

STANDARD WHISKEY FOR GENTLEMEN

YELLOWSTONE

PURE, MELLOW AND DELICIOUS
ROTHCHILD BROS., Portland, Oregon, Sole Agents

KODOID PLATES

These are Some of the Advantages

They Are Orthochromatic and Nonhalation.
They Weigh 1-3 as Much as Glass Plates.
They Do Not Curl and Will Not Break.


PRICES

3 1/2 x 4 1-4.....45c doz.
4 1/2 x 6.....65c doz.
5 1/2 x 7.....\$1.10 doz.

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

BLUMAUER-FRANK DRUG CO.

142 FOURTH STREET.




THERE IS DANGER AHEAD
for your family, if
you do not carry
adequate Life Assurance

EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE U.S.

LEAHY B. HYDE, FOUNDER.
L. SAMUEL, Manager, 306 Oregonian Building, Portland, Or.



DR. FOWLER'S
MEAT and MALT
MAKES MUSCLE

"There's Life and Strength in Every Drop."

A BEVERAGE OR A MEDICINE

For Sale by All Druggists.

BLUMAUER & HOCH, Sole Distributors, Wholesale Liquor and Cigar Dealers

FRIL METSCHAN, Pres. G. W. KNOWLES, Mgr.

Imperial Hotel Co.

SIXTH AND WASHINGTON STREETS, PORTLAND, OREGON

CHANGE OF MANAGEMENT.

European Plan: \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 per Day

GOOD WORKMANSHIP

Is our standing advertisement. You may see this ad. in a thousand of Portland's finest homes.

EXCLUSIVE CARPET HOUSE.

J.G. MACK & CO.

86-88 THIRD STREET,
Opposite Chamber of Commerce.



"THE KLOEBER"

GREEN RIVER HOT SPRINGS
WASHINGTON

The Health Resort of the West

Main line of the Northern Pacific Railway. Round trip fare from Portland, only \$3.00.

Do you appreciate its advantages?
The most curative waters known.
Change to an entirely different climate.
Perfection of service, with a large corps of skilled attendants all under direct medical supervision.
We cure more than 90 per cent of all our cases.

For information address Dr. J. E. Kloeber, Green River Hot Springs, Wash., or inquire of A. D. Charlton, Northern Pacific Railway Ticket Office, Portland.

THE PORTLAND

PORTLAND, OREGON



American Plan Also European Plan. Modern Restaurant

\$3 PER DAY AND UPWARD

HEADQUARTERS FOR TOURISTS AND COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS

Special rates made to families and single gentlemen. The management will be pleased at all times to show rooms and give prices. A modern Turkish bath establishment in the hotel. H. C. BOWERS, Mgr.

QUALITY IN OPTICAL WORK IS WHERE WE SHINE

We do not give you a lot for nothing, but we do give you the very finest optical work done in Portland at a very reasonable price, when you consider the quality.

OCULISTS' PRESCRIPTIONS IS ONE OF OUR SPECIALTIES.

A. & C. Feldenheimer

Mfg. Jewelers and Opticians, Cor. Third and Washington Sts.

Union Row Not Taken Into Account. WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Public Printer Palmer today made the statement that the order for the taking of the oath of allegiance by all employees of the Government printing office was neither directly nor indirectly the result of the controversy between the Bookbinders' Union and Assistant Foreman Miller.

Wind Prevents Launching of Airship. WILMINGTON, Va., Aug. 27.—Professor S. P. Langley arrived at his airship house-boat off here today. A launching of the big 60-foot aerodrome would have been attempted today but for the strong wind. The inventor is expected to remain until tomorrow, when, with good weather conditions, an experiment is probable.

CONSUL IS SLAIN

American Official in Syria Struck Down.

TURKEY TO SUFFER

President Orders Fleet to Beirut

NO MERCY TO ASSASSINS

Reason for Singling Magelsen Out Is a Mystery.

PORTE PROFFESSES IGNORANCE

Vice-Consul Is Attacked and Killed While Out Riding—Admiral Cotton Should Reach the Scene in Six Days.

CAREER OF THE LATE VICE-CONSUL.

William C. Magelsen was 30 years of age, having been born at Strasburg, Minn., in 1873. He was the son of a Lutheran minister, and was educated in the common schools of Minnesota. He was also a student of the Lutheran College, at Decorah, Ia., for three years. For a time he was assistant City Assessor of Sioux Falls, S. D., and also associate editor of a paper called the Echo, published there. Senator Nelson secured him an appointment as consular clerk in Turkey a short time before he made Vice-Consul at Beirut, Syria, which occurred September 20, 1899. His promotion was obtained, largely by Consul Gabriel de Ravnat, who was of the same nationality (Scandinavian).

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The State Department today received a cablegram from Minister Leishman at Constantinople announcing that William C. Magelsen, United States Vice-Consul at Beirut, Syria, was assassinated Sunday while riding in a carriage; also that the Porte has been called upon to make amends for the crime. Prompt and vigorous action, as well, is being taken by the President and officials here to secure the punishment of the persons implicated in the assassination.

Minister Leishman, at Constantinople, has been instructed by the State Department to demand a thorough investigation of the affair, and the punishment of those involved in the crime, and the European squadron, consisting of three warships, has been ordered to proceed immediately to Beirut to support the demands of the United States Minister, should this be found necessary.

Hay and Roosevelt to Confer. This latter measure will be determined upon as a result of conferences which have been held over the telegraph and telephone wires between the officials here during the day and evening with the President at Oyster Bay. The latter felt that no time should be lost in dispatching Admiral Cotton's squadron to Turkish waters, and he gave instructions Acting Secretary Darling that immediate orders be given Admiral Cotton to proceed at once.

More Americans in Danger. The President's determination to lose no time in getting the squadron to Beirut was also due, in part, to information received by Acting Secretary Loomis, of the State Department, tonight from the President of the American Board of Missions at Boston, indicating that an attempt had been made to burn the Ephraim College building at Harport. This dispatch said: "Information just received that an attempt has been made to burn the Ephraim College building. Conditions increasingly alarming. Great anxiety felt for the safety of American citizens."

Acting Secretary Loomis tonight cabled to Minister Leishman at Constantinople to make immediate demands on the Porte to take adequate measures for the protection of all Americans at Beirut and to prevent any attack on the college buildings.

No additional information of the assassination was obtained at the State Department during the day. In the absence of particulars, no motive can be ascribed for the crime and the State Department officials have no means of suggesting a theory as to why the Vice-Consul should have been killed. There have been no complaints about him or his work, and the messenger cablegrams convey not the slightest suggestion of a cause for the crime.

The President was informed immediately of the assassination, also of the steps that had been taken by the State Department to secure redress. Further details of the crime and the action of the Turkish government are awaited with interest by all Government officials.

Turkey Professes Ignorance. Acting Secretary Loomis received a rather remarkable cablegram from Minister Leishman tonight, in which the latter stated that he had called at the Turkish Foreign Office at Constantinople this afternoon to inquire about the assassination of the United States Vice-Consul, and that the Minister of Foreign Affairs emphatically denied any knowledge of the report. He also attempted to discredit it. The cablegram gave no other information. Under the circumstances the State Department officials are inclined to believe that the Turkish Foreign Office is not in touch with the situation at Beirut. They do not attach sufficient importance to Minister Leishman's last message to cancel the order for the squadron to sail.

Beirut is a city on the eastern shore of the Mediterranean Sea and is a place of considerable commercial importance. It is probable that the action of the Turkish government and the conditions existing at Beirut will determine whether the European squadron shall be sent to Turkish waters.

ACTION OF ROOSEVELT.

President Orders Fleet to Go to the Scene at Once.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Aug. 27.—President Roosevelt tonight issued orders that the European squadron, under command of Admiral Cotton, should proceed immediately to Beirut, Syria, to be in readiness to support any demand made by the United States on Turkey on account of the assassination of William C. Magelsen, United States Vice-Consul at Beirut. The President manifested anxious interest in the announcement of the assassination of Vice-Consul Magelsen, the first information concerning which was conveyed to him by a representative of the Associated Press. Shortly afterward he received from Acting Secretary of State Loomis a telegram communicating to him Minister Leishman's cablegram announcing the murder and advising him of the steps already taken by the State Department. The President tonight is in close communication with the department and will be kept fully advised of the details of the incident as they are ascertained.

For several days President Roosevelt has been following closely the development of the situation in Turkey. With the country in such a turmoil and now President almost anything is likely to happen. With a view of considering the subject more carefully the President and Secretary of State early in the day arranged for a conference at Sagamore Hill. The Secretary is now en route to Oyster Bay. At the conference tomorrow, the President and Secretary Hay will consider the Turkish situation carefully and probably will reach some conclusion as to the attitude of the United States as respecting the late serious phase of the matter.

President Avails Information.

In the absence of definite information concerning the assassination of the Vice-Consul the President will take no decided step beyond that already taken in ordering the European squadron to Beirut. This action is viewed now as a precautionary measure. It is the determination of the United States to support its demands upon Turkey for the punishment of the murderer or murderers of Consul Magelsen, but until the circumstances surrounding the murder are known precisely, the United States, it is stated, will not take any drastic action.

A demand that officials of the United States be afforded protection for their lives and property will be made and the Turkish government will be held responsible for the assassination of Vice-Consul Magelsen whatever may be the circumstances.

President Roosevelt is concerned over the situation as it has developed today, because it indicates an intolerable condition of affairs in Turkey. He recalls the fact that only recently a Russian Consul was murdered in Turkey.

The European squadron is so situated that it will require several days for it to rendezvous at Beirut. Meantime, the officials of the State Department will be fully advised by Minister Leishman of the details of the crime and the President will then be in position to present to Turkey the demands of the United States with a naval force on the spot with sufficient force to enforce them adequately.

WHEN COTTON WILL ARRIVE.

Brooklyn Should Reach the Scene in Six Days—Other Ships to Follow.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Admiral Cotton, who was directed today to hold his squadron in readiness to proceed at a moment's notice to Beirut, cabled the Navy Department as follows, under date of Nice, France: "Cable just received. Machias at Genoa for coal. Brooklyn has seven days, San Francisco six and a half days' coal at ten knots. Cannot exceed that speed with"

(Concluded on Second Page.)

GAMES MAY RUN

Mayor Not Opposed to Gambling.

ANNOUNCES HIS POLICY

Favors Regulation by Police Authorities.

SALOON LICENSES TOO LOW

Isolation of Immoral Classes and Suppression of Dance Halls Are in Municipal Programme Outlined to Salt Lake Officials.

MAYOR WILLIAMS' POLICY.

GAMBLING—Prohibitive system leads to municipal grafting, and crooked games. Since the evil must exist, it is to the advantage of a city to make it a source of revenue. Of course it must be restricted and carried on under rules and regulations, and the supervision of the Police Department. SALOON LICENSES—Portland's rate of \$400 a year is too low, and should be raised. IMMORAL CLASSES—The immoral classes should be confined to one part of the city. Immoral houses are not to be allowed in residence portions. DANCE HALLS—If there are any, they exist contrary to orders. No dancing is to be allowed in saloons and immoral houses. POLICE—Present force is efficient, but the force of 65 men is insufficient. One hundred men are needed.

To prohibit gambling means merely to take thousands of dollars from the city's coffers and put them in the pockets of municipal grafters. This was the contention of Mayor Williams in a discussion yesterday afternoon with visiting members of Salt Lake's City Council, upon the subject of restrictive and prohibitive policies toward gambling. The discussion was of particular interest, inasmuch as Salt Lake exercises the strictly prohibitive policy, and Portland is admittedly an "open" town, and a difference of opinion existed between Mayor Williams and one or two of the visiting councilmen.

Expressions on other problems of municipal government were also made by the Mayor. He stated a belief that the licenses paid by Portland saloonkeepers are too small, entirely, and also said that it is the best policy to keep the immoral classes confined as nearly as possible to one portion of the city. Mayor Williams took the stand that a purely restrictive policy toward gamblers prevents robberies and crime as well as eliminates the possibilities of extensive grafting. It was his contention that under the prohibitive system unfairness becomes rampant in the clandestine gambling as professional gamblers are forced to resort to unfair methods where only a few can play, and they know that the victim, having been a party to the violation of an ordinance, cannot claim police protection.

Councilman Black, who is being urged for the next Mayor of Salt Lake, coincided with the views of Mayor Williams. He expressed the belief that the policy

of his city toward gamblers was, perhaps, not the wisest one.

"We do not license or allow gambling in any form," said Mr. Black. "The police have their instructions to see to it that none is allowed to hook the festive tiger, or place money on the whir of the roulette wheel or gamble in any way whatever. The town is shut tighter than a drum—supposedly."

"But men gamble just the same, and there are well-equipped gambling-houses in active operation to which anyone with proper credentials or who doesn't look like a new member of the police force, can gain admittance. Anyone who really wishes to gamble can find the opportunity just as readily as if the city were wide open and the treasury were being enriched thousands of dollars a year," added Councilman Black. "While anyone that doesn't want to gamble wouldn't go near the games anyway, whether they were operated openly or in hiding."

"Of course there is the contention of the other side," continued the Salt Lake councilman, "that open gambling exerts an immoral influence and adds a very undesirable element to the population of the city, as well as stands out as a glaring temptation to the youth and the innocent and the unsophisticated, but this is hardly the most liberal view to take of the situation, especially since the facts in the case hardly warrant so sweeping a contention, and is only true to a very limited degree."

Why Open Games Are Allowed. "When I first came to Portland the prohibitive policy was in force," stated Mayor Williams, "and I did not approve of it. It led to grafting and men were robbed of their money at games. People will gamble; some of them seem to have a passion for it that I can't understand, and it can't be stopped. Since the evil must exist, it is to the advantage of a city to make it a source of revenue. Of course it must be restricted and carried on under rules and regulations and the supervision of the Police Department."

"Some one tells me that the Portland Club is allowed to operate a faro-bank game, and that this privilege is not given to other gambling-houses," suggested one of the visitors.

"It is, if they pay for it," replied the Mayor. "There are 21 games, I think, that are allowed in the city, and any or all of these may be played by paying the required license."

Higher Saloon Licenses.

Speaking of the licenses granted saloons, Mayor Williams gave it as his belief that the present license of \$100 a year is not high enough. "In other towns it is much higher; for instance, in the little town of Aberdeen, Wash., which I visited several days ago, the saloonkeepers are charged \$1000 a year. I do not know of another town in the country where as low a rate is charged as in Portland, and I believe the amount should be raised."

Referring to the Red Light district, Mayor Williams said that good order is maintained in that portion of the town. "It is my idea," said the Mayor, "to confine the immoral classes to one part of the city. I do not believe they should be scattered, and nothing is more deplorable than immoral houses in residence portions. Where I have heard of such houses existing I have tried to drive them into the part of town where they are expected."

"I notice there are several dance halls in the city," suggested some one.

No Dance Halls.

"If there are, they exist contrary to my orders," replied Mayor Williams. "I have given the police strict orders that dancing is not to be allowed in saloons and immoral houses. I am surprised if any such thing is going on and shall look into the matter."

"Is the Portland police force efficient?" was asked.

"Yes," answered Mayor Williams. "While there have been some claims in the past that the officers are not doing as well as possible, I believe these claims are not borne out by the facts in the case."

Not Enough Police.

"Our force of policemen is hardly large enough. There are about 65 men in the department, and I believe there should be 100. I would be in favor of raising the force to that strength. The city is spread out, covering more territory, in fact, than San Francisco, and there should be more policemen, since they have so much territory to cover. A hundred men would not be one too many."

Visitors Were Entertained.

The visiting officials, of whom there are 22, were taken over the city in carriages, accompanied by Mayor Williams and a party of Portland officials. The Salt Lakeers are on a junketing pleasure trip, but took advantage of the stop here to inquire into the way things are run in Portland. They passed through the city several days ago on the way to Astoria, but did not get an opportunity at that time to take in all the sights. All expressed themselves as more than pleased with the beauty of the city, its magnificent foliage and many fine residences.

Every member announced a determination to return here for the Lewis and Clark Exposition and expressed appreciation of the courtesy and hospitality with which they were received and entertained. The drive included a visit to the Exposition grounds, the City Park and other points of interest. The Salt Lakeers departed at 6 P. M. for Spokane, their next stopping place. Their party is made up as follows:

Police Chief John Burbridge, Municipal Judge C. B. Diehl, Councilmen Black, Cattrell, Vigus, Spence, E. H. Davis, Hewlett, Eardley, Tuddenham, Fernstrom, Sharp and Arnold, City Recorder Joe Nystrom, Building Inspector F. M. Uimer, Russell Lowry, of the Salt Lake Tribune, Fish and Game Commissioner John Sharp, Parkkeeper C. A. Erickson, City Treasurer J. D. Dixon, A. P. Kessler, of the street department; City Engineer F. C. Kelsey, Leslie Spence, R. Johnson and F. Anderson.

Boiler Explosion Causes His Death.

TUCSON, Ariz., Aug. 27.—A boiler explosion in the Southern Pacific roundhouse at an early hour resulted in the death of Fireman Phil Mayfield. The body was thrown 60 feet against an oil tank and the neck was dislocated, jaw broken and leg mangled. The force of the explosion was so great that 20 feet of the west wall of the engine-room was completely demolished.

MILES' LAST SAY

He Advises a Reduction in Cavalry.

FAST BECOMING OBSOLETE

Troops With Automobiles and Motors in Its Stead.

LET SOLDIERS BUILD ROADS

Ex-Lieutenant-General's Final Letter to Secretary Root, Advancing Several Reforms, Is Made Public Through Unofficial Sources.

CONCLUSIONS OF MILES.

The day of the horse in military affairs is over. Army should be used in times of peace to build military roads of strategic importance. The proportion of the mounted forces to that of the main body of the Army is too great and injudicious. Five corps of cavalry should be discontinued, and a corps of five regiments organized and equipped with automobiles, motor cycles and latest appliances for making speed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—(Special.)—The last communication of Nelson A. Miles as Lieutenant-General of the Army to the War Office was made public today through unofficial sources in that Department. It is in the form of a letter to Secretary of War Root. In it are important and sensational recommendations for the improvement of the Army service. The General regards the cavalry as obsolete, saying the automobile will take the place of the horse in the next war. For that reason he advises reducing the cavalry branch to the minimum, and the building of military roads of strategic importance throughout the country in time of peace.

President Roosevelt and Secretary Root have had possession of General Miles' letter since August 8. They have kept it secret, however, the reason being, it is said, that it could not be revealed to the public until the recommendations were acted on. It is regarded as significant of a peculiar condition in the War Office that it should be given out now, only a few days after official announcement has been made that Secretary Root is soon to cease his administration of the War Department through resigning his Cabinet position.

The Horse in the Spanish War.

General Miles, in his letter, cites the Spanish-American War as showing that the horse is no longer of much practical value in military service. European armies, he says, have a much smaller proportion of cavalrymen to infantrymen than has the United States Army. The Europeans depend on more modern appliances than the horse, using the bicycle,

(Concluded on Page 3.)

CONTENTS OF TODAY'S PAPER.

National.

United States Vice-Consul Magelsen, at Beirut, Syria, is assassinated, and Roosevelt orders a fleet to the scene. Page 1.
Ex-Lieutenant-General Miles' last report declares for reduction of cavalry force and substitution of automobiles, motor cycles, etc. Page 1.

Foreign.

Turks are very bitter toward Europeans, and any hostile move by powers will be the signal for a massacre. Page 2.
Russia and Austria will support scheme for reforms in Macedonia. Page 2.

Domestic.

Floods make Iowa valleys veritable lakes; several lives are lost. Page 3.
Pacific Coast.
Mrs. Haynie, wife of Seattle bandit, is released; witnesses did not appear. Page 4.
Waste of artesian well water should be stopped by law, says an authority. Page 4.

J. H. Burke tries to pass bogus paper on a Forest Grove bank, but is covered by bank officers' revolver. Page 5.

Sports.

Yacht race is not made in time limit and is declared off. Page 3.
Scores of Pacific Coast League: Portland 10; Sacramento 11; Oakland 4; San Francisco 2; Seattle 6; Los Angeles 1. Page 11.

Scores of Pacific National League: Salt Lake 2; Spokane 1; Seattle 6; Butte 4. Page 11.
H. L. Doberty wins tennis championship of America. Page 11.

Prospects bright for Fall race meet. Page 11.

Commercial and Marine.

World's hop crop statistics. Page 13.
Wheat stronger at Chicago. Page 13.
Full day on New York stock market. Page 13.
San Francisco produce quotations. Page 13.
Review of the metal trade. Page 13.

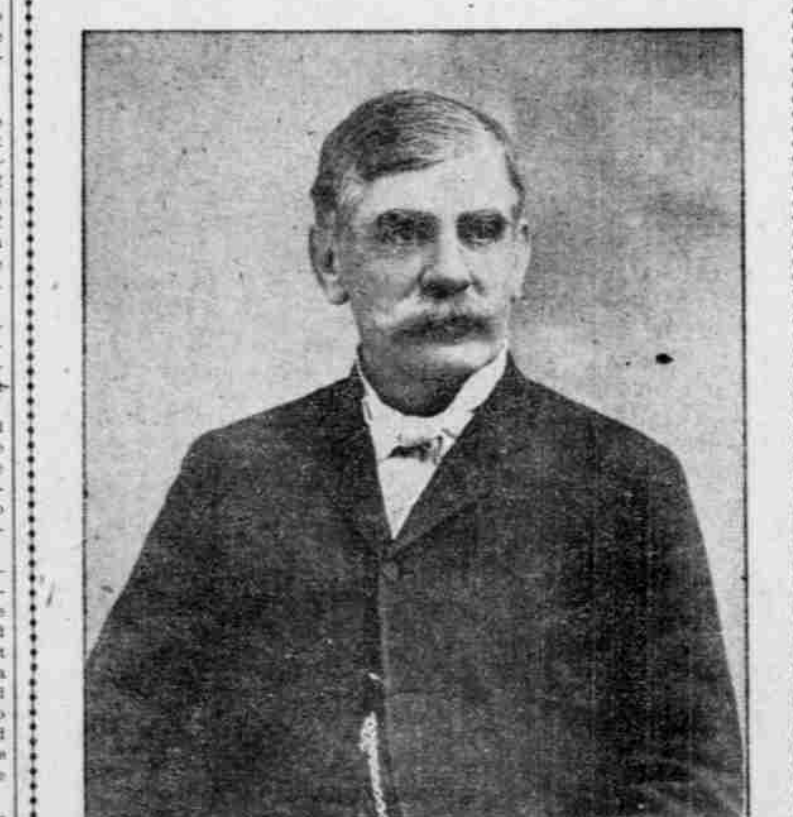
New York news received from French bark "Gastan". Page 5.

Portland and Vicinity.

Mayor Williams announces municipal policy. Page 1.
Port of Portland votes against Star chamber session. Page 14.
Colonel H. E. Douch reports on his successful mission to Osaka. Page 10.
Man injured in bridge accident will not sue county. Page 8.

Northern Pacific returns \$1000 check to Elks. Page 12.
Borelli's comet has passed from view. Page 8.
Throng of G. A. B. veterans visit Portland. Page 10.
First Battery, Field Artillery, will return tonight. Page 7.
Pastor Henry Scudder's reform meeting is a frost. Page 14.

REFUSES TO RUN FOR A SECOND TERM IN THE SENATE FROM CALIFORNIA.



UNITED STATES SENATOR THOMAS R. BARD.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 27.—The Herald says that United States Senator Thomas R. Bard will not be a candidate for re-election in the United States Senate. "I may be authoritatively stated that Senator Bard will not be a candidate for re-election. Nearly a year ago, shortly after his illness, he made up his mind that under no consideration whatever would he consent to serve a second term in the Senate."