

CALL FOR AETNA MINERAL WATER

TABLE AND MEDICINAL

ROTHCHILD BROTHERS Sole Agents Portland, Oregon

CAMERAS

CENTURY PREMO POCO at 10% Discount
BLUMAUER-FRANK DRUG CO.
142 FOURTH STREET.

EQUITABLE LIFE

"STRONGEST IN THE WORLD"

L. SAMUEL, Manager, 306 Oregonian Building - - - PORTLAND, OR.

DR. FOWLER'S MEAT MAKES and MALT MUSCLE

"There's Life and Strength in Every Drop"

A BEVERAGE OR A MEDICINE

For Sale by All Druggists.

BLUMAUER & HOCH, Sole Distributors, Wholesale Liquor and Cigar Dealers

Imperial Hotel Co.

SEVENTH AND WASHINGTON STREETS, PORTLAND, OREGON

CREATION OF MANAGEMENT

European Plan: \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 per Day

REAL COMFORT

at Home can be taken when the rooms are covered with handsome Carpets and Rugs

EXCLUSIVE CARPET HOUSE

J. G. Mack & Co.

80-82 THIRD STREET
Opposite Chamber of Commerce

"THE KLOEBER"

GREEN RIVER HOT SPRINGS WASHINGTON

The Health Resort of the West

Main line of the Northern Pacific Railway. Round trip fare from Portland, only \$2.50.

Do you appreciate its advantages? The most curative waters known. Change to an entirely different climate. Perfection of service, with a large corps of skilled attendants all under direct medical supervision.

We cure more than 90 per cent of all our cases.

For information address Dr. J. S. Kloeber, Green River Hot Springs, Wash., or inquire of A. D. Charlton, Northern Pacific Railway Ticket Office, Portland.

THE BEST OPTICIAN

For you is the one who gives the best service. OUR WORK SPEAKS FOR ITSELF.

Oculists' prescriptions correctly and promptly filled.

A. C. Feldenheimer.

Mfg. Jewelers and Opticians, Cor. Third and Washington Sts.

CLOUDBURST IN ARIZONA

Causes Floods in Vicinity of Prescott but No Loss of Life.

PRESCOTT, Ariz., July 21.—A storm which occurred late this afternoon assumed the proportions of a cloudburst west of Prescott, causing immense floods in Granite and Miller creeks. The two streams unite at the southern edge of the city. The property loss along the creeks is heavy, but no lives were lost. Hall fell to the depth of several inches on the Sierra Prieta Mountains, west of Prescott. The storm was accompanied by the heaviest thunder and most vivid lightning seen here this season.

Prince and Princess Not Invited.

OYSTER BAY, July 21.—The reported invitation to the Prince and Princess of Wales to visit this country and to be the guests of the President, it can be said, is without foundation in fact. It is said to be quite unlikely that any such visit is in contemplation by the Prince and Princess of Wales.

NATIONAL PURE FOOD LAW

Need of It Declared by Law to Food Commissioners.

ST. PAUL, July 21.—The convention of the National Association of Dairy and Food Commissioners convened here today. President J. W. Bailey, of Oregon, presiding. President Bailey said: "A National pure food bill must be prepared by the Commissioners, those which have been introduced in Congress having failed." It was very important, he said, to have a uniform law for all states. At the present time manufacturers make one brand of goods for a state where the laws are lax, a better brand for states which are more strict.

Judgment Against Watson.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The petition of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia for judgment in the suit instituted to recover \$10,000 from James M. A. Watson, Jr., an ex-clerk, was granted by the District Supreme Court today. Watson is now in jail on the charge of embezzlement of \$12,000 from the District.

CAMPAIGN IS ON

Politicians Busy Around the Vatican.

GOTTI'S RECORD ATTACKED

His Brother Said to Be a Convicted Robber.

KAISER WANTS HIM CHOSEN

He and Rampolla Combine Forces—Swamps Opposed Because He Rides an Auto—Ambassadors Make an Active Campaign.

The conclave of cardinals will meet about August 1 to elect a new pope. A vigorous campaign is being made by the adherents of the various candidates, these including the foreign ambassadors to the Vatican.

Kaiser William is supporting Cardinal Gotti in the hope that he will give the triple alliance a protectorate over the Orient Christians.

Gotti has been made the subject of attack on the ground that his brother is an ex-convict.

Swamps is supported by those who desire a short-lived pope, but is opposed because he rides in an automobile.

Archbishop Merry del Val, whose mother is English, has been elected secretary of the conclave.

(Copyright, 1903, by W. R. Hearst. By Marquis de Castellane.)

ROME, July 21.—The conclave of cardinals to elect the successor of Pope Leo XIII will meet about August 1. Cardinal Gregorio, who has taken the reins of pontifical power, is taking active charge of the details. The campaign for the succession is proceeding vigorously. The cardinals, of course, are not taking an open part, and deplore the canvassing at this time, but their adherents are very active.

The opponents of Gotti's candidature, in an effort to defeat the man favored by the triple alliance, are circulating a little-credited story that Gotti's brother has been in prison in Genoa for the past five years for wounding a man with intent to commit robbery and murder.

Interested agents are actively engaged in looking into the records of the various candidates for the papacy, just as is done in political campaigns in France and the United States.

Kaiser Is For Gotti.

The Kaiser is reported to be furious at the efforts to defeat Gotti, because he hopes to obtain a protectorate over the Christians in the Orient for the triple alliance in case of that cardinal's election. Baron von Rotenheim, the German Ambassador to the Vatican, has used every influence to prevent the publication of the rumor about Gotti's brother.

Foreign observers in Rome are unable to understand how the career of any relative of Gotti or the fact that Gotti comes of a humble family can be twisted into insuperable obstacles to the cardinal's election, although it is a fact that none but cardinals of noble Italian families have been elected to the papacy in the last 200 years. In many ways the unfair attack on Gotti is strengthening his chances.

All the 19 Ambassadors accredited to the Vatican were busy today in forwarding the interests of the various candidates, and the great religious orders are also exercising much influence.

Deal Between Gotti and Rampolla.

It is said the friends of Gotti and Rampolla have arrived at an understanding by which the latter's adherents will vote for Gotti, in return for which, in the event of his elevation, he make Rampolla the prefect of the propaganda.

A curious fact is that the paralysis from which Cardinal Svampa suffers helps his candidacy, as most of the members of the Sacred College are believed to prefer a short-lived pope. Svampa is a republican and a federalist. He is the only cardinal who uses an automobile. All the other Italian cardinals, when visiting, drive in funeral carriages. Some of the venerable cardinals, as a result, fear that Svampa, if elected pope, would cease to be a theoretical prisoner in the Vatican and might go motoring over Italy. At present Svampa makes his official and pastoral visits in an automobile.

Gibbons Will Arrive Thursday.

The first outside cardinal to arrive in Rome is Frisco, of Naples, an adherent of Rampolla. Cardinal Gibbons, who is an interesting figure among churchmen at this time, is expected to arrive from Paris on Thursday.

The pope being dead, etiquette no longer prohibits the cardinals from meeting and discussing the election. The first official act of the cardinals today was the appointment of Archbishop Merry del Val to be secretary of the conclave. This action is significant, for he is a half-Frenchman, his mother being an Englishwoman. Monsignor del Val represented Leo at Queen Victoria's jubilee.

RAMPOLLA DODGES ISSUE.

Avoids Test Vote on Election of Secretary to Conclave.

ROME, July 21.—Cardinal Rampolla's request to Cardinal Gregorio that the latter should remain at the Vatican is considered a most diplomatic move, being perhaps the first step to an agreement between them, and might entirely change all the prophecies hitherto made concerning the issue of the conclave. Indeed, some profess to see a result of this in the morning's skirmish at the first meeting of the congregation of cardinals over the appointment of a secretary of the conclave.

After the discussion of several candidates, among whom Mr. Gaspari was known to be Cardinal Rampolla's protegee, some suggested Mr. Merry del Val. He was immediately supported by the whole anti-Rampolla element, merely to test the strength of the ex-secretary of state, but this strategy was unsuccessful, as Cardinal Gregorio made it manifest that he was not personally in favor of the matter, while Cardinal Rampolla swung his followers to the support of Merry del Val and thus avoided a measure of his strength at this juncture.

CONDITIONS ARE CHANGED.

Leo's Reign Has Extinguished Party Lines Formerly Existing.

ROME, July 21.—According to a statement coming from high ecclesiastical arrangements at the Vatican are being pressed forward which will enable the conclave of cardinals to begin sitting August 1, however, it is now thought the reasons may be considerably longer than at first expected—even long enough to permit Cardinal Moran, of Sydney, N. S. W., to arrive in time to take part in the proceedings.

An Ambassador accredited to the Vatican says the question of Pope Leo's successor is a peculiarly open one at the present moment. The personality of the candidates plays a much more important part than in any preceding conclave, since the conditions prevailing in the past are now entirely changed. Formerly the sacred college was divided into seven distinct groups, there was first, that composed of the cardinals who were members of the great Roman families, nearly every one of whom was represented in the college. These always exerted very powerful influences in the election of a pope. At the present time there is only one section of a great Roman house among the cardinals, namely, Cardinal Battista Casali del Drago, who, from the standpoint of the conclave, is a relatively unimportant figure. Then there were parties composed of cardinals appointed by the same pope, who usually ranged themselves into separate bodies.

In addition to the members of the sacred college appointed by the pope who had then just passed away, there were usually considerable numbers chosen by his predecessor, and even a few nominated by the pope preceding him. In consequence of Leo XIII's long reign, these parties have entirely disappeared. In the present conclave there will be only one cardinal, Cardinal Gregorio, who was not appointed by Pope Leo. As a result of these changes, the approaching conclave will be much more under the influence of individual candidates than in the past, rendering it impossible to forecast the election with any degree of certainty. It is considered highly probable that the new pope will be a man at present not thought of and not talked about.

The Tribune today published an interview with Cardinal Svampa, Archbishop of Bologna, who, the paper says, has quite recovered from his stroke of paralysis. The Cardinal is quoted as saying: "I believe that the conclave will be very short, as were the last two. At the utmost I think it may take one week, as now there do not exist in the sacred college the marked political differences of the former times. Therefore it will be possible to arrive at an understanding more easily and quicker."

FIRST MEETING OF CARDINALS.

Oreglia Makes Temporary Appointment to Succeed Volponi.

ROME, July 21.—The government of the Catholic Church has been officially assumed by Cardinal Oreglia as dean of the sacred college at the Vatican. He will be assisted by the deans of the other two orders of cardinals, Cardinal Macchi, of the cardinal deacons, and Cardinal Rampolla, for the cardinal priests. The last conclave was presided over by Cardinal Netti, the patriarch of Lisbon, who, when he arrives, will take over his own duties.

The first meeting of the cardinals in Rome met this morning under Cardinal Oreglia, in a preparatory congregation, held in the

(Continued on Second Page.)

ROME IN SORROW

Silence of Mourning in Holy City.

CEREMONIES AT VATICAN

Cardinal Oreglia Certifies That Pope Is Dead.

EMBALMING BODY FOR BURIAL

Bells of Four Hundred Churches Toll the Funeral Knell—Ceremony of Final Will Extend Over Nine Days, Ending With Conclave.

The formal verification of Pope Leo's death was made yesterday by Cardinal Oreglia, the cardinal camerlengo.

The body was then embalmed and prepared for burial.

The funeral ceremonies will extend through the next nine days, the public being allowed to view the body in St. Peter's on Friday.

The tomb where the body will finally rest in St. Peter's is being prepared.

ROME, July 21.—The body of Leo XIII lies tonight in the hall of the throne-room, a few steps from the room in which his death took place. The same vestment, the cambric hood, the rochet and the white gown which were put on yesterday cover the form, which rests in semi-state, surrounded by the lighted candles, the noble guard and Franciscan penitentiaries.

Tomorrow morning the diplomatic body, the high dignitaries and the Roman aristocracy will enter the hall to pay their tributes of respect to all that remains of the pope, who won the respect and affection of the world. In the afternoon the body will be arrayed in all the glory of the pontifical robes, the mitre replacing the hood, and at sunset it will be taken into the chapel of the Sacrament of St. Peter, where for three days the public will be given an opportunity of paying a last farewell. The interment will occur Saturday evening.

Embalming the Body.

Today was notable for the impressive ceremonial of the recognition of the death of the pope, which occurred in the morning in the chamber in which he died. Thereafter only those were admitted who were concerned in the embalming of the body, an operation which occupied six hours. Meantime the authorities of the Vatican proceeded with the preparation for the funeral and the conclave and the acknowledgment of the condolences that had been received. Among the latter was a notable message from the German Emperor.

Throughout the day the Vatican was surrounded by crowds, which increased toward night. Several hundred entered St. Peter's at vespers and joined in prayers for the departed. Among these were many Italian officers, whose troops shortly after sunset were marched from the Vatican back to their barracks. At no time had their services been needed. It is not the custom in Italy to wear the conventional emblems of mourning, and hence the crowd which, in consequence of the closing of many places of business, wandered the streets tonight, had more the appearance of an aimless holiday-making throng than one sorrowing for the death of the pope. Into nearly all the churches, however, hundreds not often seen in places of devotion flocked to vespers to say a hurried prayer. Afterward they loitered outside, reading the deep, black-edged proclamations of Cardinal Respighi, the vicar of Rome, concerning the funeral arrangements, the meeting of the conclave, and the church ceremonies.

Four Hundred Bells Toll.

The quiet evening was broken by a chorus, such as the world has seldom heard. On the stroke of eight bells all of Rome's 400 churches commenced to toll bells for the passing of the soul of Leo XIII. In from the seven hills and from every quarter of the city which contained churches came the constant clang, until all was as one vast reverberation. The harsh jingle of the smaller chapel bells striking quickly and more often was not drowned by the solemn strokes that came in mournful measure from the great dome of St. Peter's. It was as if a great fire raged, and every bell in Rome were vying with every other in anxiety to warn the populace. Except in this common motive and common sorrow, it was an amazing discord, which continued an hour, and which will recur nightly until the obsequies are over.

Soldiers Guard the Door.

Nowhere about the esplanade was there the slightest outward sign of mourning, neither on the church front nor on the columns of doors of the Vatican. As the equipages drove up with distinguished prelates, the heavy iron chains continued to keep back the crowd, leaving a small aisle for the arriving carriages. Back of the chains were massed a crowd of curious sightseers. The presence of the Italian soldiery was kept noticeably in the background. At the foot of the stone steps stood an officer of Italian Grenadiers in fatigue uniform and cap, with a small detachment of troops, so broken into squads that they did not have the appearance of being in martial array. With them were the Vatican and municipal soldiers in somber uniforms, with broad chapeaus, some tipped with little blue pompons.

The ponderous bronze doors of the Vati-

Contents of Today's Paper.

Foreign.

Active campaign on behalf of rival candidates for pope. Page 1.

Ceremonies in connection with the death of Pope Leo. Page 1.

Venezuelan rebels driven to their last retreat after desperate battle at Solida. Page 2.

Russia withdraws demands on China, but prepares for war. Page 3.

King Edward welcomed to Ireland. Page 2.

British government will split on tariff issues. Page 2.

National.

Friends of Beavers say Government is afraid to arrest him; but officials explain. Page 3.

General.

Another bad day on stock market. Page 12.

Accused murderer escorted to jail by military, who frighten off hostile cattlemen. Page 1.

Elks' convention in Baltimore elects officers. Page 3.

Indictments for arson and bribery in Breathitt County, Kentucky. Page 3.

Pacific Coast.

Engineer Hammond reports on the portage railway survey. Page 4.

Mysterious disease is killing cattle near Molalla, in Clackamas County. Page 4.

J. E. Miles, of Colville, Wash., accidentally kills his young wife. Page 4.

Naturalist, of Idaho, taken very ill while on a vacation trip. Page 4.

Musie is a special feature of the successful Southern Oregon Chautauqua. Page 4.

Commercial and Marine.

Growing crops in this state show improvement. Page 12.

Oregon and Eastern crop reports. Page 12.

Strang in United States Steel stocks at New York. Page 12.

Wheat firm and higher at Chicago. Page 12.

San Francisco produce quotations. Page 12.

German ship Emile will return with general cargo. Page 12.

China fleet Indramaha arrives at Astoria. Page 14.

Sports.

Shamrock III again beats Shamrock I. Page 11.

Cup-defender's race spoiled by calm and fog. Page 11.

Portland Browns rise to fifth place in Pacific Coast League. Page 11.

Finals of tennis tournament will be played on today. Page 11.

Scores of Pacific National League: Salt Lake 15, San Francisco 7; Seattle 5, Tacoma 4; Helena 4, Los Angeles 4; no game Spokane-Butte. Page 11.

Scores of Pacific Coast League: Portland 11, Sacramento 4; Oakland 6, Seattle 3; no game San Francisco-Los Angeles. Page 11.

Portland and Vicinity.

Examination of claims of Indian war veterans now in progress. Page 11.

Conley City-Adrian branch of Northern Pacific will be completed August 25. Page 10.

Coroner Finley criticizes laxity of physicians, who cover up details of violent deaths. Page 11.

Police search in San Francisco for suspects in Calif murder case. Page 12.

Glaville Dunn, 2 years old, killed by street car before mother's eyes. Page 14.

Harriman line will probably tap Central Oregon by Oregon Short Line branch. Page 8.

WAR IN WYOMING

Army Escorts McCloud to Basin Jail.

CATTLEMEN IN AMBUSH

They Retreat When They See Sheriff Is Ready.

BATTLE SCARCELY AVERTED

Range War Extends Into Oregon and Montana—Many Sheep Slaughtered or Poisoned—Forest Reserves the Cause.

James McCloud, the accused murderer of Benjamin Minnick, the sheepman, was escorted to jail at Basin, Wyo., yesterday by Sheriff Fenton, 40 militiamen and 30 armed sheepmen.

The cattlemen had prepared an ambush for the party, but, on finding it ready for them, withdrew and left it unexecuted.

The war in Wyoming is due to the restriction of the range by the inroads of settlers, and the creation of forest reserves, as in Oregon and other states.

In Montana 1200 sheep of one owner have been poisoned, and near Antelope, Wyo., 20 sheep have been shot down by a cattlemen.

BUTTE, Mont., July 21.—A special to the Miner from Cheyenne, Wyo., says a bloody battle was narrowly averted in the mountains, six miles north of Thermopolis, today, when Sheriff Fenton transferred Jim McCloud, the alleged murderer of Ben Minnick, from the City Jail at Thermopolis to the County Jail at Basin City.

Sheriff Fenton left Thermopolis at 4 o'clock with his prisoner under escort of the Basin Light Artillery of 80 men and 50 picked deputies. Scouts had been sent out at sunrise, and they had reported that a large force of cattlemen and the friends of McCloud were camped on the trail near Cottonwood Creek, and, from preparations being made, they intended to hold up the Sheriff and his party and deliver the prisoner.

Consequently, when Fenton left Thermopolis, he went prepared and expecting a battle. Scouts rode on ahead, and also in the rear and on either flank, but when the cattlemen saw that the soldiers were alert for battle, they quietly slipped away and by making a detour entered Thermopolis. With them was Tom O'Day, the notorious character, who is alleged to have been mixed up in the killing of Minnick, and for whom Sheriff Fenton has a warrant.

McCloud was at once placed in the cell formerly occupied by Walters, the condemned murderer, who was shot to death by a mob Sunday morning, and a strong guard placed about the jail.

HUNDREDS OF SHEEP KILLED.

Poison Scattered on Montana Range With Deadly Effect.

BUTTE, Mont., July 21.—A Miner special from Billings says:

Word comes from Columbus of a heavy loss sustained a few days ago by a well-known sheepman named Grimes. From the report it is learned that some one scattered poison on the range about 12 miles south of Columbus, where Grimes' sheep were ranging, and the sheep ate of it. Over 1200 head are known to have died as a result, and others were made so sick that their death is looked for. Another sheepman is said to have lost over 300 head.

There is no clue to the miscreant.

CATTLEMEN CROWDED OUT.

War is Result of Forest Reserves and Increase in Small Ranches.

HELENA, Mont., July 21.—(Special.)—The range war in Northern Wyoming is a natural outgrowth of the settlement of the country by small ranchers and the inclusion of large areas in forest reserves, both of which tend to crowd the range cattlemen and sheepmen to the wall.

What is left naturally becomes a matter of dispute between the latter two, and as the cattlemen were there first, they naturally look upon the sheepmen as intruders. The cattlemen are particularly severe upon the sheepmen for another potent reason. Range that is once gone over by a band of sheep remains unproductive for years. The cattle, on the other hand, can range upon the same land year after year, as they do not pull up the grass by the roots and devour the whole plant, as do the sheep.

It is only a few months since that an earnest protest was sent to President Roosevelt by the cattlemen of the Big Horn country. Buffalo Bill, otherwise William F. Cody, one of the largest stockmen, personally carried this appeal to Washington, and predicted to the president that, if the sheepmen were not restricted, bloodshed would result.

The experience of Wyoming in this respect is not different from that of Colorado, whose Routt County stockmen's wars are matters of recent history. The same is true of Montana; stockmen are gradually being forced out of the state across the Canadian border, and only today there would have been a serious battle between sheepmen and cattle raisers in the Northern part of this country had not several county officials got wind of the intended raid upon sheepmen and effected a truce.

The trouble in North Wyoming has been

(Continued on Second Page.)

(Continued on Second Page.)