CZAR TO SAY "GO"

Foreigners Must Quit Manchuria.

WORD IS SENT TO CHINA

Opening of Ports Opposed for at Least Six Years.

AMERICANS ARE TAKEN TO TASK

With the English They Are Alleged to Be Engaged in Espionage—Russia Would Delay All Action Till Country Is Tranquilized.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 14.—According to the newspaper Novikral, published at Port Arthur, Russia has informed China that she is compelled to exclude foreigners from Manchuria, and postpone the opening of Manchurian ports, owing to the presence of Englishmen and Americans who, in disguise, are engaged in espionage.

Russia, according to the paper, promises to open the ports six years hence, when the country has been tranquilized and settled.

Russian Ministers End Conference.

CHE FOO, China, July 13.—General Kuropatkin, the Russian War Minister, and staff, who have been present at the important conference at Port Arthur of the Russian Minister to China, M. Lessar, and all the high Russian officials in North China and Manchuria, at which the Russian position in the far East was discussed, left Port Arthur today on their return to St. Petersburg.

PRESS OF JAPAN AGAINST WAR.

Reputable Journals All Favor Making Peace With Russia.

TOKIO, June 27, via San Francisco, July 13.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The Japanese press continues to exhibit excitement as to the Russian attitude in Manchuria and on the borders of Corea, but the Jiji and other papers of high reputation deny the presence of any "crisis" and appeal for arousing of national sentiment to insist upon a peaceable settlement of outstanding Far Eastern problems.

A Japanese cruiser and three torpedo-boat destroyers left Japan for Corean waters on the 25th inst.

The United States Minister has received a report from the American Consul at Che Foo that anAmerican merchant vessel was recently attacked by pirates, who are now active off the coast of Kinchow, in Shinking Province, and whose headquarters are on an island off Foo Chow, of the same province. Viceroy Yuan, in compliance with the United States Minister's request, has sent two Chinese warships on an expedition against the pirates.

The Tartar General at Moukden has telegraphically applied to the Chinese Foreign Office for permission to organize an army of 1000 troops to provide against the outbreak of any insurrection after the withdrawal of Russians from Niu Chwang. The Pekin office has replied that the application will be granted if the General can pay the wages of the troops.

H. E. Sir Chicsen Lo Feng Ku, K. V. O., late Chinese Minister to Great Britain, Belgium and Italy, died May 28, from paralysis, at Foo Chow, his native place.

BRITAIN BRINGS KAISER AROUND.

Germany More Willing to Discuss Canadian Tariff Matter.

LONDON, July 13.—A white paper was issued by the Foreign Office today giving the correspondence between Great Britain and Germany regarding the German-Canadian tariff discussion. The correspondence covers the period from May 1 1897, to June 1, 1903, but the text adds little to theestatements by Foreign Office officials brought in Parliament from time to time.

The general tone of the correspondence indicates a greater willingness on the part of the Germans to discuss in a friendly way the question after Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's public advocacy of a retaliatory tariff policy. On June 27 Germany suggested an interchange of ideas with a view to a friendly settlement. This suggestion was accepted by Lord Lansdowne, although the British Foreign Secretary in closing his note reiterated Great Britain's refusal to admit Germany's right to treat Canada or any other colony granting special tariff concessions to the mother country as a separate customs territory, to be made to suffer by retaliation for privileges granted to the United Kingdom.

POLITICAL CRISIS PASSED.

Premier Katsura Decides to Withdraw His Resignation.

YOKOHAMA, July 13.—The political crisis resulting from the resignation of Premier Katsura has been settled and the Premier has resumed office. The Marquis Ito, who it was thought would be called to succeed Katsura has closed his connection with the opposition political party of the Sei Yuka (constitutional political association) and has accepted the presidency of the privy council.

It is understood that Premier Katsura's threatened retirement was a protest against the interference of the responsible elder statesmen in the governing party. Count Matsukata and Marquis Yamagata have been appointed privy councillors.

Vote of Confidence in New Cabinet.

ATHENS, July 13.—M. Raili, the new Premier, made a statement of the government's policy in the Chamber of Deputies today. The Ministry, he said, would use every effort to secure the withdrawal of the objection made by foreign powers to the current monopoly, and if they were unsuccessful, recourse would be had to other methods to satisfy the people. A vote of confidence in the new Ministry was passed.

German Ambassador Honors King.

LONDON, July 13.—Count Wolfe-Metternich, the German Ambassador, gave a dinner to King Edward at the German Embassy tonight. The guests included the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough, Duchess of Manchester, the Duchess of Buccleuth, Sir Frank O. Lascelles, the British Ambassador at Berlin and Alfred de Rothschild.

Boston Paper Changes Hands.

NEW YORK, July 13.—It is announced today that the controlling interest in the Boston Traveller, which was recently purchased through Charles M. Palmer, is owned by J. H. Fahey, Associated Press correspondent at Boston, who will assume the management of the paper at once. The Traveller is 79 years of age, being one of the oldest dailies in the Northeast. It will remain an independent Democratic paper. The Litchfield interests, which have been in control of the paper since 1896, have disposed of all their rights in the Traveller.

RAILWAY MAN IS DEAD.

J. J. Frey, Former Manager of the Santa Fe, Passes Away.

SEDALIA, Mo., July 13.—J. J. Frey, formerly manager of the Santa Fe Railway, died here today after a long illness from kidney troubles, aged 55 years. Mr. Frey entered the railway service when 17 years of age as a messenger boy on the Ohio & Mississippi. He became night dispatcher on that road and in 1868 became trainmaster on the Missouri Pacific. In 1872 he was made trainmaster on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, and later became successively superintendent of the telegraph, division superintendent, keeper and general manager of that road. In 1882 he was made general manager of the Santa Fe, which position he resigned in November, 1899.

Prominent Civil War General.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13. — General John Q. Lane, of this city, died today at the home of his son-in-law at Atlantic City, N. J. General Lane fought throughout the Civil War at the head of an Ohio regiment and was breveted Brigadier-General for conspicuous services. On one occasion with 800 men he blocked the advance of the Confederate Army under General Hood and received credit for saving the Union Army of the West.

Pioneer to California in 1859.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Francis Granger Adams is dead at his home near Coxsackie, on the Hudson. Mr. Adams was one of the pioneers to California in 1849. Later he became engaged in the banking business in Chicago, and his bank was one of the few that passed successfully through the trying times of 1857.

Member of Union League Club.

PARIS, July 13.—The United States Consulate here has received information of the sudden death at the Hotel des Ambassedeurs at Vichy, of George Harral, a member of the Union League Club of New York.

A Distinguished German.

VIENNA, July 13.—Benjamin Von Kallay, for a long time Austro-Hungarian Finance Minister, died today, after a brief illness. He was born in 1839, and was the author of several historical works.

Widely-Known Railroad Man.

FORT SMITH, Ark., July 13.—Frederick Bond, chief engineer of the Fort Smith & Western Railroad, is dead here, aged 52. Mr. Bond was one of the most widely-known railroad men in the West.

Chicago Business Man.

CHICAGO, July 13.—Thomas Chalmers, one of the founders of the firm of Frazer & Chalmers, died today, aged 88 years.

UNION MEN RETURN.

The Walking Delegate in New York Receives a Severe Rebuff.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Some 20,000 skilled mechanics in the building trades returned to work under the modified plans of the Employers' Association. The number will be increased to 50,000 by Wednesday, unions with that mmbership having voted to accept the terms of the employers, one of the effects of which is to do away with walking delegates and refer all disputes to a joint board of arbitration. With the mechanics a large number of laborers returned to work, and operations were resumed by material supply men.

Miners Discuss Wages.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 13.—Four conventions were in session in this city today. They were the Interstate Convention of Miners, Miners' District Convention, Joint Conference Convention and Operators' Convention. All were executive sessions and the discussion of a scale was the principal topic of all four bodies. John Mitchell was elected committeeman at large and will sit in the conference. The general scale committee appointed at the operators' convention will serve in this convention. The scale was not made public, but it is understood that the raise to the miners will be 12½ per cent all round and a raise of 50 cents had been adopted by the operators.

Chicago Freighthandlers Walk Out.

CHICAGO, July 13.—All the freighthandlers employed by the Chicago Terminal Transfer Company at its Western Avenue Depot struck today because of the discharge Saturday of 21 men who refused to handle freight from the Kellogg Switchboard & Signal Company. Pickets turned away every teamster who sought to deliver goods at the depots. The teamsters made no objection and appeared to be in sympathy with the strikers. Business at the station is temporarily at a standstill.

LEASES TO TRUST ENDED

Receiver of Ship Combine Cuts Off the Subsidiary Plants.

NEW YORK, July 13.—A long conference between Receiver Smith and counsel was held at the offices of the United States Shipbuilding Company today. The conference, the receiver said, was one of many which have been held lately in regard to the legal phases of the receivership. eH said that he had signed an order terminating the leases of the subsidiary shipbuilding plants.

In the organization of the United States Shipbuilding Company, he said, the properties of the subsidiary shipbuilding companies were acquired and then leased back to the subsidiary companies for one year, with a proviso by which they may be terminated at a five days' notice by the parent company. The properties were leased upon a rental to consist of the earnings of the plants.

In order to get in control of the properties, the receiver had terminated these leases. The order, the receiver stated, did not include the Bethlehem Steel plant.

"The Bethlehem Steel Company does not stand on a par with the other subsidiary companies?" was asked of the receiver.

"Well, we do not know yet," the receiver replied. "Even the lawyers seem in doubt about that."

Smith Takes Oath as Receiver.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 13.—In the United States Circuit Court today James Smith, Jr., of Newark, N. J., took the necessary oath before Judge Bradford, as receiver of the United States Shipbuilding Company for the District of Delaware, and gave bond in the sum of $50,000, the American Surety Company, of New York being on the bond. Mr. Smith at once assumed his duties as receiver of the local plant, formerly the establishment of the Harlan & Hollingsworth Company. The receivership, it is said, will make no difference with respect to the affairs of the Harlan & Hollingsworth Company, which will be operated as heretofore.

Order in Ship-Trust Receivership.

PORTLAND, Me., July 13.—Judge Putnam today ordered that a notice returnable July 21 be given on a petition that James Smith, Jr., of Newark, N. J., receiver of the United Shipbuilding Company, be appointed ancillary receiver for this district.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

If Baby Is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and diarrhoea.

Summer weakness can be avoided if the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla

COTTON IS HIS HOST

Prince of Wales Entertained on American Ship.

BATTLESHIP WELL INSPECTED

All the Vessels Fire the Royal Salute as the Son of the King Boards the Kearsarge—Notable Party at Dinner In Honor.

PORTSMOUTH, England, July 13.—The Prince of Wales visited the United States squadron this morning and breakfasted with Rear-Admiral Cotton, on the flagship Kearsarge. All the ships in the harbor and the Channel fleet, at Spithead, dressed ship, rainbow fashioned, firing a royal salute as the Prince boarded the American flagship.

The Prince was received on the quarter-deck on the Kearsarge by Admiral Cotton, and his officers and the party descended to the Admiral's cabin for breakfast, at which President Roosevelt and King Edward were toasted.

Admiral Cotton subsequently escorted the Prince of Wales around the ship, after which the Prince landed, while the warships fired another royal salute, and took a train for London.

The deck of the Kearsarge presented an eventful scene at the time of the Prince of Wales' visit, who was uniformed. The British union jack was flying at the mainmast and the whole ship was dressed in rainbow fashion. Crossing a red-draped gangway, the Prince, who was accompanied by Ambassador Choate, the Earl of Selborne, First Lord of the Admiralty, and others passed through the line of sailors. With Admiral Cotton and Captain Hemphill standing with their hands at their chapeaux, the drums and bugles sounding four flourishes, and in response to a signal from the flagship all the American vessels hoisted the royal standard at the main and fired a salute of 21 guns.

As the first gun boomed all the ships in the harbor, including the royal yachts, the Victory, and the Channel fleet, lying off Spithead, dressed ship. After saluting Admiral Cotton and Captain Hemphill the Prince of Wales shook hands with them, walked aftward, being saluted by the marine guard. Arriving on the quarter-deck, the Prince saluted the other guests, and proceeded below to the quarters of the Admiral and Captain, which for the occasion were thrown together, the tables being tastefully decorated with flowers.

Present at the Dinner.

The Prince sat on Admiral Cotton's right. The other guests at the same table were Lord Selborne, Ambassador Choate, Admiral Lord Kerr, Field Marshal Roberts, Sir Charles C. Hotham, Sir Archbald Milne, Vice-Admiral Beresford, Rear-Admiral Henderson, Captain Charles Lambton, Rear-Admiral Sir Edward W. Chichester, Henry White, secretary of the United States Embassy; Captain Stockton, the United States Naval attache, and other American and British officers. There were no speeches after the breakfast, the company merely rising and toasting the King and the President, the band in the meantime playing national airs.

Before inspecting the Kearsarge, the Prince of Wales changed his full dress for a fatigue cost. He evinced a deep interest in the superimposed turrets and in response to the Prince's request Captain Hemphill conducted him inside the forward double turret. The Prince stopped to enter the lower turret and mounted the ladder leading to the upper eight-inch guns' turret.

"Did the German Emperor do this?" asked the Prince.

Captain Hemphill replied:

"Emperor William never got so high."

On the Prince of Wales expressing a desire to inspect the ship, Captain Hemphill escorted him along the gun deck of the superstructure and also below. The Prince apparently had already some knowledge of the Kearsarge, as he was familiar with her characteristics, and made remarks about her especially good ventilation. At the conclusion of the inspection the Prince complimented Captain Hemphill on the splendid condition of the battleship.

Gun Operated for the Visitor.

The Prince of Wales asked numerous questions regarding the superposed turrets, particularly inquiring how rapidly the guns could be lowered. Midshipman Belknap, in charge of the forward turrets, ordered a round of ammunition from the magazine to the 13-inch gun. The operation was rapidly performed to the apparent gratification of his royal highness.

"The Prince is a naval officer, and knows what he is talking about," said Captain Hemphill.

The departure of the Prince of Wales was marked by the same ceremony as on his arrival. He came on deck accompanied by Admiral Cotton, saluted and shook hands with the Admiral and the officers of the Kearsarge and the Captains of the other American ships. As the Prince crossed the gangway Lieutenant William V. Pratt, of the Kearsarge, shouted, "Three cheers for His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales." Th sume cry arose simultaneously on the American ships, and the crews of the four vessels heartily hurrahed, the Prince standing in the center of a group of officers with his hand at salute.

Obeying a sharp order, the detachment presented arms, while the British band struggled, with rather poor success, through "The Star Spangled Banner." As the escort marched away, the Americans again rendered "God Save the King."

As the Prince's train pulled out from the station the American squadron fired a royal salute and the bands played "God Save the King." Not to be ousted in courtesy, Admiral Beresford took up a position in front of the British blue jackets forming the royal escort, who were drawn up on the dock facing the battleship Kearsarge.

Kingston Extends Invitation to Fleet

The chairman of the Town Council of Kingston, Ireland, today telegraphed a cordial invitation to the American squadron to visit Kingstown during its visit to Ireland. Admiral Cotton replied, expressing his warm appreciation of the invitation and his deep regret at being unable to accept it, as the squadron will sail for Lisbon next Thursday.

The British officers gave a ball tonight in the naval barracks in honor of the American visitors. Five hundred persons were present, including the majority of the American officers, Consul-General Evans and the Misses Evans, Mrs. McCrea, wife of Commander McCrea, of the Machias; Mrs. Cowie, wife of the paymaster of the Chicago; Miss Cowie and Mrs. Hodges.

The warrant officers of the Kearsarge gave a smoker tonight to the warrant officers of the British ships. Admiral Cotton has invited several hundred officers and officials with their families to a reception on board the flagship tomorrow afternoon.

FLOODS COST THIRTY LIVES.

Record-Breaking High Water in Germany Severely Damages Crops.

BERLIN, July 13.—The highest floods known in the region for many years are reported from Silesia. Nearly the whole town of Troppau was under water. The crops of the entire district were destroyed and traffic at several points interrupted, owing to the destruction of bridges and embankments. In the Sudeten Valley all the villages were flooded so rapidly that 30 of the inhabitants were drowned. Fifty houses ware destroyed. Even the town of Breslau is reported to be in danger, and the firemen have been called out to repair the dykes protecting the city from the overflowing river Oder. Terrible hail storms have devastated the country along the lower Rhine. The damage to the wine crop is incalculable. Several persons were killed by lightning.

AUSTRIANS LOST IN FLOOD.

Thirty People Meet Death In Freshet Which Prevails at a Village.

BRESLAU, Prussia, July 13.—Thirty lives have been lost in a flood which has destroyed 50 houses at Graeffenberg, a village of Austria, in the Valley of Friedwalds.

NATIONAL FRIENDSHIP FOSTERED.

Britain Believes It Scored a Triumph on the Visit of Loubet.

NEW YORK, July 13.—King Edward's visits to Portugal, Italy and France; President Loubet's reception in London and the toasts and sentiments exchanged with the officers of the American squadron force upon German politicians certain facts sometimes studiously ignored, says a Berlin dispatch to the Times by way of London. The leading part played by King Edward in developing British foreign relations is becoming generally recognized. Moreover, the popularity of the British government's foreign policy is beginning to be appreciated.

Attempts to make out that the whole British nation, including the parliamentary opposition, does not stand behind the government with its friendship for America, France and Italy and its alliances with Portugal and Japan, become daily more feeble and intermittent. The friendship of those nations which on both sides of the Atlantic stand for progress in liberty's paths is recognized to be a sort of Gulf Stream, encircling and warming the world and bearing everywhere, by the happiest coincidences, the surest guarantee of freedom in the invincible and unapproachable naval power of the co-operating empires and states.

DUBLIN WILL SNUB KING.

Council Votes Down Presentation of an Address of Welcome.

DUBLIN, July 13.—Wild scenes today marked the second day's debate by the Municipal Corporation on the question of presenting an address of welcome to King Edward on his arrival in Dublin. The public gallery was filled with people long before the meeting. Lord Mayor Harrington made a violent speech against the address, and compared the Nationalists who favored it to men "who had sold the Irish people."

Maud Gonne was among the demonstrators, who continued the uproar until the Lord Mayor finally called in the police, who cleared the hall.

After a stormy sitting of four hours the motion in favor of the address was defeated by 40 to 37 votes.

The procession of Orangemen on returning from today's demonstration here were accompanied by Nationalists, and a serious riot ensued. There was an exchange of missiles, many windows were broken, and a number of policemen and civilians were injured. Reinforcements of police restored order. Similar rioting occurred at Carrick Hill.

PLACE FOR WU TING FANG.

Ex-Chinese Minister Is Given an Opportunity to Utilize Knowledge.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Minister Conger, at Pekin, has informed the State Department that Wu Ting Fang, ex-Chinese Minister to the United States, has been appointed second assistant in the corps of under-secretaries.

"While," says Mr. Conger, "this gives Mr. Wu nominally only a clerical place, yet it makes an opportunity for utilizing his foreign knowledge and experience if the Foreign Office so desires."

Minister Conger reports also that Mr. Lien Fang has been promoted to the position of first secretary or director of the Board of Foreign Affairs, vice Mr. Na Tung, the present president of the Board of Revenue, and that Mr. Ku Pi Hsin has been appointed second secretary and director of the Board of Foreign Affairs.

FREE-FOOD LEAGUE IS FORMED.

Britain Has More Trouble on Hand Over Fiscal Policy.

LONDON, July 13.—The Unionist Free Traders held another meeting tonight under the chairmanship of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer, in a committee room in the House of Commons. A Unionist Free Food League was formally organized and it was announced that a large campaign fund was accumulating. The league will immediately start an educational crusade. An appeal will be made to Premier Balfour to set an early date for a full fiscal debate.

TO AVENGE KILLING OF KING.

Servian Authorities Unearth a Plot to Slay Leader of Assassins.

BUCHAREST, Roumania, July 13.—It is said that the Servian authorities have unearthed a conspiracy to avenge the late King Alexander. A Lieutenant of the garrison has been arrested, charged with making threats against Colonel Maschin. A search of the Lieutenant's quarters disclosed evidence that 12 officers had formed a league to take vengeance upon the regicides.

GREAT CYCLONE ON ISLAND.

One Hundred and Fifty People Are Killed and Great Ruin Done.

MARSEILLES, July 13.—The mail from Haiphong brings news of a terrible cyclone in the French possession Tonquin, June 8. One hundred and fifty natives were killed and many villages laid in ruins.

Appeal on Sentence for Ensign.

BERLIN, July 13.—Admiral von Koster, Inspector-General of the navy, has given notice of an appeal against the revised sentence of 2½ years' incarceration in a fortress imposed on Naval Ensign Hussner, for killing Artilleryman Hartman because the latter did not salute the former properly. This action is taken upon the unanimous demand of the newspapers of all parties.

Prince and Princess of Wales' Ball.

LONDON, July 13.—In the beautiful temporary ballroom erected on the grounds of Marlborough House the Prince and Princess of Wales tonight gave their first ball since the death of Queen Victoria. The scene was a very brilliant one, the guests including the King and Queen and 30 other members of the royal family.

Another Servian Assassin Promoted.

BELGRADE, July 13.—Major Lazarovics, who is credited with firing the first shot at King Alexander, having threatened to resign because his name was omitted from the list of King Peter's birthday promotions, has been made a Lieutenant-Colonel.

French Imports Are Increasing.

PARIS, July 13.—The imports for the past six months increased $28,570,800, and the exports decreased $3,731,600.

Do It Now.

Now is the time to get rid of that cough, for if you let it hang on no one can tell what the result may be. Others have been cured of their coughs very quickly by using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mr. A. J. Da Costa, of Gainesville, Fla., says, "A friend of mine, a painter of this town, who was nearly dead with a cough, was cured by one bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He also recommended it to a lady here, who was suffering from grippe and a severe cough. She gratified him by trying it and was cured by one small bottle." This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

TO SUCCEED SANGER

Colonel R. S. Oliver Is Made Assistant to Root.

PROMINENT NEW YORK IRONMAN

Appointment as Assistant Secretary of War Is Satisfactory to Senators —No Truth in Report That Low Is to Get McCormick's Place.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., July 13.—At the conference today between President Roosevelt and Secretary Root, it was decided to appoint Robert Shaw Oliver, of Albany, to be assistant Secretary of War, vice William Cary Sanger, resigned. Mr. Sanger has decided to retire on account of ill health of his wife.

The appointment has been in contemplation for some time, as it has been known that Secretary Sanger desired to retire. His resignation was placed in the hands of the President to be accepted as soon as convenient.

It has not been decided definitely when General Oliver will assume his new office, but as Colonel Sanger desires to relinquish his duties as soon as possible, the probabilities are that General Oliver will undertake as soon as he can arrange his business affairs.

The appointment of General Oliver, it can be said, is quite satisfactory to Senators Platt and Depew, who were consulted regarding it.

General Oliver served in the Civil War as a volunteer officer, and subsequently served as an officer of the regular Army establishment in both the infantry and cavalry branches. For many years he has been identified with the National Guard of New York, and is now a Brigadier-General in command of the brigade whose headquarters are at Albany. General Oliver is engaged in the iron business, and is quite as prominent in commercial circles as he is in military affairs.

In connection with the consideration of appointments, it can be said that the President has not thought seriously of naming Charles S. Francis, of Troy, N. Y., as Ambassador to Italy, because, so far as the President is aware, Ambassador Meyer has no intention of abandoning that post. The rumor, it is said, is on the same footing with that which indicated that Ambassador McCormick was to retire from St. Petersburg, to be succeeded by Mayor Low, of New York. Both stories are hot with gossip, with not the slightest foundation.

Secretary Root is still the guest of President Roosevelt. He will leave for Washington tomorrow morning. He and the President have considered the Alaskan boundary question with some care during his visit. The Secretary will leave for London on the steamer Celtic on August 22. The sessions of the Joint Commission will begin on September 3.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt entertained a large party at luncheon today at Sagamore Hill. In addition to Secretary Root and the house guests, the party included Archbishop Farley, John D. Crimmins, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob A. Riis, James H. Sheffield, Fred W. Holls, all of New York, and Judge Brentano and Civil Service Commissioner W. A. Cooley.

It was announced that the visit of Archbishop Farley was prompted by a desire to pay his respects to the President, but as he was accompanied by Mr. Crimmins, who is prominent in Catholic church affairs, it is quite certain that matters in which both the church and the Government are interested were discussed. It is known, in fact, that Catholic questions in the Philippines were considered, the presence of Secretary Root adding materially to a full and free discussion of the subject. The visit of other members of the party was purely social.

POSTAL FRAUDS DRAGGING ALONG.

Postmaster-General Is Unable to Announce Any Developments.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Postmaster-General Payne had no developments in the Postoffice investigation cases to announce today. Charles Hedges, superintendent of city free delivery service, against whom charges have been made, which are under investigation, had an interview with the Postmaster-General, but the latter stated subsequently that there was no change in Mr. Hedges' case.

Mr. Bristow had a long conference with Mr. Payne regarding the progress of the investigation. John M. Masten, assistant superintendent of the railway mail service, was examined by the inspectors in the private office of Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow. Subsequently the statement was made that the inspectors wanted information about certain matters that occurred, while Mr. Masten was acting First Assistant Postmaster-General several years ago. At that time Mr. Masten approved the contract with a Binghamton Company for time clocks and had occasion to pass on such matters.

CHARGED WITH INSUBORDINATION.

Official in Lead-Assay Scandal In Texas Figures With Government.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The Treasury Department today confirmed the report that gross irregularities had been charged in connection with the assay of imported lead ores at El Paso, Texas. The Department was asked by the collector there to appoint a commission with Government Storekeeper Fulkerson as chairman to investigate the charges. This the Department declined to do, instead directing Special Agents Evans at El Paso and Johnson at New Orleans to make the investigation, and instructed Mr. Fulkerson to turn over to the special agent any facts in his possession bearing upon the subject. Mr. Fulkerson refused to do this on the ground that agents would not treat his evidence as confidential, thereupon the Department directed that charges be preferred against Fulkerson for insubordination.

It is reported that Fulkerson has resigned but the Department has no knowledge of this action if it has been taken. The investigation is now in progress.

Postal Clerks Again Under Fire.

NEW YORK, July 13.—There seems to be much speculation in the postoffice today over the sudden return to the city of half a dozen postal inspectors. It is said that some of the postal inspectors served a number of subpenas today on officials of trust companies and banks, requiring them to produce the books of their concerns before a "John Doe" investigation scheduled to be held within a few days in Washington. The nature of the investigation could not be ascertained, and the names of those served were guarded with great secrecy.

Naturalization Law Made Plain.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The State Department has given notice that it has construed the naturalization law passed by the last Congress, requiring it to reject all certificates of naturalization issued after July 3, 1903, which fail to set forth the fact that the person naturalized is not opposed to all organized governments and likewise is not affiliated with any organization so opposed, also, that he does not advocate the killing of officers of the government.

Bank Circulation Is Increasing.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The amount of the three and four per cent bonds so far received at the Treasury for exchange into two per cent consols is $77,660,350. These refunding operations, which will close on July 31, it is said, at the Treasury Department, have to date resulted in increased or new circulation of National bank notes to the amount of approximately $23,000,000.

Treaty Is Dragging Along.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—United States Minister Beaupre cabled the State Department today from Bogota that the Panama Canal treaty is dragging along before the Colombian Congress. He does not indicate its chance of ratification.

Silver for Philippine Coinage.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The Director of the Mint today purchased 75,000 ounces of silver for Philippine coinage at an average of 53.85 cents an ounce, delivered in Philadelphia.

Hawaiian Appropriation Bill.

HONOLULU, July 13.—(By Pacific cable.)—The extra session of the Legislature appropriated $3,500,000, being $2,000,000 over the estimated government receipts.

CASTRO'S MEN WINNING.

Venezuelan Forces Capture a Strong Point Held by the Rebels.

SOLEDAD, Venezuela, Friday, July 10. —Soledad, which is a stratgetic position opposite Ciudad Bolivar, on the Orininoco River, has been taken by government troops. The Associated Press correspondent, who came overland with the government forces from Maturin, witnessed the shelling today of the strong trenches constructed along the river front before Ciudad Bolivar by the revolutionists. It is believed that the government troops will make a landing on that side of the river upon the arrival of General Gomez, the government Commander-in-Chief, who is expected Monday with a fleet which will co-operate in a general attack on the city. It is learned through deserters that General Gomez, before entering the valley of the Orinoco defeated the revolutionists under General Antonio Paredes, who surrendered Puerto Cabello in 1859, and who was subsequently captured by the Liberals near Irapa.

General Gomez thus secured the safety of his rear guard. Notwithstanding local public opinion to the contrary in government circles, it is not believed that General Rolando, who holds Ciudad Bolivar, will be able to resist the government attacks.

Plague in Chile Stops the Mail.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—United States Minister Wilson makes from Santiago de Chile a rather long report by cable to the State Department touching the plague. He says the disease has spread to nearly all Chilean ports; that the postal service is disorganized, and that no American mail has been received at Santiago for nine weeks.

Nicaragua Again Going Ahead.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Senor Corea, the Nicaraguan Minister, who has just returned to his post here, after a visit to Managua, paid his respects to Secretary Hay today and gave an interesting picture of the rapid improvement of conditions in Nicaragua since the last insurrection.

AGAINST CANAL TREATY

Canvass of Colombian Senate Shows Three to One Oppose Measure.

NEW YORK, July 13.—A rough canvass of the Colombian Senate seems to show that only one-fourth of the members are favorable to the Hay-Herran canal treaty, without amendments, says a Herald's dispatch from Bogota. The Colombian government has not officially assumed responsibility for the treaty. Serious debating will be begun Tuesday. Dr. Rico, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, has sent a message to Congress on the treaty, following the same lines as was sent to the United States Senate by President Roosevelt.

PLAGUE OF MOSQUITOES.

London Suburbs Are Finding Life Almost a Burden.

LONDON, July 13.—Life is becoming a burden hard to be borne in the suburbs of London bordering upon the lower Thames by reason of a plague of mosquitoes. All inhabited places adjacent to the wide Thames marsh ground of Woolwich and Greenwich, and even high and wholesome land toward Blackheath are groaning under a common incubus. In Eastham Hospital the attendants are obliged to cover the beds with muslin curtains, a thing heretofore never known.

Town Celebrates Its Founding.

NAHANT, Mass., July 13.—With band concerts, sports and other pleasurable features, the celebration of the semi-centennial of the founding of Nahant, begun with appropriate religious services, was continued today. The town formally welcomed the officers of the North Atlantic squadron, the vessels having come to take part in the ceremonies, and having had extended to them the freedom of the town.

Open Sores

can be cleaned out, the suppuration stopped, and a cure effected by the use of

Hydrozone

Only morbid matter is destroyed by this marvelous germicide, which allows Nature to build up healthy tissue. Absolutely harmless.

Used and indorsed by leading physicians everywhere.

When not at your druggist's, sent prepaid on receipt of 25 cents for trial bottle.

The genuine bears my signature on every bottle. Address 62b

Prof. Charles Marchand, Prince Street, New York.

FREE—Valuable Booklet on How to Treat Diseases.

ECZEMA SETS THE SKIN ON FIRE

No disease causes so much bodily discomfort, or itches, and burns like Eczema. Beginning often with a slight redness of the skin it gradually spreads, followed by pustules or blisters from which a gummy, sticky fluid oozes which dries and scales off or forms bad looking sores and scabs. It appears on different parts of the body but oftenest upon the back, arms, hands, legs and face, and is a veritable torment at times, especially at night or when overheated.

In 1890 I experienced at times patches on the inside of my hands that itched and burned, causing much discomfort. As time went by it grew worse, and I was convinced that I was afflicted with Eczema. I consulted several physicians and a number of specialists, and used several external applications, receiving but slight temporary relief. In February I decided to try S. S. S., and in less than a month I experienced a change for the better, and by May all symptoms had disappeared, and I found myself entirely cured, and have had no return of the disease since. W. P. BRUSH, Manager Stockman's Advertising Agency. Station A, Kansas City, Mo.

The cause of Eczema is a too acid and general unhealthy condition of the blood. The terrifying itching and burning is produced by the overflow through the glands and pores of the skin of the fiery poisons with which the blood-current is overloaded. While external applications, such as washes, soaps, salves and powders aresoot hing and cooling they do not enter into the blood itself or touch the real cause of the disease, but S. S. S. does, and purifies, enriches, and strengthens the thin acid blood and cleanses and builds up the general system, when the skin clears off and Eczema with all its terrifying symptoms disappears.

SSS

Send for our free book on the Skin and its diseases. No charge for medical advice. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

RIDE FOR LIFE ON CAR.

Fifteen People to Escape From Fire Jump Into a Subway Excavation.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Fifteen persons have been hurt by falling into the subway excavation at Lenox avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, after jumping from a burning trolley car, on which they had a thrilling ride for several blocks, while the motorman was making desperate efforts to reach a fire engine house. The car was filled with about 80 passengers, mostly women and children. When they discovered the fire many tried to jump, but the motorman put on the full power. He had not gone two blocks before the car was enveloped in flames.

The conductor saw that there was danger of burning the whole carload of passengers and rang the bell. The car came to a stop right over the excavations for the subway. The passengers piled off on top of one another. The planking over the hole collapsed and about 25 persons were carried down. Those on the bottom were severely bruised, but only one was in a serious condition.

Three Die in Powder-Mill Explosion.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 13.—An explosion occurred at 1:30 P. M. today at the Laflin Powder Mills, near Moosic, 12 miles from here. Three were killed and several others were mortally injured, it is thought. The force of the explosion interfered with telephone communication and accurate particulars are difficult to obtain.

As far as can be learned the corning mill, glaze mill and the press buildings were all demolished. The killed were:

JOHN DAY, his sons, ALFRED and ALEXANDER, all three of Laflin.

Thomas Hayes, of Yatesville, and Josiah Pierce, of Moosic, were fatally burned.

The loss will reach thousands of dollars. The origin of the accident is not known.

WEALTY MAN A SUICIDE.

Well-Known New Yorker Turns on the Gas and Soon Passes Away.

NEW YORK, July 13. — Edward D. Phelps, formerly a well-known piano manufacturer of Brooklyn, and more recently a broker of the Consolidated Stock Exchange and real estate operator, was found dead in bed at his home today. The room was full of gas, and the police and Coroner's reports give his death as suicide. Waldo Phelps, a son, declared that his father had died of heart failure under natural circumstances. Mr. Phelps was 52 years of age. When he retired from business, 18 years ago, he was reputed a millionaire.

Accept Invitation.

OGDEN, Utah, July 13.—Word has been received by the board of control of the Irrigation Congress that Governor Peabody, of Colorado, has accepted the invitation to be present, and will attend with his staff.

Disfigured Skin

Wasted muscles and decaying bones.

What havoc!

Scrofula, let alone, is capable of all that, and more.

It is commonly marked by bunches in the neck, inflammations in the eyes, dyspepsia, catarrh, and general debility.

It is always radically and permanently cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which expels all humors, cures all eruptions, and builds up the whole system, whether young or old.

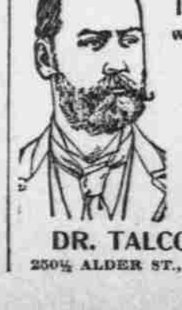
Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.



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