructor in Indian schools should be made as inviting and available as possible to the graduate of agricultural colleges generally. The pian has the hearty support of Superin-tendent Potter, of Chemawa, who accompanied Mr. Chubbuck to Corvallis,

TRIAL OF HUNTINGTON.

Illness of Juror Causes Adjournment in Case of Baker's ex-Sheriff.

BAKER CITY, Or., Dec. 3 .- (Special.)-The trial of the Huntington embegglement case was brought to a sudden close this afternoon by the iliness of Juror Cartmill. Judge Eakin adjourned the case over until tomorrow morning in the hope that the juror will be able to pro-ceed with the hearing. The prosecution has closed and the testimony for the de-

tense is being offered.

The line of defense is the same as in the first trial. The defendant places the blame for the shortage, save about \$3500 upon his deputy, Whitney. The \$3500 Huntington admits he took for the purpose of paying the expenses of the office, and always intended and did eventually return it to the County Treasury.
The \$10,000 shortage Huntington says was a surprise to him. The defense has

introduced a letter written by Whitney while Huntington was back East for the purpose of showing that Whitney knew all about the shortage.

REFUSED ADMISSION TO JAIL.

Provincial Prisoner Had Not Been

Properly Sentenced. NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., Dec. 3 .-(Special.)—A wrongly committed prisoner, Frank Tropia, an Italian, sentenced by a Nanaimo, magistrate to two years in the provincial jail, was today refused admittance to provincial jail, as the sentence was wrongly pronounced. A man sen-tenced to anything under two years goes to the provincial Jall, but two years and over places him in the penitentiary. The magistrate's verdict was two years in jail, which had to be changed before he

Walter Chamberlain, Jeweler, of this city, was today fined \$20 for contempt of court in not answering jury summons.

Mrs. August Ohms.

MONMOUTH, Or., Dec. 3 .- (Special.)-Mrs. August Ohms died at her residence about two miles west of here, Tuesday, of dropsy. Mrs. Ohms' parents came from Germany while she was yet a small child and settled in Iowa. She received her edu-cation in the public schools of that state, and after her marriage came to Oregon. She leaves a son and two daughters, her husband having died some years ago.

Army Notes.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS, Dec. (Special.)—Colonel Joseph F. Huston left yesterday for Fort Wright, having been detailed as a member of the general court-martial appointed to meet there on

Assistant Surgeon William H. Br who is at present on leave in Washington, has been relieved from duty at Vancouver Barracks and assigned to duty at the General Hospital at Washington, D. C. Assistant Surgeon Brooks' place will be filled by Assistant Surgeon Arthur W. Morse, from Fort Walla Walla.

Megaphone Swells Bugle Notes. VANCOUVER BARRACKS, Wash., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Sounding the daily call through a megaphone is one of the latest conveniences introduced by Colo-nei Huston at Vancouver Barracks,

which has proved a great success. Calls even in stormy weather can be plainly heard in all parts of the garrison, as the trumpeter, standing in front of post head-quarters with his bugle in the mega-phone, sounds them to all the points of

Receiver for Construction Company. PORT ANGELES, Wash., Dec. 1 .- Today Judge Hatch appointed James Stew-art as receiver of the Smith-Mastick Construction Company on the application of Hofius & Co. of Seattle, Wash, who have a claim of about \$20,000 against the construction company for railroad material furnished. It is presumed that this move is in the nature of securing their claims pending

negotiations with Eastern parties to take the construction of the railroad. Harriman at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—President E. H. Harriman, of the Southern Pacific, has arrived here from Los Angeles, accompanied by President David Wilcox, of the Delaware & Hudson River Raliroad, and Peter Garry and Harry Kernochan, of New York. He said that the Ogden-Lucin cutoff will be open for traffic in six weeks, adding that his visit to Southern California was in connection with his interests in the oil fields there.

Discontented With Her Lot.

BUTTE, Mont., Dec. 3.-Chafing under the ignominy of being dishwasher, Mary H. Lenas swallowed several mouthfuls of carbolic acid, and it is believed by physicians that she will die. The affair is clothed in mystery. The noise made by the woman as she writhed in agony led to an investigation and the forcing of the door to her room by the landlady of the lodging-house, who discovered the girl in a dving condition.

Sick Headache. This distressing allment results from a disordered condition of the stomach and is quickly cured by Chamberiain's Stom-ach and Liver Tableta. For sale by all

Actress Stabs Actor Robert Mattison in Left Lung in Farce in the Gervais Opera-House.

GERVAIS, Or., Dec. 2.—(Special)—Rob-ert Matteson, or "Bob Matt," a traveling showman, was stabbed in the breast at

in a precarious condition. During the entertal ment a farce is played in which the woman in the case stabs the leading character. To make it realistic the actor wears a board covered with tin under his clothing. In this instance the heroine struck too high, and the knife penetrated the left lung, barely missing the base of the heart. It was an accident, and came near causing a farce

the Opera-House last night, and is now

be a tragedy. Mattison was taken to a hospital in Portland this evening, as his general con-dition was improved at that time. It may yet result in death, as internal hemorrhages occurred and is apt to cause

blood poisoning.

Mattison is an Oddfellow and has a traveling card issued by a Minneapolis lodge of that order.

Robert Mattison, of Gervals, was brought to the Good Samaritan Hospital last night suffering from a knife wound in his lungs. His injury, while not necessarily a fatal one, is considered to be very serious

DUNSMUIR WILL TRIAL.

Witnesses Tell of Drunken Habits of Dead Millionaire.

VICTORIA, B. C., Dec. 3.-The will care in which Edna Wallace Hopper seeks to break the will of the late Alexander Dunsmuir, who left his property to James Dunsmuir, on the ground of incompetency and undue influence, was commenced to-day, when the evidence, consisting of depositions before commissioners in New York, was introduced.

Mrs. Hopper's mother married Alexan der Dunsmuir in California in 1899 and was deeded a property at San Leandro worth \$300,600. Alexander Dunsmuir died in New York in 1900, leaving his share in the coal mines, railways, etc., valued at over \$1,000,000, to his brother. Mrs. Dunsmuir, the plaintiff's mother, died in 1901, having some months before made an agreement with James Dunsmuir's attorneys to abandon all claim to the estate for a consideration of \$25,000 a year, and to obtain the San Leandro farm.

Plaintiff is asking that Alexander Duns-mulr's will be set aside owing to the testator's mental incapacity. She also asks that the agreement with her mother be set aside on the ground of undue influence, and that James Dunsmuir be re strained from disposing of the property and a receiver appointed. E. V. Bodwell, for plaintiff, in opening

the case, said Alexander Dunsmuir was so addicted to drink that his death was caused by alcoholic dementia, and he was unable to carry on any business. The evidence taken in New York was then read. Dr. Marshall deposed he knew Alexan-der Dunsmuir in San Francisco. He was on the verge of delirium tremens. He was subject to hallucimations, and he believed efforts were being made to poison him. When sick he forced his daughter

to taste his food or medicine.
"You taste this, kid," he said. He called his daughter "kid."
Once he wanted his coal mines brought in and placed on his bed. He was de-voted to Mrs. Dunsmuir. Edward Crowninshield, a Wall-street

broker, a relative of Admiral Crownin-shield, told of Dunsmuir's drunken habits and break-down caused by alcoholism. Dr. Calver, of New York, deposed to having attended Dunsmuir for alcoholic dementia. He believed him to have been practically of unsound mind for the last

Mr. Drummond deposed to attending Mrs. Dunsmuir at the time of Alexander Dunsmuir's death and recommended an operation. He advised her not to go to San Francisco, but she did, taking her husband's remains. She went to Victoria a month later and her disease advanced during that visit, affecting her mental

band's will. She did not have a good business head, and was likely to be in-fluenced by James Dunsmuir. He wanted Mrs. Hopper to go to Europe. His attoward her and Mrs. Dunsmutr

BOYER TALKED TOO MUCH.

Arrested on Suspicion of Being

Hold-Up Murderer. SEATTLE, Dec. 3.-A man giving the name of F. W. Boyer is in jail on suspicion of being the man who held up the Maple Leaf saloon at Van Asselt last night and killed August De Smet. Cliff Maple, one of the owners of the saloon, who was on duty behind the bar when the highwaymen entered, positively identi-fies Boyer as the man who did the shoot-

Boyer got himself into trouble by calling on Sheriff Cudihee and volunteering some information about the hold-up and murder. He could not give a very

HEADING TOWARD PORTLAND.

Santa Fe Secures Control of Another Link in the Coast Line.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—The Santa Fe railroad has acquired the North Shore railroad, thus taking a tremendous step in its proposed plan of fighting the Southern Pacific on the Coast, distance of 90 miles.

The Santa Fe is at present building from

Eureka southward, and will connect with the North Shore at Cazadero. This will give a through line up the state to within 100 miles of the Oregon border.

By those well informed it is asserted that the Santa Fe's next step will be an extension into Oregon. The Santa Fe has long been anxious to reach Portland.

BRIDGE FOREMAN INJURED.

Tried to Move Hand-Car Before a Moving Train.

ONTARIO, Or., Dec. 3.-(Special.)-Pete Russell, foreman of a bridge gang on the Oregon Short Line Railway, with his crew was run into by a special this evening about 7:20 and Russell had his right leg badly broken below and about the knee. Russell, with his crew, were returning rom work at Washoe, and were about half way between Ontario and the river bridge when the train met them; the other three men jumped and left the car, but Russell tried to move the car from the track when the train struck it and

KNIFE STRUCK TOO HIGH county, to recover the costs for surveying and laying out a private roadway.

This action was taken by the court on the report of the viewers to the effect that Brakebush had refused to reimburse them for their labor, the charges for the work aggregating \$25. Brakebush was ordered by the court at its last session to compensate the viewers, and failing to do so, the courters will be settled in the courts.

in the courts. The action against Brakebush, which is the first of its kind in this county, is based on that section of the road law which provides that the property-holder for whom a private roadway is estab-lished stell assume and pay the costs incident to the surveying and laying out

COLLEGE BOYS FINED.

Disturbed a Social Gathering at a Private House.

SALEM, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Ten dollars each was the fine imposed upon George Simpson, of Garfield, Wash., and Mose Averill, of Brownsville, Or., the two university students who were arrested late last night for disturbing a social gather-

ing.
"Clase spirit" was as much in evidence today as it was last night. About 39 of the second-year students, boys and girls, went to the Sheriff's office in the Court house this morning, when the boys were taken from the cells where they spent the night. A procession was formed with the Sheriff and the prisoners at the head, and the aggregation marched down State street to Justice Horgan's court. The crowd of students completely filled the Justice Court.

The boys pleaded guilty, paid their fines and were released, whereupon they were surrounded by a happy crowd of fellow students who shook their hands enthusiastically and escorted them to the univer-sity. The procession along State street was a scene unusual in Salem, and business men and clerks left their work to witness this departure in college life. The offense for which the boys were fined was committed when the secondyear class serenaded the first-year class, which was holding a class party at the residence of Rev. H. A. Ketchum.

Rev. H. A. Ketchum, who sent for the Sheriff, said he had not intended to have any one arrested, but rather simply to have the officer disperse the boys and girls who were gathered about the house singing songs and disturbing the party of the first-year class in progress at his home. He refused to swear out a warrant against them.

Deputy Sheriff Skipton expressed some disgust over having been called into the affair, and swore out the warrant merely to save the office.

LIQUOR LOOSENS TONGUE. Burning of Stockton House at Glenn's

Ferry Incendiary. BOISE, Idaho, Dec. 3 - (Special.) - One of

the men who started the fire that con-sumed the Stockton House at Glenns Ferry on November 18 and cost one life has been arrested and is now in jall. The officers are satisfied as to his guilt. He had two accomplices, and the Sheriff is now on their trail. It seems that shortly after the fire Hocks, while drunk at Glenns Ferry,

stated that he and two pals set the place on fire. They had expected to make some money, but were disappointed, he said. He did not state whether they were to be paid for the job, or whether they ex-pected to gain by robbery, although the robbery theory is the one the officers en-tertain. He also said the unknown man who lost his life in the fire was "an old stiff and good for nothing, and we cared nothing about him."

Sheriff Fountain, hearing of this, took the trail. He traced Hocks and his two companions to Nampa. He learned that they had rolled a man there and stolen his watch. He got a good description of the men and started East after them. He overhauled Hocks at Focatello. The other men, it is learned, went west from Nampa, where the trio had quarreled and sollt up.

Fire Loss to Southern Pacific. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—The paint shops and car barns of the Southern Pacific Company were burned tonight. Loss,

imports Are First of Those of a Single

Manufactured Article. WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.-The recent announcement that a reduction of freight rates on iron and steel manufactures intended for exportation is being made by the railroads for the purpose of encouraging exports of American iron and steel manufactures lends interest to some figures complied by the Department of Commerce and Labor through its Paracons. merce and Labor through its Bureau of Statistics regarding the commerce of the United States in iron and steel manufactures. These tables show that ufactures of iron and steel form the largest single item of our exports of manu factured articles, and have shown remarkable growth in exportation than perhaps any other great article in the large number which form the classifica-tion "manufactures." Beginning with \$52,144 in 1800, the growth was extremely slow during the first half of the cen ry, being only \$1.953,702 in 1850. In 1860 e total was \$5.870,114; in 1870, \$13,483,183; in 1880, \$14,716,524; in 1890, \$25,542,208, and account of his own movements that night. in 1900, \$121,913,548, the increase in the and the Sheriff ordered him locked up. and the Sheriff ordered him locked up.

At midnight tonight Cliff Maple positively identified Boyer as the murderer. The
masks worn by the two men were found
about half a mile north of the saloon
today. Deputies are now searching for
today. Deputies are now searching for
the saloon today. The saloon today to the saloon today. Deputies are now searching for
the saloon today to the saloon today. The saloon today to the saloon today to the saloon today to the saloon today. The saloon today to the saloon today t the basis of fron and steel manufactures, has increased from 13,789,242 tons in 1900, the year of the greatest exports, to 17,-821,397 tons in 1905, an increase of about 30 per cent during the period in which the reduction of exports occurred. A further evidence of the large home demand for fron and steel is found in the fact that during this recent period, in which the production of pig iron was greatly increased and the exports of manufac-The North Shore operates from San Fran-cisco by boat across the Bay, thence along the Coast northward to Cazadero, a \$20,478.728 in 1990 to \$51,617.312 in 1993.

The table which follows shows the production, importation and exportation of manufactures of iron and steel at decennial periods from 1820 to 1908;

Production, importation and exportation of manufactures of iron and steel at decennial periods from 1850 to 1993:

YEAR	pig iron, tons	reduction of	imports	exports
1820,	20,000			\$ 46,550
1839	165,600		\$ 6.346,237	322,747
1840	286,903	********	8,192,663	1.127.877
1850	563,755		17,666,238	1,963,700
1860	821,2/3	********	21,526,594	5,870,114
1870	1,665,179	68,750		
1880	3,835,191	1,247,335	53,714,008	14,716,524
1890	9,202,763	4,277,071	41,679,591	25,542,208
1500	13,789,242	10.188,329	20,478,728	121,913,548
1902	17,821,307	14,947,250	27,180,247	98,522,562
1903.		CONTRACTOR	51 617 219	06 649 461

but Russell tried to move the car from the track when the train struck it and knocked him out.

MUST PAY FOR PRIVATE WORK

Clackamas County Institutes First
Suit Under New Law.

OREGON CITY, Dec. 3—(Special.)—
District Attorney Allen was today directed by the Clackamas County Court to institute an action in the name of the county against Fred Brakebush, of this

stated, such as locomotive engines, sta-tionary engines, fire engines, electrical machinery, sewing machines, typewriters, shoe machinery, cash registers, laundry machinery, printing presses, and pumping machinery, are shown in that manner. Aside from these, however, is a great group of machinery which is not stated in separate items, owing to its variety and the large number of different classes of machinery included. This singleclasses of machinery included. This single group of "machinery not separately classified" grew from \$10,000,000 in 1892 to over \$30,000,000 in 1892. The next largest item under the general classification of machinery is electrical machinery, which was only separately classified in 1888. was only separately classified in 1888, amounting in that year to \$2,000,000, and in 1902 to nearly \$5,500,000. Sewing machines, which amounted to \$2,550,000 in 1889, were 4,000,000 in 1802. Typewriters, which were only separately stated in 1897, amounted in that year to less than \$1,500,amounted in that year to less than \$1,500. 000, and in 1902 to nearly \$3,500,000. Loco-motive engines increased from \$1,750,000 in 1892 to over \$5,500,000 in 1900, but, owing to the very great demand of the home market upon the manufacturers of the United States, fell to 33,250,000 in 1902. Metal working machinery, which was not separately stated prior to 1898, grew from \$4,500,000 in that year to over \$7,000,000 in 1900; pumps and pumping machinery is next in order in the class (machinery), a little over \$2,000,000; cash registers grew from \$813,000 in 1900, the first year in which they were separately stated, to \$1,144,062 in 1902, the other classes of machinery ranging downward in their rela-tive order of magnitude, shoe machinery, printing presses, stationary engines, laundry machinery, and fire engines. Thus machinery alone formed in 1900 \$55,000,000 machinery alone formed in 1900 \$55,000,000 worth of the exports of iron and steel manufactures out of a grand to-tal of \$121,913,548 of iron and steel manufactures exported in that year, or nearly one-half of the total. This state-ment of "machinery" does not include agricultural implements, blcycles, tele-graph and telephone instruments, or other articles not exclusively or chiefly of iron and steel. Adding only those items of machinery included un-der Iron and steel. der iron and steel manufactures, may be said that the exportations fro the United States of machinery as group amounts to about \$75,000,000 annually. Next in order after machinery is the group locks, hinges and other builders' hardware, amounting to \$6,000,000; wire, over \$5,000,000; pipes, and fittings, \$5,000,000; steel rails, nearly \$5,000,000; tools \$3,500,000; structural fron and steel \$3,000,000; boilers and parts of engines nearly \$2,000,000; castings, \$1,500,000; and other articles ranging downward in their relative value, wire nails, firearms, pig iron, steel bars, stoves and ranges, bar iron, steel sheets and plates, wire rods, saws, cut nails, iron sheets and plates, tacks, scrap iron, cutlery, safes, car wheels, tin plates, hoop, band and scroll iron billets, ingots and blooms, and iron rails.

COMING EVENTS.

Interstate Y. M. C. A. convention, Forestrove, December 4-6. City elections, December 7.

Executive committee meeting of American Mining Congress, Portland, December 16. Dairymen's Association, Corvallis, December 15-16.

Poultry and pet stock show, Salem, Decemer 17-19. Special session of the Legislature, Salem, De-cember 21. National livestock convention, Portland, Jan ary 12-15. Angora goat show, Dallas, January 14-15,

Washington. Committee of Assessors' Association or allroads, Spokane, December 15. Washington Teachers' Association, Tacoma, December 28-30.

en's Association, North Yakima, De-

Bald Heads in Colombia.

New York Press. If there are any bald heads in the marine and land forces that go to Pan-ama they may succeed in finding the cele-brated cure that gave back to the late IRON AND STEEL TRADE LARGE Major Fitz Hugh Edwards his splendid shock of hair. Edwards was as bald as Chagres River he met a band of Indians. who laughed him to scorn when he re-moved his hat. Having winning ways, Edwards soon made himself agreeable, and the Chief of the tribe said in the native tongue: "We will give you cover for your naked skull." He remained there nearly a year and came back to New York with much better hair than he was born with. As hair restorers, the Coiombians are par excellence, differing en-tirely from our North American Indians, who took all the hair they could scalp.

Washington Eleven Leaves.

SEATTLE, Wash, Dec. 3.—The University of Washington football team left this evening for Portland to play the Multnomah Athletic Club eleven there Saturday. The players were: Hill, left Sigrist, left tackle; Pullen, guard; Crim, center; Scherer, right guard; McDonald, right tackle; Ormund, end; Spidell (captain), quarter-Bagshaw, left half; Strauss, right half; McElmon and Lantz, fullbacks.

Meat Law Will Not Be Changed. BERLIN, Dec. 3.-Count von Posadow-

sky-Wehner, Imperial Secretary of the Interior, announced in the Bundesrath to day that the government had decided to refrain from any alterations of the regulations governing the importation of meat at the end of December.

Foresters Hold an Election. ASTORIA, Dec. 3 .- (Special.) -- Court Asoria. Foresters of America, at a meeting held last evening elected officers during the ensuing term as follows: Chief ranger, Philip Hadden; subchief

CONSUMPTION

Mainly Caused by Chronic Colds and Hanging-on Coughs.

A member of Woodard, Clarke & Co. has given a good deal of time to the study of consumption, and finds that comparatively few cases are bereditary. Mostly all are caused by neglected colds, which gradually weaken the whole pulmonary system, and before people realize it there is a diseased spot in one lung; spitting blood soon follows and eventually a collapse.

Such an unnecessary end, such a pity,

for all could have been so different. We know of hundreds of cases where our wonderful cod liver oil preparation, Vinol, has saved a young, valuable life, which without it would have been sacrificed. We have letters from people who were given up to die, and who positively state that Vinol, and Vinol aione, saved their lives when all else had failed to help Vinol is able to cure hanging-on colds

Considering the distribution of iron and stubborn coughs, because it is the most perfect preparation of cod liver steel to the various countries of the oil ever compounded; it contains no oil

North America increased slightly her takings of our iron and steel, the figures for 1960 being \$43,647,867 against \$42,378,115 in 1960. In the shipments to Asia and Oceania there were also slight decreases. Machinery forms by far the most important feature in the exports of iron and steel manufactures. The various classes of machinery which can be separately stated, such as locomotive engines, states **Promptly Cured by Swamp-Root**

Because Swamp-Root Is the Most Gentle Healer and Natural Aid to the Kidneys and Bladder That Has Ever Been Discovered.

may have spent on other medicines, you really owe it to yourself, and to your family, to at least give Swamp-Root a trial. Its stanchest friends today are those who had almost given up hope of ever becoming well again.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys are getting better, they will help all the oth-er organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

There is comfort in the knowledge, so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bindder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passage it and overcomes. ing pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being com-pelled to get up many times during the night to urinate.

If your water when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling, or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention

Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slight and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their patients and use it in their own families, because they recognize in Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remedy.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is for sale the world over at druggists' in bottles of two sizes and two prices—fifty cents and one dollar. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name,

No matter how many doctors you have Swamp-Root, Dr. Klimer's Swamp-Root, tried-no matter how much money you, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



Mr. Hiram Richardson, residing at 508
Ninth street, Three Rivers, Mich., says:
"About three years ago I was having so
much trouble with my kidneys and bladder
that I was very much worried, and inquired
of people that I knew had used Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and they all advised
me to try it, which I did. The benefit I
received from Swamp-Root was wonderful.
I cannot speak too highly of it.

Sincerely yours, Hiram Richardson

To Prove What SWAMP-ROOT, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy Will do for YOU, Every Reader of The Oregonian May Have a Sample Bottle FREE by Mail

EDITORIAL NOTICE-If you have the alightest symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured by Swamp-Root. In writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say that you read this generous offer in The Portland Daily Oregonian.

ranger, B. J. Pye; treasurer, R. R. Wal- | Mountains set apart as a National park, lace; financial secretary, C. E. Foster; recording secretary, A. B. Dalgity; senior woodard, A. Y. Anderson; junior wood-ard, T. A. Leahy; senior beadle, J. Dam-leo; junior beadle, James Morrison; trus-tee, C. E. Johnson; lecturer, M. F. Hardesty; druggist, Frank Hart.

Tie Parachutes to Them.

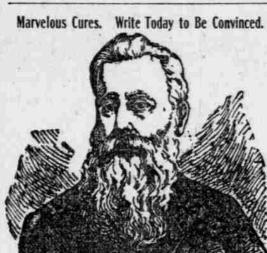
in which to propagate buffaloes. The scheme would be a good one if another could be devised which would keep the buffaloes from failing into the mine

Where Silence Was Golden. Indianapolis News, There is an insistent suspicion that

Oklahoma City Oklahoman.

According to a Guthrie dispatch, a said all they thought at that Hotel Cecil cheme is on foot to have the Wichita Thanksgiving Day banquet.

RUPTURE CURED FREE



considered that rupture is incurable, but we have devised an appliance that will retain and cure the most aggregated cases. CURES SAFELY, SURE-LY AND PERMANENT-CURES MEN. WO-MEN AND CHILDREN. No rupture too far advanced to be cured. No many doctors have treated you without success, don't despair, for we have a truss that will cure you you without detention from business, without the least bit of pain as

It has generally been

Our Acme Truss is easy fitting and causes no inconvenience. Is guaranteed to cure. Write for free cure and satisfy yourself.

Varicocele Treatment All treatment which gives only temporary relief is men-tioned only to be condemned. If the disease is not radically cured it Our method of treating Varicocele and its complications insures the patient a permanent and radical

A written guarantee with every case. Write for free book.

once and for all. The ACME TRUSS will cure caused by the old style, ill-fitting torture trusses. THE ACME TRUSS binds and draws the broken parts together as you would a broken limb. NO OBNOXI-OUS SPRINGS OR PADS. CURES without fail. CURES PAINLESSLY. GUARANTEED. Send us your name and address and we will tell you how

WE MAKE

to obtain a CURE FREE. Write for

free literature. Write today and be

cured. Address Acme Truss Co.,

Guardiola Bldg., Room 26, San Fran-

manhood. We care not how long they nave suffered, nor who has failed to cure them. This is no idle boast, for we have done it for thousands, and many of them had spent hundreds of dollars without obtaining relief before coming to us as a last resort.

Of the puniest weakest specimens of

BLOOD POISON

We treat with unrivaled success Blood Polson (Syphilis) in all stages. Suf-ferers from this fearful disease should constit us at once. IMPOTENCE AND SEXUAL DEBILITY A thorough course of treatment for all these afflictions, in this far-famed institution, will insure robust health, physical strength, mental power, manly vigor and all those virtues and attributes that combine to make splendid manhood. We have cured hundreds of these cases that were considered hopeless, and will supremark to make the considered hopeless, and will supremark to make the considered hopeless.

and will guarantee to cure you. VARICOCELE AND HYDROCELE Cured without the use of the knife and without paip, by a new system of treat-

ment peculiar to ourselves. STRICTURE permanently cured without cutting or dilating by an absolutely painless procedure, which dissolves every obstruction in ten days, leaving the organs in a perfectly normal condition.

unable to call write, giving symptoms in full. Treatment by mail success. Consultation free and strictly conndential. WE CURE YOU, THEN YOU PAY US

WE CURE GONORRHOEA IN ONE WEEK

Office Hours: 9 A. M. to 12; 1:30 to 5, and 7 to 8 P. M. Sundays and Holldays, 10 to 12

DR. W. NORTON DAVIS & CO

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