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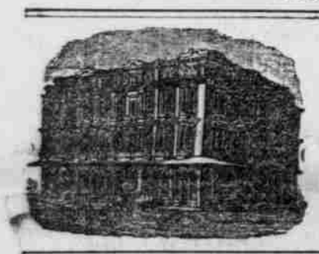

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Fancy dressed Chickens, per pound	14¢
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Fancy dressed Ducks, each	25¢
Jack Rabbits, each	30¢
Strictly fresh Eggs, dozen	25¢
GROCERIES.	
Corn, tomatoes, 3 cans	25¢
Potatoes, per sack	75¢
Java and Mocha Coffee, per pound	15¢
MEATS.	
Bacon, per pound	16¢
Ham, sugar-cured, per pound	15¢
Lard, per pound	11¢

NOTED MAN SLAIN

Negro Shoots "Father of Greater New York."

WAITS FOR HIM ON STEPS

Labors Under the Delusion He Has Been Slandered.

WOMAN MIXED UP IN THE CASE

Murderer Alleges Andrew H. Green, His Victim, Befriended Her—Feminine Member of Household Cries to Dying Man.

ANDREW HASWELL GREEN.

Born in Massachusetts, October 6, 1820.
Educated in native state and read law there.
Went to New York to practice, and soon became prominent.
President of the Educational Commission, 1856.
President and executive officer Central Park Board, 1857-1870.
Comptroller of New York, 1871-76.
Trustee and executor S. J. Tilden, William B. Ogden and other large estates.
Originated in 1868 the plan carried out in 1897 for the creation of Greater New York.
Founder and president New York Zoological Society.
Delegation New York State Constitutional Convention, 1894.
Director of several art societies, medical colleges, hospitals, asylums, etc.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Andrew H. Green, the "Father of Greater New York," and one of the city's oldest and most remarkable citizens, was shot and instantly killed on the steps of his home on Park avenue today by Cornelius M. Williams, a negro, who is believed to be insane.

The shooting was evidently the outcome of a delusion on the part of the negro that Mr. Green had slandered him, for when he was asked why he had committed the murder, he replied: "I did it to save my character."

There were three witnesses of the tragedy, Mrs. Anna Bray, a domestic in Mr. Green's family; Emil Michelsen, an errand boy, and Patrick Dyer, a cabman. According to these witnesses, the negro must have been waiting for Mr. Green to come home from his office. The negro was standing in the vestibule of the house, and as Mr. Green started to ascend the three steps leading to the hall door, Williams advanced toward him. There was a brief interchange of words and then the negro drew a revolver and fired five shots in rapid succession.

Sinks to the Pavement.

Mr. Green sank to the stone pavement, blood streaming from his head, while his murderer, returning the revolver to his pocket, leaned against the railing of the stoop, as if waiting arrest. William H. Burns, carriage starter for the Murray Hill Hotel, was one of the first to reach the negro, whom he seized as he was about to walk away and turned him over to a policeman who arrived a moment later.

A physician was on the spot almost immediately and pronounced Mr. Green dead. As the negro's aged victim fell, a poung woman rushed out of the house and took the dead or dying man's head in her lap, at the same time calling upon him, in piteous tones, to speak to her. As she tried in vain to get a response, Williams turned upon his victim and shouted: "D—n you, I told you I would get even with you."

One of the negro's bullets imbedded itself in the ceiling of the vestibule. It is believed all of the others took effect. A cursory examination by a physician and the Coroner revealed one wound in the left side of the head, one in the left temple, and another at the base of the brain. Any one was sufficient to cause instant death.

Story of Eye-Witness.

Mrs. Bray told the police she was just about to enter the house when she saw Mr. Green accosted by Williams and heard the former say, in answer to some words addressed to him by the negro: "Go away; I don't know you."

Then Williams drew his revolver and shot the old man. The colored man was hurried to the Station House, where he was subjected to a searching examination, the result of which left little doubt of the negro's insanity. Besides the revolver, the police found in Williams possession a razor and a purse containing $10.

Williams appeared to be perfectly self-possessed. He said he was single, 43 years old, and lived at No. 156 West Twenty-sixth street, at which place, however, he is not known.

The prisoner told a rambling story about a colored woman, Mrs. Bessie Davis, who, until about four months ago kept a lodging-house for negroes in West Fifty-third street, who, he said, had circulated statements derogatory to his character, and against whom he had been trying to bring suit for $20,000 for slander. The trouble, he said, dated back to the year 1895, when he was one of her lodgers. Her stories reached the congregation of the Mount Olivet Church, of which he was an attendant, and he was forced to give up his membership there because his fellow worshippers pointed the finger of scorn at him.

Held He Befriended Woman.

Continuing, he said he had not been able to find the woman, who had been spirited away by powerful friends. He blamed Mr. Green for befriending the woman and enabling her to continue her slanderous stories. He said he had asked Mr. Green to "get after her," but he had failed to do so.

"I am not sorry I shot him," exclaimed the prisoner; "he got what he deserved. I may not be justified by society, but I am justified in the eyes of God. I'm willing to go to the electric chair if necessary to vindicate my character."

Mr. Green, who was a bachelor, lived with his nephew, Timothy R. Green, and his three nieces.

No trace of the woman could be found. The police are disposed to believe that the Davis woman was merely the figment of an insane imagination.

Mayor Low Pays Him Tribute.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—When Mayor Low heard of Mr. Green's death, he ordered the flag on the City Hall to be put at half mast, and said:

"The killing of Mr. Green is a public calamity. He was one of the most useful of our citizens, and his services to New York will long be remembered."

GIRL MESSENGERS ARE OUT.

Boys Are Granted Their Every Demand at Harvard.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 13.—The strike of messenger boys at the Harvard Square office of the Western Union Telegraph Company was settled tonight, when the company conceded the demands of the boys.

This action followed the receipt of a notification from President Eliot, of Harvard, that the girls who were to take the places of the striking boys would not be allowed to carry messages to the dormitories of the students.

HUNTING GROUND FOR RICH.

George Vanderbilt Leases Club 125,000 Acres.

ASHEVILLE, N. C. Nov. 13.—The deal which has been pending for some time between George W. Vanderbilt and Edgar B. Moore, of Kenilworth, for the leasing of the Biltmore estate, was completed today. With the exception of 1000 acres immediately surrounding the Biltmore mansion, Mr. Moore will have control for ten years of the vast estate, which covers an area of 125,000 acres.

This great tract of land will be converted into hunting preserves. A club of 100 members, representing rich society circles, will be formed by Moore for the purpose of hunting and fishing on the estate. A staff of rangers and guards will patrol the estate to prevent the encroachments of poachers.

CONTENTS OF TODAY'S PAPER.

Panama.

Colombia is sending troops to retake the Isthmus. Page 1.
Panama will not allow General Reyes to land unless he comes as envoy. Page 4.
New minister from Panama is received by Roosevelt. Page 4.
Message of Roosevelt on canal before revolution, which must now be revised. Page 4.

Congress.

Oregon delegation requests President to mention the 1905 fair in his message. Page 1.
House committee reports the Cuban bill. Page 2.
Majority indorses stand taken by President on Panama question. Page 4.

Domestic.

Andrew H. Green, "father of Greater New York," is slain by a negro. Page 1.
Chicago street car strikers are joined by firemen; a few cars run with police protection. Page 3.
W. C. T. U. opens thirtieth national convention at Cincinnati. Page 4.

Foreign.

Sir Michael Hicks Beach, a free trader, accepts fiscal policy of Balfour. Page 3.
Turkey will meet the demands of the powers in Macedonia. Page 3.
Czar wires Manchurian viceroy that there must be no war with Japan. Page 3.

Political.

Republican national committee called to meet at Washington December 12. Page 2.
Strong effort is being made to have Senator Hanna manage Republican campaign again; W. Murray Crane is mentioned for second place. Page 2.
Senator Foster falls heir to the late Ed S. Hamilton's strength in Pierce County; Wilson gets portion of strength in state. Page 6.

Pacific Coast.

Representative Williamson says he had nothing to do with charges brought against Malcolm Moody. Page 6.
Judge Hanna explains to a Salem audience the system of Christian Science. Page 6.
J. R. Patton dies from shot fired by his neighbor on the Wynooche, A. A. Armstrong. Page 6.
Governor Chamberlain is satisfied that a majority of the Legislature is in favor of a short session. Page 7.

Commercial and Marine.

Prominent grower advises holding prunes. Page 15.
Varied tone of weekly trade reviews. Page 15.
Chicago wheat market changes for the better. Page 15.
Covering by shorts sends up stock prices at New York. Page 15.
Oregon potatoes at San Francisco. Page 15.
Abandoned steamer Charles Nelson towed to San Francisco. Page 14.
Rough trip of the transport Thomas across the Pacific. Page 14.

Sports.

Races open at Oakland today with a bad card. Page 5.
The University of Idaho wins from Whitman College by a score of 36 to 0. Page 5.
Willamette University and Pacific University play without scoring at Salem. Page 5.
Portland defeats Los Angeles, 6 to 2. Page 5.

Portland and Vicinity.

Cracker war to be started by cuts in prices. Page 16.
Attorneys sue to collect fee. Page 10.
Highway robber, mounted on bicycle, steals women's purses. Page 10.
Woman forger cashes draft for $140. Page 12.
Ben Campbell, assistant traffic director of Harriman lines, arrives in Portland, but leaves without conferring with lumbermen. Page 10.
Game association will ask Government to establish trout hatchery in Oregon. Page 11.
Harney County residents want Portland capitalists to build railroad there. Page 12.
$10,000 fund to be raised to entertain livestock men and woolgrowers. Page 11.

APPEAL FOR FAIR

Oregon Delegation Asks Aid of Roosevelt.

WANT MENTION IN MESSAGE

Loyalty of State to 1905 Exposition Is Portrayed.

FIGURES BACK UP LETTER

President Is Asked to Recommend That Congress Liberally Assist in Celebrating a Great Historical Event.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Nov. 13.—The entire Oregon delegation today united in a letter to President Roosevelt, asking that in his message to Congress at the opening of the regular session in December he make favorable mention of the Lewis and Clark Exposition and commend the project to the careful consideration of Congress. The letters opens as follows:

"You will pardon us for the suggestion and the expression of a strong and earnest hope that you may be able to see your way clear in the interest of the proposed Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition to be held at Portland, Or., commencing May 1, 1905, to make some favorable mention of the same, and of the proposed recognition by Congress of the same, in your forthcoming annual message."

At some length the delegation sets forth the appropriations that have already been made in behalf of the Exposition by the States of Oregon, Idaho, Montana, North Dakota, California, Utah and Missouri.

To show the good faith of the people of Oregon the delegation in its letter strongly sets forth the fact that a corporation was incorporated under the laws of the State of Oregon October 12, 1901, and is capitalized at $500,000, divided into 50,000 shares of the par value of $10 each. The letter continues.

"It is authorized under its general corporate powers to receive donations of money and of real and personal property. Up to November 1, 1903, the corporation had sold 41,510 shares of its capital stock of an aggregate value of $415,100, and was still engaged in selling additional stock at the rate of 200 shares, valued at $2000 per month. In addition, it had received donations amounting to $1800, making the grand total of money available to the corporation for the purposes of the Exposition the sum of $416,900."

The letter closed as follows: "The people of Oregon and of the great Pacific Northwest now occupying what was originally known as the "Oregon Country" look hopefully and confidently to the President of the United States for cordial recognition and recommendation of this proposed centennial exposition of the great historical event which it is intended to commemorate."

LAND-LEASING BILL REAPPEARS

Lacey Would Allow Only Actual Settlers the Privilege.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Nov. 13.—The land-leasing proposition made its reappearance in Congress today, when Representative Lacey introduced a bill, which primarily gives to homesteaders and settlers in arid and semiarid regions the right to protect the grass upon the public domain in the vicinity of their lands, so as to prevent further deterioration and monopolization of the ranges by the owners of large herds of livestock.

Such parts of arid and semiarid regions as are not necessary for irrigation purposes may, under the Lacey bill, be leased for stock-grazing purposes, subject to the right of homesteader and other entry at all times.

The leases are to be regulated by the Secretary of the Interior, and are to run for five years, with the right of renewal, each lease to be limited to 320 acres to each person. Leases are nontransferable, and are to be granted only to actual settlers. Corporations are denied the right to secure leases.

Lands subject to lease are to be classified, and shall be rented at rates varying from 1 to 6 cents an acre per annum. Persons leasing lands will be permitted to fence these lands at their own expense.

WILL AID ASTORIA HARBOR.

Fulton Working to Have It in Separate Improvement District.

ASTORIA, Or., Nov. 13.—(Special.)—A telegram was received today by the Chamber of Commerce from Senator Fulton which conveys the information that a concurrent resolution will be introduced providing for the improvement of Astoria harbor, which will be placed in a separate improvement district. Heretofore, Astoria harbor has been in a joint district with the Columbia below Portland. By making the harbor here a separate district, better results will be obtained in securing greater depth. The matter is of very great importance to Astoria, and the action of Senator Fulton is very gratifying to members of the Chamber of Commerce.

PROTECTS SALMON IN ALASKA

Lacey Urges Weekly Closed Seasons When Streams Are Overfished.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Nov. 13.—Representative Lacey, of Iowa, today introduced a bill for the protection of salmon in Alaska. In the main the bill authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to set aside streams and waters in Alaska as spawning grounds in which no fishing will be permitted. When fishing operations on any stream or waterway indicate that the salmon taken is larger than the capacity of the stream to produce, the Secretary is authorized to establish weekly closed seasons to limit the duration of the fishing season, or to prohibit fishing entirely for one year or more, so as to permit the salmon to increase.

For Two Judicial Districts.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Nov. 13.—Representative Jones, of Washington, introduced a bill dividing the State of Washington into two Judicial Districts, the Cascade Range separating the two. In the Western district, he proposes holding court at Tacoma and Seattle, and the East at Spokane, North Yakima and Walla Walla. The bill calls for the appointment of one additional Judge.

New Oregon Postmasters.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Nov. 13.—Oregon postmasters were today appointed as follows: Trail, Jackson county, Mary E. Middlebusher, vice Sarapta E. Inlow, resigned; Trailfork, Gilliam county, Mrs. Tempa M. Harle, vice Nan M. Mattingly, resigned.

Washington Rural Carriers.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Nov. 13.—Rural carriers were appointed for Washington routes today as follows: Custer, regular, Leamon L. Reynolds; substitute, Charles W. Smith; Myersville, regular, Clair Robinson; substitute, Joe D. Robinson.

INCREASE IN COST OF LIVING.

Bureau of Labor Makes Interesting Comparisons.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The Bureau of Labor has issued a bulletin on the cost of living of workmen's families, showing that of 2567 families in 33 states, from which data was obtained, the average income per family was $827.19; average expenditure for all purposes, $768.54; average expenditure per family for food, $326.90; average size of family, 3.51 persons. The last figure is above the average of private families in the whole country, as shown by the census of 1900. The food expense is more than 42½ per cent of the expenditure for all purposes.

An extended investigation covering the years 1890-1892 shows that the cost of food reached its highest in 1892, the average then being 10.9 per cent above the average for the decade 1890-1899 and an increase of 16.1 per cent compared with 1896, the year of lowest prices. It is announced as a conservative conclusion that the increase in the cost of living, as a whole, in 1902, when compared with the year of lowest prices, was not over 16.1 per cent, the figure given as the increased cost of food, as shown by this investigation. This assumes, of course, always the purchase of the same articles and the same quantities in years of low prices, low wages and more or less irregular employment, as in years of higher prices, higher wages and steady employment.

KAISER RECOVERING FAST.

Physicians Decide to Discontinue the Daily Bulletins.

POTSDAM, Prussia, Nov. 13.—The following bulletin was issued this morning:

"New Palace, Nov. 13.—The healing of His Majesty's wound is proceeding in so entirely satisfactory a manner that the next bulletin will be issued the day after tomorrow. VON LUETHOLDT,
"SCHMIDT,
"ILBERG."

DETAILS OF THE OPERATION.

New Invention Known Only to a Few Proved a Great Success.

BERLIN, Nov. 13.—The Frankfurter Zeitung prints the following details of the Emperor's operation, obtained partly from Dr. Schmidt, who belongs to Frankfurt:

"The polypus has no stem, as usually in the case, but spreads itself on the edge of the left vocal chord. For this reason the case of the Emperor was more complicated than with an ordinary vocal cord polypus, inasmuch as it required cutting around to make a stem. Cocaine took effect on the patient excellently, so that Dr. Schmidt could use a laryngal knife with precision and separate the polypus from the adjacent tissue, with the exception of a slight ligament. He inserted a laryngal forceps and extracted the whole polypus in the first effort. The operation made no disturbing motion. The bleeding was somewhat profuse, but it did not require important treatment to check. At first, the vocal cord was inflamed and reddish before the operation and it took considerable time to restore the normal condition. Such an affection of the cord is nothing unusual. It is no sign of a more serious condition.

The result of the microscopic examination was in the hands of the Emperor and his physicians after six hours from the operation. This unexcelled record in rapid induration, coloring and preparing of microscopical segments is due to a new invention of Professor Orth, which was used for the first time and is unknown outside the immediate circle of his medical friends. The invention is a very rapid process of indurating tissues for microscopical investigation, where reasons of jurisprudence require the speediest possible determination of facts.

Dr. Schmidt remains at the new palace to make a more particular examination of the wound by the laryngescope and sprinkle the wound. The Emperor is forbidden to rise, speak or to eat seasoned foods and drinks. The feeling at the palace is nevertheless quite cheerful.

Kaiser Has Not Secured Villa.

BERLIN, Nov. 13.—The report that the Villa Cire, at San Remo, formerly occupied by the late Emperor Frederick, has been engaged for Emperor William, is absolutely denied at the Foreign Office.

Lord Roberts is Mending.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—Lady Roberts this morning said that the condition of Lord Roberts, the Commander-in-Chief, was quite satisfactory; that there were no complications and he was making favorable progress towards recovery. Lord Roberts is suffering from pneumonia contracted at the unveiling November 6 at Windsor of the memorial to Prince Christian Victor of Schleswig-Holstein, grandson of the late Queen Victoria, who died from fever in South Africa in October, 1900.

Food Commission in Session.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The food standard commission met at the Department of Agriculture today, and will continue its sessions for a week or so longer.

WAR ON PANAMA

Colombians Are Marching to Retake It.

LARGE ARMY ON THE WAY

Isthmian Traitors Are to Be Thoroughly Subdued.

CAUSE HAS GREAT SUPPORT

Minister to Peru Is Informed All Parties Are Ready to Offer Their Lives and Properties to the Country.

THE PANAMA SITUATION.

COLOMBIA—Five thousand troops are en route to the Isthmus of Panama to retake it.
PANAMA—It will make no terms whatever with Colombia, and will not allow General Reyes to land, unless he comes as Envoy Extraordinary.
UNITED STATES—To allay the fears of Bocas Del Toro, of an attack by the Colombians, the Atlanta has been dispatched there. Washington officials well meet the new issue today.
OTHER COUNTRIES—They appear disposed to defer recognition of the new government until further assured of its stability.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, Nov. 13.—General Plaza, President of Ecuador, has cabled to President Marroquin, of Colombia, sympathizing with him in the recent events on the Isthmus of Panama. President Marroquin has replied thanking General Plaza and adding that Generals Reyes, Ospina, Caballeros and Holguin are marching on Panama with a large army to subdue the Isthmians.

Will Suppress the Traitors.

LIMA, Peru, Nov. 13.—The Colombian Minister to Peru has published here cablegrams received from his government, dated at Bogota, November 10, 11 and 12, respectively. The cablegrams say the Colombian government has taken measures to suppress "the Isthmian traitors," and add that all parties and all classes have offered to the government their lives and properties in defense of the national territory.

BOCAS DEL TORRO SCARED.

Alcalde Leaves to Get Ammunition—American Ship to Scene.

COLON, Nov. 13.—Cutters from the American warships here were dispatched this morning to stop the German steamer Markomannia, which was seen two miles off, towing a launch toward the harbor. It was thought the Markomannia was coming from a Colombian port, but it appears that she had been chartered at Bocas del Torro to bring the Alcalde of that part to Colon. There was a big scare at Bocas del Torro on the receipt of the news via Port Limu, Costa Rica, that the Colombian government was sending 500 troops to take the port, which had recently declared its allegiance to the new Republic, and the Alcalde left on the Markomannia for Colon for the purpose of obtaining arms and ammunition with which to equip 500 volunteers to resist the expected Colombian attack. The Alcalde, however, has returned to Bocas del Torro to allay the fears of the populace, and to give assurance that the landing of Colombian troops there will not be permitted.

The United States cruiser Atlanta sailed tonight, and it is understood she will go to Bocas del Torro.

AS TO ACTION OF AMERICA.

It Will Be Today Before It Can Be Told How Issue Will Be Met.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Both Secretary Hay and General Young, Chief of Staff of the Army, had retired when the bulletin announcing that an army from Colombia was marching against the Isthmians came, so it was impossible to learn what action the Government might take to meet the issue which will be raised.

Rumors were current today that the Government intended to send United States troops to the Isthmus of Panama, but positive official denials were made that such was the intention of the Administration, which some time ago asserted its purpose to prevent fighting that would endanger the free transit of the Isthmus.

Panama Fears No Invasion.

PANAMA, Nov. 13.—Reports from points of the north coast are most reassuring, it being stated from trustworthy sources that everything is quiet there. The feeling has been growing in Panama that there is little to fear from Colombia in the way of an invasion. It is the belief here that the Colombian government has all it can attend to in quieting the revolutionary feeling within Colombia itself.

BOGOTA IS STILL FURIOUS.

Talks of Recapturing the Isthmus at Any Cost.

PANAMA, Nov. 13.—It is rumored that the situation at Bogota is extremely critical, and that there is a continuance of the manifestations of furious despair over the loss of the Isthmus. The feeling against President Marroquin is growing in intensity, and one rumor has it that he has been deposed. The populace of Bogota is talking of sending a big expedition to recapture the Isthmus at any cost.

The British cruiser Amphion will sail for

(Concluded on Page 4.)

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