# America Must Take Stand in Turkey.

#### ISSUE IS MISSIONARIES

They Must Be Dropped or Porte Made to Listen.

FLEET ARRIVES AT BEIRUT

Its Despatch Will Probably Result in the Raising of the Rank of the Sultan's Representative to Ambassador,

### AMERICAN SHIPS ARRIVE.

BEIRUT, Syria, Sept. 4 .- The United States cruisers Brooklyn and San Francisco arrived here today.

LONDON, Sept. 5 .- The Morning Post publishes a letter from its Constantinople correspondent, in which he discusses the Beirut affair, and the position of the American missionaries in Asia Minor. He

Things have arrived at a crisis. The United States must either insist upon the Porte listening to its representations regarding American converts or drop the missionaries altogether. The latter course is naturally impossible, and the sending of a squadron has great significance as showing a determination on the part of America to take an active part in the Turkish question

"One result of this step will probably be to induce the Sultan to raise his representative at Washington to the rank of Ambassador so that the United States can be equally represented here. At present, America is at a decided disadvantage in this respect compared with the other first-class powers.

"Nobody can quite foresce the ultimate attitude of the United States, but it is almost certain that her weight will incline on the side of the Christian against the Turk. At the same time, as a matter of Importance to Great Britain, America is almost bound to oppose the descent of Russia on the Dardanelles, because in religious matters the Turk is more tolerant than the Russian."

### BULGARIA AT CRITICAL POINT. Ruler Staves Off a Decision in the

Hopes of Action by Powers. LONDON. Sept. 5.—The situation is critical for the Bulgarian government, telegraphs the Sotia correspondent of the Times, not only on account of Macedonia, but also because of the internal political

The Vienna correspondent of the Time reports that in various competent quar-ters the danger of a Turko-Bulgarian conflict is reported to be graver at the present moment than at any previous juncture. It is believed in Vier nna, he adds, that if war breaks out, it will be le ount of Bulgarian sympathy with the Mucedonians than because the Bulgarians fear the untoward consequences to their country of the return en masse of the desperate, disappointed insurgent lead-ers, who would swamp Bulgarian public

The increasingly threatening aspect of affairs in the Balkans seriously affects all the European capitals. What is to be done in Macedonia is anxiously discussed on all sides. The censorship is active at pres-ent, for the only news thus far of the landing of marines emanated from Wash-ington. The subject is not mentioned in any Constantinople dispatches received here. According to these dispatches, although it is considered certain that the sestruction of the Hungarian steamer Vaskapu in the Black Sea was the work of the insurgents, the intention to kill Hungarian subjects may provoke Austrian in-

# Austria Has Taken No Action.

The Austrian Embassy at Constantin ple, in the absence of convincing proofs, has not taken action. The police, in the meantime, are arresting Bulgarians in all parts of Constantinopie and wild rumors are affont of other projected outrages. The Bourse is panic-stricken, because of fears of war. Most active military preparations by the Turkish government are proceeding, and Turkish officers are talking of their ability to reach Sofia within three weeks from the outbreak of

Dispatches from Sofia, via Vienna, as-

sert that the war party in Bulgaria is gaining ground. The semiofficial Dnevik is preaching a war, and has revealed the existence of an alleged Russo-Bulgarian treaty of alliance, signed by Dr. Danleff and General Paprikoff, late Bulgarian Premier and Minister of War, respectively On the other hand, showing the diffi-sulty of wrriving at an accurate estimate of the real conditions of affairs, the Sotia correspondent of the Dally Telegram de-clares that Bulgaria's aversion to war is thing calculated to lead to hostilities firstly, on account of Austro-Russian or

insuperable on both military and political grounds. He asserts that the Bulgurian resolved to avoid every , and, secondly, because the army totally unprepared for war. Prince Ferdinand is devoting his efforts to stav-ing off a decision, hoping that the powers, for their own enfety, will arrange for a European control of Macedonia and the restoration of peace.

Will Fight if Forced.

The Dally Chronicle's correspondent at Softs, in a long review of the situation. namits that it is impossible to foretell the strome, but says that, if forced upon tem, the Bulgarian people are ready to ght, although they do not want war. The Times' correspondent at Constanti-nople dwells upon the impossibility of ob-

taining trustworthy details regarding the progress of the rebellion. The main ider of the insurgents, he says, is to keep the pot boiling in the hope of European in-tervention, while the efforts of the Turks abortive by their bad organization and

ed counsels.
detailed chronicle of the events would be more bewildering than instructive," continues the correspondent, "but to put matters as emphemistically as posside is fighting with kidgloves and rosewater. The real responsi-bility for the trouble rests neither with the Turks nor the insurgents, but upon the European powers, who awakened the hopes of the Macedonlans 25 years ago, and then abandoned them to their fate. It ould in justice be stated, however, the usia has less cause for self-reproach

than the rest of Europe. "In well-informed quarters in Constanti-

LEGATION FORCES INCREASED. Turkey Suggests the Action, and

Promises Embassies Protection. WASHINGTON, Sept. 4. - Minister Leishman has cabled the State Department, that, owing to the disturbed condi-tions in Constantinople, as additional de-tective force has been stationed at the

American Legation.

This action was taken on the suggestion of the Turkish Government, which has assured the American Minister that it will use every precaution to protect all foreigners, but has warned the different Embassies and Legations that it would be well to strengthen the forces inside the

In case necessity develops, it is probable that the Turkish government will be requested to allow the United States to send a detachment of marines from the squadron which is expected to arrive at Beirut today. Minister Leishman has not yet made such a request of this Govent. The United States has no authority to send a warship through the Dardanelles, and must have the consent of Turkey and also that of other European powers to do so.

Minister Leishman in his cablegram in-

formed the department that a number of governments have landed marines in Constantinople for the protection of the Em-

While the conditions existing in Constantinopie, as well as in other portions of Turkey, are extremely unsatisfactory, the Washington Government does not be lieve that serious danger is imminent, notwithstanding that the tone of the diseatch from Minister Leisaman shows un easiness. At the same time the United States will approve every precaution taken by the diplomatic corps and our Minister for the safety of the foreign representatives.

The porte, in advising the foreign Em-bassles and Legations of the measures taken to protect them, added a warning against Bulgarian bandits who might at-tempt to elude the Turkish guards and

attack the foreigners from within, It is a matter of some comment that there are only about 200 marines with the European squadron, but these with the Kavasses already in the service of the Legation, and with the Turkish govern-ment guard assigned to Minister Leish-man, will, it is believed, prove sufficient

for any emergency likely to arise. Chekib Bey, the Turkish Minister, called on Secretary Hay today to inform him that he had received from his For-cign Office official advices to the effect that the American Consul at Beirut was entirely satisfied with the measures Tur-key had taken to protect life and property there, also the investigation with respect to the assault on Vice-Consul

Britain Has Landed No Marines.

LONDON, Sept. 4.—No British marines have been landed at Constantinople, so far as the Foreign Office is informed, but it is said if the British Embassy requires protection the Ambassador is authorized o call upon the commander of the Brit-

to call upon the commander of the Brit-ish guardship for guards.

The Foreign Office considers it probable that Russia and Austria have landed ma-rines to protect their Embassies, as a result of the Porte's note to the Ambas-sador, warning them that Bulgarian agitators were projecting outrages against the Embassies, Legations and public buildings at Constantinople. So far as the Foreign Office knows, Constantinople i

### POWERS HOLD FLEETS READY. France Acts on the Suggestion of Ambassador to Turkey.

PARIS, Sept. 4-It is authoritatively stated that in view of the growing disorders in Turkey a French fleet will be or-dered to hold itself in readiness to proceed to Turkish waters.

This announcement followed the receipt of a report from the French Ambassador at Constantinople that it was desirable to have warships in readiness for all eventualities. Similar preparations have been made by Italy, Austria, Russia and Great Britain. The officials here expect the fleets will act together in case of a

The first Autumn meeting of the Cabinet was held today. Foreign Minister Delcasse reviewed the Turkish situation. The French Consul at Monastir reports hat conditions there have improved. The Consul of France at Salonica says the conditions at that port are much

Not to Constantinople Particularly, WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.-Officials of the State Department, commenting upon the item from Paris saying that ships of for-eign powers would be sent to Turkish waters, stated that the United States was now sending ships to Turkish waters. The term "Turkish waters" does not mean Constantinople, they say, and, while the whole eastern portion of the Mediterranean might be covered with warships it was possible that none of them would force the Dardanelles. After the Crimean War a treaty was made which has been followed up by subsequent treaties which prohibit warships from entering the Darinnelles without the consent of Turkey and Turkey must have the assent of all the signatory powers.

### INSURGENTS RETIRE TO HILLS. Turks Are Fast Reinforcing Their Force at Adrianople.

SOFIA, Sept. 4.—No news of serious fighting anywhere in Macedonia has reached here. In Adrianople vilayet, the insurgents have retired to the mountains in the face of overwhelming forces of Turkish troops, and reinforcements of the

latter are arriving daily.
In the vilayet of Monastir the railroad men are working night and day rushing troops into the most disturbed areas. There are many reports of disaffection among the Turkish troops, and it is stated that the Redifs are continuing to sell their rities to insurgents.

The Autonomye publishes a telegram from Burgas in which it is stated that a panic prevails in the district of Losengrad, and that hundreds of fugitives are crossing the Bulgarian frontier, fearing that the Turks may begin a general may sacre. At Omnrabas, the Turks have been defeated, with a loss of 100 men, while the insurgents lost 22 of their num-

It is rumored that 35 Christian villages been destroyed in the district of Okrido, that many women and children were killed, and others are destitute. Post, a revolutionary organ, re

ports that during a fight between insurgents and Turks near Uskub, a body of Servians came to the rescue of the former. Those wounded were brought to Vranianitsch, where they received care-ful attention in the Servian hospitals.

### SEEKING ASSAILANT OF CONSUL Turkey Makes Many Arrests in Con-

nection With Magelssen Attack. CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 4 .- Consul Ravendal telegraphs from Beirut to Min-ister Leishman that the authorities there have been actively seeking the assailant of Vice-Consul Magelspen, but the Consul is not able to state if he is among the persons already agreeted

The report circulated by a news agency September 1 in the United States that a balloon bomb had been found near the palace is utterly without foundation. Turkish official reports indicate the com-piete success of the military operations against the insurgents in the Klissura dis-

Over 400 insurgents are said to have been killed.

The agent here of the Hungarian Le-

nople it is reported that Russia and Aus- vant steamship line has gone to Burga nople it is reported that Russia and Austria contemplate proposing to join in the occupation of the disturbed provinces. I cannot vouch for the accuracy of the report, but it suggests a solution, which, though not ideal, is yet better than an indefinite continuance of the present situation."

Vant steamsnip line has gone to Burgas the three explosions which occurred Wednesday on the Austrian steamer Vaskapu, soon after that vessel report, but it suggests a solution, which, though not ideal, is yet better than an indefinite continuance of the present situation."

is still in doubt.

It is now said that the assistant conductor of the sleeping car was the author of the bomb outrage of August 27, when the east-bound daily express from Budapest was blown up near Kuiell Burgas and seven persons were killed and 15 others were injured. He left the train at Philippopolis, and has been arrested there. is still in doubt. there

The Sultan announces the gift of 50,000 woolen coats to the troops concentrated in Roumella, and in an official note issued by the prefecture of this city the popula-tion is invited to contribute flannel vests. boofs, socks, etc., which are required by the soldiers in the field,

REBELS CROSS THE FRONTIER. Jankoff Passes Through the Turk-

ish Ports Without Opposition. SOFIA, Bulgaria, Sept. 4.-Colonel Jankoff, the insurgent leader, with three Lieutenants of the Servian Army, at the head

# CALLS OUT TROOPS

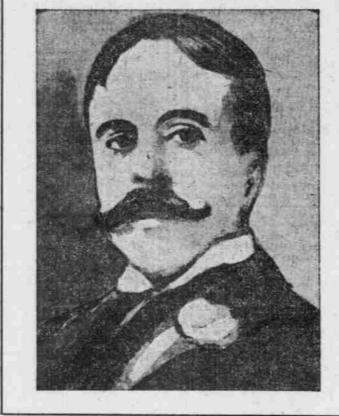
Governor of Colorado Will Preserve Order at Mines.

STRIKE SITUATION IS SERIOUS

Executive Acts on Receiving the Report of a Commission Sent to Investigate-No New Acts of Violence.

DENVER, Sept. 4.-Governor Peabody decided at noon today, after receiving the of a band of 400 insurgents, with a flag report of the committee, which he sent to flying, crossed the frontier Monday even. Cripple Creek to investigate the strike

### UNITED STATES MINISTER TO TURKEY



JOHN G. A. LEISHMAN.

John G. A. Leishman, United States Minister to Turkey, has had a short but active diplomatic career. In 1897 he was made Minister to Switzerland. and two years ago was transferred to Turkey. The kidnaping of Miss Ellen Stone, and pressing financial claims of this country against Abdul Hamid, as well as the general turmoil in Turkey, have given him a very busy two years. Minister Leishman is one of the many Carnegic millionaires, was president of the Carnegic Company from 1894 to 1896, and is the confiden-tial friend and protege of Andrew Carnegic. His home is Pittsburg.

General Zontcheff, president of the Macedonian committee, in the disguise of a sheepdenier, also crossed the frontier, Captain Sloyanoff's band captured 50 Turkish soldiers at Rakovitza (about 15 miles southeast of Sofia) August 31, took their arms and ammunition, and proceede to Metnishno. A dispatch from Rlin (40 miles from Sofia), says the date of the general insurrection has been postponed. According to reliable information from Constantinople, Turkey will soon have onia. The pros pect of the appearance of such an immense army causes the most intens anxlety here. It is regarded as certain to arouse the apprehensions of the pow-ers. The Porte had great difficulty in inducing the Asiatic troops to proceed to European Turkey. The change of climate European Turkey. has already caused many deaths.

# NO ORDERS TO FLEET YET.

Report From Admiral Cotton Will Form a Basis for Action.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.- The disposition of the cruisers Brooklyn and San Francisco, of Admiral Cotton's squadron which arrived at Beirut today, has not ye been finally determined by the Adminis tration. No orders regarding the future movement of the vessels have been sent to Admiral Cotton, and much will depend upon the character of the report he makes concerning conditions in and about Belrut and on the representations which may sity for the presence of American war els in Turkish waters to look after izens of the United States in the Sultan's Acting Secretary Darling up to 9:36

clock tonight has not heard from Admiral Cotton.

### BULGARIANS FALL IN BATTLE. Four Hundred Slain at Lake Rapela

and Rest Are Being Surrounded, SALONICA, Sept. 5.—Details of the fighting between the Turks and Bulgarians at Lake Rapela, between Klissura and Kastoria, September I, when the insurgents were defeated, have been received here. Four hundred Bulgarians were killed and many captured, including the Chiefs Kole and Manoloff. Two thousand five hundred troops are reported to be sur-rounding the rest of the band. Fifteen thousand Bulgarian villagers have taken refuge in the mountains at Vitch, between Florina and Kaştoria. A revolt has begun at Razlog, 25 miles south of Sofia, in the Turkish province of Seres.

Court to Try Insurrectionists, SALONICA, Sept. 4 .- A special court has been constituted for the trying the Bulgarians implicated in the insurrection. Over 230 Albanians who refused to do military service were dis-patched yesterday to Smyrpa. Strong insurgent bands are threatening elf and Gumenjo, 35 miles north

west of Salonica. Mrs. Molineux Secures Divorce. NEW YORK, Sept. 4 .- Counsel for Mrs Roland B. Molineux has announced that decree of divorce in South Dakota, are true. None of those connected with the case will say where the decree was issued. Beyond the mere confirmation the only statement vouchsafed was that Mrs. Moll

# With the Letter Carriers

neux will resume her maiden name.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 4.—Today's session of the convention of Letter-Carriers was devoted to discussion of the welfare of mutual benefit and the retire ment associations. The Michigan endow-ment plan presented by the Detroit delegate was considered, and final action postponed until the next convention.

Manchurian Trains All Guarded. ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 4.-Every passenger train on the Manchurlan Railroad is now accompanied by a detachment of oldiers, and the whole line is guarded by

ing and passed through the Turkish posts conditions there, to dispatch troops to the gold camp.

Orders were issued by Adjutant-General Greers were issued by Adjutant-General Bail to the First Regiment of Infantry, Company H of the Second Regiment of Infantry, the First Squadron of Cavairy, composed of Troops B. D and C. Batteries A and the Signal Corps, and Medical Corps of the National Guard to proceed to Cripple Creek forthwith. Brigadier-General John Chase will be in command of the force, which will number about 1000 men. Troops were asked for by the Mineowners' Association, but Sheriff Robertson, of Teller County, said he saw no neces-

for calling out the militie. No violence has been reported at Crip-ple Creek since Tuesday night, when one union carpenter and a justice were as-

saulted by unknown persons.

A part of the troops in charge of Adjutant-General Bell left Denver over the Denver & Rio Grande for Cripple Creek at 4 o'clock. It was the intention to take Cripple Creek Short Line from Cold rado Springs to Cripple Creek, but at the former place General Bell was informed that about 30 strikers left Cripple Creek soon after it was learned that the troops were coming by the Short Line. They followed the line of that road, and, aith they were ostensibly on a fishing trip, it was feared they intended to blow up the track or otherwise interfere with the progress of the troops, and the plans were

President Charles H. Moyer, of the Western Federation of Miners, addressed a letter to Governor Peabody, in which he declares the conditions in the Crippl Creek district are not such as to warrant the calling out of the troops. He deciares such an act at this time is a violatio of the law under which the executive is empowered to call out troops. President Moyer says that the members of the Fed eration in the Cripple Creek district will nelp to maintain order,

Governor Peabody made the following statement regarding his action in calling out the troops;

"I have tried to act with pruden The gentlemen who went to Cripple Creek, it my request, to investigate condition have advised me that the situation is such that troops ought to be ordered out. "Sheriff Robertson has maintained the position he took when the matter was first suggested, and he did not join in the request for troops. I had hoped that the necessity for calling out troops would be avoided, and final action was delayed as long as was consistent with the proper protection of the lives and property of the people in the Cripple Creek District judging from reports of conditions there. The report of the Governor's represent tives was as follows:

"Having visited Cripple Creek, and after careful inquiry among representa-tive citizens and property-owners, in-cluding the Mayors of Cripple Creek and Victor, we are of the opinion that the lives of citizens of the district are in danger and property and personal rights are in jeopardy. Prompt a tion is imperatively demanded by the people to protect the lives and property of the citi We find that a reign of exists in the district, which should t relieved at once. We do not believe the civil authorities are able to cope with th

"JOHN CHASE. "Brigadier-General."
N. C. MILLER, Attorney-General. "TOM M'CLELLAN "Assistant Attorney-General."

At 15 o'clock Governor Peabody received message from General Bell, at Colorado Springs, saying he was advised by Lieu. tenant Whann, commanding the Cripple Creek militia company, that the conditions were becoming threatening, and was urged to hasten the movement of the troops,

Troops Are Nearing Camp

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., Sept. 5.-The

special-train bearing the first contingent of the National Guard arrived at Gillette at 2 o'clock this morning. The troops will not attempt to go into camp until day-light. The town is quiet. Denounces Action of Governor. CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., Sept. 4.-The Board of Commissioners of Teller Co-today adopted resolutions denouncing

GENERAL STRIKE THREATENED, Express Employes Want to Make

Place for Three Hundred Men.

Chiengo Companies Give In. CHICAGO, Sept. 4.-The Chronicle will say tomerrow:
A general strike of railway express em-

ployes throughout the United States is threatened because of the refusal of six of the largest companies in Chicago to consider demands made by the Brother-hood of Railway Expressmen two months ago. It was announced today that the men are preparing to strike, the fight to be directed particularly against the United

States Express Company,

While it is the aim of the rank and
file to tie up the local agencies of all the principal express companies, leaders in the organization declare that the strike will spread to all agencies of the United States and that 8900 employes of that com-pany will be involved unless some recog-nition of the demands made by the union is forthcoming.

#### LONGSHOREMEN LOCKED OUT, New Orleans Shipping Association

Will Fight Union to Finish. NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 4.—Eight thou-sand men employed on the river-front have been locked out by the steamship companies and a struggle for supremacy begun between the New Orleans Steam-

ship Association, comprising every steam ship line entering the Port of New Orleans and the longshoremen, screwmen, steve dores and freighthandlers' unions. The unions demand more pay, fewer hours and the enforcement of certain regulations for loading and unloading ves s. The steamship lines declare that demands of the union are unreason-

### MINERS FORFEIT STRIKE PAY. Missouri Coal Operators, Instead

able and unjust.

Will Draw the Benefits. KANSAS CITY, Sept. 4.—The coal strike in Northeast Missouri has produced a reversal of ordinary strike conditions. By defying the authority of the national or ganization, the miners have barred them selves from drawing strike benefits. But the Southwestern Coal Operators' Associa-tion has assumed the responsibility of indemnifying the operators for losses sus-tained during the present fight, and it is the operators who will draw strike benefits. So far as the operators here are in-formed, matters at Novinger were still at a standstill today.

Hitch in Railroad Labor Situation ST. PAUL, Sept. 4.—It is believed that a hitch has occurred in the negotiations going on between the Great Northern offi-cials and engineers and firemen. Messrs. Stone and Hanrahan, chief of the international organization of Locomotive engi-neers and firemen, left the city today, and will not return until Monday. It was expected a settlement would be reached late vesterday, but the company is reported be unwilling to accede to the latest de-

The committees met today, as usual, at their respective headquarters, and on re-turning to their hotels declined to make any statement. It is not likely now that inything definite will occur before Mon

Furnace-Workers' Convention Ends YOUNGSTOWN, O., Sept. 4.- The third annual convention of the Blast Furnace Workers & Smeltermen's Union America adjourned at noon today. convention next year will meet at St. Louis. The officers elected were the old ones continued for another term, with James McMahon, of Struthers, O., as president. The eight-hour movement which was much discussed, was left to the discretion of the National officers.

Alaska Wants Marineworkers' Union DETROIT, Sept. 4.—Harry C. Barter, secretary of the International Longshoremen Marine and Transport Workers' As sociation, has received an application for a charter from a marine workers' organization at Nome City, Alaska, the union of its kind in that country. The application stated that there are 210 mein the new local who receive the high wages of \$1 per hour.

Gluemakers Go on a Strike. CHICAGO, Sept. 4.-Two hundred and fifty gluemakers have gone on a strike at the factory of Armour & Co., for a mini-mum wage of \$2 a day. The workers have a set scale of \$1.50 a day, but the company is alleged to have hired boys at \$1.37 to take the experienced men's places. When it refused to discharge them the other em ployes walked out.

Mineworkers of America Finances INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 4.—The auditing committee of the National Mineworkers of America today submitted its quarterly report to Secretary-Treasurer Wilson, It shows \$25,000 members, of which number less than 2000 are out on strike. The min ers now have \$399,610 in their treasury.

Meet at Richmond Next Year. EVANSVILLE, Ind., Sept. 4.—The Na-tional Association of Stationary Engi-neers today selected Richmond, Va., for

### COTTON MILLS TO CLOSE Delay in Arrival of New Crop and Market Conditions Prompt Move.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Sept. 4.-Seventeen cotton manufacturing concerns, of Fall River, will shut down until Septem-ber 14, throwing out of work nearly 13,000 hands, operating 1,300,000 spindles. The curtaliment next week is the most extensive of any here since the cotton situation ecame unfavorable to mill owners. This extensive stoppage of machiners will take more than \$100,000 out of circu

lation through the loss of wages. The delay in the arrival of new cotton and the situation in the market, and the fact that Monday is a holiday, are responstble for the idleness of so many spindles

BOSTON, Sept. 4.-At a meeting of the Tri-Mountain Company, all the directors resigned, and their places were filled by the directors of the Copper Range Con-

All of Old Directors Out.

solidated Company, which recently ob-tained control of the Tri-Mountain stock. The directors are William A. Paine Frederick Stanwood, John Gordon, C. A. tional directors will be elected action of Governor Peabody in sending William A. Paine was elected president,

roops to the Cripple Creek district. The solutions declare there is no need for cops here, and that their presence will do more harm than good.

Sheriff Robertson this afternoon made public a statement in which he protests against the Governor's action, declaring it a usurpation of authority and a violation of file. CALLS OUT COOKS AND WAITERS. Union Closes the Only Boarding TELLURIDE, Colo., Sept. 4.—The Federal Labor Union today called out the cooks and waiters at the Smuggler-Union mines, and in consequence nearly 300 miners will be forced to cease work, as there is no other place where they can obtain board. The Miners' Union could not call out the men working in the Smuggler Union mines, in consequence of an agreement which they had with the company. The action of the Federal Union, which works in harmony with the Miners' Union, causes every property in the county equipped with a mill to close operations, and the tie-up is now practically com-A commissary and lodging-house for idle miners and millimen in this district were opened today by the Western Federation of Miners. The number of men already thrown out of work in consequence of the millimen's strike is about 1000. Young girls at

this period of life,

or their mothers.

are earnestly invited to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice; all such letters are strictly confidential; she has guided in a motherly way hundreds of young women; and her advice is freely and cheerfully given.

School days are danger days for American girls.

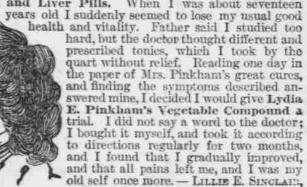
Often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality. Sometimes it is never recovered.

Perhaps they are not over-careful about keeping their feet dry; through carelessness in this respect the monthly sickness is usually rendered very severe. Then begin ailments which should be removed at once, or they will

produce constant suffering. Headache, faintness, slight vertigo, pains in the back and loins, irregularity, loss of sleep and appetite, a tendency to avoid the society of others, are symptoms all indicating that woman's arch-enemy is at hand. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped many a young girl over this critical period. With it they have gone through their trials with courage and safety. With its proper use the young

girl is safe from the peculiar dangers of school years and prepared for hearty womanhood.

A Young Chicago Girl "Studied Too Hard." "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: - I wish to thank you for the help and benefit I have received through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills. When I was about seventeen



17 E. 22d St., Chicago Ill."

"Miss Pratt Unable to Attend School." DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: - I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much Lydia E. Pinkham's wonderful Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was completely run down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three months.

"I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weak-

ness." - Miss Alma Pratt, Holly, Mich. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the one sure remedy to be relied upon at this important period in a young girl's life \$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of

treasurer. These gentlemen hold similar positions in the Copper Range Company. question of overdue dividends on

Tri-Mountain was referred to the new State Moves Against Gas Combine. ST. LOUIS, Sept. 4.—Injunction proceed-ings instituted today by Attorney-General Crowe before Judge Taylor, of the Cla cuit Court, reveal an apparent attempt on the part of the Laciede Gas Light Company to regulate and control the prices of

gas ranges manufactured and sold in St. The Laclede Gas Company was recently sold to the North American Company, of Philadelphia, which is capitalized at \$90,-000,000. The petition for an injunction charges that the Laclede Gas Light Company served notice on all St. Louis manu-facturers to the effect that their ranges would have to be sold at a certain price or the gas company would refuse to make connections free of charge.

Kansas Will Fight Coal Trust. TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 4.-United States District Attorney Dean announced today that he would start proceedings agains the alleged Kansas Coul Trust. The comcanies have been ordered before a Federal

**NEW RULING ON SMUGGLING** Judge DeHaven Says the Goods Must Actually Be Landed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4 .- In the trial of the case of the United States against Naol Nanamatsu, who is charged with the crime of smurgling, Judge De Haven de-livered instructions to the jury in which he in substance said that a landing of the goods was necessary to constitute the crime of smuggling. It is contended by the officials charged with the capturing and convicting of this class of offenders, that, if the opinion of the Judge is right, it will be a difficult matter to punish

evaders of the customs laws.

Judge De Haven positively instructed the jury to bring in a verdict of not guilty on the first count, that of smuggling giving as his reasons these above stated Desnite this the jury, after being out six

Teachers' Institute at Vancouver, VANCOUVER, Wash., Sept. 4.—(Spe-gial.)—Over 80 teachers and instructors are in attendance on the sessions of the County Teachers' Institute. On Wednesday eyening Professor Kincald delivered a very able address on the "Scal Islands." The programme for today included "Snap Shot Games," by Mrs. Clara Ryan, ex-member of the State Board of Education; The Honey Bee," Professor Kincaid, School Ethics," Professor P. Hough. The social sesions after the meetings in evening have proved very enjoyable

Boy Loses Hand While Hunting. ASTORIA, Or., Sept. 4.-(Special.)-Charles Hillstrom, the 16-year-old son of Gus Hillstrom, of Blind Slough, had his

The session will close Friday

left hand blown off last evening by the accidental discharge of a gun while out hunting Traps Preparing for Fall Catch. ASTORIA, Or., Sept. 4 -- (Special.) -- No.

announcement has yet been made as to what canneries will be run during the

and Frederick Stanwood secretary and | Fall season, which opens on the 19th of this month, but that some of them will pack is certain. Quite a number of traps on the middle river are being placed in position and several of the seiners have their gear ready to begin operations. The incentive for all these proparations is not disclosed, but it is believed to be

contracts that have been made for the delivery of fish to the canners.

Bring Alaska Salmon Packs, ASTORIA, Or., Sept. 4.—(Special.)—The ships Berlin and C. F. Surgent arrived in this morning from Nushagak River, Bristol Bay, Alaska, and each reports an un-eventful trip. The Sargent brings the salmon pack of the Portland-Alaska Packers' Association's cannery, amounting to 37,752 cases, and the Berlin brings, the puck of the Alaska Fishermen's Pack-

ing Company's cannery, amounting to 43,-

Loubet Receives Leopold. PARIS. Sept. 4.-President Loubet received King Leopold of Belgium today at the Elysee Palace.

# Liver and Kidneys

It is highly important that these organs should properly perform their functions. When they don't, what lameness of the side and back, what yellowness of the skin, what constipation, bad taste in the mouth, sick headache, pimples and blotches, and loss of courage, tell the story.

The great alterative and tonic Hood's Sarsaparilla Gives these organs vigor and tone for the proper performance of their functions, and

cures all their ordinary ailments. Take it.



Pesitively cured by these

Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They

Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.