NOT ALL ARE GUILTY

Dr. Hutchinson Replies to Attack of Butchers.

LAW IS FOR THE EVILDOERS

State Health Officer Says No Man Knows When He May Have Embalmed Meat or Sausage Served to Him.

The statement of the retail butchers that they favor a city ordinance for the rigid inspection of meat is welcomed by Dr. Woods Hutchinson, secretary of the State Board of Health, but he does not by any means admit that he has exaggerated the extent to which unwholesome and chemically treated meat is sold. His position is that inspection has no terrors for the honest butchers who sell good meat, and that it is needed both to protect the public and to guard the sellers of good meat from the competition of those who disguise putrid meat with preservatives.

"The expressions of dissatisfaction from the meat dealers are no more than I expected," said he to an Oregonian reporter yesterday when he was asked what he had to say in answer to the strictures of the butchers:

"Indeed, they are far less, as no man likes to be told that any one in his profession or trade has been conducting himself dishonorably or dishonestly, and the statements which apply to not more than perhaps one-third of the dealers are naturally enough resented by the other two-thirds. I have not the slightest doubt, nor have I at any time said anything indicating such a doubt, that two-thirds of the butchers of Portland are conducting an honorable and honest trade, and are endeavoring, so far as they can, to supply their customers with sound and wholesome meat. Against these men the ordinance is not in any way directed. Like all other laws, it is intended not for the honest man, but for the shyster and criminal. As the butchers themselves say, such a law would be a positive benefit to the great majority of them, who are doing and desire to do only an honest business and deal only in clean meat, as it would relieve them from the underbidding and competition of dishonest men who will buy defective meat at low prices.

Make Bad Practices Impossible.

"I am exceedingly glad to find, as I fully expected, that the great majority of Portland butchers are now strongly in favor of the ordinance, but this fact does not in any sense render that ordinance less necessary. No chain is stronger than its weakest link, and, while probably not more than one-third or one-fourth of the meat sold in Portland is unwholesome, no one can tell when he may find a piece of that one-third or one-fourth on his plate. It is not enough to say, as is perfectly true, that conscientious butchers or honest farmers, who are unquestionably in the majority, as in all the ranks of life, will not supply their patrons with bad meat, but it must be rendered impossible for the dishonorable and conscienceless individual to do so.

Can't Easily Detect Disease.

"Further than this, the ordinance will be helpful in another way. Though granting fully the intention of the majority of Portland butchers to supply only good meat, I could not by any means, as a sanitarian, grant their competence or ability to do so in all cases. This is for the reason that it has come to be almost an axiom among sanitarians and meat inspectors that no meat can be pronounced thoroughly safe that has not been inspected in the slaughter-house at the time it was killed. By one of those curious and gruesome apparent contradictions which we every now and then meet in the field of life, cattle in the early stages of serious disease will frequently appear not merely in as good condition as their fellows, but even better. Cattle in the early or even middle stages of tuberculosis of the lungs will lay on fat with remarkable rapidity. In several instances already the prize cow or steer at the great fat stock shows in the large cities has been found on slaughtering to have its lungs riddled with tuberculosis. The same is also true of sheep in the early stages of the liver-fluke disease. So well is this known that feeders will actually turn their flocks into a swampy pasture, which is known to be infested with liver-fluke, in order to fatten them up rapidly before killing. The explanation of these anomalies probably is that anything which tends to produce an anemic condition tends to clog the fires of the organism, so to speak, and to promote the formation of fat, just as poultry-fanciers shut up the unfortunate Strasburg goose in a darkroom in order to make its liver turn into fat. So that, while in many cases it is possible to judge by the inspection of a quarter or even a joint of meat whether any animal from which it was taken was diseased or not, in fully one third of the cases it would be practically impossible to determine. The public, in my judgment, is entitled to protection not merely from the rascality of the dishonest butcher or farmer, but also from the mistakes of the honest one.

Sausage "Doped and Linked."

"As to my statements in regard to sausage, which seem to have stirred up so much resentment, all I can say is that most of them were based on bitter personal experience from experiments on my own person after eating sausage from six or seven of the supposedly best shops in Portland, and that no one regrets it more keenly than I do. In my visits of inspection I have seen material being thrown into the sausage machines in the rear of butcher shops in this city which I should scarcely think fit for anything but dog meat. As I say, no one regrets this situation more keenly than myself, but I should be false to my idea of my responsibility and duty to the state whose health officer I have the honor to be if I did not state the facts frankly and freely in order to bring about improvement.

"The statements of Dr. Biersdorf and the admissions of Mr. Miller are also true as to the coloring of sausage. What the matter may be I do not know, but I do know that I have seen sausage pulp come out of the machine of a dirty gray color, while that which lay in the window had a beautiful pink tint. Butchers have themselves admitted to me without the slightest hesitation that not only was the meat colored, but that after the sausages had been placed in the skins they would pink it over, their only contention being that the pink was entirely harmless.

Crux of Whole Question.

"This brings me to the crux of the entire question of the disinfectants, deodorizers, preservatives, coloring matters and the like. It is not enough that they should be injurious in themselves to require their disallowance. The fact that they conceal dangerous changes in the meat to which they are applied is our real objection. If a butcher wishes to sell meat to a customer who can appreciate that kind of thing, he has a perfect right to do so, provided his customer knows just what he is buying. If, however, he covers the odors of incipient putrefaction with disinfectants, no matter how harmless, he is acting dishonestly. Boracic acid is probably nearly harmless to the healthy organism in the amount in which it would be swallowed upon treated meat, but, if by diminishing the odor of decay it enables meat to pass the challenge of our stomach's best guardian, the nose, then it is as harmful as any poison."

Dr. Hutchinson said that he thought there would be no difficulty in securing the services of a competent veterinarian as meat inspector at the salary proposed by the Mulkey ordinance, $1200 a year. It would not be necessary that the inspector should be a bacteriologist, as there would not be much of this kind of work, and it could be given out at fixed fees. The ordinance provides that all meat bearing the Government stamp shall be passed, so that only about half the city's meat supply would remain to be inspected. At the most, one assistant would suffice to keep up with the work.

"According to your statement, it would be necessary for the Civil Service Commission to apply some olfactory test to the candidates for the office. What should that be?" asked the reporter.

"I have not gone into the subject deeply enough to form an opinion on that point," answered the doctor with a laugh.

COUNCILMEN FOR INSPECTION.

City Lawmakers Favor an Ordinance That Can Be Enforced.

The meat and milk inspection ordinance is not agitating the City Council to any great extent. In fact, a number of the honorable body admitted, yesterday afternoon, that they had given the matter no thought, nor even read the newspaper accounts of the question that is at the present time worrying many of the local retail butchers and milkmen. One Councilman stated that he would read the morning paper when he returned home and that he would give his idea on the morrow. "I am not informed on the matter at all," he said.

"I think the city has grown to such a size where some legislation of this sort is advisable," said Mayor George H. Williams. "I am not prepared to say anything further on the subject at this time, except that I am in favor of an ordinance of this sort. The law will be prepared by the Board of Health and recommended to the Council, from whom it will be referred to the committee on health and police. The committee on health and police will report back to the Council, where it will be decided whether the ordinance shall be presented to me. The Health Board has not yet considered the matter. When they get ready to act I shall call a special meeting of the board for the purpose of considering the bill."

"We should have had such an ordinance long ago," said Councilman A. F. Flegel. "There is no doubt that much of the meat and milk we use is diseased. I will vote for such a law if it is practicable and can and will be enforced. We have plenty of ordinances at present that are not enforced, but serve as an opening for public criticism. If the ordinance is passed, I want it enforced upon all the dealers, not upon part of them, leaving a chosen few to ignore the ordinance entirely. The only practicable way that I see is to have a central inspection depot, where all meat brought into the city must be inspected immediately after its arrival. I would make it unlawful for dealers to sell or buy meat that did not bear the inspector's stamp of approval.

"The great danger lies in the meats killed by the farmer. The meat probably waits a day before it is transported to the depot or wharf. There it lies in the sun, maybe for hours, and is finally shipped in a hot and stuffy car, and after its arrival undergoes another half-day's delay. This is eliminated by the packing companies, who ship their meats in cars specially constructed and ventilated for the purpose.

"The Jewish families protect themselves from diseased and putrid meats by employing inspectors who inspect and kill all the meats used by them. The inspector puts a seal of approval on the fore-quarters (the only part used by the Jews), and this seal answers for a guarantee that the meat is healthy. This meat is known as Kosher meat.

"The enforcement of a milk-inspection ordinance is even more difficult. The dairies, as well as the delivery wagons, should be subjected to frequent inspections. As a city inspector would have no right to go to the many dairies situated out of the city and lay down rules for sanitary improvement, the state health officer should co-operate with the city officials, appointing them as deputies under him, thus giving them the proper authority. If diseased milk is discovered while being delivered, let the inspector order it immediately emptied, and prosecute the offending dairyman. The inspections of dairies should be frequent and at unexpected times, thus keeping the dairyman on his guard and his dairy and milk up to the proper standard. I am studying the Mulkey ordinance, and think that it is all right, on the whole, and that it covers the ground quite well. If it could be boiled down it would, I think, answer our need very well. If we can devise an effective method of enforcing the ordinance I am strongly in favor of it."

Councilman D. T. Sherrett said: "I am in favor of and will vote for an ordinance that will insure the city pure meat and milk. It is high time that Portland had such a law. We are behind the times and need to be aroused. I am informed that San Francisco has seven meat inspectors. The majority of the people, I think, would favor the passing of such an ordinance, but there are many who would not. Why, I have seen well-dressed people patronize the Chinese meat and fish markets along Alder and Second streets. Every one knows that when meat is in too bad a condition to be sold to the regular meat markets it is disposed of at the Chinese markets. How people who claim to be civilized can patronize a Chinese market is beyond my understanding. When the ordinance comes up, I will vote for it, if I think it is practicable and can be enforced."

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding and Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in 14 days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and it is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. Price 50c.

IN HANDS OF COMMITTEES

MAYOR REFERS BRIDGE AND FERRY PROJECTS.

Sellwood Ferry Committee Will Be Appointed Later—Street-Sprinkling Car to Start.

The matter of providing the new Morrison-street bridge and the two ferries has passed up to the Executive Board. Yesterday afternoon Mayor Williams turned over the affairs of the bridge to the street and purchasing committees, and the Albina ferry was consigned to Messrs. Beebe, Howell and Sichel.

The Mayor has not yet appointed a committee for the Sellwood ferry, but it is understood he will do so next week. He will appoint on the Sellwood ferry committee two members of the Executive Board and another property-owner.

The turning over of the bridge and the Albina ferry projects to the committees named does not mean that they will have charge. The Executive Board will have full control, and all the committees are for is to expedite affairs when the consideration of details comes up. The first work the board will have to do regarding the new Morrison-street bridge will be to make terms with the City & Suburban Railway Company for the use of the structure, as provided in the Legislative act.

It was the regular meeting of the board yesterday, and the business was mostly of a routine nature. However, it was moved that the offer of the City & Suburban Railway Company to sprinkle streets at $450 per month be accepted, provided the car companies would pay half the sum.

G. L. Carpenter was taken off the temporary list in patrol service and made a permanent officer. The proposal of granting vacations to the members of the Fire Department was referred to the Chief.

Bids for street work were received as follows:

Twenty-fifth street, R. J. Debuhr, $3353.34; Wismer & Bauer, $3525.64; Star Sand Company, $3736.95; Smyth & Howard Company, $3994.35; J. R. O'Neil, $4111.95.

East Main street—Bechtel Bros, $2381.70; J. R. O'Neill, $2349.73; S. F. White, $2306.10.

Ellsworth street—S. F. White, $3499.36; Giebisch & Joplin, $3491.73.

Salmon street—J. R. O'Neill, $2875.60; Seed & Bingham, $2841.77; Smyth & Howard, $2867.80.

Taylor street—Seed & Bingham, $2477.80; J. R. O'Neill, $2413.95; Carter & Rost, $563 (part); Smyth & Howard, $2547.57.

Madison street—Seed & Bingham, $2544; J. R. O'Neill, $2211.60; Smyth & Howard, $2867.59.

Main street—Smyth & Howard, $2542.64; Seed & Bingham, $2482.55; J. R. O'Neill, $2237.40; Bechtel Bros., $2422.34; Johnson & Yager, $2459.40.

Water street—Nickum & Kelly, $1543.40; J. W. Sweeney, $1407.80.

Meade street—Nickum & Kelly, $3433.66; J. W. Sweeney, $3689.40.

Kelly street—Nickum & Kelly, $1573.96; J. W. Sweeney, $1353.

For sewer in York street—Jacobson-Bade Company, $1895; John Bays, $2057.90; J. B. Slemmons, $1776.80.

A contract was ordered drawn with Bechtel Bros. for the filling of Hawthorne avenue at East Water street at 25 cents per cubic yard.

IN TOMORROW'S OREGONIAN

The Two Vanrevels
First installment of the new romance by Booth Tarkington, author of "Monsieur Beaucaire" and "The Gentleman From Indiana," to be completed in 12 issues.

How the Mails of Portland Are Handled
The daily receiving, delivering, collecting and dispatching of letters and newspapers by Uncle Sam's corps of men.

Discovery of Crater Lake
J. W. Hillman, an Oregon pioneer of 1848, now living in Louisiana, tells how he, with a party in search of gold, found the lake in the Spring of 1853, and named it Deep Blue Lake.

Indian Torture Dances and Tests of Endurance
General Andrew Burt, U. S. A., describes almost unbelievable self-inflicted cruelties, of which he himself was a witness.

The Song of the Bird
A love story by Alma A. Rogers, of Portland, laid among the scow-dwellers of the Willamette; contributed to the Munsey for June.

Municipal Misgovernment
James C. Carter, ex-president of the National Municipal League, holds that the only remedy is divorce from National party politics.

How Barrows Made Good
A story of an American college man's adventure in a South American revolution, with a humorous ending, by W. Bert Foster.

Russian Merchants Mix Religion and Business
Frank G. Carpenter writes from St. Petersburg, telling of the country where the American invasion has made very little progress.

Ade's Fable in Slang
This week he tells of a 17-year-old lambkin, who was taken down with love-gripes, and how he was cured.

ALL THE NEWS AND CUSTOMARY DEPARTMENTS

TO SEE THE COLUMBIA.

Gilbert Camp Will Give a River Excursion Tomorrow.

The steamer Harvest Queen, one of the palatial O. R. & N. Co.'s boats, has been chartered by Gilbert Camp, No. 205, S. A. W. V., for an excursion to Multnomah Falls, Sunday, June 7. The barge Klickitat will accompany the steamer, so that there will be no overcrowding on the trip. Everest's Orchestra will furnish music. All kinds of refreshments will be served, except liquors. This fine opportunity to see the famous Columbia at her best, the high-water season, at so low a price, 75c for the round trip, will not be had again this season.

SPECIALS ON CUSHIONS

Today at the B. B. Rich Curio Store, $7.50 Cushions for $5.95.

Every lady in Portland that wants a cushion in applique leather, burnt and hand-painted, get it today. We want you to come and look at them. They are beauties. We have reduced them from $7.50 to $5.95 for today only, at the B. B. Rich Curio Store, upstairs, Sixth and Washington; entrance on Sixth.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

If Baby Is Cutting Teeth,

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and diarrhoea.

No route across the continent offers so many attractions as does the Denver & Rio Grande. Write the Portland Agency, 124 Third street, for illustrated booklets.

SHEET MUSIC—2500 sheets of the popular Songs and Instrumental Music special at the extraordinary low price of 3c

BOOK NEWS—Original Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, revised and enlarged, 1281 pages, octavo size, cloth binding, special 59c

..Meier & Frank Company..

..Meier & Frank Comany..

Let us supply your Grocery Wants for tomorrow. We have the best of everything here, and all prices very low.—Basement.

The greatest assortment of Hand Bags and Trunks on the Third Floor—Many new arrivals and the prices are the lowest in the Northwest.

Hammocks, Croquet Sets and Sporting Goods in the greatest variety on the Third Floor. See our lines before purchasing elsewhere

Saturday's Shopping Bulletin

Opportunities on Every Hand for the Sixth Great Day of

Our Annual "June White Days"

Radical Reductions in Children's Suits and Dresses

Good reliable bargains that every economical person should not fil to note and take advantage of—Store closes at 9:30 this evening.

Millinery

300 Ladies' Trimmed Hats, in the newest shapes, imported designs; hats ordinarily worth up to $7.50 and $10.00 — $4.90

50 Middle-Aged Ladies' Toques and Bonnets, trimmed lace and jet, worth up to $5.00, special — $2.50

200 Children's Leghorn Hats, trimmed in best quality Liberty silk chiffon lace and ribbons — $1.98

Outing and Pique Hats, fine Batavia and Panamas, trimmed in silk and quills, special — $1.98

Children's Duck Hats, for small boys and girls, special — 29c

Sun Bonnets, all colors, special — 20c

Neckwear

White Collar and Cuff Sets, regular 25c values, special — 19c

Plain White Turnovers, regular 5c values, special — 3c

White Crepe Ties, with fancy turnovers, regular 75c values, special — 63c

Lace Curtain

Irish Point Novelties, seven patterns, all $5.50 values, special at the reduced price of — $3.95

100 Pairs Irish Point, regular lengths and widths, neat designs, $3.00 values, special — $1.98

Curtain Swisses, assortment of patterns, dots or figures, special at the low price of — 11c

Ruffled Swiss Curtains, reg. $1.35 values, special — $1.07

Men's Wear

Men's Shirtwaists, made of fine Madras cloth, in plain white. Prices for this sale only:

$4.00 quality reduced to $3.00
3.00 quality reduced to 2.25
2.00 quality reduced to 1.50
1.50 quality reduced to 1.00

Underwear, light-weight worsted, natural wool, the right weight for Spring wear; reduced from $1.00 to — 79c

Men's Shirts, colored, silk bosom, new designs; reduced from $1.25 to — 98c

Four-in-Hand Ties, this season's goods, all good colors and neat effects; reduced from 50c to — 39c

MEN'S WHITE DUCK COATS

$1.00 quality reduced to ..... $ .89
1.25 quality reduced to 1.10
1.75 quality reduced to 1.52
2.00 quality reduced to 1.70

WHITE VESTS

$1.25 quality reduced to $1.10
1.50 quality reduced to 1.28
2.00 quality reduced to 1.70
3.00 quality reduced to 2.68
3.50 quality reduced to 2.90

BAR VESTS

$1.50 quality reduced to $1.23
2.00 quality reduced to 1.70

COOK'S AND WAITER'S APRONS

20c aprons reduced to 17c
25c aprons reduced to 20c

Cook's Caps reduced to 17c

MEN'S WHITE DUCK PANTS

Regular $1.00 values ..... $ .89
Regular $1.50 values 1.28
Regular $2.00 values 1.70

Men's White Flannel Outing Suits at reduced prices.

MEN'S WHITE STRAW HATS

Regular 50c values, special 39c
Regular $1.00 values, special 89c
Regular $1.50 values, special $1.35
Regular 2.50 values, special 2.15
White Crush Hats 95c

Panama Hats in the greatest variety; newest styles just received.

Infants' Wear

Infants' Hand-made Slips, $1.35, $1.73, $2.08, $2.65 to $10.00.

Infants' Hand-made Flannel Sacques, $1.35 to $8.25 each.

Infants' Hand-made Flannel Wrappers, $4.50 to $14.00.

Infants' Hand-made Bibs, 98c to $3.50.

Infants' Hand-made Carriage Robes, $10 to $18.

Infants' Dresses made of nainsook, cambric and lawns, trimmed in dainty valenciennes laces, torchon laces, embroideries, tucks and insertions, 79c, 98c, $1.22, $1.48, $1.89, $1.98 to $14.50.

Infants' Cambric and Nainsook Skirts trimmed in lace, embroidery, tucks—43c, 68c, 89c, 98c, $1.22 to $3.50.

Infants' White Embroidered Flannel Skirts, 98c, $1.22, $1.48, $1.89, $1.98, $2.47.

Pinning Blankets, 47c, 68c, 89c.

Quilted Bibs, lace-trimmed, 6c, 8c, 10c, 12c, 15c, 20c.

White Flannel Wrappers, 87c, 97c, $1.19.

Knit Bands, 22c, 32c, 37c, 43c, 68c.

Carriage Robes made of pique, embroidery trimmed, 62c, $1.98, $2.89, $3.25 and $4.08.

Soft-Sole Baby Shoes, all colors and sizes, pair — 33c

Kid Moccasins in black, tan and chocolate, pair — 15c

Boys' Wear

Boys' White Waists and Blouses, sizes 2½ to 12 years:

Regular 50c values, special 43c
Regular 75c values, special 63c
Regular $1.00 values, special 89c

White Duck Knee Pants, sizes 3 to 14 years, regular value 50c, special — 43c
Regular value 75c, special 63c

Boys' White Duck Suits, sizes 3 to 10 years; regular $1.25 values, special — 98c

Long Duck Trousers for boys, sizes 11 to 17 years; regular $1.35 values, special — $1.15

Little Boys' White Washable Kilts, sizes 2 to 5 years; regular $2.00 values, reduced, to — $1.65

Boys' White Straw Hats, 25c values, special — 19c

Regular 50c values, special 39c
Regular 75c values, special 63c
Regular $1.00 values, special 89c
Regular $1.25 values, special $1.09

Gloves

Perrin's French Kid Gloves, pique stitch in white. Regular $2.00 values at — $1.68

2-Clasp Overseam Kid Glove, in white, $1.25 value — $1.07

All White Gloves reduced.

Basement

60-piece White Haviland China Dinner Sets $17.24

100-piece White Haviland China Dinner Sets $26.83

60-piece White Semi-Vitreous Dinner Sets $3.88

100-piece White Semi-Vitreous Dinner Sets $6.38

6-piece White Toilet Sets $1.49
10-piece White Toilet Sets $2.39
12-piece White Toilet Sets $3.78
White Bowls and Pitchers, pair 81c

White Enameled Sauce Pans and Kettles

2-quart size, each 32c
4-quart size, each 52c
6-quart size, each 60c
8-quart size, each 72c

Embroideries

Edges and Insertions, Assorted Widths

12½c, 15c values, per yard 9c
20c values, per yard 12c
22c values, per yard 15c
25c values, per yard 19c
Allovers $ .90 values, special 69c
Allovers 1.00, $1.25 values, special 75c

Our entire stock of fine embroidered sets, in Swiss, Nainsook and Cambric, also Allovers and Beadings, at exceptionally reduced prices.

LACES

Valenciennes Laces, per doz 12c
Valenciennes Laces, per doz 17c
Valenciennes Laces, per yard, 19c and up.

A most complete line of French Valenciennes Sets, Point de Paris and Initation Duchesse, and the prices attractive.

Imitation Torchon Laces from 3c yard. All the new desirable things in Yak, Cluny, Irish Crochet and Fiber Laces in bands and appliques, will be included in the general reduction.

Wash Goods

White Silk Organdies, White Duck, White Galatea, White Oxfords, White Cheviots, White Damask, White Silk Madras, White Cotton Crepe, White Silk Tissue—All at special prices for "June White Days."

GRADUATION DRESSES
68-Inch French Organdies

40c quality, per yard 32c
50c quality, per yard 42c
60c quality, per yard 52c
75c quality, per yard 66c
$1.00 quality, per yard 86c

Wash Chiffon, 48 inches wide, sale price 36c, 44c, 52c and 67c, yard.

Batiste Mull, sale price 21c, 32c and 36c yard, 32 inches wide.

White Dotted Swiss, for dresses, sale price 16c, 21c, 32c, 44c and 52c, yard.

White Pique, for shirtwaist suits and also largely used for children's dresses, sale price 16c, 21c, 24c, 36c and 42c, yard.

Plain White Nainsook for children's dresses, sale price—

12½c quality 10c
15c quality 13c
20c quality 17c
25c quality 21c

All better goods similar reductions.

Linen Store

TEA CLOTHS

4-4 Hemstitched Damask, each $1.05
5-4 Hemstitched Damask, each $1.48

TRAY CLOTHS

Hemstitched Satin Damask, 20x28, each 49c.
Hemstitched Satin Damask, 22x32, each 64c.

BEDSPREADS

3-4 size Honeycomb, each 66c
11-4 full size Honeycomb, each 88c
11-4 full size Heavy Honeycomb, ea $1.32
11-4 fringed, cut corners, Honeycomb, each $1.32
11-4 Satin Dimity Marseilles, each $2.20

TOWELS

Heavy Cotton, 19x40, fringed 9c
Union Huck, 17x33, hemstitched 10c
All Linen Huck, 20x40, hemstitched 21c
All Linen Web, 19x37, hemstitched 29c

NAPKINS

All Linen 3-4 size, dozen $1.32
All Linen 3-4 size, dozen $1.54
Extra heavy Damask, 3-4 size, dozen $2.68

TABLE LINENS

66-inch Satin Damask, yard 67c
38-inch Satin Damask, yard 80c
72-inch Satin Damask, yard 89c
72-inch Satin Damask, yard $1.10

SEND US YOUR MAIL ORDERS.