TURKEY GIVES IN

Russia's Every Demand Will Be Met.

WANTS SQUADRON TO GO

Powers Considering Steps to End Macedonian Rising.

REFORMS TO FOLLOW PEACE

Official Announcement Is Made That the Insurgents Still Occupy Krushevo—Are Not Molesting Women and Children.

NAVAL STRENGTH OF POWERS

	Battle-ships.	Cruis-ers*	Torpedo boats and destroyers
Austro-Hun ..	23	27	67
France	71	72	270
Germany	43	47	141
Gt. Britain ..	104	219	276
Italy	27	42	154
Russia	55	56	94
Turkey	14	13	31

*Exclusive of auxiliary cruisers, of which Russia has a large fleet.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 19.—Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish Foreign Minister, yesterday visited the Russian Ambassador and notified him that the Turkish government accepted all the Russian demands and begged that the Russian squadron be withdrawn from Turkish waters.

The Russian squadron arrived off Inada, on the eastern coast of European Turkey, yesterday afternoon.

The news of the impending arrival of the squadron here is spreading, notwithstanding the continued suppression of all telegrams and announcements on the subject. The general opinion of the Europeans here is that the time has arrived for a vigorous intervention and the abandonment of all semi-measures which are regarded as the cause of the present rising.

According to the Turkish official reports, the strongest positions of the insurgents are at Krushevo, Meriboro and Florina. Contrary to previous reports, it is now stated officially that Krushevo is still occupied by the insurgents.

The headquarters of the revolutionists are in the Peristeri mountains, in the vicinity of Monastir. Women and children are not molested by the insurgents, who have destroyed only fortified dwellings occupied by rich Turks. It is not denied that they kill all Bulgarians and Greeks found acting as Turkish spies, but the strictest orders have been issued not to interfere with women or children.

POWERS WILL MOVE FOR PEACE.

Macedonian Revolt Once Suppressed, Reforms Will Be Applied.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 20.—The Independencia Belge says it hears that the powers have arrived at an understanding regarding the steps to be taken to suppress the revolt and apply reforms in Macedonia. According to this unconfirmed report Russia will act on sea, occupying the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus. Austria will act on land, and Italy will exercise surveillance over Albania. After peace shall be restored the powers are to withdraw and restore to Turkey her full sovereignty.

PLANS NOT YET COMPLETE.

Powers Have Only Exchanged Notes Regarding Intervention.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Associated Press learns that important negotiations are in progress between the powers, which promise to result in the early adoption of a new plan for the settlement of the Macedonian trouble. A foreign office official said today:

"It is somewhat premature to say that a definite agreement on the subject has already been reached, as stated by the Independencia Belge of Brussels, but notes are being exchanged in this direction."

In other quarters it was intimated that the scheme was partially on the lines referred to by the Belgian newspaper.

There is no doubt that an agreement of some kind had been reached, as at the beginning of the negotiations the powers started with the general purpose of cooperation, and this harmony has continued.

The United States European squadron will leave Villefranc tomorrow for the purpose of engaging in evolutionary drills, preparatory to taking part in the maneuvers in the Caribbean Sea, and it is not believed in American official circles here that if it is decided to have the United States represented in Turkish water that more than a gunboat will be sent, and it is pointed out that the Machias would be available for this purpose.

The British Foreign Office has been notified of the orders issued to the Italian squadron, which appear to have been communicated to all the capitals, and which the Italian diplomats say does not mean that Italy intends to withdraw in the slightest degree from co-operating with the powers.

The Austrian Embassy vouches for the continuance up to the present of the harmonious agreement between the powers relative to Macedonia. Neither the Austrian, Russian nor the Italian Embassies have any knowledge of the reported exchanges of communications between the Continental powers in regard to a join naval demonstration off Salonica.

All the embassies here unite in the statement that the news from Macedonia is exaggerated. It is officially reported, however, that Turkey has about 100,000 troops in the disturbed district, and this number is accepted as being an indication that a large majority of the population is engaged in the insurrection.

While there is a general belief that the United States will not intervene in Turkey, interest is displayed in diplomatic circles as to whether the authorities at Washington will order American warships to Turkish waters.

GERMANY WILL BE WITH POWERS.

Support Is Coming to Any Proposition to Prevent War.

BERLIN, Aug. 20.—The rising in Macedonia is regarded here as bringing on a darker stage. The insurrection is taking on proportions unexpected by the German diplomatic agents. Bulgarian feeling, excited by the murders and tortures across the border, is less restrainable by the Bulgarian government, and the movements of the Russian and British fleets add to the nervousness on the Bourse and among traders and bankers owning Turkish railroad securities or having commercial interests in Turkey. The German government maintains its passive attitude, with the desire to join the other powers in any communications to Turkey or Bulgaria designed to prevent war and tending to confine the disturbances to an insurrection, which Turkey must suppress.

The German Foreign Office appears to be as much puzzled by Russia's purpose in moving a squadron of her Black Sea fleet as a nonpolitical layman would be. The Foreign Office officials have made no inquiry of Russia on this point, as such a question might be construed as suspecting Russia's designs. Russia, the Associated Press is informed, has sent no explanation or assurance on the subject, none being considered necessary.

BULGARIA CAN'T HELP SULTAN.

People Who Could Talk Against War Are All in Prison.

SOFIA, Aug. 20.—The Greek patriarch asked the Bulgarian exarch to address a circular note to the Bulgarian ministers and school teachers in Macedonia urging them to remain quiet and not to fight against the Sultan. The exarch replied that he was sorry that he was not in a position to serve the Sultan. As all the Bulgarian ministers and teachers have been cast into prison and the churches and schools were closed, his voice could not be heard there—only the sound of guns was audible.

Fugitive families from Krushevo who have arrived at Monastir give terrible details of the situation which prevails in the town of Krushevo, after its capture by the Turks. The latter, they say, acted like fiends, running from house to house and street to street, slaughtering everybody they met. The town is now a heap of ruins.

The Sofia Post prints a strong article urging the Bulgarians to prepare for war immediately, as delay can benefit only Turkey.

A dispatch from Burgas to the Autonomye says the town of Vasiliko and the villages of Urunkoi and Poturnakovo are in flames, and the sound of cannon can plainly be heard from the Bulgarian frontier.

STRIKERS STONED THE COSSACKS.

Another Report of the Serious Trouble at Kieff.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—A dispatch from Nikolaiev to the Daily Mail, dated August 12, confirms the previous report of a military onslaught on a crowd of strikers at Kieff, August 11. The dispatch says the conflict arose out of a decision of the strikers to hold a mass meeting on the Chernigov side of the Dneiper. Five thousand men were permitted to assemble in Kieff, and had begun to embark on boats to cross the river when the military appeared and the strikers were called upon to disperse.

The mob stoned the Cossacks, who thereupon fired three volleys and then madly charged, scattering the crowd in all directions. Between 20 and 30 strikers were killed on the spot, 40 others were dangerously wounded and 300 to 300 received slight injuries.

British Fleet Not Ordered to Sail.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Admiralty today denied the Daily Chronicle's statement that Admiral Domville, commanding the British Mediterranean squadron, now off the coast of Portugal, had received urgent orders to despatch some of his ships to the vicinity of Salonica. The officials informed the Associated Press that nothing had been done regarding the despatch of a British force to Turkish waters, and it was not expected that such action would be taken, in view of Great Britain's announced support of the police of Russia and Austria, unless a radical change in the situation should occur.

Insurgents Capture Turkish Courier.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Aug. 20.—Premier Petroff and the Minister of the Interior, M. Petkoff, started today on an electioneering campaign through the chief towns of Bulgaria.

The revolutionary paper Autonomye says the insurgents at Zer are using small, quick-firing Austrian cannon, and that insurgents captured, near Resen, a Turkish courier who was carrying important orders to the Turkish troops at Okhrida.

Italy Explains Orders to Fleet.

ROME, Aug. 20.—In official circles it is declared that the fact that Italian war vessels are preparing to start for Turkish waters must not be interpreted as a counter-demonstration to the movement of the Russians. Italy, it is affirmed, is in agreement with Russia and Austria with regard to the enforcement of reforms in the European provinces of Turkey.

Servian Bands Are Forming.

SALONICA, Aug. 20.—Skirmishing is reported to be proceeding at Vodena and Ostroro. A large band has crossed the frontier and is advancing on Drama, the commandant of which town has urgently requested reinforcements. Servian bands are said to be forming with a view to operating in Old Servia.

Peaceful Turks Are Safe.

SALONICA, Aug. 20.—Boris Sarafftof, the Macedonia leader, has addressed a circular to the Turkish notables on behalf of the Macedonian revolutionary committee, announcing that the insurgents will not attack the peaceful Turkish population except in self-defense.

Band of Insurgents Captured.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 20.—It is officially reported that a strong band of insurgents has been captured near Florina, and that the peasants are surrendering their arms.

SETS BALFOUR RIGHT.

McVeagh Says English Language Will Be Used in Venezuelan Case.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Wayne McVeagh, senior counsel for the United States in the Venezuelan arbitration, has written a long letter to the Times, calling attention to the statement made by Premier Balfour in the House of Commons August 14, to the effect that there was an unexpected delay in the settlement of the Venezuelan question owing to the fact that France and Spain objected to the use of the English language before the tribunal and that the question had been left to the tribunal itself to decide.

Mr. McVeagh says Mr. Balfour must have been either misrepresented or misinformed, since the language difficulty had been already decided, it having been decided that the English language should be used at The Hague.

SEARCH FOR MISSING MAN

Clerk of Kansas City Police Court May Have Met With Foul Play.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 20.—Schueller C. Kelley, Lieutenant-Colonel in the Third Regiment, Missouri National Guard, has been mysteriously missing from his home in this city since Wednesday morning. His wife joined a party today in a search along the river bottoms for the missing man, but found no trace of him. Mr. Kelley is known to have carried a big sum of money.

Mr. Kelley was a clerk of the Police Court, and handled $25,000 of the city's money in the course of a year. An investigation of his books shows his accounts to be straight.

BLAZE IN OIL FIELD.

Flames Are Started by Men Using Crude Petroleum to Start Fire.

BEAUMONT, Tex., Aug. 20.—Fire this afternoon destroyed 25 derricks in what is known as the Shoestring district, in the Sour Lake oil fields. The flames were started by a man throwing a gallon of crude oil in the firebox to start a fire in a boiler. The loss amounts to probably $50,000. The fire has practically burned itself out, and only waste oil was burning tonight.

SALISBURY VERY ILL

Ex-Premier Is Expected to Die Any Moment.

KING AND QUEEN ARE NOTIFIED

Once It Is Believed His Lordship Has Breathed His Last, but He Makes a Surprising Rally—Little Hope Remains.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—A bulletin issued at 10 o'clock tonight said Lord Salisbury's condition was critical, and there was little hope of his recovery. The end may be expected at any moment.

Once in the course of the evening it was thought his lordship had already breathed his last, but he made a surprising rally, and at midnight it was announced that his condition had not changed since the issuance of the 10 o'clock bulletin.

Telegrams have been dispatched to the King, the Queen and the Prince of Wales, acquainting them with the critical condition of the ex-Premier. It is not proposed to issue any further bulletins until morning.

Viscount Cranbourne, eldest son of Lord Salisbury, says his father was improving in health until last week, when a slight accident led to a recurrence of the complications he had been suffering from, including marked weakness of the heart and circulation.

The slight accident to which Viscount Cranbourne referred today occurred under these circumstances:

Lord Salisbury was asleep in a chair, when the arm on which he was leaning gave way and he fell heavily to the ground, receiving a severe shock.

JAPAN STILL PREPARES FOR WAR.

Russia's Action in Corea Causes Different Regiments to Gather.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 20.—Japanese papers received by the steamer Indravelli today from Yokohama, to August 4, discuss the alleged imminence of war, and tell of continued military preparations. The Japan Advertiser says the Japanese government is actively preparing for war, whether war comes or not. The men of the different regiments are taking leave of their families and friends, and Formosa is being filled with troops.

The Japanese paper quotes a long interview with W. H. Krumm, an American mining expert from Manchuria, who, in brief, said his observations in Manchuria showed him clearly that Russia intended to keep Manchuria, and was prepared to fight for the territory. He told of enormous expenditures on railway improvements, rapid building of towns, erection of substantial barracks and preparations to swarm troops into Eastern Asia.

Mr. Krumm desires the erection of strong fortifications on the hills which guard the narrow isthmus connecting the Port Arthur Peninsula with the mainland.

After advising that Great Britain and America allow Russia to have Manchuria and telling of increased American imports during Russian occupancy, Mr. Krumm goes on to say that Japan may force war because of the excitement anent the Russian action in Corea. Mr. Krumm further remarks, although he says the statement should be taken with reserve, that a Russian official informed him he had it from the Minister of War during his visit that a declaration of war might be expected as soon as the Japanese rice crop was harvested. The American mining man finally quotes that it is better for the powers to secure what concessions they can in China, as to fight would mean the most sanguinary and expensive war of modern times.

RISING IN FAR EAST FEARED.

Chinese Assume Insolent Attitude Toward Russians in Manchuria.

BERLIN, Aug. 20.—A dispatch to the Cologne Gazette from St. Petersburg, dated yesterday, says:

"The situation in the Far East is becoming more acute. Even in Manchuria the Chinese are assuming an insolent attitude toward the Russians, particularly toward the troops. At one place stones were thrown at the commander of the troops. While all Russians are objects of insult, a spirit of opposition to the Chinese government is also manifested."

Explanation of the Movement.

BERLIN, Aug. 20.—A news agency dispatch received here from Port Arthur says:

"From different provinces of China come reports of a rising which threatens to involve the whole country. The semi-official Novkkral says:

"The moment has come when, in view of the antagonism of German and British interests, an Anglo-Russian rapprochement is desirable as a counterpoise to the movement in Germany and America, which is crossing the interests of Russian and Great Britain, and to the activity of Japan, which wishes to make the Straits of Corea the Yellow Bosphorus. At present Russian and British interests now here clash. An Anglo-Russian alliance is possible, and it is also necessary in order to protect Europe against the yellow danger."

The Novkkral proceeds strongly to attack the Russian papers which urge Russia to wind up her affairs in Manchuria, and which describe her policy in the Far East as a costly blunder."

FOR NEW COMMERCIAL POLICY.

Congress of Chambers of Commerce Will Ask Britain to Act.

MONTREAL, Aug. 20.—The Congress of Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire today adopted a resolution providing that a recommendation be made to His Majesty's government to appoint a commission consisting of representatives of the empire and the colonies, to consider the adoption of a commercial policy within the British empire, which shall materially strengthen it and which shall be based upon the principle of mutual benefit.

The delegates were the guests tonight of the Montreal Board of Trade at a banquet. Among those present were: Lieutenant-General Governor Minto, Lord Strathcona, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Prime Minister; R. L. Borden, leader of the Conservative party in Canada; Lord Dundonald, commander of the forces, and Lord Brassey, president of the board.

Lord Minto made a remarkable speech in which he declared for closer union between the different parts of the empire on a basis of preferential trade on well considered lines. He asked if Mr. Chamberlain, with his splendid record and present position, would care to jeopardize his life's work for the sake of a mere imperial dream, and concluded by saying that now was no time for those who had the welfare of the empire at heart to sit with folded arms. It was a time to be up and doing.

BRITISH WIN IN BATTLE.

Ex-Sultan and Seven Hundred Natives Killed in Nigeria.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Dispatches received at the Colonial Office today from Zunguru, Northern Nigeria, dated August 18, give details of the destruction of the town of Burmi by a British force of 30 whites and 500 native rank and file. The enemy's loss was 700 killed, including the ex-Sultan of Sokoto, and a majority of the chiefs. The British loss was 11 men killed, including one officer, and 42 men wounded. The enemy made a desperate house-to-house resistance.

France to Protect Congo Free State.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—A Brussels dispatch to the Daily Telegraph says it is stated there that a secret agreement was recently concluded by which France will not permit any aggression against the Congo Free State or any violation of its territory.

ODD EFFECT OF STRIKES.

New York Schools Unable to Put In Desks for New Pupils.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—In his report to the executive committee of the Board of Education, the City Superintendent of School Buildings has announced that only 20,000 new sittings will be provided for pupils when the schools open in September, even this number being contingent on a settlement of the labor troubles. From these figures, it is estimated that more than 75,000 children will either find no accommodations or will be placed in half time classes at the opening of the Fall term in the schools of New York.

ROOSEVELT IS SAFE.

Senator Quay Knows of No Opposition to His Renomination.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 20.—When asked tonight what he thought of President Roosevelt's chances for renomination, Senator M. S. Quay made this reply:

"I have heard of no opposition to him. Pennsylvania, in my opinion, will support President Roosevelt at the National convention next year."

BISSELL IS ILL.

Ex-Postmaster-General's Friends Fear He Cannot Recover.

BUFFALO, Aug. 20.—A telegram from Bar Harbor, Me., says: Ex-Postmaster-General Wilson S. Bissell is ill there, and his friends fear he cannot recover. Bissell is a sufferer from Bright's disease.

WANT NEW MEN.

(Continued from Page One.)

tory, who have forwarded an extensive protest to the President.

The most serious charge against the Secretary is that the large sum realized from the sale of town lots in the Kiowa-Camanche reservation two years ago has been deposited with a St. Louis trust company, in which he is a stockholder.

This statement is branded as utterly and maliciously false by the Secretary himself, for, in the first place, the money is not in any trust company, but on deposit in the United States subtreasury at St. Louis, and in the second place, the Secretary is not a stockholder in the trust company designated in the charges, nor in any other trust company in St. Louis.

The men preferring charges against the Secretary, including the Mayor and City Clerk of Lawton, are particularly incensed because he refuses to spend the money for the installation of water systems for the several territorial towns. This delay is explained by Secretary Hitchcock on the ground that he has discovered attempts on the part of the local men to secure the adoption of imperfect plans and fraudulent contracts. To prevent these towns from being robbed Government engineers have been sent to Oklahoma and now are completing plans for a practical water system.

Secretary Hitchcock's campaign against grafting in Oklahoma and Indian Territory, just as in Oregon and other parts of the West, makes him hundreds of vindictive enemies, whose efforts to impugn his motives, disturb his relations with President Roosevelt and embarrass the operations of his department, are ably seconded by land attorneys and other speculators who have been blocked in their game to rob the Government of millions of dollars in land and timber. In point of fact, President Roosevelt is aware of the various steps taken by Secretary Hitchcock to block the operations of all sorts of grafters, and to prevent improper use of Government funds, and thoroughly approves his entire course. The relations between the President and the Secretary have never been closer than now.

Captain Baker Ordered to Portland.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 20.—Captain Jesse M. Baker, Quartermaster, has been ordered to proceed to Portland to take charge of the office of the disbursing quartermaster, temporarily relieving Colonel Forest H. Hathaway, Assistant Quartermaster-General.

Rural Mail Carriers for Chehalis.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 20.—Levi J. Jones was today appointed regular and Leroy Jones substitute rural carrier at Chehalis, Wash.

Noted Walking Delegate on Trial.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—Sam Parks, the business agent of the Housesmiths and Bridgemen's Union today went on the stand as the first witness in his own behalf. He is on trial on a charge of extortion in obtaining $300 from Joseph Plenty, a contractor, for calling off a strike. The contractor was almost the only witness for the prosecution, most of the other testimony being ruled out on objections by Park's attorneys.

But one question was asked Parks on direct examination and that was whether he had been with Mr. Plenty on the day of the alleged extortion. He replied: "I was not." The hearing went over until tomorrow.

Railroad Men Ask for Better Wages.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 20.—The grievance committee of the Great Northern engineers and firemen, which has been in session in St. Paul for a week or more, today was granted a conference with General Superintendent Slade. Nothing was given out as to the details of the conference, but it is understood a substantial increase in wages has been asked for. Superintendent Slade said there was not the slightest friction between the company and its employes.

Goldbeaters in Convention.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—The annual convention of the Goldbeaters' Union, which will last for the remainder of this week, has opened here, with Frederick Lambert, of Boston, national president, in the chair. Delegates were present from St. Louis, Mo.; Louisville, Ky., and a number of other cities. The question of the employment of girls in beating gold was discussed at length and will be brought up again.

Greece Appeals to Powers.

ATHENS, Aug. 20.—M. Ralli, the Premier and Foreign Minister, has appealed to the powers to terminate the excesses in Macedonia, from which he says the Greeks are greater sufferers than the Bulgarians and Turks.

Major Kilbourne's Condition Critical

ST. PAUL, Aug. 20.—The condition of Major Charles E. Kilbourne, Paymaster of the United States Army, who is suffering from an ulceration of the stomach, is serious, and the outcome of his illness is doubtful.

WIND TOO LIGHT FOR RACE

(Continued from Page One.)

long leg out to sea. As they came about, it was apparent that the Reliance was a mile ahead. The wind had dropped to little better than a flat calm, and the racers were moving very slowly. The boats several times changed their headsails, but the race had degenerated into a drifting match, and 3½ hours after the start, it was evident that the race could not be finished within the time limit. The Reliance had steadily gained, and was two miles ahead of her rival, when the Shamrock III caught a little wind from the west and began cutting down the lead. The Reliance went about when a mile away from the turn, and, catching the westerly wind, scurried away for the mark with almost racing pace. The wind continued to freshen until she swept around the mark at 3:37:20, heeling to a smart northwest breeze, and giving the first real exhibition of her speed.

On the Homeward Reach.

The defender hauled on the wind for a close reach back to the finish line, saluted by the whistles of the big fleet. The Shamrock was coming on at a fast clip to meet the returning defender, but she had been so far astern that it was eight minutes after the Reliance turned the mark before she came on. As the yachts were going in opposite directions, this will indicate that the Reliance's actual lead was 16 minutes.

Just at that moment the regatta committee's tug displayed the signal that the race was off, and the Shamrock came about and followed the Reliance shortly. The Shamrock III never turned the mark. They were taken in tow of tugs of the fleet hurrying homeward, and quickly dropped.

Admirers of the Reliance are jubilant because the American yacht demonstrated that in extremely light airs and unusually rough water, she could show her heels to the British challenger, and those were the conditions believed to be the severest test of the Herreshoff boat.

PREPARING FOR THE RACE.

Iselin Boards Reliance Early, and Critically Examines Her Rigging.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—The course over which today's yacht race was sailed was the International Yacht Club course, outside Sandy Hook. Shamrock III has sailed it many times in her trials, while Reliance has been over it only once, and that in a light breeze. This course of 30 miles was covered by the Vigilant in 1893 in 3:34:39, the fastest time over the windward and leeward course. This was one of the most exciting races in any of the cup contests, and was sailed in a strong breeze.

In 1901, however, Columbia sailed the triangular 30-mile course in three hours, 12 minutes and 25 seconds. Off Newport, Reliance, on July 25, sailed a 30-mile triangular course in two hours, 58 minutes and 52 seconds, and a windward and leeward course of 30 miles on July 1 in three hours and four minutes, 27 seconds.

Commanders Are Both Experts.

Both yachts are commanded by men that are masters of their craft and are recognized as the best in their respective countries. Captain Charles Barr, who commands the Reliance, has sailed two other cup defenders in international races and is skillful, resourceful and of fraudulent nerve. He sailed Columbia in 1899 and 1901, defeating Shamrock I and Shamrock II.

Captain Robert Wringe, than whom there is said to be no better skipper in England, is not a stranger to yacht maneuvering in American waters. He came here first on Shamrock I, as second in command to Captain Hogarth. The next season he sailed August Belmont's Mineola, and in 1901 he commanded Shamrock I when she was a trial boat for Shamrock II.

The baneful influence of the dog star seemed to have full sway over the weather at dawn today. The air was as warm and moist and the breeze, which was light from the southwest, dragged up from that quarter great masses of low-lying clouds. Showers were frequent all through the night and this morning everything was wet and sticky. The change of wind bore out the predictions of the Weather Bureau that such a shift would occur, followed by cooler and more agreeable conditions, and, what was the desire of every heart, sufficient strength of breeze to send the yachts over the course. The sea had its long, easy roll, which broke with some strength on the sands of the Jersey coast.

The motion of the sea scarcely affected several majestic ocean liners that appeared out of the mist. As the morning wore on, the westerly wind, after seemingly accomplishing its purpose of blowing the mist seaward, began to lighten, and three hours before the time set for the start New York harbor was unruffled. Sailing vessels, even little clam-dredging boats, lay motionless upon the water, and the smoke from the steamers, while rising high in the air, had but little movement.

Inside the bend of Sandy Hook, where the two graceful yachts had ridden at their moorings during the night, all was bustle soon after sunrise. Disappointment over the weather outlook was apparent. By 7 o'clock preparations for the contest were under way aboard both boats. Mr. Iselin boarded his charge and made a critical examination of her rigging.

Both yachts began to make sail as soon as colors were sounded and at 8:30 o'clock both had their mainsails hoisted and their headsails up in stops. In addition the Reliance sent up her No. 1 club-topsails, and this latter piece of canvas towered high above Shamrock III, lying just ahead of her.

Betting Three to One on Reliance.

One of Mr. Iselin's guests talked this morning over the telephone with a friend in New York City, asking the odds on Reliance. He reported back to those aboard the defender that 1 to 3 was the best that the adherents of Sir Thomas would give. The crew cheered lustily.

Reliance's sails fitted beautifully. In the mainsail there was hardly a wrinkle and the topsail set down in the angle as if it had been made of wood or steel, instead of flexible material. The mainsail used was the new one, used for the first time two days ago.

Shamrock seemed to have a little trouble in getting her mainsail in shape, but when it finally was stretched there was not a wrinkle in it as big as a man's hand. Shamrock I lay at anchor near the new challenger. Her day had passed.

At 8:55 Reliance took a line from her tender, and in a few minutes was outside the Hook and on her way to the starting point. Immediately Shamrock III raised her club topsail, and after getting it well in position took a line from her tender, preparatory to following Reliance. At 9:05 she started out of Sandy Hook Bay. The Erin, with Sir Thomas Lipton's guests on board, followed soon afterwards.

Indications of a race day were not confined to the outer harbor, for at an early hour thousands were on their way from all parts of the city and suburbs to places along the East and North River, where they boarded the 100 or more excursion steamers and were carried down the bay.

By reason of her early start Reliance was able to reach the lightship ahead of the excursion fleet. Shamrock, however, starting after an hour afterwards, was surrounded by the vanguard of these vessels, and a score of steam yachts and tugs accompanied her nearly all the way. In this fleet were three or four revenue cutters, and as soon as those boats reached the lightship they at once took up positions, forming a cordon about a mile around the floating lighthouse.

At 10:15, three-quarters of an hour before the time set for the start, there were fully 50 vessels in the vicinity of the lightship and twice as many more strung out on the broad ocean road between the lightship and the Narrows.

Promptly at 11 o'clock the starting gun was fired and the race which proved the Reliance much the superior yacht was on.

LONDON IS MUCH SURPRISED.

All Thought Shamrock Had Weather of Its Own and Would Do Well.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The calling off of the race for the America's cup caused disappointment in London. The papers published hourly editions throughout the day. The first reports regarding the weather at Sandy Hook inclined the public to believe that the Shamrock had ideal conditions, and the news that the Reliance had outfooted her in the drifting match was a complete disillusion.

Several papers had arranged to announce the progress and result of the contest by fireworks and balloons. Crowds lingered in the streets, in the dismalest sort of London drizzle, in the hope that the wind would freshen and permit of a finish, but early in the evening it became apparent that the race could not be finished within the time limit, and the crowds dispersed, leaving only a few enthusiasts around the tickers in the public corridors to receive the official announcement that the race had been called off.

IRISHMEN ARE STILL HOPEFUL.

Royal Ulster Club Believes Shamrock Wants a Steady Breeze.

BELFAST, Aug. 20.—While the showing of the Shamrock III in her first race against the Reliance is a great disappointment to the challenger's supporters here, none is willing to admit that she has not still a good chance of lifting the cup.

The clubhouse of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club was crowded this afternoon and evening with members, who eagerly scanned every bulletin and who agreed that the fluky breeze was alone responsible for the superior showing of the Reliance.

The excitement in Belfast and elsewhere was intense during the progress of the race and the streets were filled with eager crowds. The universal sentiment is that the Shamrock III is sure to reverse the position when a fair and steady breeze is secured.

GLASGOW SHOWS KEEN INTEREST

Crowds Block Traffic Whenever a Race Bulletin Is Posted.

GLASGOW, Aug. 20.—Not since the contest between the Thistle and Volunteer has there been such excitement over the America cup races as prevailed here today. The streets were filled with crowds that blocked all traffic whenever the sight of a race bulletin was obtainable. At Dumbarton the citizens showed even more interest. They have subscribed for a colored searchlight service by which the results of the contest can be notified to the surrounding country.

The announcement that today's race had been called off was received with bitter disappointment, but there is a general feeling of confidence that the Shamrock III will make a better showing on Saturday.

BOWEN AS HIS DEFENDER

Von Sternberg Warmly Praised in Face of German Press Censure.

BERLIN, Aug. 20.—The Lokal Anzeiger today published an interview with Herbert W. Bowen, United States Minister to Venezuela, in which Mr. Bowen is quoted to have said that he did not regard it as peculiar that he should represent two countries before The Hague tribunal.

"Neither does my Government," he said. "I go where I am sent, even to the North pole. I take the part only of the weak against the strong. I cannot understand the attacks of the German press on Baron von Sternberg. I learned to know him as a clever diplomatist and an excellent upholder of German interests.

"It almost seems," Mr. Bowen is reported to have continued, "that the friendship that America feels for Baron von Sternberg is regarded in Germany as a sin."

Through Sleeping-Car Service.

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.—As a result of the merger of the Northern Pacific, Great Northern and Burlington roads, through sleeping-car service is to be inaugurated from Chicago to North Pacific Coast points, doing away with the necessity of changing cars in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Exiled Pasha Reaches Tripoli.

TRIPOLI, Aug. 20.—Ali Riza Pasha, the former Vali of Monastir, who was removed in consequence of the assassination there of M. Rostkovoski, accompanied by his family, has arrived here in exile.

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The Royal comb. Hot Water Bottle and Syr. 3-qt, $1.60; 4-qt, $1.70
The famous "Cascade" Syringe complete with book, $7.50.
The Boston Hot Water Bottle, 2-qt., 95c; 3-qt., $1.05; 4-qt., $1.15.
The Woolmet Flan.-cov. Hot Water Bag, No. 1, $1.15; No. 2, $1.25; No. 3, $1.35; No. 4, $1.45.

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	Reg. roll.	Special. roll.	Spec. case.
Pilot squares, with hook	5c	39c	$3.09
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