LIFE LOSS GREAT

Two Thousand Turks Perish.

EARTHQUAKE BURIES THEM

Melazgherd, in Asiatic Turkey, Is in Ruin.

ALL OVER IN THIRTY SECONDS

Army Officer Goes Insane When He Finds His Family Is Killed-British War Office Appeals for Subscriptions for Destitute.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 28.-Advices which reached here today from Asiatic Turkey show that a terrible earthquake occurred April 29 at Melangherd, in the vilayer of Van, 89 miles southeast of Erzeroum, on the Euphrates. The town was totally destroyed with its entire population, numbering 3000 souls, including 700 Armenians, as well as troops forming the garrison of Mclazgherd. Over 400 buildings in neighboring villages col-

A somewhat severe earthquake was felt here this morning, but no serious damage

SHOCK LASTS THIRTY SECONDS. Many Buildings in Surrounding Villages Collapse.

LONDON, May 28.-The Foreign Office here today received some details from the British Consul at Erzeroum regarding the recent earthquake at Melazgherd, according to which a strong shock, lasting seconds, was felt on the morning of April 29 throughout the entire district between Lake Van and the Russian fnontier and as far West as Kharput.

The town of Melazgherd, consisting of 500 houses, was destroyed, and much havoc was wrought in the surrounding villages. Coionel Khalli Bey, commanding the garrison of Melazgherd, with his whole family, three officers and 80 soldiers, perished in the ruins. Lieutenant-Colonel Tayib Bey, whose family perished, became insone

The telegraph operator who sent the news of the catastrophe said he himself was badly injured, and that his wife and sister had been killed.

The Foreign Office has appealed for subscriptions for the relief of the destitute of the Melazgherd district.

GERMANS ARE PLEASED.

American Squadron Will Be Given Fine Reception at Kiel.

BERLIN, May E.—The German Foreign Office has officially been informed that the United States European Squadron will arrive at Kiel June 25. Chancellor von Bulow was gratified and said Emperor William would be much pleased. It is in-tended to make its reception impressive. The Emperor, Prince Henry and Count on Bulow will take part in the enter-aliment of the American officers. The Imperial Yacht Club has already

set apart \$10,000 for the week's expenses, which will largely be spent on a dinner at the end of the yacht racing.

MINISTRY NOT IMPEACHED.

Japan Is Sustained in Its Action in the Corean Complications.

TOKIO, May 28.—An opposition address to the throne, impeaching the Ministry, has been rejected in the Lower House by 222 votes to 123. The leader of the opposition presented a series of ques-tions to the government, calling attention to the dangerous situation in Corea and Manchurfa, and complaining that the government had failed to utilize the Japanese alliance with Great Britain to se-cure the integrity of China and Corea.

Office Created for Ex-Minister Wu. PEKIN, May 3 .- An imperial edict ismued today appoints Wu Ting Fang, the ex-Chinese Minister at Washington, to be a member of the Foreign Office. His rank will be below that of the five officials designated in the protocol. The antment practically creates a new

TARIFF WAR SURE.

(Continued from First Page.)

other similar schemes was impracticable, the empire could not be brought to the same plane of fruition as had occurred in the case of the United States. After a question put by David L. George, Welsh Nationalist, in reply to whom Mr. Bailour interests that the converse of the converse four intimated that the government did not propose to deal with the question be-fore the dissolution of Parliament. Mr. Chamberlain expressed surprise at

Mr. Chamberlain expresses surprise at the fact that his speech at Birmingham, May 15, had sroused such attention. It was, the Colonial Secretary said, abso-lutely the same in substance as speeches delivered by Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour. There was absolutely no difference of opinion between himself and Mr. Bal-four. All the critics of his suggestions had fallen into error in supposing that an absolute reversal of Great Britain's an absolute reversal of Great Britain's fiscal policy was involved. Nothing of the kind had been proposed. Everything depended on the definition of "free trade," and if Cobden's definition, "to bring about a free interchange of commodities at their natural prices," was accepted, then neither he nor any member of the government sought to depart therefrom.

Although nothing was now suggested in the nature of a reversal of Great iritain's fiscal policy, continued the Coionial Secretary, it was certain that a mandate must be given the government if the suggestions that he had thrown out were to be carried into effect. If out were to be carried into effect. If the government received a mendate it would produce a plan. He would call an-other esionial conference, but he could not negotiate with the colonies before the people had given the government a mandate. Everything would depend upon what this country had to offer. He agreed that it was undestrable to tax raw material, because Great Britain would be required to give drawbacks on the finished required to give drawbacks on the finished articles, which was a complicated system, and he preferred the simple method of texing food. The workingman's dislike to taxes on food had no terrors for him. the was prepared to go into the homes of the laboring men and argue the subject with them. He would show them a table giving how much beer and bread they used, and exactly how much duty they would have to pay if this policy were carried out. He would also give them a table showing how much extra ways they able showing how much extra wages they call be required to earn. If the oppo-

rition were able to show that it meant greater cost of living, with ne increase of wages, their optimism would be justified, but if he were able to show greater increases of wages than loss of food, then "I think I shall have a chance."

He admitted that the grain tax, though not intended to be protective, had incidentally protected the farmer. If food were taxed in the future, it would not be an unmixed evil, because it would help the depressed industry of agriculture and increase Great Britain's home supply of food. More than that, it would enable food. More than that, it would enable her to deal with Germany in defense of

"We should not enter on a war of tar-iffs, but I would say to Germany: 'I am afraid if you cannot meet us in this mat-ter I mey be compelled to put a duty on

that."

The Colonial Secretary said repeated representations had been made to Germany in regard to Canada, but he did not see what Germany could do to meet the Pritish views until Great Britain was in a continuous to touch the pockets of the

a position to touch the pockets of the German people.

Mr. Chamberiain concluded with an emphatic assertion that he intended to press the matter on public attention. After some further discussion the motion for the Whitsuntide adjournment was adopted and the House adjourned until June 8.

MITCHELL TAKEN TO TASK Miner's President Criticines His Action in Coal Strike.

DENVER, May 28.-President Charles Moyer's annual report to the Western Federation of Miners, which is now holding its convention in this city, was made public this afternoon. In opening he said that at no time since its inception had the organization been more prosperous than

Referring to the anthracite coal miners' strike and the results of arbitration in that case. Mr Mover said-

"Can the leader of this army of men expect to hold his organization intact when he advises them to continue a policy which offers nothing for the future but strife and destitution, and commends the findings of a board of arbitration se-lected by the representatives of capital which binds the chains of slavery more securely around his membership and de-prives them of even the privilege of ap-pealing to their masters for a period of three years? John Mitchell need not be surprised should his membership turn their faces to the West, seeking affiliation with organizations which have sent out their message to the world, that as labor produces all wealth, such wealth belongs to the producer thereof. "While organized labor is forced to the

strike and boycott in order to secure even a share of that which is rightfully theirs, just so long will strife and discord con-

TRAINMEN EXPEL SPOTTER.

One Excited Delegate at National Convention Wants to Kill Him. DENVER, May 28.-E. L. Welant, act-DENVER, May M.—E. I. Welant, acting as a delegate to the convention of the Brotherbood of Railway Trainmen, whose sessions are secret, was expelled today, after he had confessed that he was an employe of Thiel's Detective Agency in Chicago. Great excitement was caused among the delegates on the floor and the trainmen in the gallery, at the Collseum, when Welant was brought before Grand Master Morrheys and charged with active Master Morrissey and charged with acting a spy.
"Kill him!" shouted one excited indi-

"None of that," said Grand Master Mor-

issey, rapping for order.

All the notes in Weiant's possession were taken away from him end he was escorted out of the hall by policemen. Weiant, it is said, was formerly a brake-man on the Rio Grande Rallroad, but after going to Chicago and joining a Brotherhood of Trainmen lodge there, he entered the service of Thiel's agency as

Unions Charge Broken Faith DENVER, May 28.-The general exe-DENVER, May 28.—The general exe-cutive committee of organized labor which had charge of the recent strike in Denver, tonight issued an address to the public in which it is charged that mem-bers of the Citizens' Alliance, the busi-ness men's organization, have violated the agreement made at the time the strike was declared off, refusing to reinstate their locked-out employes. The address

eires to give notice to all employers who have not lived up to the agreement, that so far as they are concerned the agree-ment is no longer in effect, and that organized labor will in the future use its

usual methods in dealing with them."

The address concludes with the announcement that firms referred to would declared "unfair" and treated accord-

May Close to Stop Strike Agitation. ELIZABETH, N. J., May 28.-There is a strong possibility that the Crescent Shir Yard at Elizabethport will shut down for an indefinite period, because of the fre-quent strikes at the plant. President Mason Chase, of the Crescent Company, has plainly intimated that this step might be taken if the annoyance that the management of the yard has had recently to con-

tend with is not stopped.

President Chase said today: "This tolk the strikers about discrimination against any union men is all nonzense We simply laid off a few men for whom we had no work. The strike was caused by one or two troublemskers. The men who went on strike are still at liberty to return to their jobs, but other men will not be taken back."

Tenmsters Go Out in Sympathy.

ST. LOUIS, May 28.—The teamsters of St. Louis who last night declared a strike, thereby opposing the advice of their officials, went out this morning, and more freighthandlers in East St. Louis walked out in sympathy. No figures have yet been given as to the number of teamsters who struck today, but it is said the strike, was not a complete walkout, as the rall-roads and mercantile houses continued to handle freight, although it is admitted

they are somewhat handicanged. The Chicago & Alton freighthandlers were the first to strike in East St. Louis today, and later other freighthandlers went out. It is estimated that with the men who went out yesterday there

Strikers Assault Mill Boss.

PUEBLO, Colo., May 28.-Superintend ent A. I. Conner, of the tinplate mill, was this morning assaulted by a number of the striking bridgemen. The signifi-cance of the assault was that Conner is an officer of the Calorado Fuel & Iron Company, and not of the contracting builders. Thus, for the first time the company itself becomes directly engaged in the strike, which has been going on all the Winter, Warrants were sworn out for a dozen of the strikers, charged

Bollermakers Ignore Peace Pact. CHEYENNE, Wyo., May 28-The cliermakers on the Wyoming division of the Union Pacific, except at Evanston, are still out, in spite of the adjustment of the differences yesterday afternoon. The men here declare that they will not that all of the strikers must be reinstated . It is anticipated here that the will be adjusted within a short

Death List in Wreck in Growing. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 28.—It is now reported that in addition to the six train-men killed in the Southern freight wreck at Ryan yesterday, that five tramps

EASY FOR RELIANCE

Constitution Is Disabled and Drops Out of Race.

COLUMBIA NO MATCH AT ALL

Belmont Boat Is a Formidable Opponent Until Her Topmast Is Carried Away in a Little Puff of Wind,

١.	Start-	E OF	THE	YACH	TS.
ķ.	Calmanh				2:15:21
٠.	Reliano				2:16:47
	Constitu	mark-	*******		2:17:00
	Relieve				1:18:29
	Columbi	M			1:16:10
t	Constitu	ition dr	ope out.		
Ι.	Reliance				1:01:29
	Columbi Finish	A		*******	1:35:10
	Reliance				2:28-21
	Columbi	a		*******	2:33:35

NEW YORK, May 28.-The Constitu-NEW YORK, May 28.—The Constitution's hoodoo almost spoiled the race of the trial for the cup-defenders in Long Island Sound today. After sailing nine miles of the first leg of the race, the Constitution's topmost was carried away in a little puff of wind, and she was out of it for the day. When the accident occurred the Constitution was half a mile in the columbia 2.33.28. Reliance, 2.23.28. Reliance, 2.23.28. Reliance, 2.23.28. Reliance won by 8 minutes and 23 seconds which Columbia 1.33.28. Reliance won by 8 minutes and 23 seconds which Columbia 1.33.28. Reliance won by 8 minutes and 23 seconds which Columbia 1.33.28. Reliance won by 8 minutes and 23 seconds which Columbia 2.33.28. Reliance won by 8 minutes and 23 seconds which Columbia 2.33.28. Reliance won by 8 minutes and 23 seconds which Columbia 2.33.28. Reliance won by 8 minutes and 23 seconds which Columbia 2.33.28. Reliance won by 8 minutes and 23 seconds which Columbia 2.33.28. Reliance won by 8 minutes and 23 seconds which Columbia 2.33.28. Reliance won by 8 minutes and 23 seconds which Columbia 2.33.28. Reliance won by 8 minutes and 23 seconds which Columbia 2.33.28.

gan to go up the big mainsails. The skippers, scenting live work and plenty of wint, ordered on deck the small club topsails, and the crews made preparations to set these sails as soon as the mainsails

The three cup yachts started in the fourth of the preliminary trials over the Glen Cove course. The wind at the start was from the south-southwest, and blowing ten or eleven knots an hour. The ing ten of eleven knots an nour. The course for today's races was a triangular one of 25 miles. This is a run almost off the wind for 11 miles, a reach of three miles across the Sound, and a run home of 11 miles.

of 11 miles.

At the start there was a sharp contest for position between Reliance and Constitution, Columbia keeping away and crossing the line first. The official time:

Constitution 12:17:00

At haif a mile from the start Reliance and Constitution passed Columbia to the windward, and Constitution had drawn up on Reliance until she was almost on her weather quarter. The wind before the yachts had sailed half the first leg

the yachts had salled half the first leg dropped off to about seven knots.

At 12:57 o'clock a schooner came between the yachts and observers on shore. When she moved away the Constitution had down her club topsall and was heading for Huntington Harbor. She had met with the accident heretofore mentioned, and dropped out of the contest. The other wachts content to the trace to the tra other yachts continued the race, the turning time at the first mark as seen from shore being: Reliance, 1:13:28.

Columbia, 1:15:10. The other two boats continued in the ace, and as seen from shore turned the second mark as follows: Reliance, 1:31:28. Columbia 1:35:10 The time at the finish was:

WINNER OF THE DERBY AND PURSE OF \$36,500.



ROCK SAND, OWNED BY SIR J. M. MILLER.

schind the Reliance, and was leading the presented the New York Yacht Club with Columbia by an equal distance.

The Reliance and Columbia finished the race, but it had become a procession, for the Columbia was never formidable after

the first five miles had been sailed. The Reliance crossed the finish line a winner by eight minutes and 27 seconds. The Constitution had salled a game race intil the accident. She had been handled skillfully, but had been unable to hold the fast Reliance.

ast Reliance.
August Belmont, manager-owner, who was on board the Constitution, said her spare topmast was in Bristol, and he did not expect to get it in time to sail in Satgrday's race. No one was injured. Clear of the wreck the Constitution came limn ing home under slower sail. The Reli-ance beat the Columbia 4 minutes and 32 seconds on the first leg, and 30 seconds on the second leg. The last leg was a long slant, close-hauled, fetching the fin-ishing line without a tack or hitch too closely into the wind. It was the prettiest spectacle of the day, for the wind had freshened to 12 knots and the Reliance had her lee rail down into the froth, and was reeling off 11 knots to the hour, while the pride of former years dragged Ph miles astern. The Reliance had beaten her 3 minutes and 5 seconds on that leg.

lt was dull and lowering when the crews of the cup yachte came out this morning to prepare for the fourth race over the Glen Cove course. Half a gale was blowing out of the south-southwest, and there was every indication of some grand sport in the sound, with free sheets, smooth seas and winds that follow fast.

a gold cup, two feet high, to be known as the Emperor's cup, to be competed for the first time next Fall.

WAR DECREE OF CASTRO Custom-Houses at Seven Venezuelan Ports Are Closed,

CARACAS, May 28.—The Official Gazette today eays a Presidential decree temporarily suppressing the Customs-Houses at Lo Vela, Quanta, Puerto Sucre, Guaria, Cano, Colorado and Ciudad Bolivar and al-lowing steamers coming from Europe 20 days, and sailing vessels 30 days to reach Venezucian ports. Steamers from the United States are allowed 15 days and sall-ing vessels 30 days. The allowances count from June 1. The custom of Juan Griego, Margarita Island, is by the same decree transferred to Port Lamar.

Done as a War Measure.

WASHINGTON, May 28 .- At the Vene zuelan Legation the closing of the ports in President Castro's decree is regarded as an incident of his campaign against the revolutionists. All of the ports men-tioned except Bolivar and La Vela, are said to be unimportant. The majority of them are now in the hands of the revolu-

Asks Students to Let Strikers Alone

CHICAGO, May 28.-President Harper. grand sport in the sound, with free sheets, smooth seas and winds that follow fast. In fact, it looked early in the morning as if the yachts would have another contest over the same course as was selled on Tuesday.

Before the crews had finished their breakfart the clouds had seemingly shut in closer, and it looked at that time as if a rain storm was about to begin, but it should not become compromised in a labor dispute which does not concern itself.

MISS FLOY V. GILLMORE



INDIANA GIRL, WHO HAS BEEN APPOINTED ASSISTANT ATTOR-NEY-GENERAL IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Feudists Plan to Rescue or Kill Prisoners.

SEARCHLIGHT BROUGHT TO PLAY

Officers Believe It Was Intended to Pick Off the Gatling Gun Men on Duty in Kentucky Assassination.

JACKSON, Ky., May 28.—The frustra-ion of what the troops believed was a dot to rescue or kill Curtis Jett and Tom White last midnight increased the tension in Jackson today. How many men were involved besides the one fired on, and who returned the sentry's fire, and what relation the incident had to the placing of a searchilght on the jail grounds from a near mountainside earlier in the night, are questions in which great interest is

The filness of Judge Redwine also puts a new phase on the entire situation. If a new phase on the entire situation. If his condition grows worse, a special Judge will probably be appointed. The attempt today to remove the special bailiff is a matter of little interest. The grounds offered are that his brother married Mrs. Marcum's sister, and that the relation-

ship might influence him in the discharge of the duties of the Sheriff. The Gatling gun squad remained on duty all last night, and momentarily expected to be called on to repel an at-tack. Very few of the soldiers slept at all. About 50 men from the country were in town yesterday evening. It is the pop-ular belief that the plan was to pick off the Gatling gun men with the aid of the searchlight and to rush the guard. The search of visitors to the courtroom today resulted in the finding of only one weapon, a large kulfe.

CLEVER WORK OF BURGLARS.

combination of a Safe is Learned Through a Magnifying Glass. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 28.-Bennett Bibb and James Williamson are under ar-rest here charged with robbing the safe in the Union Passenger Station ticket-office of nearly \$7000. The detectives are after another man whose arrest they beleye will bring about the recovery of a arge part of the morey. The arrests developed the most ingenious scheme known to the detectives who have been werking on the case. A hole was bored through the ceiling of the office and from above the alleged burgiars studied the combina-tion through a magnifying glass.

THIEVES USE RED PEPPER. Cansas City Man Is Blinded and

Then Robbed of \$500. KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 28.—Two un-known men entered the office of A. C. Kendall, manager of the Secret Service Union in the Temple block, a down-town office building today, threw red pepper in his eyes, and escaped with \$500 in bills.

Negro Is Saved From Mob.

WICHITA, Kan., May 28.-J. M. Woods, he negro arrested at Yates Center, on the charge of assaulting a white woman, is now in the Wichita jail. A mob of 300 men with a huge plank approached the door of the jail at Yates Center, and the Sheriff, County Attorney and other county officers faced it with drawn revolvers. ty officers faced it with drawn revolvers, threatening to shoot if the mob came any nearer. The mob thought they meant it, and it would retire only to make another approach. This was kept up until 1 o'clock this morning when the officers slipped their prisoner out and into a carriage and drove if miles to a railroad station and brought their man to Wichita.

AGAIN IN IDAHO.

(Continued from First Page.)

three letters threatening to blow up the grandstand erected for the President's visit, because it was erected by nonunion labor. The letters were turned over to Chief of Police Francis, and a close kept on the stand. Nothing was said about the matter while the President

LAUDS THE RAILROAD MEN.

President Also Pays the Indians a High Compliment at Pocatello. POCATELLO, May 28.—President Roosevelt's speech here abounded in high praise for the men who follow railroading. He also complimented the Indians on the progress they have made toward good citizenship. His remarks were as follows:
"Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: This is a railroad town. I have been, and am now, on a trip during which, on every day and during every hour, my safety and well-being depend absolutely upon the vigilance, skill, nerve and fidelity of the railroad men, and I would like to say a special word to and about them this POCATELLO, May 28 .- President Roos

special word to and about them this morning. The last time I saw General Sherman he told me that if there ever were a war, and he were limited to choos-ing men from one occupation, he would take all his soldiers from among the railroad men. That is, if he were limited to one occupation—for there are good men in every occupation. But he would take them all, if he only had to choose from one occupation, because a railroad man has to develop four or five of the qualities indispensable in a soldier

"In the first place, he must have the capacity to face risk undaunted, Railroading is one of those professions which, like following the deep-sea fisheries, nec-casarily imply the acceptance of risk and danger. In the next place, the man has not only learned to endure risk, but to face hardships. Very few outside of those who have known intimately what railroading means appreciate what a ride, espe-cially a night ride in the Winter time, is one of our trains. Handling the brakes. doing all the work along the train, the men have to face risks and also bardships. More than that, they have to face irreguiar hours. Any one who has ever done any soldiering knows that one of the diffibe overcome with the average man is to make him understand that he is not to sleep every night, but just when the chance comes. The railroad man the chance comes, knows that already.

Acts on Own Responsibility, "Finally, and most important of all, the railraod man has learned two things. He and also how to obey orders and obey them quickly. There is not any time for wondering whether you will do anything at all; it's to be done, and done quickly. These were the reasons which General Sherman enumerated in talking to me for his preference for railroad men for Army

"The qualities thus developed are of as good service in the field of citizenship, ordinary civil life, as in military life, this country we need above all things to show our power each to act on his own individual responsibility; each to care for himself; to be able to handle his own life, and yet all of us to act in co-operation with our fellows; to be able to preserve our independence, our self-respect, and one of the means of preserving it is to show that power of living our lives in orderly liberty under law.

Always on the right side of a question of time-the ELGIN WATCH

Every Elgin Watch is fully guaranteed. All jewelers have Elgin Watches. "Timemakers and Timekeepers," an illustrated history of the watch, sent free upon request to

acknowledgment for the presence of the men on horseback from the Indian reservation. I am glad to see them, and I was glad to learn that many of the Indians under your care are traveling along the white man's road and beginning not only to send that children is echool but to to send their children to school, but to own cattle and to own property. The only outcome of the Indian question in this country is to develop gradually the Indian into a propery-owning, law-abiding, hard-working, educated citizen. In other words, to train him to travel the path that we are all trying to travel, and I congratulate you upon the progress that you have made. (Applause.) When he is traveling that path and when he is doing his duty, he is entitled to and he shall receive exactly as square a deal as any one else (Applause.) After all, that is the funda-mental principle of our Government. In the last analysis, what America stands

ROOSEVELT AND JUSTICE Exalted Quality of Mind Leads the President, Etc.

for more than aught else is for treat-ing each man on his worth as a man."

PORTLAND, May 28 -- (To the Editor.)-No more beautiful and touching incident has occurred during the Presidential tour of the country than that at Butte yester-day, when the colored people of that city presented the President with a representa-tion of "Justice," the scales standing at presented the President with a representation of "Justice," the scales standing at
even balance, and the romarks of the
President in connection with the event.
"In Santiago I fought beside the colored
troops of the Ninth and Tenth Cavairy.
If a man is good enough to have him
shot at while fighting beside me under
the same flag he is good enough for me
to try to give a square deal in civil life.
More than that I will give no man, and
less than that I will give no man."

Somebody asked the other day, "What
is the secret of Rooseveit's power?" The
answer is easy. The secret of his power
is conscience, his sense of right and justice, backed by his courage to stand by
the right as he sees it. He is an honest
man, a man of principle, in a high place,
something of an anamoly in these days of
corruption and extravagance. He loves
equality and justice for all men of whatever race or condition in life, and that is

ever race or condition in life, and that is the explanation. This rare and exalted quality of mind

leads a man to see all public questions, from the standpoint of principle. He sees from the standpoint of principle. He sees and considers the interests and rights of all, and there is no other standpoint among men so strong and so enduring. This is the source of Mr. Roosevelt's great power and popularity among the people. He can put himself, in the other man's place. The lack of this sense, the want of conscience, is the one great fault among public men. Too many pursue their interests in a narrow, shortsighted way, instead of on broad and defensible grounds. They seek self, as against the rights of others, whereas they ought to strive for it through the betterment of the whole public, "giving" as Mr. Roosestrive for it through the betterment of the whole public, "giving" as Mr. Roose-velt said, "a square deal to each and every man."

every man."

If men loved justice and followed it, there would be no bitter or cruel contention in the world. There could be no clash between employer and employe. There would be no lock-outs and no atrikes. Baer and the humblest miner in the pit would find common ground of agreement and co-operation. But what is done daily everybody knows. Some greedy, selfish man, or interest, schemes for unfair advantage over some other man or interest, and that man or interest. man or interest, and that man or interes strikes back, and so, through dishonesty struggle and violence go on from genera-tion to generation. And they will go on, so long as men practice as they now do. Peace can never come to the world until justice metes out her perfect work to all, high and low, rich and poor, black and white. Jew or Gentile. It is injustice that breeds all wars, civil or military. President Lincoln was and is loved, and his memory revered, because he was just minded. He did not live for himself alone. but strove to give all an equal chance in the race of life, and it is this same broad-mindedness that characterizes Mr. Roosevelt. Oh, the beauty, the utility of righteousness! Hasten the day of its more perfect work on the earth!

LEVI W. MYERS.

HANNA'S GRACIOUS WORDS He Praises Roosevelt at Convention Which Indorses Him.

CLEVELAND, O., May 28.—The Republican County Convention today adopted resolutions indorsing the Administration of President Roosevelt and recommend-ing his renomination and election in 1904. Senator Hanna addressed the convention, and paid a high tribute to President velt and his Administration. He

"I have nothing but commendation for the record of the President, who, from that awful day in Buffalo, when in the presence of his Cabinet, he registered a vow and called as witness the whole American people that it would be his duty as well as fifs pleasure to carry out the poliotes of William McKinley. "That utterance gave him a high place

in the hearts of the American people, and to the best of his ability be has labored ionestly to carry out that pledge.

Lady Stepney Granted a Divorce. LONDON, May 28.—Lady Margaret Cowell Stepney, daughter of Lord Delab-Cowell Stepney, daughter of Lord Delab-ley, was today granted a judicial separa-tion from her husband, Sir Arthur Cowell-Stepney, on the ground of desertion. The Baronet, who is an ex-member of Par-liament, and a wealthy land proprietor of Wales, is now in the West, where he recently renounced his title and became an American citizen, and also secured a divorce there. divorce there.

Only Germany Threatens Reprisals LONDON, May 28.—Replying to a ques-tion in the House of Commons the Under Foreign Secretary, Lord Cranborne, said that, so far as the British Foreign Office was aware, Germany alone had threat-ened reprisals on Canada in consequence of the latter granting preferential treat-ment to British goods.

Loubet Will Return Visit of King PARIS, May 28.—It was efficially an mounced today that President Loubet will proceed to London between July 18 and 39, to return the visit of King Edward.

General Weston Much Improved. BALTIMORE, May 28.—General John F. Westen, Commissary General of the Army, is today reported as being much

Tag Runs Down Torpedo Bont. CHEREOURG, May 28.-The torped

boat No. 72 was run down by a tug to day. The former's boiler was pierced and five of her crew were severely injured by escaping steam.

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Kearsarge Will Be the Flagship

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The Navy De-partment has decided to send the battle-ship Kearsarge to Kiel as flagship of the European equadron, instead of the Alahama, which could not be prepared in

Feltz Gets the Decision. ST. LOUIS, May 2,-Tommy Feltz, of Savannah, Ga., received the decision over Tommy Sullivan, of Brooklyn, on a foul in the 11th round before the West End

Chiengo, Milwaukee & St. Paul Bailway Company
Will sell, June 4 and 5, excursion tickets
to and from the East. Call at 124 Third
street, corner of Aider.
H. S. ROWE, General Agent.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

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HAND SAPOLIO

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