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OUR SALESROOM

Will continue to be at 47 First Street, between Pine and Ash Streets, where a full line of samples will be shown, and for the convenience of our friends we have arranged that accounts due us may be paid at this office. Our main office, however, and also our warehouses and shops are located at 19th and Wilson Streets, on the 16th-street car line.

W. G. McPHERSON COMPANY

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ABOUT PRINTING AND PRICES

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STATE NORMAL SCHOOL MONMOUTH, OREGON. Training school for teachers. Courses arranged especially for training teachers for all branches of the profession. Most approved methods for graded and ungraded work taught in actual district schools. The training department, which consists of a nine-grade public school of about 200 pupils, is well equipped in all its branches, including English, music, drawing and physical training. The normal course the best and quickest way to state certificate. Fall term opens September 22. For catalogue, address E. D. RESSLER, President. Or. J. B. V. BUTLER, Sec. Regenta.

DOCTOR DIES IN STAGE. Well-known Wyoming Physician Takes an Overdose of Some Drug.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Aug. 7.—Dr. Julius A. Schuelke, one of the leading physicians in Wyoming, died suddenly in a Casper-Thermopolis stage, en route from Butte to Casper, today. No details have been received, except that death was caused by an overdose of some drug. Dr. Schuelke had traveled all over the world. He served in the Cuban and Philippine campaigns as Major and Surgeon in the regular Army.

London Broker Falls. LONDON, Aug. 7.—Arthur George Hicks, a small broker, failed today.

MAYEBAR WOOD

Pension Bureau After Portland Lawyer.

INDIAN WAR MEN BLEED?

Many Irregularities Charged to Their Chief.

INSPECTORS WORK UP CASE

Accused Is Alleged to Have Extracted Excessive Fees, and Contracted to Secure Pensions Before the Act Was Passed.

CHARGES AGAINST WOOD.

Instead of \$25 fee allowed by law, he is said to have charged \$50, \$75 and \$100. Before the pension act was passed he is alleged to have contracted with many veterans to handle their cases. The advocates he sent in are believed to have been filled in to meet the requirements of the law, then sent to veterans in many parts of the state to sign and return to him, so as to give the appearance that he took the required oath. The Pension Bureau is also much disgusted with Wood because he will not give up an original muster roll of at least one company without remuneration, because as long as he retains this document the veterans cannot secure desired pensions.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 7.—T. A. Wood, of Portland, the moving spirit in the Indian War Veterans' Association, has become involved in serious trouble with the Pension Bureau, which may lead to his debarment from practice before the Interior Department. If charges lodged against him are found to be true.

For several months past, the Pension Office has been receiving charges that Wood, in the prosecution of pension claims for Indian War veterans, has been resorting to practices which are prohibited by law. So numerous did these complaints become that five special examiners were sent to Oregon to make a thorough investigation into the practices of Wood and to determine whether he has overstepped the law. These examiners have taken from 600 to 700 claims that were filed by Wood, but which have not been allowed, because of some irregularity or lack of evidence, and notwithstanding the findings of the examiners as regards Wood, the veterans whose cases are involved are almost sure to benefit from investigation.

Fees Alleged to Be Excessive.

The law governing attorneys practicing before the Pension Office limits the fees to be collected from Indian War veterans to \$25, the understanding being that full payment shall not be made until the case passes to issue. In all of the claims filed by Wood, there has been an agreement signed by the claimant, insuring him this fee, but it is notoriously charged that in addition to this amount, Wood has attempted to exact additional payments from his clients, bringing his fee to \$50, \$75, and in some instances \$100. He is reported to have demanded this extra fee upon the ground that it was largely through his influence that Congress passed the Indian War pension act, and this additional fee is due him on account of that service. Evidence on this charge is said to be very strong, and if it is substantiated, may result disastrously for Wood.

Cases Taken Before Act Passed.

Another apparent improper practice charged against Wood is that he contracted with several hundred Indian War veterans to handle their cases as much as two years before the pension act was passed. Such a practice is forbidden by the rules of the department. What seems to substantiate this charge is the fact that as soon as the pension act passed Wood sent into the Pension Office a bunch of several hundred claims, all made out on blanks that he himself had prepared, in which the date of the act had been left blank by the printer, and filled in by rubber stamp. Moreover, it is held that the evidence collected in this large number of cases could not have been gotten together so soon after the law was signed. Pension Office officials noted another peculiarity of affidavits sent in by Wood, which was that in most cases the evidence asked for was inserted in the blanks apparently one person, supposed to be Wood's clerk, these insertions being the same in affidavits of persons living hundreds of miles apart, which leads to the conclusion that Wood filled in evidence that would answer the requirements of the law, forwarded the papers to his clients, had them sign the statements, return them to him, and thus make it appear that the affidavits had been made before him personally.

How Veterans Will Profit.

The special examiners have been directed to personally interview claimants whose affidavits were filed by Wood, and find out whether or not their statements were really made under oath or in the manner indicated. This is a very important feature of the investigation, and incidentally while the examiners are considering the papers in the cases, they will endeavor to assist these veterans or survivors, as the case may be, to complete the evidence necessary to bring their applications to issue. In this way, the claimants in the 600 or more cases will be benefited by receiving action on their claims soon after the examiners return to Washington.

It is well known in Washington that the Pension Office has long been dissatisfied with the methods that have been pursued by Wood in prosecuting claims under the Indian War act, and much disgust has been expressed that he should persistently retain in his possession the original muster roll of at least one company that served in the early Indian War; for as long as he holds that roll, claims of veterans whose names appear thereon cannot be allowed. Yet the Government has no authority and no inclination to remunerate Wood for this roll, which can be of no commercial value to him. When appealed to to turn this roll over to the Government, he has replied that he is a state officer, and as such is entitled to this roll, and will not surrender it unless the Government will supply him with a certified copy of the same.

Refuses to Recognize Wood.

The department refuses to recognize Wood as a state official, as he can furnish no credentials, and moreover it cannot comply with his demand for a copy of the roll. If the veterans themselves cannot compel him to surrender this roll, they must suffer in consequence. Shortly after the passage of the Indian War pension act, Pension Commissioner Ware was asked by The Oregonian correspondent as to the necessity for the employment of attorneys in the presentation of Indian War claims, and it was stated in these dispatches that the assistance of an attorney was not necessary. To this Wood made a violent protest, as he was at that time acting as attorney for hundreds of claimants, but the records of the Pension Office show that most claims so far allowed were presented either by claimants direct or through the Oregon Senators and Representatives. The fact that most of the claims filed by attorneys are not yet adjudicated, but are in the hands of the examiners now in Oregon, seems to more than bear out the advice of Commissioner Ware.

May Forfeit All His Fees.

It is said at the department that if Wood is found to have violated the law and the rules of practice, and the numerous claims now in the hands of examiners are subsequently passed to issue, he will forfeit his right to collect fees under agreements heretofore made. The recent ruling of Assistant Secretary Miller in the Law case, holding that proof of 30 days' service is sufficient evidence for the allowance of these claims, will greatly facilitate the adjustment of applications now on file or presented later, and will further reduce the necessity for the services of attorneys.

Honolulu Baggage Inspection Off.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 7.—The Treasury Department today revoked its recent order for the examination at Honolulu of all baggage of persons coming to the United States from the Orient, and hereafter examinations will be made at the port of destination. The examination at Honolulu would have resulted in a large increase in the force of customs inspectors. Furthermore, passengers object to being detained on the steamer during the investigation.

To Arrange for Alaska at 1904 Fair.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 7.—Assistant Secretary of the Interior Ryan, designated by Secretary Hitchcock to take charge of the Alaska exhibit at St. Louis, will leave for the exposition city tomorrow, where he will confer with Governor Brady and make definite arrangements for the collection of exhibits and their shipment to St. Louis.

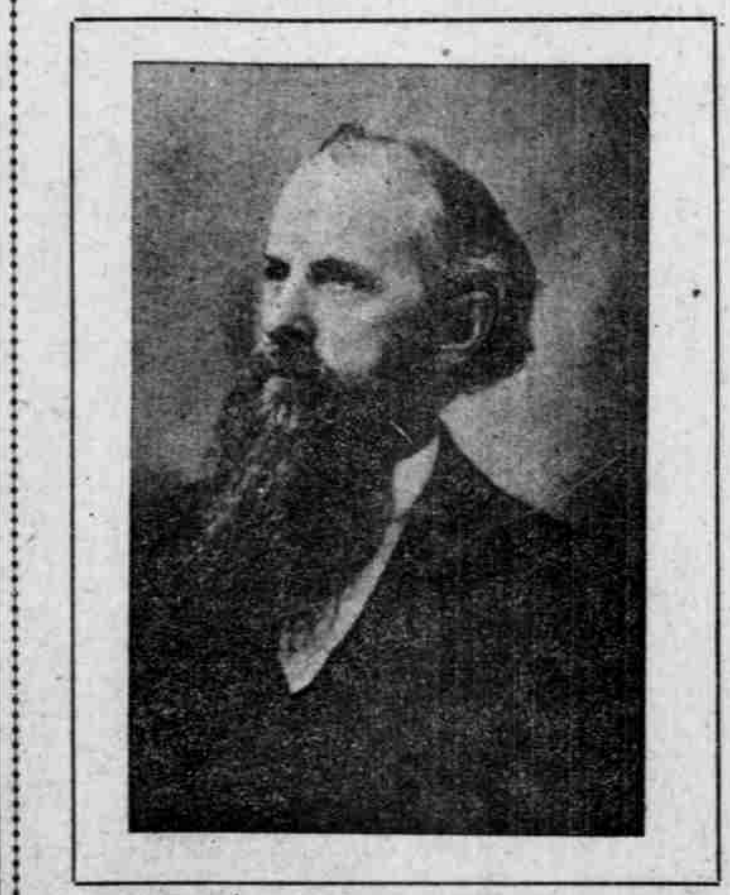
OPOSES THE 1904 FAIR.

Cape Colony Expunges an Appropriation of \$50,000. CAPE TOWN, Aug. 7.—The Assembly, by a vote of 46 to 28, today adopted a motion which expunges from the estimates the provision of \$50,000 toward the representation of Cape Colony at the St. Louis Exposition.

Kansas River Falling.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 7.—The Kansas River here and at Lawrence, Kan., fell nearly two feet during the night, and removed all fear of damage by water.

MAY BE DEBARRED FOR PRACTICES IN HANDLING PENSION CASES.



T. A. WOOD, PORTLAND ATTORNEY AND GRAND COMMANDER OF INDIAN WAR VETERANS.

TO AVERT PANICS

Roosevelt Favors Elastic Currency.

WILL SPEAK IN MESSAGE

Subject Discussed With Hepburn and Millard.

LIVELY DAY AT OYSTER BAY

Baron von Sternberg Is Officially Received as Ambassador From Germany, and Then Practices Shooting With President.

OYSTER BAY, Aug. 7.—To Senators Heyburn, of Idaho, and Millard, of Nebraska, who called on President Roosevelt today regarding appointments, the Executive stated his desire respecting financial legislation at the approaching session of Congress. Senator Millard agreed with the President as to the desirability of a more elastic system of currency than the present one, but he was quite positive that the Government itself ought to be behind every dollar of currency issued, so that no question of its value ever would be raised. He expressed the belief that Government bonds in sufficient quantity now were outstanding to afford a basis for currency issues. He said he would favor "the right kind of a measure" looking to the greater elasticity of the currency, but was sure some of the measures recently proposed would not be acceptable to the country.

Senator Millard expects to sail next Tuesday for Europe. He will be accompanied by his daughter and will be absent only a few weeks. During a part of this afternoon, the President and Ambassador von Sternberg, who was officially received today, practiced rifle shooting. Both are experts at the targets, the Ambassador when in practice having been regarded as one of the finest shots in the German army.

GERMAN ENVOY IS RECEIVED.

Baron von Sternberg is cordially welcomed as Ambassador. OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Sagamore Hill was the scene today of an interesting ceremony. Baron Speck von Sternberg, who has been Minister Plenipotentiary of Germany to the United States since 1901, was received by the President and the German Ambassador. The Baron von Sternberg was received by the President and the German Ambassador. The Baron von Sternberg was received by the President and the German Ambassador.

Johnston Will Run for Governor.

CLYDELAND, Aug. 7.—County Clerk C. P. Holm, campaign manager for Mayor Tom L. Johnston, announces that Mayor Johnston has consented to permit his name to be presented for the gubernatorial nomination. The only other candidate so far is John L. Zimmerman, of Springfield.

Newsman Man Commits Suicide.

JOPLIN, Mo., Aug. 7.—A. C. Angelmeyer, a newspaper man of this city, aged 35 years, was found dead in the street today with three bullet holes in his body. A revolver lay by his side. The verdict of the coroner's jury is suicide. Angelmeyer had been very ill for some time. He was preparing to leave for Seattle. A note left to his friends reads as follows: "My wife lives at 1822 Court Place, Denver. Telegraph her."

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ritation between Germany and the United States. I trust, Mr. President, that you will kindly second my efforts and thus facilitate the fulfillment of my important mission."

"Mr. Ambassador: I have much pleasure in receiving from your hands the letter whereby His Majesty, the German Emperor, accredits you as his Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in the United States of America, in place of His Majesty's former Ambassador, Mr. von Holleben, whose letter of recall you now deliver to me. Your knowledge of American government, and President, gained during your several periods of residence as a diplomatic agent of Germany, and the pleasant relations which have existed between yourself and the executive officers of this country, lend added weight to the assurance of your desire and endeavor to advance and strengthen the relations of amity which have been maintained so long and unbrokenly between the United States and Germany, and will enable you, moreover, to appreciate at its full weight the reciprocal assurance which I gladly offer of the equal wish and purpose of this Government to promote in all practicable ways the fulfillment of your mission."

At the conclusion of the ceremony the President and Ambassador von Sternberg, as old friends, chatted animatedly. The Ambassador will be the unofficial guest of the President until some time tomorrow.

It was stated authoritatively today that the reception of the German Ambassador at Sagamore Hill is not to be considered as a precedent, although it is the first time in the history of the country that an Ambassador has presented his credentials to the President outside of Washington.

Ministers who arrived in the United States during the vacation season will not be presented to the President at his Summer home unless there is some strong and urgent reason for it. Baron von Sternberg was received because the circumstances connected with his coming to the United States were exceptional, in a sense. Then, too, he is a long-time personal friend of the President. The only way in which the presentation today may be considered a precedent will be when the conditions are similar; that is, when an Ambassador shall receive his promotion to that rank while in another accredited to this country as a Minister Plenipotentiary.

Senators Millard of Nebraska and Heyburn of Idaho were among the guests of President and Mrs. Roosevelt today, at luncheon. Both Senators came to see the President on matters connected with appointments in their respective states.

CLOSE ON GOVERNOR.

Mississippi Democrats Will Require Official Returns to Decide.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 7.—Returns received up to a late hour tonight from the Democratic primary election held yesterday in Mississippi indicate that it may be necessary to await the official count before the nomination for Governor is determined. The returns showing that the vote of Vardaman and Critz is very close. The returns are very clear in giving the nomination for United States Senator to the present incumbent, Senator Money, by a sweeping majority.

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GAMING A FELONY

Washington Supreme Court Upholds Law.

SCAECOAT MUST SUFFER

Dietrick Will Earn Purse by Penitentiary Term.

NO CHANCE GIVEN TO JUMP BAIL

Court Decides That Law Passed by Recent Legislature Repeals by Implication All Former Statutory Provisions in Conflict With It.

THE LAW.

Each and every person who shall deal, play, or carry on, or open or cause to be opened, or who shall conduct, either as owner, proprietor, employee, whether for hire or not, any game of faro, monte, roulette, rouge-et-noir, lansquenet, rondé, vingt-on (or twenty-one), poker, draw-poker, brag, bluff, thaw, tan, or any banking or other game played with cards, dice, or other device, whether the same shall be played for money, checks, credits, or any other representative of value, shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment in the state penitentiary for not less than one year nor more than three years.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Aug. 7.—(Special.)—

The case brought to test the constitutionality of the law passed by the last Legislature making the maintaining of gambling resorts or games a felony has resulted in the upholding of the law by the Supreme Court. As a direct result of the decision a large number of gamblers who since June 12 have been out of employment and have been hanging on in hopes the law would be knocked out will seek other employment or leave the state, and one of their number, Fritz Dietrick, of Spokane, will go to the penitentiary for one year.

On June 12, two days after the new law went into effect, Dietrick, who is an old-time gambler of Spokane, opened up his stud poker game. He was arrested, pleaded guilty to the charges of the indictment and over his protest that he could not legally be sentenced to greater punishment than the payment of a fine, was sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary. A writ of habeas corpus was applied for in the Supreme Court and the constitutionality of the law brought to a test in the arguments before the court.

It is not supposed that Dietrick delivered himself up without a well-organized plan behind him to defeat the intent of the Legislature. The generally accepted report of the agreement between Dietrick and other gamblers of the state is that the latter were to contribute to a good-sized purse to be paid to him upon his arrest, and were to furnish cash bail for him thereafter, with the understanding that no attempt would be made by his bondsmen to bring him back to the state if he saw fit to jump his bonds.

The latter part of the plan failed. Dietrick's attorneys applied for bail for their client when the writ was made, but the court denied the request but gave permission that another application for bail might be presented at the time set for the return of the writ. Dietrick's attorneys made a determined effort at the latter date to secure bail for the imprisoned gambler, but the court never passed on the application.

Theoretically Dietrick has been in the custody of the Supreme Court since the application for the writ was made, but practically he has been confined in the Spokane County Jail. As a matter of form the court orders him back into the custody of the Sheriff that the sentence of the lower court may be carried out.

The claim of the petitioner was that the new act is invalid for the alleged reason that it is merely amendatory of a former act dealing with the same subject, and that as such it does not comply with section 37, article 2, of the state constitution, which provides that "no act shall ever be revised or amended by mere reference to its title, but the act revised or the section amended shall be set forth at full length." The former act of which it is claimed the recent one is merely amendatory was passed by the territorial legislature of 1893, and is entitled, "An act to prevent and punish gambling." The Supreme Court says in part:

"Under the act of 1893, the carrying on and conducting of certain enumerated games is made a distinct offense as a misdemeanor, and to conduct which is a misdemeanor, and provides that the act of conducting and carrying them on shall be a felony and punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary when conducted where persons resort to the purpose of playing. While the latter act does in effect deal with the same subject as the former, yet it is complete and independent in itself. It in no way refers to any former law, and such reference is unnecessary in order to understand its full meaning. It clearly designates certain acts as felonies, and provides for their punishment. No further search is required to find the law on the particular subject of which the act treats. "Being complete in itself and in no way dependent upon any other statute to give it meaning or force, it stands alone as the law upon the particular subject of which it treats. As such, being the latest law upon the subject, it repeals by implication all former statutory provisions in conflict with it."