# SACKED BY MOB

## French Strikers Wreck Homes of Enemies.

## FIRE SET TO BUILDINGS

## Linen Put Across Street to Keep Troops Back.

### BANKS BROKEN IN AND ROBBED

**Armentiers Weavers Take Furniture From Employers' Residences by Night and Build Blazes—Authorities Now in Control.**

ARMENTIERS, North France, Oct. 13.—This town was today given up to riot, pillage and incendiarism, as a consequence of the weavers' strike. Nothing this morning foretold the serious disturbances about to occur, but at noon the strikers, not receiving answers to their demands from the employers, broke out into the wildest excesses. A mob of 6000 gathered in the great square and urged the troops stationed there to throw down their arms, shouting: "Down with patriotism."

The rioters then spread through the principal streets, breaking the windows of the stores, dragging out the huge display rolls of linen, which they stretched across the streets with the object of impeding the advance of cavalry. They wrecked shops, sacked the houses of persons obnoxious to the ringleaders, and attacked the banks, in two of which they succeeded in stealing a few hundred dollars from the tills.

One gang set fire to a large quantity of linen in the cellars of Messrs. Becquart's factory. Others broke the windows of houses and threw inside burning straw.

The troops, hampered by the obstructions thrown in their way by the rioters, were for a long time unable to disperse the mob. Finally a determined charge by lancers restored temporary quiet.

After dark the rioters tore up the sewer gratings and paving stones and stretched wires across the streets. Women brought piles of empty bottles for use as missiles, while boys swarmed up the lamp posts and extinguished the gas jets. In spite of the efforts of the soldiers the rioters then proceeded to sack the houses, dragging out the furniture, saturating it with petroleum and setting fire to it in the street. Fire was put to two houses belonging to the strikers' employers and one big factory. The local brigade, being inadequate to cope with the conflagrations, an urgent appeal was sent to the neighboring town of Lille, whence a steam pump and re-inforcements of firemen were sent.

By midnight, however, the troops and police had gained the upper hand and dispersed the mob. The streets are now deserted except for the armed patrols. The authorities are taking measures to ascertain the names of the ringleaders in the riots.

As a result of the intervention of the prefect, the strike leaders have decided to submit the employers' terms to a referendum of the workmen tomorrow.

### TO INCREASE GERMAN NAVY.

**Estimates for the Coming Year—Soldiers Must Be Rearmed.**

BERLIN, Oct. 13.—The German naval estimates for 1904 are in the hands of the finance committee and have not yet been made public, but it has been learned that they contain nothing except statements of the sums required for the maintenance and the construction of vessels already under way, and they have been placed at an irreducible minimum for keeping the fleet on its present effective basis. Such new ships as will be asked for under the naval programme will be included in a supplementary budget, which, it is understood, will provide for two battleships, one armored cruiser and five torpedo-boats.

None of these additional vessels has already been laid down, as is sometimes done in anticipation of an appropriation, and no effort is being made to complete the programme by 1906 or 1908, as it was generally supposed two years ago Germany intended doing. Such a realization is now deemed impossible. The programme will take the 16-year course originally outlined in 1900.

The reason is an obvious one—lack of money. The government's view is that the country is reconciled to carrying out the programme under which by 1920 it will have 55 battleships, 38 of them up-to-date, with 3090 officers and 55,809 men. But the country would not approve of largely increased burdens to carry it through in a shortened period.

Besides, the government finds it will be necessary within the next two or three years to re-arm the army. It is supposed, with some certainty, that the government has already ordered the artillery from Krupps without waiting for an appropriation and that the firm is now manufacturing the guns. The rifle now in use in the German army is measurably obsolete, or at least it is not so effective as the latest model. Hence, it is planned to manufacture the 3,000,000 rifles necessary for the regulars and reserves. The old rifles will be sold for what they will bring, although new weapons will cost from $18,750,000 to $22,500,000.

### CZAR HAS BACKED DOWN.

**Rome Now Certain His Visit to That City Has Been Abandoned.**

BERLIN, Oct. 13.—The Rome correspondent of the Cologne Gazette says that it is now certain that the proposed visit of the Czar to Rome has not been postponed, but that it has been completely abandoned.

**Will Visit King in Private.**

PARIS, Oct. 13.—A dispatch to the Presse from Florence, Italy, quotes Court Marshal Dolgorouky, in regard to the Czar's projected visit to Italy, as saying it was postponed because of the demonstrations of Italian socialists, acting in accord with Russian agitators, adding that the Czar will visit King Victor Emmanuel in a city where he will not be menaced by nihilists.

### ROUT REBELS IN HIDING.

**Turks Kill Many Children and Non-combatants Near Monastir.**

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Oct. 13.—A band of 70 insurgents were caught near the frontier by Bulgarian troops sent to Sofia yesterday. The passage of bands across the frontier has become increasingly difficult, owing to the precautions of the government and the increase in the number of frontier guards. The general situation is unchanged.

Turkish troops recently discovered a hiding place of insurgents and refugees in the mountains 28 miles from Monastir and routed them after several days of fighting. The Turks used artillery. The pursuit of the refugees is said to have been accompanied by great severity, and the murder of many children and non-combatants.

The Turkish proposals for the repatriation of the refugees meets with a positive refusal from the fugitives to return to Macedonia, and place themselves under the control of the Turks.

### MONASTIR BECOMING PEACEFUL.

**Insurgents Have Been Practically Annihilated.**

MONASTIR, Monday, Oct. 12, via Salonica, Oct. 13.—This district is settling down. The insurgents have been routed and practically annihilated in the Peristeri Mountains, though their stronghold is still the meeting place of what insurrectionists remain in that region.

Chakalaroff, the insurgent leader, is still at large in the Kastoria district, but most of the peasants who accompanied him have surrendered.

The Inspector-General, Hilmo Pasha, in concert with the mixed commission, is arranging to rebuild the homes which were destroyed out of government funds. The reconstruction is proceeding, however, under numerous difficulties.

## DEFEAT FOR THE UNIONS

**Gompers Tells New York Men to Accept Employers' Arbitration Plan.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—In a letter to the Building Trades Unions of this city and vicinity, made public tonight, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and James Duncan, secretary, have recommended that the unions agree to the plan of arbitration of the Employers' Association. This action, which comes after Mr. Gompers' investigation of the labor situation in this city, is considered a defeat for the Building Trades Unions, which have refused to sign the plan of arbitration.

It is also recommended that the unions which have signed the agreement insist upon the disbandment of such organizations as have been instituted recently as rivals to the previously existing unions of the trade. Mr. Gompers also recommends that the unions be lenient with the members of the rival organizations and afford them an opportunity to join the union ranks.

Although seeing flaws in the plan of arbitration, as submitted by the employers, Mr. Gompers approves of it on the whole, particularly in the elimination of the purely sympathetic strike, which is a weapon, he says, that has been brought into play to such extremes at other times for entirely insufficient reasons that even its advocates now deprecate its use. "It is therefore not unnatural a reaction has set in," he continues, "and that the notion prevails that all differences in dispute between employers and workmen can or must be adjusted by arbitration.

"In our opinion, agreements with employers for the maintenance of industrial peace and the pursuit of the policy of conciliation, with every honorable effort at arbitration of disputed points, but maintaining the largest possible limit of freedom of action of the unions, will tend to the establishment of more rightful relations between the workmen and their employers and the establishment of a larger degree of industrial tranquillity than any coercive policy of compulsory arbitration, whether enforced by combinations of employers or by the state."

**Erie Will Also Reduce Force.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—As a step toward retrenchment and in a measure to recoup losses from the flood, Erie Railroad officials have decided, says the Herald, to cut down the force of employes. Many are to be discharged from the repair shops and the maintenance-of-way corps. The curtailment in the latter department, it is said, will not necessitate the abandonment of any of the new construction work which has been started. The most notable of these improvements is the construction of a third and fourth track between Jersey City and Port Jervis and an extension of the double track virtually to Chicago.

In reducing their force of machinists it was explained by a railroad traffic official that the New York Central, the Erie, the Pennsylvania and the Southern Pacific were merely returning to the normal demand for skilled labor.

### BOYCOTT MUST CEASE.

**Labor Paper and Unions Enjoined in War on Open-Shop Journal.**

HAMILTON, O., Oct. 13.—Judge Belton today granted one of the most sweeping injunctions ever issued by an Ohio court. It was directed against the Hamilton Typographical Union, the Hamilton Co-Operative Trades and Labor Council and the Nonpareil Printing Company, publishers of the County Trade organ. The defendants are enjoined from continuing a boycott on the Republican News or firms which advertise in it, and ordered that interference of every sort with the company's business must stop. The boycott was to force the plaintiff to unionize and abandon its open shop policy.

### ROOSEVELT NOT MIXING IN IT.

**Peabody Declares He Was Not Told to Reduce Military at Strike Scene.**

DENVER, Oct. 13.—"Purest kind of bosh and absolutely nothing to it," said Governor Peabody with reference to the report that he had been advised by President Roosevelt to reduce the military force in Cripple Creek. The Governor further declared that he had not conferred with the President concerning the situation in the gold camp where the miners have been on strike for the past two months and 1000 state soldiers are guarding the mines.

**Military Force Is Reduced.**

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 13.—Governor Peabody today instructed Colonel Edward Verdeckeberger, the officer in command of the troops at Cripple Creek, to reduce the force there to 500 men. A portion of the men were relieved from duty tonight, and the others will be tomorrow.

## CASE GOES TO JURY TODAY

**Contends Gonzales' Mind Was Clear When He Made Last Statement.**

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 13.—The jury in the trial of ex-Lieutenant Governor James Tillman, listened to arguments by counsel throughout the entire day. When court convened today an unusually large crowd was present, and by the time adjournment was taken tonight the room was packed, the audience including many women.

Contrary to the programme agreed upon, the arguments to the jury were not concluded today. Colonel Croft, for the defense, and General Bellinger, for the state, will conclude their arguments tomorrow, Colonel Croft having one hour yet remaining and General Bellinger nearly two hours. Thus the case will not go to the jury before the middle of the day, and it will take some time for court to deliver the charge after the attorneys have finished.

Requests by counsel for instructions to the jury were read and argued today.

E. S. Asbury, of the prosecution, replying to counsel for the defense, contended that Mr. Gonzales' mind was clear when he made his last statements. The court was asked to instruct the jury that it is for the jury to say whether a man of ordinary reason would act as Mr. Tillman did on January 15.

**Noted Americans Return.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, F. Marion Crawford, the novelist, and Booker T. Washington arrived today on the Kaiser Wilhelm II.

**DO YOU WEAR GLASSES?**

Properly fitting glasses and MURINE promote Eye comfort. Murine makes weak Eyes strong. Druggists and opticians, or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

# CAN'T GAG BRITAIN

## Rosebery Declares Fiscal Issue Will Not Down.

### BALFOUR'S STAND ATTACKED

**He Comes Out Boldly for Free Trade, Much to the Disappointment of the Supporters of Chamberlain's Protection Policy.**

LONDON, Oct. 13. — Lord Rosebery spoke tonight at Sheffield, whither he went in order to definitely record his opposition to Mr. Chamberlain's fiscal policy. He was greeted with the utmost enthusiasm by an immense audience, which he held in rapt attention for an hour and a half.

Lord Rosebery delivered a characteristic speech of brilliant rhetorical denunciation of protection, interspersed with clever and caustic allusions to Mr. Chamberlain and the predicament in which he had placed the government. The Earl said he doubted if there had ever been an fiscal inquiry. The Ministry had probably investigated not the nation's commerce but the constituencies. He deprecated a policy of retaliation which would land the empire in a contest with every nation in the civilized world. He held that free trade had not failed, but had been a great success. The new policy, instead of solidifying, would tend to dislocate and probably dissolve the empire.

Lord Rosebery warned his hearers that they could not try a new policy and drop it if it failed. Protection once established could not be uprooted, and would bring in its train trusts, monopolies and probably corrupton. If the country wanted to better itself, he continued, let it cultivate a scientific spirit and better education, and above all keep the universe for a reservoir of food and raw material. He ridiculed the idea that the colonies could consent not to establish new industries for the benefit of the United Kingdom. A fair and practical imperial tariff could not be devised, and heaven protect them from the bad blood and jealousies that such an attempt would engender.

He was very doubtful about the proposition that a fiscal should precede a political union. In any event, what Mr. Chamberlain's friends ignored was that everything in the empire had been strong and successful because it was free and spontaneous.

In conclusion Lord Rosebery said he could not forget the long agony with which the nation had passed from the protective system which had brought it to the verge of famine and ruin, into the better and freer conditions now prevailing.

Lord Rosebery made no attempt to refute Mr. Chamberlain's contentions by argument, statistics or a detailed examination of his proposals. He confined himself to generalizations. He evoked applause by describing Mr. Chamberlain as the real head of the present government. In reference to Mr. Balfour's attempt to gag parliamentary discussion of the fiscal problems, he said: "You cannot prevent a storm by sitting on the barometer." In the course of a speech to an overflow meeting Lord Rosebery referred to the popularity of protection in America and said:

"So long as you get the American farmer to pay taxes for the benefit of the trusts and great industries it is all the better for those trusts and industries. But in time I think the farmer will find it is not his advantage that is being served and then there may be a reversal of that policy."

The Earl of Dunraven has written a letter strongly supporting Mr. Chamberlain's proposals.

### DISAPPOINTS CHAMBERLAIN MEN.

**They Had Hoped Rosebery Might Be Found on Their Side.**

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Earl of Rosebery's strong free trade speech is a great disappointment to the supporters of Mr. Chamberlain, who had apparently hoped—basing this hope on the ambiguous speech his lordship made at Burnley some time ago—that he might be found on the side of the "fair" traders. This disappointment is increased by a hint given by Lord Resebery in his speech that he is willing actively to lead or assist in the fight against protection, though this reference was exceedingly vague.

The Duke of Devonshire has also announced his intention actively to co-operate with the Unionist Free Food League. The campaign, therefore, promises to become inreasingly energetic.

Lord Brassey, speaking at Rye in defense of the Chamberlain policy, said he had just returned from Canada, and believed that only the adopton of a preferential tariff would save the empire from breakdown, because the influx of American settlers tended to the Americanization of the Northwest Territories, and an American offer of reciprocity might eventually be accepted, in which case a political union of the United States and Canada would be only a question of time. This danger would disappear if Mr. Chamberlain's scheme were adopted. Premier Ross, of Ontario, informed him that if Mr. Chamberlain's policy had been in force during the last 20 years the population of Canada today would have been 20,000,000 better.

### HE FAVORS FISCAL CHANGES.

**Lyttleton in Accord With Balfour and Chamberlain.**

LONDON, Oct. 13.—Colonial Secretary Lyttleton issued an election address to his constitutents at Warwick and Leamington today in which he says he is in entire agreement with the fiscal changes "which Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain together advocate."

Mr. Lyttleton holds the government should be enabled to mitigate the inequality of foreign competition, and to negotiate effectively for a reduction of foreign tariffs on British goods to have the power to impose taxation on foreign manufactures. The Colonial Secretary is convinced the empire should be further knitted together by strengthening the commercial ties of its various parts by preferential tariffs. To secure closer ties with the colonies involved a readjustment of the taxes on food, peculiarly affecting the poorer classes, who should therefore have a full opportunity to minutely and deliberately consider the matter. It should, therefore, be distinctly understood that there is no proposal to impose preferential tariffs for the colonies without further reference to the electorate.

### LORD PRESIDENT OF COUNCIL.

**Lord Londonderry Succeeds the Duke of Devonshire.**

LONDON, Oct. 13.—Lord Londonderry has been appointed Lord President of the Council in succession to the Duke of Devonshire. It is understood that his lordship will retain the portfolio of education and his new appointment will thus make little practical difference to his position in the cabinet.

### NOT HAILED AS A LEADER.

**Liberal Press Puts No Such Interpretation on the Speech.**

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The idea that Lord Rosebery was bidding for the leadership of the Liberal party in his speech at Sheffield finds no support in the editorials published by the Liberal papers this morning. These express great satisfaction that he has not longer left his attitude doubtful, as in his Burnley speech last May, when he said he did not regard "free trade as a part of the sermon on the mount," but there is no attempt to hail him as the leader of the party.

The Conservative organs in their comments endeavor to minimize the importance of Lord Rosebery's free trade declarations.

**Chamberlain Suffers From Gout.**

LONDON, Oct. 13.—Joseph Chamberlain is confined to his bed at Highbury, his residence at Birmingham, by a sharp attack of his old enemy, gout. He hopes, however, to recover sufficiently to keep his Newcastle engagement, October 20.

## NO MORE COIN NEEDED.

**Purchases of Silver for the Philippines Will Cease.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—Colonel Edwards, chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs of the War Department, who has been managing, in this country, the finances of the Philippine Government, and carrying out the act of the last Congress for supplying the Philippines with currency, recently cabled the Philippine Commission that there should now be in the islands 15,932,850 pesos, and that the amount yet to be coined and shipped amounted to one million more, the amount being at the mints or contracted for. A reply has been received from the Commission stating that the amount of coin now in the Philippines, together with some 5,000,000 pesos in paper money, to be increased to 7,000,000, to which should be added from 8,000,000 to 9,000,000 pesos in Spanish coin, would be sufficient, and advising against the purchase of any more bullion for the purpose of coining Philippine pesos. This action has been taken by the Insular Bureau, and no more silver will be purchased further than what is necessary to fulfill the existing stipulations with mints.

It is probable that the Philippine Commission will demonetize Mexican dollars on January 1, 1904, but at the rate Mexican dollars are now leaving the islands, it appears such action will have very little effect. For the first nine days of October, 359,000 Mexican dollars have been exported from the islands and none has been imported.

The Philippine Commission will take steps to get into the Philippine treasury by January 1 all the Spanish coins in circulation, the intention being to issue the new Philippine pesos in their stead.

Cablegrams received today from Governor Taft stated that the buying rate of gold at Manila was 2.18 and the selling rate 2.20. This in Mexican, it is supposed. A prominent representative of Philippine banking interests estimates that there is no more than 4,000,000 Mexican dollars in the islands at the present time.

The London parity of silver today was 28, equal to 61.23 cents per ounce here. The purchases for the further coinage of Philippine pesos will be about 400,000 or 500,000 ounces. It is intended to coin the Spanish coins, when accumulated in the Philippine treasury, into Philippine pesos.

It is said that the amount of new currency now in the islands, together with the Spanish coins and the United States currency, is sufficient for the business of the Philippines.

## BANKERS START WEST.

**Special Train Is Conveying Them to San Francisco Convention.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—More than 100 Eastern bankers and friends left here today in a special train over the New York Central Railroad to attend the annual meeting of the American Bankers' Association, to be held in San Francisco from October 20 to 23. Among those who will make the trip on this train, which was provided for the New York City group, are Ellis H. Roberts, Treasurer of the United States; William B. Ridgeley, Controller of the Currency, and many prominent banking men of New York and the East.

The itinerary of over 7500 miles has been arranged to give a fast run to the Coast and a more leisurely return journey after the convention, permitting sight-seeing in Del Monte, Santa Barbara, Los Angeles and other California cities, a day at the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, and stops at Santa Fe, Las Vegas, St. Louis and other points of interest, returning to New York November 4. Arrangements have been made for a stop at Salt Lake on the outward journey and a recital on the great Tabernacle organ.

## WHALER LOST IN AZORES

**American Ship Goes Down With Entire Crew of Fifteen.**

FAYAL, Azores, Oct. 13.—The American whaler Joseph Manta has been wrecked on the Island of Pico, one of the Azores group, and all on board were lost. She hailed from Provincetown, Mass., and carried a crew of 15 men.

**Best Whaler to Ever Leave the Port.**

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., Oct. 13.—The Manta was considered the best whaler that ever fitted from this port and was named for her owner, of this place. She was commanded by Captain J. C. Frates, whose home was in Fayal, where he leaves a widow. The crew were all Cape Verde and Azores islanders.

The Manta left Provincetown in December of 1900 for a three years' cruise in the North Atlantic. Since sailing she has landed about 1900 barrels of sperm oil at the Western islands for shipment to this country.

## WHERE IS ROBERTS' STAR?

**Chief Hunt May Have Privately Received Special's Badge.**

With his star of office shining upon his breast, Special Officer Jack Roberts has been walking his beat in the North End, regardless of the order of suspension for three months issued by the Police Committee as a result of the grafting investigation. Monday afternoon, he was ordered to turn in his star to the station captain, but was seen on his beat with the star the same as ever. Lost evening he was seen wearing the badge of a merchant patrol, but unless Chief Hunt had received it privately, his star has not yet been turned in at the police station.

## THE DEATH ROLL.

**Hebrew Scholar and Educator.**

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 13.—Marcus M. Gastrow, rabbi emeritus of the Rodef Shalom congregation in this city, Hebrew scholar and educator, and one of the best-known Jews in the country, died today after a short illness.

**Distinguished Millionaire of Brazil.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Baron Vasconcelics, a leading lawyer and member of one of the most distinguished families of Brazil, is dead, says a Herald dispatch from Rio Janeiro. He was a millionaire, and at one time head of the ministry under Dom Pedro. He leaves 127 descendants, including great-grandchildren.

**New Maccabees Get License.**

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 13.—The Supreme Court today issued a writ of mandamus compelling the State Commissioner of Insurance to issue a license to the great camp, Knights of the Modern Maccabees, a fraternal insurance organization, incorporated under the laws of Michigan. The Insurance Commissioner had refused to issue a license to the order because of the similarity in its name to that of an older fraternal insurance organization, the supreme tent, Knights of the Maccabees of the World.


# ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WEAK?

## Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It.

**To Prove What the Great Kidney Remedy, Swamp-Root, Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of The "Oregonian" May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Absolutely Free by Mail.**

It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected, and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

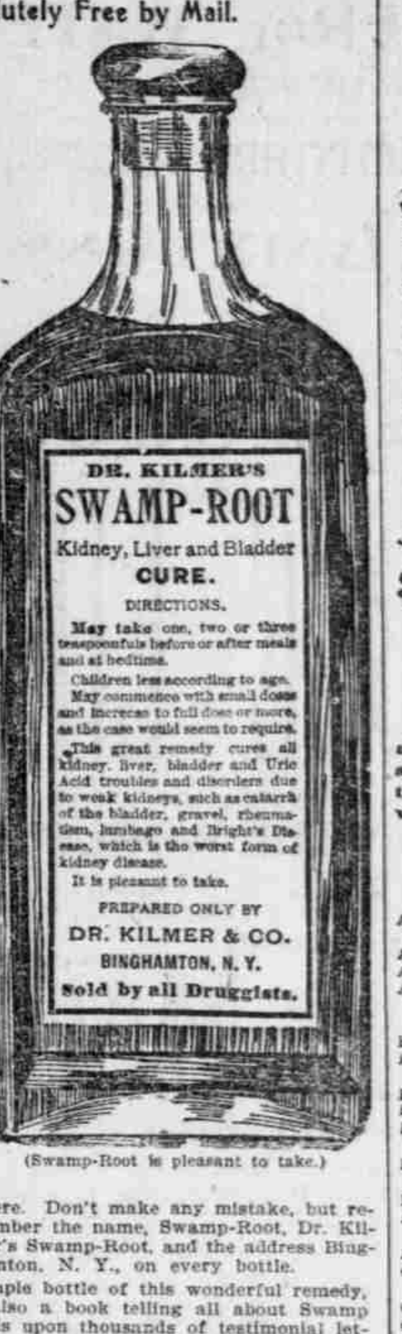
If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince any one.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for many kinds of diseases, and if permitted to continue much suffering with fatal results are sure to follow. Kidney trouble irritates the nerves, makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless and irritable. Makes you pass water often during the day and obliges you to get up many times during the night. Unhealthy kidneys cause rheumatism, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints and muscles; makes your head ache and back ache, causes indigestion, stomach and liver trouble, you get a sallow, yellow complexion, makes you feel as though you had heart trouble; you may have plenty of ambition, but no strength; get weak and waste away.

The cure for these troubles is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the world-famous kidney remedy. In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to Nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.

If there is any doubt in your mind as to your condition, take from your urine on rising about four ounces, place it in a glass or bottle and let it stand 24 hours. If on examination it is milky or cloudy, if there is a brick-dust settling, or if small particles float about in it, your kidneys are in need of immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is used in the leading hospitals, recommended by physicians in their private practice, and is taken by doctors themselves who have kidney ailments, because they recognize in it the greatest and most successful remedy for kidney, liver and bladder troubles.



(Swamp-Root is pleasant to take.)

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular 50-cent and one dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTE—You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful remedy, Swamp-Root, sent absolutely free by mail, also a book telling all about Swamp Root, and containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women who owe their good health, in fact their very lives, to the great curative properties of Swamp-Root. In writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in The Portland Daily Oregonian.


# DEMOCRAT GOES IN

## Indianapolis Turns Down Republican Mayor.

### BALANCE OF TICKET DOUBTFUL

**Defeat of the Present Executive Due to Knifing in His Own Party Because He Antagonizes National Administration.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 13.—Unofficial returns from the city election indicate the election of John W. Holtzman, Democratic candidate for Mayor, over Charles A. Bookwalter, the present Republican Mayor.

The rest of the ticket is doubtful. Out of 237 voting precincts, unofficial returns from 234 precincts give Holtzman, 20,215; Bookwalter, 19,208; Hitz, Prohibition and Independent, 5267; plurality of Holtzman, 1007.

The campaign has been one of the most spirited in the history of the city, and the vote polled was the heaviest ever cast. A strong Republican following did not support Mayor Bookwalter, on account of antagonism to the administration.

### JEROME PRAISES MAYOR LOW.

**His Administration the Best Ever Given New York.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—A fusion ratification meeting was held tonight in Cooper's Union, and a great throng of people gathered there to see and hear the candidates. R. Fulton Cutting presided and among the vice-presidents on the platform were Charles S. Fairchild, Henry George, William T. Jerome, Eugene A. Philbin, General Stewart L. Woodford, Cornelius Vanderbilt and Carl Schurz.

Speeches were made by Mayor Low, District Attorney Jerome, Frederick W. Hinrichs, the candidate for Controller, and others. Mr. Low said his administration stood for the city's welfare and not for the private pocket of any citizen. He accused Tammany of extravagance in the conduct of city departments in the past, and continued:

"Nobody doubts that the candidate for Mayor is a Republican. I have never pretended to be anything else. But in the administration of the City of New York I know no party. The immense patronage of the Mayor's office has not been used to build up a personal machine for the Mayor himself."

Mr. Jerome, who was received with great enthusiasm, said the Low administration had been the best this city had ever had and it should be continued in power.

At a meeting of the German-American Reform Union, held tonight at Terrace Garden, Mayor Low was endorsed for re-election. A temporary Democratic organization was formed tonight to fight Tammany Hall, and to support Mayor Low and the fusion ticket.

**Tammany Gains More Strength.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The Greater New York Democracy of Staten Island has decided to withdraw its support from the Fusion ticket and indorse the regular Democratic nominees. The organization opposed Tammany two years ago, and its members worked and voted for the Fusion ticket. At the Democratic ratification in Manhattan tomorrow night, Congressman McClellan, nominee for Mayor; Controller Grout, Aldermanic President Fornes, ex-Senator Charles Towne, of Minnesota, and William McAdoo, ex-Assistant Secretary of the Navy, will speak.

### AMENDMENTS ALL LOST.

**New Jersey Vote Downs Four Proposed Changes in Constitution.**

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 13.—The State Board of Canvassers this afternoon canvassed the returns of the recent election on the proposed constitutional amendments. All of the amendments were defeated, the majority against the principal amendment, that for a separate court of errors and appeals, being 2,709.

**Governor for New Constitution.**

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 13.—Governor Murphy today gave out an interview favoring the holding of a constitutional convention to devise a new state constitution. The Governor is in favor of new senatorial lines on a basis of population. He also favors the wiping out of the constitutional provision which prohibits special legislation.


# A·B·C BEERS

**Guaranteed Pure. None So Good.**

Order from

**Fleckenstein-Mayer Co.**

## Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

## Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

## Don't Scold.

Irritability is a nervous affection. Strengthen the nerves with Dr. Miles' Nervine. Sleep better, eat better, work better, feel better and be better. Sold on guarantee. Book on nerves for postal. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

## Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

**Save Your Money.**

One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels.

**No Reckless Assertion**

For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse TUTT'S Liver PILLS



THE PALATIAL

# OREGONIAN BUILDING

**Not a dark office in the building; absolutely fireproof; electric lights and artesian water; perfect sanitation and thorough ventilation; elevators run day and night.**

Rooms.

AINSLIE, DR. GEORGE, Physician and Surgeon ....................606-607
ANDERSON, GUSTAV, Attorney-at-Law..612
ASSOCIATED PRESS; E. L. Powell, Mgr..806
AUSTEN, F. C., Manager for Oregon and Washington Bankers' Life Association of Des Moines, Ia. ....................502-503
BAAR, DR. GUSTAV, Phys. and Surg..807-808
BANKERS' LIFE ASSOCIATION OF DES MOINES, IA.; F. C. Austen, Mgr....502-503
BATES, PHILIP S., Pub. Pacific Miner....215
BENJAMIN, R. W., Dentist....................314
BERNARD, G., Cashier Co-Operative Mercantile Co. ....................204-205
BINSWANGER, OTTO S., Physician and Surgeon ....................407-408
BOGART, DR. M. D., Dentist....................705
BROCK, WILBUR F., Circulator, Oregonian ....................501
BRUERE, DR. G. E., Phys...411-412-413-414
CAMPBELL, WM. M., Medical Referee Equitable Life ....................700
CANNING, M. J. ....................602-603
CARDWELL, DR. J. R., Dentist....................506
CAUKIN, G. E., District Agent Travelers' Insurance Company ....................718
CHURCHILL, MRS. E. J....................716-717
COFFEY, DR. R. C., Surgeon....................405-406
COGHLAN, DR. J. N....................713-714
COLLIER, P. F., Publisher; S. P. McGuire, Manager ....................415
COLUMBIA GRANITE CO....................417-418
CONNELL, DR. E. DE WITT, Eye, Ear Nose and Throat....................613-614
CO-OPERATIVE MERCANTILE CO.; J. F. Olsen, Gen. Mgr.; G. Bernard, Cashier.204-205
CORNELIUS, C. W., Phys. and Surgeon...212
DAY, J. G. & I. N....................318
DICKSON, DR. J. F., Physician....................713-714
EDITORIAL ROOMS....................Eighth Floor
EVENING TELEGRAM....................325 Alder street
EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY; L. Samuel, Mgr.; G. S. Smith, Cashier ....................306
FENTON, J. D., Phys. and Surg....................509-510
FENTON, DR. HICKS C., Eye and Ear..511
FENTON, MATTHEW F., Dentist....................509
GALVANI, W. H., Engineer and Draughtsman ....................600
GEARY, DR. E. P., Phys. and Surgeon....406
GIESY, DR. A. J., Physician and Surg.709-710
GILBERT, DR. J. ALLEN, Physician.401-403
GOLDMAN, WILLIAM, Manager Manhattan Life Ins. Co. of New York....209-210
GRANT, FRANK S., Attorney-at-Law....617
GRISWOLD & PHEGLEY, Tailors....................131 Sixth street
HAMMAM BATHS, Turkish and Russian....................300-301-302
HARDEN, MRS. L. K., Stenographer.....201
HAWKE, DR. C. E., Phys. and Surg..608-9
HOLLISTER, DR. O. C., Physician and Surgeon ....................504-505
HOSMER, DR. CHAS. SAMU'L, Phys. and Surgeons ....................406
IDLEMAN, C. M., Attorney-at-Law....615-616
JEFFREYS, DR. ANNICE F., Phys. and Surgeon, Women and Children only.....400
JOHNSON, W. C....................315-316-317
KADY, MARK T., Supervisor of Agents Mutual Reserve Life Ins. Co....................605
LANE, E. L., Dentist....................513-514
LAWBAUGH, DR. E. A....................804-805
LAWRENCE PUBLISHING CO....................417-418
LITTLEFIELD & CORNELIUS....................212
LITTLEFIELD, H. R., Phys. and Surg....212
MACKAY, DR. A. E., Phys. and Surg..711-712
MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK; W. Goldman, Manager..209-210
MARSH, DR. R. J., Phys. and Surg....309-310
McCOY, NEWTON, Attorney-at-Law......715
McELROY, DR. J. G., Phys. & Sur.701-702-703
McGINN, HENRY E., Attorney-at-Law.311-312
McGUIRE, S. P., Manager P. F. Collier, Publisher ....................415
McKENZIE, DR. P. L., Phys. and Surg.512-513
METT, HENRY ....................218
MOSSMAN DR. E. P., Dentist....................513-514
MUTUAL RESERVE LIFE INS. CO.; Mark T. Kady, Supervisor of Agents.604-605
NICHOLAS, HORACE B., Attorney-at-Law.718
NILES, M. M., Cashier Manhattan Life Insurance Company of New York..........209
NOTTAGE DR. G. H., Dentist....................608-609
NOTTINGHAM, T. W., Mg. The Warren Construction Co. ....................216-217
O'CONNOR, DR. H. P., Dentist....................309-310
OLSEN, J. F., General Manager Co-operative Mercantile Co. ....................204-205
OREGON INFIRMARY OF OSTEOPATHY ....................409-410
OREGONIAN BARBER SHOP, MARSCH & GEORGE, Props....................129 Sixth street
OREGONIAN EDUCATIONAL BUREAU; J. F. Strauhal, Manager....................200
PACIFIC MINER, Philip S. Bates, Pub...215
PAGUE, B. S., Attorney-at-Law....................518
PALMER BROS., Real Estate and Business Chances ....................417-418
PORTLAND EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY ....................Ground Floor, 128 Sixth street
REED, C. J., Executive Special Agent Manhattan Life Ins. Co. of New York..209
REED, WALTER, Optician....133 Sixth street
ROSENDALE, O. M., Metallurgist and Mining Engineer ....................316
ROTH, DR. JOHN B., Phy. and Sur..313-14
RYAN, J. B., Attorney-at-Law....................515
SAMUEL, L., Manager Equitable Life.....306
SCOTT, C. N., with Palmer Bros......417-418
SHERWOOD, J. W., State Commander K. O. T. M. ....................517
SMITH, DR. ALAN WELCH, Physician and Surgeon ....................207-208
SMITH, DR. L. B., Osteopath....................409-410
SMITH, GEORGE S., Cashier Equitable Life ....................306
STOLTE, DR. CHAS. E., Dentist....................704-705
SURGEON OF THE S. P. RY. AND N. P. TERMINAL CO. ....................700
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE ....................201
TUCKER, DR. GEO. F., Dentist......610-611
UMPQUA LUMBER CO., W. J. Pendergast, Mgr. ....................601
VESTER, A., Special Agent Manhattan Life ....................209
WARREN CONSTRUCTION CO., T. W. Notingham, Mgr....................216-217
WENDLING, DR. ROBT. F., Dentist......705
WILEY, DR. JAMES O. C., Phys. & Surg.708-9
WILSON, DR. EDWARD N., Eye, Ear Nose and Throat....................304-305
WILSON DR. GEO. F., Phys. & Surg..706-707
WILSON, DR. HOLT C., Phys. & Surg..507-508
WOOD, DR. W. L., Physician..411-412-413-414

**Offices may be had by applying to the superintendent of the building, room 201, second floor.**