Colombia Playing Bold in Canal Matter.

FORMAL CHARGES

Owners of Panama Property Let the Cat Out of the Bag.

AMERICAN MINISTER IS UPHELD

State Department Denies the Allegation of Colombia That It Promised Dire Consequences if Trenty Was Defeated.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 8.-While it always has been an open secret that the officials of the Colombian government, and especially members of the Colombian Congress, have been delaying canal negotiations in order that they could obtain a greater "rake off" than would be possible under the terms of the treaty that was rejected, it was not until a few days ago that a specific charge was lodged with this gov-

The Pan-American Canal Company has notified the State Department that it rejected a proposition of the Colombian authorities, by which part of the \$40,000,-000 to be paid to the company for its ated Press learns that Great Britain's re-properties by the United States, if the fusal is not definite, and if all the powers canal treaty was ratified, would be handed over to Colombia. This action by the company meets with the approval of this the insertion of a provision requiring the Panama Company to divide with Colombia would be disproved by the administration. A notification to that effect was given to Colombia while the treaty was under consideration at Bogota

A Matter of Dollars. The statement that Colombia has been trying to get money out of the canal company is regarded here as confirming the view that the rejection of the canal treaty was a matter of dollars, and not of patriotism. Much indignation is expressed in official circles over this aspect of the case. It is contended by those who are thoroughly familiar with what has been going on at Bogota that the treaty could have been ratified if there had been more money in sight. This government, however, declined to be a party to any sordid deal, not only because it was satisfied Congress would not sanction a larger bonus than that provided for in the treaty, but as a matter of principle

and fair dealing. Reports have been current here that the rejection of the treaty by the Colombian Congress was due mainly to an ultimatum presented by United States Minister Beaupre, which was construed as in the nature of a threat. It is statedthat the State Department directed Mr. Beaupre to inform the Colombian government that the rejection, or vital nded by regrettable consequ The Colombians are now declaring that this was a velied threat against their nation, which pride compelled them to resent in as marked a manner as possible, and this they did by rejecting the treaty.

Colombia Not Threatened.

It is asserted here that there was not the slightest intention on the part of this Government to threaten Colombia; on the contrary, it is said the note presented by Mr. Beaupre, which the Colombians now say was objectionable and even insulting, meant that if the treaty were re jected or amended in such a way as to make impossible the acceptance of the amendment by the United States, this Government, no less than the Colombian, would greatly regret it.

It can be said on excellent authority that the United States never demanded that the treaty should be ratified by Cotombia without so much as the dotting of an "I" or the crossing of a "t." In all the instructions sent to Minister Beaupre on the subject of amending the treaty, it was explicitly stated that this Government objected to amendments of a vital character. No flat-footed refusal to accept any amendment was given.

Fourteen days remain of the life of the treaty. While there is yet time for the Colombian Congress to reconsider its rejection, this Government is not looking for any such result. It is a mistake to suppose that should the treaty be ratified between now and the date of its expiration, September 22, it would fail never theless because there would not be time to exchange ratifications. An exchange of the copies now in Washington and those now in Bogota is not necessary The formality of exchange can be con ducted by telegraph, and the physical act performed at some later day.

NEW CANAL TREATY. Measure the Colombian Congress Now Has Under Consideration,

BOGOTA, Saturday, Sept. 5.-The bill hich Congress is now discussing author-Ising President Marroquin to negotiate a new Panama Canal treaty with the United States contains the following stipulations:

"The perpetual use of the canal zone is granted, provided that at the expiration of 100 years the United States shall pay during the succeeding 100 years 25 per cent more premium and rental than for the preceding term, the premium beginng at \$400,000 and the rental at \$400. The mixed tribunals in the canal zone

shall try suits between foreigners or beeen Colombians and foreigners.

The police and sanitary measures shall practically in charge of the United

Twenty million dollars is fixed as the price of the concession, besides the sum of \$10,000,000, payable by the canal company in consideration of Colombia's approval of the transfer of shares.
"The railroad shall in 64 years revert

to Colombia, but the United States may buy it under a valuation.
"A term shall be fixed within which the canal must be begun and finished. "The contract shall provide for a means to settle differences which may arise be-

tween the governments during the con-struction and execution of the contract." New Oregon Postmaster, OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash-

today appointed postmaster at Winona, Or., vice Edmund R. Cochrane, resigned. Arthur E. French was today appointed regular rural carrier and John Norton substitute carrier at Dayton, Wash,

CONSUL MAY BE SLAIN. Macedonians Threaten Him as Well

as Journalists and Missionaries, LONDON, Sept. 8.—A Monastir dis-patch to the Daily Mail, dated September 6, says the great military drive in the mountains to the southwest of Monastir toward Lake Prespa by a force of 3000 Turkish Infantry with 12 guns, resulted in the escape of all the revolutionary bands.

Though the latter were practically sur-rounded, not one was captured. The correspondent continues: "Vice-Consul McGregor tells me that the Porte has informed Hilmi Pasha that it has received a threat from the Macedonian committee that the insur-gents intend to murder a British Consul or a journalist or an American miss ary. Vice-Consul McGregor notified the Turkish authorities that he will hold them responsible for any murder by either the Turks or the Bulgarians. In my opinion this is nothing but a gentle hint to the British journalists who are exosing the massacres."

A Sofia dispatch to the Daily Mail, dated September 8, says the revolutionary ommittee tomorrow will issue to the representatives of the powers a circular note forewarning them of coming events. The note is intended to justify the future actions of the insurgents and will point to the probable total extermination of the Christians as necessitating the employment of the same atrocious measures by the revolutionaries against the Turks, and will contend that the responsibility for such desperate acts will rest with the

BRITAIN'S REFUSAL NOT FIRM. If All the Other Powers Favor Co-

ercive Action, She Will Aid. LONDON, Sept. 8 .- Great Britain's refusal to assent to the Russian and Austrian proposal outlined in the Associated Press dispatches from Berlin yesterday that the powers take coercive diplomatic action at Sofia, with the aim of severing the relations now existing between Bul-garia and the Macedonian insurgents, is traced to her unwillingness to take a step which might have unforcesen consequences. At the same time the Associaccept the Russo-Austrian proposal, she will participate in the coercion of Bui-

garia. It is semi-officially stated here that government, which has insisted that any Italy is willing to agree to the proposal attempt to amend the canal treaty by mentioned in the dispatches from Berlin, but that the consent of France is doubt-

> The Foreign Office informs the Associated Press that the British military at-Monastir as announced in a news agency dispatch yesterday. The British govern-ment is not aware that any military attaches are there or that they intend going

CRUELTY ALMOST INCREDIBLE. Turks Cut Off n Man's Head and

Throw It on Lap of His Wife. SOFIA, Sept. 8 .- Private letters received from European residents at Monastir give harrowing details of the situation in that vilayer. Destitute Bulgarian refugees who are arriving daily at Mon-astir relate almost incredible tales of Turkish cruelty. Sixty families recently arrived there from Smilero, which place was totally destroyed.

The refugees saw a husband and wife sitting in the ruins of their home, when a Turkish soldier slashed off the man's head and threw it in the woman's lap, The soldiers found a servant girl and several children hiding in a ditch. They utraged the girl and slaughtered all the

Numerous Bulgarian prisoners have been brought to Monastir. Twenty Bul-garians who had been exlied were marched off, connected by heavy chains about their necks and ankles.

Rebels Have Laid in Large Stores. amendment of the treaty, would be athave laid up large stores of provisions in the mountains and even contemplate a Winter campaign. The suffering of the women and children thereby entailed would be appalling, but the insurgent leaders believe that the ill-clad Turkish troops will suffer more than themselves, owing to their inability to obtain sup plies in a devastated country with inter rupted communication.

France Prepares to Move Troops. PARIS, Sept. 8 .- A dispatch from Marseilles to La Presse, asserts that the government has requisitioned all the steamers on the far-Eastern service of the Mesand Chargeurs Maritimes Reunis Companies for the conveyance of a large number of troops of all arms and a quantity of supplies. The dispatch adds that this step confirms the report that a critical situation prevails in China.

Turks Surround Rebels.

SALONICA, Sept. 8.-Twelve battallons of Turkish troops are reported to have surrounded a large revolutionary bandnear Ostrovo, 30 miles fom Monastir. Fighting s proceeding. The revolutionaries have taken up a position near Lake Aniatovo, in the vilayet of Constantinople. Turkish troops are now said to be attacking them.

Turkey Will Issue Note to Powers. LONDON, Sept. 8.-A dispatch to the News Agency from Constantinople says the Turkish government is preparing a intention of the government to pursue armed Bulgarian bands in Macedonia and even into Bulgarian territory.

BABYLON TO BE EXPLORED Chicago University Will Search for the Tomb of Abraham.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8 .- President Harper has secured the consent of the Sultan of Turkey to an exploration of the country in the vicinity of ancient Babylon, cording to the advices just received at University of Chicago. This marks the successful issue of an attempt begun in July, 1960, when application was first made for university exploring parties to enter the district. It is understood that a party has been formed and that it will leave

the university this Fall. The place where the exploring parties will have special privileges is Tel Ibra-him, long regarded as a part of Babylon. In this vicinity are supposed to be the ruins of the temple in which Nebuchadnezzar offered sacrifices, and the explor-ers hope to find the tomb of Abraham. President Harper met with the opposition of the German government, which was trying to secure excavating privi-

leges in the same place.

Wife-Murderer Is Electrocuted. OSSINING, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Patrick A. Conklin was put to death in the electric chair at Sing Sing prison early today. Three shocks were given before the man was pronounced dead,

Conklin shot and mortally wounded his wife on June 10, 1902, at their home, 647 West Sixteenth street, New York. had quarreled and separated sev-

To Disburse 1904 Fair Fund.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.-The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed Robert Fullerton, of Des Moines, Ia., disbursing officer to disburse the \$5,000,000 appropriated by Congress in aid of the St. Louis

People at Sham Battle Are Precipitated to Ground.

TWENTY-FOUR ARE INJURED

Leavenworth Crowd of 1500 Is Caught in the Crash, and the Utmost Confusion Reigns for a Time.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Sept. 8.-The grandstand erected on a knoll on the Fort Leavenworth reservation close to the city limits gave way this afternoon, injuring 2i persons. None were killed. Many of those injured received broken legs. The stand was put up this morning. Fully 1500 people crowded on to it. Just about the time the sham battle concluded the grandstand broke down.

There was a heavy artillery duel with slege guns. Three battalions of infantry were using black powder. Some one an-nounced that the cavalry were emerging from a ravine to charge. People on the grandstand stood up to see them through the smoke. The entire stand went down with a crash. The utmost confusion followed, accompanied by shrinks of vic-

It was found that many were pinned down under the debris. Hundreds who were walking on the ground rushed to the grandstand looking for relatives. The confusion was indescribable until the reg-ular soldiers formed a line and kept all back not injured or caring for those injured.

The battle, which was on the other side

of the road, was called off and the sol-diers, acting under direction of their officers, began taking care of the injured. Ambulances were used to convey people to the city hospitals, and within an hour after the accident the injured all had been removed. All those injured are alive, but it is feared three will die.

The fatally injured: Mrs. John Mourdant, Leavenworth, left hip broken and back injured; Mrs. Charles Norby, Leavenworth, left leg fractured and back hurt; Mrs. C. H. Noble, Leavenworth, injured internally.

Seriously injured: Mrs. L. C. Slack, back hurt; Miss May Sinck, ankle fractured; Mrs. Mary Martin, leg fractured; Oliver Shelly, head injured; Mrs. J. France, both legs injured; Mrs. Robert McGregor, back and hip injured; Mrs. George Morton, injured internally; Miss Inez Mathony, ankle fractured; Arthur Clark, shoulder fractured and right arm hurt, all of Leavenworth; Mrs. Bonnell, Weston, Mo., left leg broken; Miss Lison, Chicago, left ankle fractured; E. G. Wright, Kansas City, Kan., ankle fractured; George Dawson, Omaha, leg Injured; Frank W. Graham, Lansing, Kan., back injured; Mrs. J. T. Burns, Mus-cotab, Kan., right leg fractured and in-jured internally; Mrs. J. W. Shipson, Weston, Mo., back and hip injured; Mrs. D. W. Chambers, Soldiers' Home, Leavenworth, left leg fractured; Mr. Beitz, Kansas City, Kan., right leg fractured; J. H. Gebhardt, Atchison, Kan., back injured; Miss Carrie Gebhardt, Atchison, arm and

COUSIN OF LADY CURZON KILLED. Mrs. Frances McGraw Meets Death

in a Maryland Runaway. HAGERSTOWN, Md., Sept. 8. - Mrs. Frances McGraw, wife of Aaron K. Mc-Graw, has been killed in a driving acci-dent near Sharpsburg. She was a niece of Levi Z. Leiter, the Chicago millionaire, and therefore a cousin of Lady Curzon, wife of the Viceroy of India.

Mr. McGraw, his wife and one of their children drove out to view the New Jer-sey-Antietam battlefield monument, about two miles from Sharpsburg. They started back to town, and had gone but a short distance when the horse shied, and the wagon was upset. All three of the occupants were thrown out. Mrs. McGraw landed on her head, and her neck was broken. The wheels of the wagon naover the child, badly bruising it. Mr. Mc-Graw was rendered unconscious, but soon overed. He was slightly injured about

Twelve Hurt in Train Wreck.

JOPLIN, Mo., Sept. 8 .- A bad wreck rred on the Frisco one mile south of Baxter Springs, Kan., early this morning, in which 12 people were injured, two fatally. A local passenger train ran into a freight train standing on the main track. The fatally injured are an unwhite woman, who were traveling with

BLOT OUT LIVES.

(Continued from Pirst Page.) that the number of people massacred exceeds 50,000. The Turks are apparently de termined to exterminate the entire Bulgarian population of the vilayet.

The actual details of the happening outside the town are not available. The foreign representatives at Monastir are dependent on information furnished to them from Turkish official sources.

In Government circles here, the situation is viewed with increasing alarm. It is reliably reported that the Turkish forces in Macedonia number 25,000. It is considcircular to the powers calling attention to in Macedonia number 35,000. It is consid-the attitude of Bulgaria, and declaring the ered unreasonable that such a force would have been assembled merely to crush the rebellion. It is feared the Suitan is contemplating an attack on Bul-

According to a telegram from Constantinople, the Porte has issued an uncondi-tional order that all European correspond-ents must leave Macedonia because they are circulating false news. The Ambas-sadors have been notified of this decision. The latest report regarding Boris Sara-foff, the Macedonian leader, says he was wounded in the leg near Dairene.

TURKEY SAYS ALL ARE SAFE.

Minister to America Receives Denial of Insecurity at Constantinople. WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.-A cablegram from the Turkish Foreign Office to Chekib Bey, the Turkish Minister here, gives the following version of the trouble at

Beirut Sunday: Some Christians of the City of Beirut attacked four Mussulmans, and during the melee which followed four persons were njured. Three of these were soldiers. Two persons are dead, one of whom is woldler. The Minister called on Secretary Hay

during the day and gave him the contents of his dispatch.

Late tonight the Minister received a dis patch from Constantinople characterizing as "absolutely false," the published re-ports that there was no security in Constantinople and of massacres and the setting fire to houses in Roumelia. This report was in reply to one sent by the Minister calling the attention of his gov-ernment to the reports of this charac-

Another dispatch received tonight says that 31 Bulgarian brigands were killed in the vicinity of Resne, Monastir, and 40

BERLIN PRESS BLAMES AMERICA. Seriousness of Mistake in Interpret-

ing Cipher Report Is Growing.

break at Beirut, throws the blame for the occurrence on the United States. The Lokal Anxleger says: "Now that the Americans have their dead, they will make inquiry whether they were responsible for the effervescence in Beirut. By the unprecedented action of their Minister in Constantinopie and their naval demonstra-tion, the yearning of the United States to mix up in European politics has found some justification." National Zeltung says: "It can be

seen how serious it is, in view of the excitement in the near East, to spread in-correct or bad translations of cipher re-

MORE BEIRUT AFFAIRS FEARED.

Insurgents Threaten to Resort

the Methods of Turks. LONDON, Sept. 2.—Everything seems to point to new and terrible developments in Macedonia. On top of the appalling counts of the results of the Tur methods of "restoring order" in the vilayet of Monastir comes the threat by the insurgents to resort to reprisals on the same scale. The Porte's anxiety to suppress news, by expelling newspaper correspondents from the area of operations, is held to have but one meaning. This morning's papers comment upon the significance of the news, first published

lief that war is inevitable. No further news regarding the outbreak at Beirut has been received here. A dispatch to the Standard from Constanti-

Austria are seeking to persuade the pow-ers to coerce Bulgaria, as showing a be-

nople, dated Sunday, mys:
"The Turks are much disturbed by the presence of the American warships at Belrut, and are making every effort to have them recalled. In spite of all as-sertions that the United States only intends to be represented there for the purpose of protecting the rights of her citi-zens, it is quite possible that the dispatch of the warships may initiate action leading much further."

inder Monday's date on receipt of the news of the Belrut outbreak, says: "With the slightest encouragement, dis-orders might result in the whole of Leb-anon rising in revolt. Today had been foretold as the date of a rising against the foreigners, and many residents of Constantinople are keeping to their houses. Personally, I doubt whether there will be anything more than dynamite outrages, which are pretty sure to be attempted before long." The Dally Telegraph's correspondent at

The same correspondent, telegraphing

St. Petersburg says he is assured on ex-cellent authority that Russia, when she submits proposals to the Porte for the pacification of Macedonia, contemplates the dispatch of her Black Sea squadron to Turkish waters, where it will make a much longer stay than recently, in order to overcome the Sultan's objections to her recommendations.

The Sofia correspondent of the Morning cader says that by the end of the week the insurgents will have received a large accession of weapons. Thirty thousand rifles are being smuggled in to them from all sides, and when these have been re-ceived the real fighting will begin.

FRANCE IS MUCH ALARMED,

Foreign Warships Are Expected to Join the American Fleet. PARIS, Sept. 8.-Official advices received by the Foreign Office here give brief de-tails of the outbreak at Beirut. The killed number five or six, and many per-

sons were wounded. The city is in an intense state of agitaffan.
The outbreak occurred during the night of September 6, between Christians and Musselmans. The fighting was furious, firearms and knives being used. The Itallan Consul rescued one Christian who had been stabbed and who had fallen in front of the door of the Consulate.

This was the first information received

nere showing the serious conditions ruling at Beirut. It caused much apprehension in official quarters, as being an indication of a spread of the disorders in the Turk-ish Empire. The presence of the United States cruisers Brooklyn and San Francisco at Belrut is regarded as a fortu-nate circumstance. It is expected that a number of other foreign warships will

The official reports further show that Beirut is one of three places which are now centers of great animation. Smyrna, which hitherto had been comparatively quiet, is on the eve of an outbreak, Great excitement prevails there. The authorities are in constant fear of an outbreak, but fortunately they have been able thus far to prevent an encounter between the Christians and Mussulmans. Advices from Salonica are also again very disquieting. It is expected that a general revolt throughout the province of Salonica will occur next week. It is the understanding among the foreign officials at Salonica that a general insurrection will shortly be announced by the Mace-donian committee. In view of this expectation, rigid police measures have en taken by the Vall, who is showing

much energy.

Reports from Monastir say the insurrection in that district has been practically crushed by the extreme measures taken

by the Turkish troops. The officials here attach much signifi-cance to the report, showing that a numper of Zerbes have crossed the border and joined the Macedonian revolution

Reports from various points through ing against Prince Ferdinand, owing to the fact that he left the country dur-ing the crisis. It is not expected, however, that the agitators will succeed in carrying out their plots against his

AMERICA GAVE THEM COURAGE. Turkey Holds Christians Becam

Bolder on Arrival of Fleet. LONDON, Sept. 8 .- The Turkish Em bassy today received a dispatch from Constantinople in relation to the Beirut affair as follows:

"Some of the orthodox inhabitants of Beirut attacked four Mussulmans, who were passing through the Mesra quarter, fired upon them, and rioting ensued. The imperial authorities immediately sent troops to the scene of the disturbance,

which put an end to the strife. One sol-dier was killed and three wounded. One ivilian was killed and one was wounded. Order and tranquillity are perfectly main-tained in all parts of the Vilayet." A high Turkish official pointed out that the Christians, were the aggressors, but he said it, would not have been even surprising had the Mussulmans precipitated the row, "for throughout Turkey indignation is felt at the conduct of the revolu

tionists in Macedonia." The official added: "The Christians at Beirut have been greatly encouraged by the appearance of the American squadron, the presence of which could not be regarded sympathetcally by the Mohammedan population because it had come, not to pay a friendly call, but to enforce demands." It is understood here that Turkey is anxious to induce the United States to withdraw the American warships from

Turkish waters, believing that such ac-tion would discourage the Christians, who hope for American intervention, and the Porte is now expected to make conces-sions in compliance with the American representations.

All the reports received here continue o record Turkish successes in Macedonia.

Bulgarian Election Is a Sly Move. SOFIA. Sept. 8.-The elections for the Sobranje (national assembly) have fixed for October 18. The ministerial organ here, replying to the criticism of the opposition, of the Government's action in dissolving the Sobranje during the present critical times, says:

"By holding elections now we show Europe that we regard the Macedonian trouble as an internal affair of Turkey, BERLIN, Sept. 9.—The newspapers this trouble as an internal affair of Tu morning, in commenting on Sunday's out- while we look after our own busine

American Congress Is Carried Away by His Speech.

SIXTH ANNUAL SESSION OPENS

Secretary of the Treasury Made an Honorary Member, and Roosevelt Thanked for Sending Him-Attendance Is Large,

DEADWOOD, S. D. Sept. 8.-The American Mining Congress today began its sixth annual session, interest centering in a talk by Secretary of the Treasury Shaw. The Secretary was given a warm welcome by the delegates, who frequently applaudby the Associated Press, that Russia and ed his statements, and when he had finished speaking gave him a rising vote of thanks and three rousing cheers. The congress also unanimously elected him an honorary member, and appointed a committee of three to draft resolutions thanking President Roosevelt for his rec-ognition of the congress in sending Secretary Shaw to represent him before it.

The Secretary was scheduled to address the congress on "The Mining Industry and Its Relation to American Finances." He

> really did not know anything about min-"We make a mistake," he said, "If we estimate the importance of our different industries according to their relative

said he wished to correct the impression

that he was to deliver an address, for he

products." He referred to the necessity of increased markets for our products, saying he would rather have the market of the United States than all of the markets of the rest of the world; would rather have the productive capacity of the United States than the productive capacity of nearly all the rest of the world. He said we have to

get some markets for our products.

As to how many more markets are to be created, he pointed to the countries lying to the south of the United States, and said, in his judgment, the Government could, without paternalism, encourage installation of greater steamship lines, as it had aided two great railroads to the Pacific Coast, and which would be a cer-tain measure for the increase of our mar-

Alluding to that portion of President Richards' annual address in which he urged the creation of a Department of Mines and Mining, Secretary Shaw said he was heartily in favor of the Govern-ment doing everything it can short of paternalism in support of the mining industry of the country. He would not, bowever, have the gentlemen of this congress go away with the idea that he ad-vocated the formation of a special de-partment of mining, with representation in the Cabinet, suggesting that its needs could properly be attended to through a bureau, which should form part of the Department of Commerce and Labor, and pointing out how other important industries had been taken care of in the same manner.

The congress was called to order by the president, Hon. J. H. Richards, of Boise, Idaho, in the rink, at 10 o'clock this morning. The rink holds 800 persons, and it was occupied almost entirely by delegates, who represented most of the states of the Union.

Prayer was offered by Bishop John

Starlha, of Lead, S. D. Addresses were made on behalf of the state by Governor Charles N. Herrid, and on behalf of the City of Deadwood by Mayor McDonald. President Richards responded in the name of the American Mining Congress, and other responses were made by a

number of delegates. At the afternoon session President Richards, in his annual address, made a convincing argument for asking that Congress pass a law creating a Department of Mines and Mining, with a Cab-inet representative. He recommended that action be taken by the mining congress looking to the establishment of a perma-nent home for the organization and a per-

manent working staff. Other addresses at the afternoon session were by Edward F. Brown, of Denon "Incorrectness of Government ing Statistics", and Nelson H. Darton, of Washington, D. C., on "Work of the

Geological Survey in the Black Hills, At the night session the following pa pers were read: Dr. J. E. Todd, State Geologist of South Dakota, on "Geology of South Dakota"; Dr. James D. Irving, of Washington, D. C., on "Ore Deposits of the Northern Black Hills," and James W. Abbott, of Denver, on "Good Roads for Mines." Wednesday forenoon the congress will

move to Lead, and hold morning, noon and evening ressions there. Shaw Leaves for the East. DEADWOOD, S. D., Sept. 8.-Secretary Shaw, who spent the morning sightseeing In the mountains and mines, and who ad-dressed the mining courses in the after-noon, left for the East at 6 o'clock to-

COWBOYS GIVE THEM A SUPPER.

Newspaper Men Bound for Irrigation Congress Are Well Entertained. HUGO, Colo., Sept. 8.—The special train carrying the Washington correspondents to the Irrigation Congress crossed the Colorado state line shortly before 6 o'clock this evening, and a short time afterward reached Hugo, where a large number o cowboys had congregated and gave a miniature Wild West show and a cow-boy supper similar to the one partaken of at Hugo by President Roosevelt, was served. This was followed by a dance. The correspondents breakfasted at Hays City on prairie chicken, dined at Ellis and made brief stops at Oakley, Cheyenne Wells and other places. They are accor panied by officials of the Union Pacific A large number of Denver people me the special at Cheyenne Wells and Hugo, and will accompany it to Denver, where the correspondents will be banqueted to night by the Denver Real Estate Ex-

Brotherhood of Railway Carmen. ST. LOUIS, Sept. 8.-Three hundred delegates were present when Grand Chief

Not tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla? Then you haven't tried Sarsaparilla! for Ayor Co.

KIDNEY AND BLADDER

TROUBLES PROMPTLY CURED A Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kid Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in promptly curing kidney, bladder and uric acid trouble, rheumatism and pain in the back. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day and get up many times during the night. The mild and extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the

the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything, but if you have kidney, liver, bladder or uric acid trouble you will find

It just the remedy you need.

If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by all druggists in 50-cent and \$1 sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this great kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, and a book that tells all about it and its great cures. Both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing be sure to mention that you saw this generous offer in The Portland Daily Oregonian. Den't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Fireman J. B. Yeager, of Northumberland, Pa., called the biennial session of Broth-erhood of Railway Carmen of America to order today. The convention will con-tinue throughout the week. Incidentally, the biennial session of the grand lodge of a woman's auxiliary organization, the Royal Star, will be held.

Lively Fight for Probi Convention. CHICAGO, Sept. 8.-Oliver W. Stewart, chalrman of the National Prohibition Committee, issued a call today for that committee to meet at the Auditorium Hotel, in Chicago, Wednesday, December 16, for the purpose of fixing the time and place of the next National Prohibition convention. Considerable rivairy has already developed for the convention. Applications have been filed or notice giver that they will be filed by Buffalo, De-troit, Indianapolis, Columbus, Kansas City, Mo., and Minneapolis.

Affairs of Postal Clerks,

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 8.—At to-day's session of the National Association of Postoffice Clerks, the report of President Loeffler was submitted. The report called attention to the fact that Congress had adopted funds for an increase in salaries of several thousand clerks, and the fund had not been distributed on account of investigation of the frauds in the department. Mr. Loeffler said the matter of promotions had not been given preper consideration, and advocated a mandatory classification.

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Do not gripe nor irritate the alimen-tary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

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GOLD DUST

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Gold Dust cleans every thing. GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST: soing floors, washing clothes and di ting wood-work, cilcloth, silverware are, polishing brasswork, cleansing a, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft;

GOLD DUST MAKES HARD WATER SOFT

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CURES KIDNEY TROUBLE, And regulates the urine. 8,756,000 cases were treated in 1992, and 80 per cent were restored to lealth. Thirty days treatment, 25c. All



Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

Twenty Years Proof. Tutt's Liver Pills keep the bow-

els in natural motion and cleanse the system of all impurities An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, constipation and kindred diseases.

"Can't do without them" R. P. Smith, Chilesburg, Va. writes I don't know how I could do without them. I have had Liver disease for over twenty years. Am now entirely cured.

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