

WOOD IGNORED HIM

Brooke Accuses General of Insubordination.

THE COMMITTEE HEARS HIM

Army Officer Seeking Promotion Declared to Have Inspired Cuban Press Against His Superior—He Will Be Called to Explain.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—General John E. Brooke, retired, ex-Governor-General of Cuba, today gave testimony before the Senate committee on military affairs which charged insubordination against General Leonard Wood. General Brooke was before the committee more than two hours, and occupied the entire time in telling of General Wood's conduct at Santiago.

The witness offered in support of his statements many documents taken from records at the War Department and several papers from his personal collection. At the close of his testimony, a member of the committee said, it means General Wood will have to return from the Philippines and testify.

One of the charges made by General Brooke is that General Wood violated the order which required him in making improvements in Santiago to submit estimates to the Governor-General. As evidence of this violation, General Brooke called attention to the building of barracks at Santiago near the Morro without General Wood first having given notice to the department at Havana. General Brooke said also, that General Wood continuously sent communications to the War Department over the head of his commanding officer. The witness assured the committee that General Wood was guilty of the ignoring of his authority, but said the proceeding had been detrimental to military discipline.

Newspaper Attacks on Brooke.

General Brooke called the attention of the committee, in support of an allegation that General Wood had neglected to work in harmony with the military government, the matter of General Wood's attitude toward the newspapers at Santiago, which repeatedly made attacks on General Brooke's administration. General Brooke read a number of these attacks and also his recommendations to the War Department that the papers be suppressed unless they desisted. One of the extracts from the Independence, published at Santiago, which was read, was a bitter denunciation of General Brooke's order for the centralization of the affairs of the island, by which receipts from all custom-houses were ordered sent to Havana. The article, among other things, said it carried into effect the order soon would prohibit the people of Santiago from breathing without permission from General Brooke; that it was a matter of life and death to the Province of Santiago to get the order rescinded. A large number of telegrams of indignation sent to President McKinley were appended to the article.

General Brooke read a letter which he had sent to the Adjutant-General of the War Department, asking that General Wood be instructed to prohibit the publication of such articles during the period of military government. He also read General Wood's reply to the Adjutant-General, which the witness said, had been sent over the head of his superior officer, saying that freedom of speech, untrammelled criticism of the military government and absolute independence in all matters was a necessary part of the education of the Cubans to fit them to conduct a liberal government.

General Brooke told the committee that on January 4, 1899, General Wood, without consulting his superior officer, obtained permission to visit Washington, even though he left in absence matters needing attention. Correspondence relating to the trip was laid before the committee.

In the course of General Brooke's testimony, he said General Wood became unduly excited when the Cubans held indignation meetings at Santiago for the purpose of protesting against the centralization order. The witness laid before the committee a copy of a telegram he received from General Wood saying the Cubans looked upon the order as approaching a calamity, and that discontent and profound business depression existed. Finally, General Wood prayed that the customs receipts be left under local control. The witness declared that attitude of General Wood was responsible to a great extent in adding to the disquiet of the Cubans. The committee adjourned until Thursday.

Major Rathbone was the first witness today. He was called for the purpose of submitting a list of witnesses he desired to have summoned for the purpose of supporting certain of his charges laid against General Wood. Horatio S. Rubens, of New York, formerly a member of the Cuban Junta, was then called.

Mr. Rubens' testimony before the committee tended to corroborate the statements made to him by General Brooke. General Wood is said to have had of the Runcie article circulating the administration of Major General Brooke as Governor-General of Cuba.

One of the most important statements made by Mr. Rubens was that General Wood visited him after the publication of

the Runcie article, and their conversation showed General Wood had no knowledge of it. Mr. Rubens said General Wood admitted he told Runcie the article put him (Wood) in an awkward position.

Mr. Rubens also told the committee that when the break occurred between Runcie and General Wood he brought them together and tried to patch up their differences in a manner that would exonerate Runcie of the onus attached to his name by the report made to the War Department by General Wood. The witness said that when Runcie wrote to General Wood begging him to set Runcie right before the country Runcie showed him the letter. He told the contents of the letter to the committee, and it supplied the missing link in the correspondence that had previously been filed with the committee with the Rathbone charges.

The witness detailed the relationship between General Wood and newspaper men, saying it was understood that the committee attempted to use the newspaper men to expel his own deeds. Regarding General Ludlow and Wilson, Mr. Rubens said General Wood was quoted as saying he had to get rid of them. While this was hearsay evidence, it was admitted, as the witness told the committee how it could obtain evidence to prove the truth of the statements.

At the conclusion of Mr. Rubens' testimony a member of the committee asked him his opinion of General Wood's veracity. He asked that the question be made more explicit, and then was asked if he would be willing to accept the word of General Wood in any matter in which the General had a personal interest. Mr. Rubens answered he was sorry he could not accept General Wood's statement under such circumstances.

Before Mr. Rubens was called the statement was made by Major Rathbone to the effect that the rules that the witnesses should not bring before the committee any matters that involved hearsay evidence, and that they could not swear, had the effect of hampering him in bringing out the force of his charges. Senator Proctor announced that the rule was properly understood and as chairman he wanted to assure the witnesses that they should not be unduly hindered by judicial red tape. The result was that the testimony of Mr. Rubens was more detailed than any that has heretofore been given.

Kentucky Sends Hunter to Congress.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 30.—The Kentucky election commission today issued a certificate of election to Congressman from the Eleventh District to W. Godfrey Hunter, late Minister to Guatemala. Dr. Hunter is the only Republican Congressman from Kentucky.

Know House Committees Friday.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Speaker Cannon had a conference today with the President concerning House business. It seems probable now that the announcement of House committees will not be made before next Friday.

HANNA NOT IN THE RACE.

Herrick Says Roosevelt Will Be the Choice for President.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—When asked tonight whether Senator Hanna would be a candidate for the Presidency next year, Governor-elect Herrick, of Ohio, said: "President Roosevelt will be the Republican candidate for the Presidency in my opinion. As to Senator Hanna, he has stated he would not be a candidate, and he has expressed his view so clearly that I do not feel that I can say anything that will improve on the Senator's own denial of the story."

Addicks' Peace Plan Rejected.

DOVER, Del., Nov. 30.—The state committee of the regular Republicans, in session here today, unanimously voted to reject the proposition for harmony recently submitted by the Union or Addicks Republican state committee and the two factions are just as far apart as ever.

PRINCESS AGREES TO DIVORCE

Frederick, However, Must Make Changes in His Complaint.

DRESDEN, Nov. 30.—The hearing in divorce action of Prince Frederick of Schoenburg-Waldenburg against Princess Alice, daughter of Don Carlos, who disappeared from the Prince's castle on November 3, and who, it was learned later, had eloped with her Italian coachman, came before the court here today.

Princess Alice was present to combat the application, but at a conference before the trial began, she, through her counsel, consented to the Prince obtaining a decree with the proviso that the grounds be mutual antipathy instead of adultery, and certain accusations made against the Princess by the Prince be withdrawn. This will be done and the divorce granted.

Great Damage on Sea and Land.

ALGERS, Nov. 30.—Great damage on sea and land has been caused by a violent storm and torrential rains lasting for 30 hours. A portion of the jetty has been destroyed at Mostaganem, where several wrecks are reported. A great torrent descended the Lacar Mountain, carrying everything before it and demolishing the western part of the village of Marquerite. The inhabitants fled, abandoning everything.

No route across the continent offers so many attractions as does the Rio Grande. Write the Portland Agents, 124 Third street, for illustrated booklets.

RUSSIA BRANCHING OUT

RAILWAY PATROLLED ON PRETEXT OF SEEKING BANDITS.

Military Occupation of the Country Down to the Great Wall Is Expected Any Day.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The Times' Peking correspondent says that small bodies of Russian troops are patrolling the country around Hailin, the termination of a branch line of the railway between the great wall and Niu Chwang, on the pretext of suppressing brigands, although the region is perfectly quiet and peaceful. Hailin is only one day's ride from Mukden.

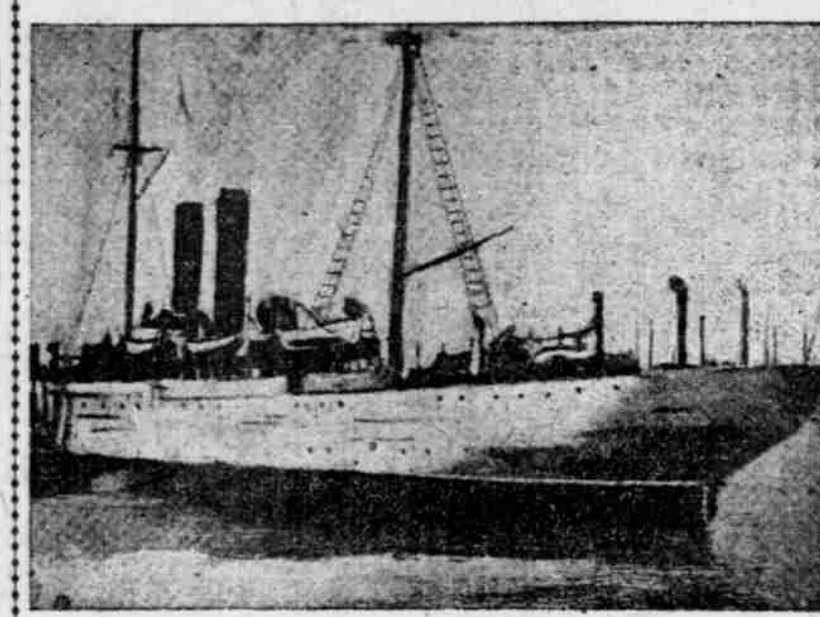
The Chinese are daily expecting to hear that the Russians have occupied the railroad there and have resumed military occupation of the country down to the great wall.

RUSSIA'S NAVY IN BAD SHAPE.

Manchurian Viceroy Discourages Clash With Japan.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—A dispatch from Tokio to the Daily Mail says that the Port

EXCEEDS HER CONTRACT SPEED



NEW CRUISER TACOMA.

Arthur correspondent of the Asahi, one of the best informed of the Japanese newspapers, sends the following:

"Viceroy Alexieff, addressing his staff, said that if Russia had three docks at Port Arthur and two at Dalny she would not hesitate to fight Japan, but that as things stood it would be impossible to annihilate the Japanese fleet in the first engagement, while a second encounter would mean the certain defeat. If not the annihilation of the Russian fleet. For this reason, the Viceroy said, war with Japan would not be advisable."

The Asahi's correspondent adds that many of the principal Russian warships are badly in need of repairs, which cannot be accomplished in the present unsettled condition of affairs. Consequently, Viceroy Alexieff said he was strongly in favor of peace. The Daily Mail's correspondent says he has information that Russian troops are being transported to Northern Manchuria through Tashkent, in the direction of Port Arthur, at the rate of 400 daily.

General Ma, the correspondent says, has been instructed by the Chinese Government to raise 20 battalions for distribution in Mongolia and Manchuria for the purpose of defense against Russia. General Ma declares that in the event of war he will join his forces with those of the Japanese army.

Powers Are Urging Peace.

BERLIN, Nov. 30.—The anti-Russian National Zeitung has received a dispatch from St. Petersburg, stating that England and France are exercising their influence at St. Petersburg and Tokio to bring about an amicable settlement of the points in dispute between Russia and Japan.

BRITAIN PLANS NO INVASION.

Purpose of the Expedition in Tibet Is Explained.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—It was announced today that the British government has no present intention of pushing the Young-husband expedition through to L'Haasa, the capital of Tibet, or even to occupy Gyantse, which is the second most important town in Tibet.

On his arrival at Gyantse, Colonel Young-husband, it is said, hopes to be able to reopen negotiations with the Tibetans. There is no question, however, that preparations are being made for all emergencies. The military arrangements are entrusted to Colonel McDonald, who was with the allied forces in China. Immense quantities of transport stores and warm clothing are being collected, including Russian coats, purchased for the troops in China, which are being sent from Tien Tsin. On the occasion of the previous demonstrations on the Tibetan frontier troops were obliged to return

owing to the intense cold in the mountains.

This repudiation of designs on L'Haasa or of a permanent stay in Tibetan territory is understood to be an outcome of the discussions of the British Cabinet last week, when the attitude of Russia in relation to the expedition was among the principal matters debated. The Russian press has been loud in its protests against "British aggression" in Tibet, and there is reason to believe that the protests voiced the feeling of the Russian government.

Britain and China Work Together.

TIENTSIN, Nov. 30.—There appears to be an understanding between Great Britain and China to hold Tibet against Russia, should occasion arise.

TO PASS ON DREYFUS CASE SOON

French Commission, However, Cannot Give a Final Decision.

PARIS, Nov. 30.—The general belief prevails in well-informed circles that the Commission appointed to pronounce upon the admissibility of the request of Alfred Dreyfus for a judicial revision of his case, will submit its conclusion to the Minister of Justice certainly within a week, and some persons say before the end of the present week. M. Mercier, a director of the Ministry of Justice, and a member of the Commission, says the Commission has not yet as-

sembled, and that he has no knowledge of the contents of the documents to be examined.

Suffrage Reform Is Proposed.

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 30.—In the lower house of the Argentine Diet today the Premier, Count Thesa, said he proposed to introduce a suffrage reform bill in the present Parliament in order that the next elections shall take place under the new law. He added that Parliament would shortly be invited to appoint a committee to consider the suffrage question. The announcement was received with great applause on all sides. Count Thesa's announcement was in response to a conciliatory speech made by Francis Kosuth, son of the Hungarian liberator, who contended that the stringent policy proposed by the government would fall in removing the obstruction of the House.

British Squadron to Venezuela.

PORT OF SPAIN, Island of Trinidad, Nov. 30.—The British West Indian squadron will leave here Thursday for La Guayra, Venezuela. The Government officials at Caracas assert that the squadron's visit to La Guayra is in connection with the closing of the River Orinoco by President Castro to foreign trade, which has specially affected the interests of Trinidad.

A note on the subject it is believed will probably be presented to Venezuela while the British squadron is at La Guayra.

Another Macedonian Rising Coming.

VIENNA, Nov. 30.—It is again reported that the Macedonian insurgents are planning to renew their revolt next Spring, and as the first step along this line M. Drastchoff has been selected to head a new revolutionary central committee. Serbia is reported to be arming for war, and it is believed that Bulgaria will be compelled to take the field against Turkey early in the year, and that Serbia will aid her in consideration of being granted old Serbia in the event of victory.

American to Guard Loubet.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Arrangements have been made according to a World dispatch from Paris, for the services of an American secret service agent to accompany President Loubet when he goes on his return visit to Italy. The man whose services are said to have been required was with President McKinley at Buffalo, and is wanted because of his knowledge of Italian anarchists known in the United States.

Balloon Stations for Army.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The War Department has decided to establish balloon stations in the Mediterranean. Sections of the balloon corps have been ordered to proceed to Malta and Gibraltar early in December. Hitherto there have been no permanent balloon establishments in the British army, outside of Aldershot Camp in England.

Nearly Hit Kaiser in a Rage.

BERLIN, Nov. 30.—King Albert of Saxony, is given as authority for a sensational story published here which states that the reason for the dismissal of the late Prince Bismarck from his high position, at the German court, was that after a heated argument with the Kaiser he raised an inkstand and threatened to throw it at the Kaiser.

China Will Retaliate.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—The Morning Post says it has reason to believe the Chinese government has prohibited the recruiting of laborers for South Africa in any part of China. "This decision," says the Morning Post, "is mainly due to legislation by the Dominion of Canada, excluding the Chinese from Canadian territory."

Open Parliament With Ceremony.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—King Edward has today opened the coming session of Parliament with full state ceremony. The royal procession will pass down the Mall, the newly selected route, for the first time.

Italian Cruiser at St. Thomas.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., Nov. 30.—The Italian cruiser Liguria, with the Duke of Abruzzi and party on board, arrived here today to remain a week. There is a German fleet of six warships now at St. Thomas.

Confident Bank Will Pay Out.

DOUGLAS, Wyo., Nov. 30.—Charles Weston, State Auditor of Nebraska, who was arrested here at the request of the National Country authorities on charges connected with the closing of the Deneko Bank, of Casper, in which he is interested, says the affairs of the bank will be adjusted to the entire satisfaction of the stockholders. Fifteen warrants have been issued for W. A. Deneko, cashier; N. S. Bristol, president, both residents of Casper, and Charles Weston, a stockholder, charging them with receiving money after they knew the institution was insolvent.

Tribute to Henry Demarest Lloyd.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—Tribute to Henry Demarest Lloyd and to the work to which he gave his life has been freely given in a great mass meeting at the Auditorium. Every phase of the activities of the writer and thinker was taken up, and in each was found by the speakers new evidence of his loftiness of character, correctness of judgment and soundness of reason.

Dakota Divorces Null and Void.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 30.—Judge James A. Howe, of the District Court, held today that a decree granted under the Dakota divorce statutes, if it is proven the non-resident litigant resides there merely for the purpose of securing a divorce, is null and void.

STORM RAGES IN EUROPE

GREAT BRITAIN REPORTS A GENERAL FALL OF SNOW.

Rough Weather Continues in Italy—Barometer Is the Lowest in Twenty Years.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—Continual rains have been succeeded by snow storms which today were general throughout Great Britain and many parts of the continent. The fall in London was very slight, but in some of the country districts outdoor work is suspended and traffic is carried on with difficulty. Sixteen degrees of frost were recorded in the south of Scotland last night. Vessels are seeking refuge in the harbors along the British coast.

The storms are so severe in Belgium that telephone and telegraphic communication with Germany is interrupted. A score of lives have been lost among the crews of the vessels composing the French fishing fleet during the storms of the last few days.

Rough Weather Continues in Italy.

ROME, Nov. 30.—Severe weather continues throughout Italy. For 3 years past there has been no such barometric depression as that recorded today in Rome. On the coast near Naples the bodies of several sailors have been found. An Italian cutter has been wrecked and her crew of seven lost. Near Avellino, much damage has been done.

Heavy Snow Storm in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 30.—A heavy snow storm prevailed in Central Kansas today.

MANY ARRESTS FOR VAGRANCY

Sheriff at Telluride Is Given a Lot of Blanket Warrants.

TELLURIDE, Colo., Nov. 30.—Justices of the Peace Warrington Robinson today issued a lot of "John Doe" warrants to Sheriff Rutan, to be used as he sees fit. The Sheriff says that Governor Peabody ordered the militia to Telluride on condition that "agitators, idlers and trouble breeders be driven from the camp," and that he will use the blanket warrants to accomplish this result. The union leaders regard the action of the Justice as an invasion of their rights. About 50 miners are working on the Tomboy property, but no attempt will be made to resume work at any other mine until the Tomboy has secured a full force of miners and millmen.

Thirty-eight men were taken into custody, soldiers accompanying the Deputy Sheriffs and assisting in making the arrests. Sixteen of them were fined \$5 each for vagrancy, and two were assessed \$35 each on the same charges. The sentences were suspended until December 2, when they must be paid or incarceration in the jail will follow, unless the men are at work.

COLORADO MINERS WORKING.

Peace in Northern District Means End to Denver Coal Shortage.

DENVER, Nov. 30.—Nearly two-thirds of the 2000 miners of the Northern Colorado coal fields resumed work today and it is expected that within a week or two the full force will be at work making the regular production of 4000 tons daily in this district.

The announcement of the settlement of the strike in the Northern district was the cause of general rejoicing in all business circles, for it put an end to the coal shortage which has threatened not only every industry in the state, but has made necessary to many families the strictest economy possible in the use of fuel.

Hopes are entertained also that the conference to be held on Wednesday at Trinidad between President Mitchell and the officials of District 13, Union Mine Workers, will lead to a settlement of the strike in the Southern fields.

Executive Board in Session.

DENVER, Nov. 30.—The members of the executive board of the Western Federation of Miners convened in executive session today at the headquarters of the Federation in this city. The following members were present:

Charles Moyer, president; William D. Haywood, secretary; John H. Murphy, attorney; J. D. Lewis, Globe, Ariz.; L. J. Simpkins, Wardner, Idaho; D. C. Copley, Independence, Colo.; James Kirwan, Terry, S. D., and J. A. Baker, Sioux, B. C.

President Moyer said important action would be taken in reference to the strikes in Colorado, and other states and territories, but would not indicate what it would be.

Not Entirely Closed Down.

DENVER, Nov. 30.—The Colorado Fuel & Iron Company's plant at Pueblo has not entirely closed down, according to an official of the company in this city. The wire mill was closed Saturday, but two blast furnaces are in operation and others will open as soon as coal can be secured. The company has not yet considered the proposition of using Northern coal, but may do so later.

Large Collieries Shut Down.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Nov. 30.—The Central, Sioux and Mount Carmel collieries, owned by the Lehigh Coal Company, closed down tonight for an indefinite period, causing 250 men and boys to be thrown out of employment.

MR. STRUMPF'S CURE

A PEORIA MERCHANT KNOWS A SPECIFIC FOR RHEUMATISM.

He Speaks From Experience, for He Tried the Remedy Himself in a Case of Several Years' Standing.

In Peoria, Ill., everybody knows Mr. A. Strumpf, whose fur store is located at No. 419 Main street. Mr. Strumpf's business takes him to New York City frequently, and on one of these trips he learned of a specific for the cure of rheumatism which he tried with such unexpectedly good results that he is anxious that others should know of it. He says:

"Nearly everybody can tell you of a remedy for rheumatism, but during the long years that I suffered from this disease I never heard of but one thing that would cure it. I tried it myself, and haven't had a touch of rheumatism since. In my case the disease did not trouble me all the time, but at intervals the pain was very severe and medicine did not seem to have the least effect on it. On one of my visits to New York a friend who had been cured of rheumatism by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People advised me to try them. He was so enthusiastic that I did so, and the result surprised me, for I had almost despaired of a permanent cure. The pains began to disappear before I had finished the first box, and three boxes completely cured me. That was nearly two years ago, so you see my cure was permanent. I recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills every chance I get, and know of many people whom the pills have benefited."

Rheumatism is always painful, but few people know how really dangerous it is on account of the liability that it may attack the heart. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are especially well adapted for the treatment of this trouble through the blood (the only correct way), and their power in all disorders of the blood and nerves makes them of the greatest value in such stubborn diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, nervous headache, after-effects of the grip, of fevers and of other acute diseases, palpitation of the heart, anemia, pale and sallow complexion, indigestion, etc.

At all druggists, or direct from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., fifty cents per box; six boxes for two dollars and a half.

The Best Way

What do we know without trial

Hunter

Baltimore Rye

The perfect Whiskey has stood every test. Between good and bad, trial is the test and taste the umpire.

It is particularly recommended to women because of its age and excellence.

Sold at all first-class cafes and by Jobbers WM. LANAHAN & SON, Baltimore, Md.

Good Cooking

at home—not dear cooking—but economical and appetizing cooking is made possible in every kitchen by using a little

LIEBIG

COMPANY'S

Extract of Beef

RHEUMATISM CURED FREE

Hot Springs, San Luis Obispo, Cal.

Christmas Novelties

HOW often you hear the expression, "I wish that I knew what to buy for my friends at Christmas!" It will be made easy for you to answer the question to your own satisfaction if you will call on us and examine the thousand novelties that we have selected for people who don't know what to buy. We will take pleasure in assisting you, and instead of being a trying ordeal, it will prove a pleasant one.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS

ART GOODS FINEWATCHES
SILVER WARE CUT GLASS OPERA GLASSES
DIAMOND JEWELRY GOLD JEWELRY
SILVER NOVELTIES
TOILET WARE EBONY WARE FINE LEATHER GOODS
CHAFING DISHES CHOICE UMBRELLAS
SILVER-MOUNTED GLASS, ETC.

A. & C. Feldenheimer
DIAMOND MERCHANTS, MANUFACTURERS, JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS
Cor. Third and Washington
NO BRANCH STORES

WE never urge any person to make purchases and are always pleased to have you call and take your time in examining the many beautiful things in stock that will undoubtedly interest you. We make our purchases in such large quantities that we not only can give you the best selection, but the best price, quality considered. You will receive the same attention whether you spend fifty cents or five hundred dollars.

GOODS HELD FOR RESPONSIBLE PARTIES