

FIGHT ON WOOD

Rathbone Says He Took Gamblers' Money.

ALSO VIOLATED OTHER LAWS

Senate Committee Receives Charges in Writing.

ORAL HEARING GIVEN AS WELL

Newspaper Men Are Summoned to Appear as Witnesses Today—Army Officer Coming From Cuba to Testify.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—A summons issued by the Senate Committee on Military Affairs was served tonight on Ernest Lee Conant, the New York law firm of Page & Conant, citing him to appear before the committee tomorrow in connection with the charges against Brigadier-General Wood, made in an effort to prevent his confirmation as Major-General.

Mr. Conant was in Washington several days prosecuting Cuban cases before the Spanish Claims Commission. It is understood this subpoena was issued at the request of Major Estes G. Rathbone, who learned late today of Mr. Conant's presence in the city.

Mr. Conant went to Cuba as an attaché of the Evacuation Commission, and while there he acted as legal adviser of General Ludlow, in command of the Department of Havana. Later, he served General Wood in the same capacity. Another witness summoned tonight by the Military Affairs Committee is Herbert J. Brown, a newspaper man, who was in Cuba during the American occupation. He is said to have made an inquiry into the character of the Jai Alai Company.

Major James E. Runcle, now practicing law in Havana, has been called to a hearing today by the committee. He will be examined by the committee in reference to his statement that General Wood interpreted an article in the North American Review reflecting on the Administration of Major-General Brooks, his predecessor as Governor-General.

Rathbone Given a Hearing.

Major-General Rathbone, formerly director of postal in Cuba, was given a hearing today by the committee. The committee was in session about one hour. Nearly the entire time was given to Major Rathbone, who reiterated the charges against General Wood before the Secretary of War, the Senate committee on relations with Cuba and in public statements following his trial in connection with Cuban postal frauds.

Major Rathbone filed specific written charges with the committee. He alleged that General Wood, while Military Governor of Cuba, had accepted money from the Jai Alai, which was, he said, a gambling concern, and asserted that he had made a personal friend and boon companion of an ex-convict. He also charged him with giving instructions of an entirely unconstitutional and un-American character to the courts.

With reference to the charge that Governor-General Wood had accepted money from the Jai Alai, which was, he said, a gambling concern, and asserted that he had made a personal friend and boon companion of an ex-convict. He also charged him with giving instructions of an entirely unconstitutional and un-American character to the courts.

Major Rathbone charged that in accepting gifts from the organization commonly known as Jai Alai, General Wood violated the Foraker law, which prohibited the granting of franchises or concessions during the occupation of the island by the American authorities. He also charged that the acceptance of these gifts constitutes a violation of an article of the penal code of Cuba.

Other Charges Against Him.

Other charges were made against General Wood as follows: With complicity with another Army officer in the preparation and publication of an article reflecting discreditably upon an officer who ranked both of them, in violation of an accepted canon of military service, and constituting an offense commonly known as "conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman."

With directing and causing the Auditor of Cuba, by a military order, to violate the law in the treatment of accounts; with utilizing the services of an ex-convict, who had been in an intimate personal association in an effort to displace his superior officer, and by such means to secure to himself the vacancy thus created.

Incidentally to these there were many more charges. Major Rathbone also offered to produce evidence and testimony in support of these allegations. He submitted a number of documents to the committee. Major Rathbone also submitted a transcript of the records of the court of Havana, showing that General Wood, as Military Governor, gave orders to the courts as to what they should do in the matter of giving bail and the conduct of some other business.

THE DEATH ROLL

Prominent Missouri Judge.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 20.—Hon. John A. Heckaday, Judge of the Nineteenth Judicial Court, who has been a prominent jurist in Missouri for 20 years, died today at Columbia, one year ago, died today at Mullighy Hospital. The body will be taken to Fulton, the home of Judge Heckaday, for burial.

Noted Musical Composer.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—Hart P. Danks, a musical composer of national reputation, and formerly a noted singer, was found dead today in his boarding-house here. He was 73 years of age. Mr. Danks was the composer of many old-time popular songs, including "Silver Threads Among the Gold."

President of Big Coal Company.

DENVER, Nov. 20.—Julian A. Keblar, president of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, died suddenly of apoplexy at his home in this city tonight. He had

returned home from his office this afternoon apparently in his usual health. No one was with him when he died.

Ex-Governor of Iowa.

CENTERVILLE, Ia., Nov. 20.—F. M. Drake, ex-Governor of Iowa, and founder of Drake University, who has been ill at his home here for some time, died at 10 o'clock this morning of diabetes.

Ex-Champion Boxer of World.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—"Ted" Pritchard, at one time middleweight boxing champion of the world, died today of pneumonia.

BATCH OF HAWAIIAN BILLS.

Senator Mitchell Would Make Many Changes in the Laws.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Nov. 20.—Senator Mitchell has introduced bills for the purpose of carrying out the recommendations contained in the report of his committee made last session, the bills having reference to matters in Hawaii. The first bill proposes to amend sections 4, 49, 50, 72, 75, 77, 82 and 85 of the Organic Act providing for government for the Territory of Hawaii, approved April 30, 1900.

The first amendment in section 54 is to make the eligible age of a Territorial Senator 25 years instead of 30 years, as under existing law, and his residence in the islands not less than one year, instead of three years, as under existing law. The second amendment fixes the age limit for a member of the Territorial House of Representatives at 21 instead of 25 years, as under existing law, and his residence in the islands not less than one year instead of three years, as at present.

The next amendment, that of section 65, fixes the age limit for a Governor at 30 years, instead of 35 years as under existing law, and provides that he shall be a citizen either of the Territory of Hawaii or some state or other territory of the United States instead of the eligibility being confined, as under existing law, to a citizen of the islands.

The next amendment, that of section 66, provides that the Secretary may be eligible if a citizen either of the Territory of Hawaii or of some state or other territory of the United States, the present law confining the eligibility to a citizen of the Territory of Hawaii.

Treasurer Must Give Bond.

The next amendment, that of section 72 of the Organic Act, provides that the Territorial Treasurer shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, give bond to the Territory of Hawaii in the sum of not less than \$300,000, the same to be approved by the Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Territory of Hawaii, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties as such Treasurer. Under existing law there is no provision whatever compelling the Treasurer to give bonds.

The next amendment, that of section 75, provides that the Superintendent of Public Works shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, give bond to the Territory of Hawaii in the sum of not less than \$100,000, the same to be approved by the Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Territory of Hawaii, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties as such Superintendent of Public Works, the Auditor or the Deputy Auditor giving bonds.

Places on the Bench.

The next amendment, that of section 81 of the Organic Act, provides that to be eligible to the position of Chief Justice or Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Hawaii, a man shall be a citizen either of the Territory of Hawaii or some state or other territory of the United States instead of a citizen of the Territory of Hawaii only as under existing law. The amendment further provides that in case of a vacancy in the office of Chief Justice or Associate Justice of the Supreme Court the same shall be filled by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, instead of by a selection from the bar by the remaining Justice or Justices of the Supreme Court, as under existing law. Section 9 of the amendment provides that writs of error and appeals from the final decision of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Hawaii shall be allowed and may be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States in the manner and under the same regulations, and in the same cases as in judgments and decrees of the Supreme Courts of the territories of the United States in all cases where the amount involved exceeds \$500, whether a Federal question be involved or not, and that the duties of the United States shall have jurisdiction to review, revise, modify or affirm any final judgment or decree of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Hawaii in all cases taken to that court by writ of error or appeal, and section 10 of the Organic Act is by this amendment modified in accordance with its provisions. Section 19 of the amendment provides that the salary of the Governor of the Territory of Hawaii shall be \$5000 per annum, instead of \$6000 as under existing law.

Public Building for Honolulu.

Mr. Mitchell also introduced a bill to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Honolulu and to appropriate \$1,000,000 for such purpose. Also a bill to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Hilo, and to appropriate \$150,000 for the same.

He also introduced a proposed amendment to the House bill making appropriations for rivers and harbors, authorizing the Secretary of War to cause to be made a survey and estimate for the construction of a breakwater, from the ocean along Blonds Reef to Coconut Island, for the protection of the harbor of Hilo, and of Hawaii, T. H., and appropriating \$100,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary for such purpose and authorizing the Secretary of War to report at the next session of Congress also authorizing and directing the Secretary of War to improve the entrance to the harbor of Honolulu by cutting an artificial channel in the coral sand to the depth of 30 feet and 40 feet in width, in accordance with the estimate of the engineer of the territory, and appropriating for the purpose \$250,000.

Provides for Lighthouses.

Mr. Mitchell also introduced a proposed amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill providing for the construction of a lighthouse upon the point of Mokepau, Island of Oahu, the same to carry a lens of the third order showing a fixed white light with red sectors, covering a safe distance from shore, and appropriating \$10,000 therefor; for a lighthouse at Kaluhou, Island of Maui, and appropriating \$20,000 therefor; for a lighthouse upon the coast of Puna, Island of Hawaii, and appropriating \$10,000 therefor; also for a lighthouse on Lelele Point, Island of Hawaii, with stone tower and fixed white light at an elevation of 70 feet with a lens of the third or fourth order, and appropriating \$10,000 therefor; a lighthouse at Kailua, on the Island of Hawaii, and appropriating \$5000 therefor. Also providing for the construction of appropriate commercial lights at Bebebe Point, Island of Oahu, and appropriating \$5000 therefor; an appropriate commercial light at Keahole, North Kona, and appropriating \$5000 therefor; for two new lights in Honolulu harbor and appropriating \$2000 each therefor; for the transfer of the lighthouse establishment and lighthouse service in

New York Dental Parlor

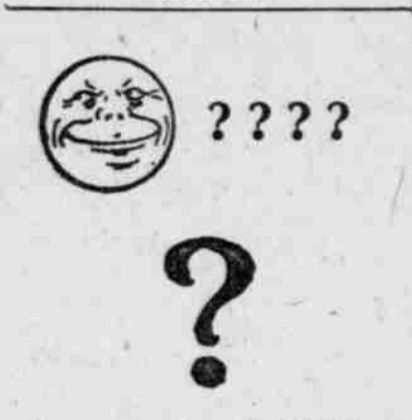
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Open evenings till we move.

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the territory of Hawaii to the Department of Labor and Commerce.

TARIFF IN EFFECT AT ONCE.

New Zealand Takes Many Articles Off the Free List.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, Nov. 20.—The preferential trade bill, adopted November 18 by the House of Representatives, places a duty of 20 per cent on the following goods when imported from countries outside the British Empire: Bicycle parts, gas engines, oil engines, gum boots, iron and steel cordage, sheet, bolt and nut, printing paper, railroad and tramway rails, saw, cloth, canvas and duck and surgical and dental instruments.

The bill doubles the present duty on cement, and adds 10 per cent to the duties on the following goods when from non-British territory: Basketware, bicycles, boots, candles, carriages, chinaware, clocks, cordage, cream of tartar, earthenware, stoneware, fancy goods, toys, firearms, potted fish, furniture, cabinet ware, glass and glassware, hardware, ironmongery, hosiery, lamps, pianos, paper-hangings, paper, plated ware and pumps.

The duty on tea grown within the British dominions is removed. The bill comes in force immediately after it passes the Upper House. Incidentally, the bill provides increased duties on foreign goods stated, the bill provides for reciprocity with foreign countries, making concessions to New Zealand products. It is estimated that the increased duties will yield \$50,000 to \$60,000, against which is the remission of the tea duty, amounting to \$30,000.

Committees for Western Men.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The Democratic caucus tonight agreed on the minority's representation on the Senate committees. Western Democratic Senators are assigned as follows: Deboles—Chile, Greece and retrenchment, District of Columbia, Indian affairs, Philippines, privileges and elections, public lands and transportation route to the seaboard.

Clark—Foreign relations, Indian affairs, library, mines and mining, Pacific islands and Porto Rico, relations with Canada, to investigate the condition of the Potomac River, relations with the United States, weights and measures.

American Fleet Will Quit Beirut.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Admiral Coton, commanding the European station, has been authorized to leave Beirut with the flagship Brooklyn and the cruiser San Francisco, and is expected to sail in a few days for a cruise in the Mediterranean, preparatory to coming to the United States to take part in the naval maneuvers on the Caribbean about the end of December.

Postal-Fraud Trials Postponed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The trial of the postal cases of August M. Machen, ex-postal superintendent of the post office free delivery system; Samuel A. and Diller B. Groff, of this city, and Mr. and Mrs. Lorenz, of Toledo, O., arranged to begin in the District Court here next Monday, has been postponed until January 11. Attorney Charles A. Douglas, counsel for Mr. Machen, objected to the delay, but the court granted the request of District Attorney Beach, on the ground that the latter was not ready to proceed with the case.

Infantry Starts for Philippines.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—The Twentieth United States Infantry, which has been stationed at Fort Sheridan, left today for San Francisco, on the way to the Philippines. The regiment will stay in the Eastern islands two years. The troops will sail from San Francisco December 1. Colonel William S. McCaskey is in command.

Fine Dates From Arizona.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Secretary Wilson, at the Cabinet meeting today, presented to the President and members of the Cabinet specimens of fine dates grown in Arizona.

Crosses Ocean in a Sailerboat.

GIBRALTAR, Nov. 20.—The Columbus, the sailboat of the "Long," in which Captain Eisenbraun left Boston August 11 for the ill-fated voyage, has arrived here.

Advertisement for Lipman, Wolfe & Co. featuring children's clothing, umbrellas, and hosiery. Includes sections for Children's Coats and Suits, Children's Umbrellas, Children's Gowns, Children's Hosiery, Children's Woollen Dresses, Children's Millinery, Children's Waists, Ladies' Neckwear, and Ladies' Misses' and Children's Trimmed Ready-to-Wear Hats. Special offers include 1000 New Pictures for 95c and Saturday Music Bargains.

STRIKE ABOUT ENDED

Chicago Railway and Men Likely to Agree Today.

ONLY TWO POINTS AT ISSUE

These Are Not Believed to Be Material—Attorneys for Both Sides Are Brought Together by the Mayor.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—But two points remain to be settled in the Chicago City Railway strike today, and the indications tonight are that these obstacles will be finally overcome and a settlement will be reached tomorrow.

A virtual cessation of hostilities has been declared by both sides, while the present peace negotiations are in progress, and as all the interested parties appear to be making every effort to bring the struggle to an end, there seems a likelihood that all differences will be modified to such a degree that arbitration will follow.

Mayor Harrison and his Aldermanic peace commission, after laboring for three days, succeeded today in getting a representative of each of the contending parties to meet in conference. All the conferences heretofore have been separate, but at the suggestion of Mayor Harrison, the two sides agreed to meet together.

Mr. E. R. Bliss, general counsel for the company, was authorized by President Hamilton to act for the company, and Clarence S. Darrow, counsel for the strikers, was given authority to act for the strikers. An hour later, the two attorneys held a conference in the office of Colonel Bliss, and discussed a basis of settlement. The result of the conference will be submitted to the directors of the road tomorrow morning for final action.

The decision of the board of directors will then be sent to Mayor Harrison and the Aldermanic commission, who will submit it to the executive board of the strikers.

After the conference between Colonel Bliss and Mr. Darrow, it was learned that the company had made two proposals to the union. Colonel Bliss submitting them to Mr. Darrow. The proposals were:

First—That the company shall have the right to discipline and discharge its employees as it shall choose, but this shall not be construed to mean that any discrimination is made against union or non-union men.

Second—That the company shall formulate the methods by which grievances of its employees shall be adjusted in the future. The understanding is that the company laid down these two proposals as the basic principles that must be granted by the union before further negotiations could be entered upon.

Mr. Darrow submitted the company's proposition to the union, after which he said the strikers had accepted the proposal of the company with immaterial modifications.

Chosen Head of Livestock Exchange.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Nov. 20.—The National Livestock Exchange today elected George W. Shannon, of Chicago, president. St. Louis was chosen for the convention of 1904.

The report of the committee on retrenchment, which was adopted, recommended that local livestock exchanges composing the membership of the National body adopt rules abolishing solicitors for admission rules and abolishing the paying of shippers' telegrams. These changes are regarded as the most radical in the history of the exchange.

Buried Body of Soldier for Husband.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—Edward Wynns has been arrested on a complaint charging him with having deserted his wife 15 years ago. Thinking the body of a soldier in the army-house at Cleveland was that of her husband, Mrs. Wynns buried it and collected the life insurance. She had supported herself for the last 15 years and never doubted that her husband was dead until recently, when he was identified in this city by his son.

Devoted Her Life to Charity.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 20.—Miss Mary Elizabeth Moorehead, daughter of General James K. Moorehead, died today at her home in this city, aged 81 years. Miss Moorehead's life from early womanhood was devoted to charity and work for others. She organized the work that developed into the Fruit and Flower Mission, and during the Civil War was an active member of the subsistence committee.

Typoid Spreading at College.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Nov. 20.—Another case of typhoid at Williams College, making eight since the outbreak was reported today. The latest victim is Eugene H. Learning, of Gloversville, N. Y. There are three other suspected cases in the infirmary, but no new ones were admitted today and the college officials believe that the threatened epidemic has been averted.

To Settle Claim of an ex-Queen.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—A bill was introduced today by Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, providing that the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to settle the claim of Queen Liliuokalani in full satisfaction.

Duke's Armored Train.

M. A. P. The Duke of Bedford has caused a good deal of amusement to the inhabitants of Woburn by his latest investment, a sort of miniature armored train, consisting of a truck, painted brown like the Duke's

Advertisement for the sale of kid gloves and ribbons. Features sections for Kid Gloves (Two-clasp Rigo pique, Denaverseam, Mocha pique, Consuelo over-seam), Pure Silk Dresden Ribbons, Ladies' Neckwear, and Ladies' Misses' and Children's Trimmed Ready-to-Wear Hats. Special offers include 35c Pure Silk Dresden Ribbons and 59c each Hats.

Pity the Poor Farmer.

PEKIN (Ill.) Tribune. A farmer sold a hog at 45 cents a pound. It is shipped to Chicago, where it is worked up into "breakfast bacon," and then it is shipped back to the country and sold to its former owner at 29 cents. This leads an exchange to ask: How many hogs must the farmer sell before the meat trust owns his farm?

Hardware Men Hold Election.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 20.—The National Hardware Manufacturers' Association concluded its session today by electing J. C. Birge, of St. Louis, president.

Russia Transfers Ambassadors.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 20.—The transfer of Ambassador Sursoff from Paris to Rome and that of Ambassador Neldoff from Rome to Paris are gazetted.

Many a woman has found a husband in Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Advertisement for Ayer's Hair Vigor. Text: "Many a woman has found a husband in Ayer's Hair Vigor." Includes a testimonial from a woman who found her husband through the use of the product.