PASTOR PUT OUT

Presbyterian Assembly Expels Him.

IN EMPLOY OF BREWERIES

Literature Booming Their Business Distributed.

CREED REVISION UP TODAY

Divorce and Remarriage Will Also Be Considered—Buffalo Is Selected as the Next Place of Meeting Without Discussion.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 27.—(Special.)—The subject of foreign missions has had the right of way today in the Presbyterian General Assembly. Rev. A. W. Halsey, who was heard with much pleasure in Portland a few weeks ago, made the principal address. In referring to the sacrifices of the people of Mexico, who out of their poverty are giving so liberally to the support of Presbyterian missions among them, Dr. Halsey referred to the synod of Oregon, with its prestige and strength, which has only a half-dozen self-supporting churches of the Presbyterian faith.

Dr. J. R. Wilson, of Portland, has been in consultation with a number of the leading educators of the country, and plans are being devised for a forward movement along educational lines. One of the most important committees of the assembly will have the matter in charge, and the personnel of the committee is being considered with great care. Oregon and Washington will have one representative, and it now seems probable that some prominent Portland layman will be selected.

Dr. E. P. Hill had arranged to leave for Portland this evening, but was induced to remain over until morning in order to preside at a banquet at the Woman's Club given by Mrs. Cyrus H. McCormick, of Chicago, to the alumni of McCormick Seminary. A large number of commissioners are planning to return East by way of Portland.

PASTOR IS EXPELLED.

He Worked for Breweries While in the Employ of the Church.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 27.—Rapid progress was made by the Presbyterian General Assembly today in the disposition of reports of special committees and standing boards. Buffalo was selected as the next place of meeting, and the way was cleared for the hearing of the most important subjects that are on the programme, namely the reports on revision of faith, divorce and remarriage and the consideration of the Tennessee overture on the question of separate Presbyteries for colored people. These three reports have been set for hearing tomorrow, and the day promises to be the big day of the present Assembly. Many speeches were made today, the most notable of which was the eloquent plea of Rev. Dr. A. W. Halsey, secretary of the board of foreign missions. The entire morning session was taken up in discussion of this report.

The Assembly finally disposed of the case of Rev. Louis Richter, of the Synod of Minnesota. This case had caused considerable interest in Presbyterian circles. Rev. Richter was charged with having acted as agent for breweries in the distribution of literature, and was suspended by his synod, and forbidden the practice of clerical duties. It was further charged that he sought aid from saloon men and breweries in the raising of a fund to prosecute his case before the Assembly. The committee on judiciary reported adversely on the case, and the Assembly unanimously approved the committee's decision.

Expense Accounts Cut Down.

The committee on mileage cut down the expense accounts of many commissioners, because the total appropriation of $72,000 for this purpose had been exceeded by $3000. The report caused a flurry among the commissioners.

A committee of seven was appointed to consider the subject of the relation of the Presbyterian Church to other churches in matters of "co-operation, federation and consolidation." The committee was instructed to open correspondence with other Christian churches for the furtherance of these objects. Rev. Dr. Robert F. Coyle, the Moderator, was made chairman of the committee.

The major part of the afternoon session was given over to consideration of the report of the board of publication and Sunday-school work, and long speeches were made thereon. An important change in the organization of the board was effected by the adoption by a brief recommendation in the report of the standing committee on publication and Sunday-school work. This was to the effect that the board of publication and Sunday-school work be authorized to reorganize itself and report to the next Assembly. Though this clause was passed without comment this afternoon, the result will be the complete separation of the Sunday School Department from that of publication.

The recommendations of the standing committee, as read by Rev. Frederick J. Stanley, chairman of the committee, included an eloquent eulogy of the late Francis H. Horton, D. D., of Philadelphia, who was stricken while preaching in his church some weeks ago. After the resolution was referred, the Assembly stood while prayer was offered by Rev. Stanley.

Articles of Faith to Be in Hymnal.

Another recommendation provided for the printing in future editions of the hymnal of a brief statement of the articles of faith. The report as a whole was adopted. Buffalo was chosen as the next place of meeting without a word of comment from the floor and without discussion.

Rev. W. H. Roberts, chairman of the special committee on mission work among the Hungarians and other immigrants, presented the report of that committee, which was adopted without dissent.

Treasurer W. H. Roberts, of the committee on Twentieth Century Fund, announced the accomplishments of the committee during the past year, which showed good progress.

Before adjournment, the Assembly approved the action of the Synod of Missouri, in refusing to indorse the recommendations censuring Rev. Semple, of that state, for derelictions of duty, thus reinstating the latter in good standing.

The Assembly then adpourned to meet tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. Tonight two meetings were held in the interest of foreign missions.

Elder Stricken With Paralysis.

LOS ANGELES, May 27.—I. H. McCollum, an elder of the Presbyterian Church and commissioner of the convention from the Lakeside Presbyterian, Duluth, Minn., was struck with partial paralysis today at his temporary quarters in Highland Park. He was at once removed to the California Hospital. His condition is serious.

SUPREME OFFICERS CHOSEN.

Court of Honor Re-Elects Men Filling Its Principal Stations.

KANSAS CITY, May 27.—The sixth triennial convention of the Supreme Court of Honor, in session in this city, elected the following officers for the ensuing three years:

Supreme chancellor, A. L. Hereford, Springfield, Ill., re-elected; supreme vice-chancellor, J. T. Smith, Burlington, Ia.; supreme recorder, W. E. Robinson, Springfield, Ill., re-elected; supreme treasurer, E. F. Workman, Auburn, Ill., re-elected; supreme chaplain, Rev. J. H. Hatfield, Tarkio, Mo., re-elected; supreme guard, Mrs. Addie Allen, Creston, Ia., re-elected; supreme conductor, Mae F. Larkin, Illinois; supreme directors—C. L. Simmons, Indiana; G. B. Metcalf, Illinois; Hal H. Smith, Michigan; J. R. Black, Illinois; Fred R. Hanton, Illinois; Taylor Fryer, Missouri, and Frank E. Dooling, Illinois; supreme medical directors—Drs. J. M. Compton, Indiana; F. S. Turner, Missouri; J. E. White, Illinois, and J. F. Myers, Illinois.

The annual report of the chancellor calls attention to the need of increased death rates, showed the cost of maintenance, which last year was 77 cents per capita, and compared favorably women with men as risks. He also highly commended the emergency fund started only three years ago.

The recorder's report showed 340 new charters in the last three years and 60,000 regular and 1823 social members December 31 last. The treasury showed $6963 in the general fund, $7213 in the benefit fund and $3315 in the emergency fund. The next meeting will be at Detroit.

Veterans Choose Encampment City.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Colonel M. E. Urell, commander-in-chief of the Spanish War Veterans, announced today that the National encampment this year would be held in New Haven, Conn. The dates have not been fixed definitely, but they probably will be September 28-30. The council was impelled to select an Eastern city this year because of the desire that next year an encampment be held in St. Louis.

COLLECTOR UNDER FIRE.

Porto Rico Is Alleged to Have Accepted Gifts Wrongly.

SAN JUAN, P. R., May 27.—As a result of the visit here of Customs Inspector Cullum, charges have been filed at Washington against Collector Cruzen, alleging irregularities in the conduct of the San Juan office.

According to affidavits submitted with the charges, Mr. Cruzen received unlawful emoluments, permitted ships to visit inland ports without an inspector on board in return for presents made to him, and unlawfully demanded cigars from shippers. The collector is absent now, but on his return a reply from him is expected.

Collector Is Censured.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The Treasury Department today made the following statement in regard to the report cabled from San Juan that Collector Cruzen had been charged by Inspector Cullum with smuggling:

"The investigation referred to at San Juan was the regular investigation of the port of San Juan ordered by the Treasury Department, as it orders investigations of all ports at least once a year. Irregularities were reported by the agent. The Collector was accused of receiving presents of tobacco and liquors. In explanation to the agent, he said they were given him voluntarily. The collector has been severely censured for the indiscretions, and the irregularities of administration disclosed by the report of the investigating officer has been corrected. The report did not disclose any overt act of dishonesty."

SQUADRON FOR KIEL REGATTA.

American Men-of-War to Attend as Mark of Respect to Kaiser.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The Navy Department announced this afternoon that the European squadron would visit Kiel. The battleship Alabama will sail for the other side June 5, and join the European squadron, consisting of the Chicago, Machias and San Francisco at Lisbon. Thence the squadron will proceed north to Kiel. The action was taken in accordance with telegraphic instructions received today from Secretary Moody.

The American men-of-war will go to Kiel for regatta week by order of the President, as a special mark of friendship to the German Emperor and in appreciation of the many courtesies he recently has shown the American people.

Secretary Hay announced to Baron Speck von Sternberg, the German Ambassador, today that a special order had been received from President Roosevelt that formal announcement of the visit of the European squadron to Kiel be made, and that the squadron be supplemented by a first-class battleship of the North Atlantic squadron. The Ambassador at once cabled the news to his Foreign Office.

Will Strike If Scale Is Not Signed.

CHICAGO, May 27.—No concessions will be made by the 12,000 cooks, waiters, waitresses, kitchen helpers and porters, according to a statement issued by their union today. If the wage scale is not accepted by Monday it is declared a strike will be called.

The workers are asking for a 10-hour day and about the same wages that are paid for 12 and 14 hours now in the better class of establishments. The restaurant-keepers, on the other hand, announce that a strike in one restaurant will be the signal for a general lockout. Nearly every restaurant in the downtown district is a member of the Employers' Association, and it is said that in the event of strike the doors of all will close simultaneously.

Southern Presbyterian Assembly.

LEXINGTON, Va., May 27.—The forenoon session of the Southern Presbyterian Assembly was devoted chiefly to the consideration of the report of the committee on foreign missions. The missionary committee's report stated that the past year showed the largest increase in native converts in the history of the church.

VERY LOW RATES EAST.

O. R. & N. Offers Big Inducement to Travel—Long-Time Limit and Stopover.

Many Portland and Oregon people no doubt will take advantage of the very low round-trip excursion rates to the East offered by the Oregon Railroad & Navigation Company, the following being the figures from Portland: Chicago, $71.50; St. Louis, $67.50; Peoria, $69.25; Cairo (Ill.), $72.15; Memphis (Tenn.), $75.50; New Orleans, $85.35; Kansas City, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Omaha, Council Bluffs, Sioux City, St. Paul, Minneapolis, all $60. Dates of sale: June 4, 5, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30; July 15, 16; August 25, 26. Limit: Going, ten days from date of sale; return, 90 days from date of sale. Stopover privileges will be allowed within limit in either direction west of Missouri River or St. Paul. For particulars, ask at O. R. & N. ticket office, Third and Washington streets, Portland.

Opia cigars cost more than other five-Centers, but there's a reason—they're better.

HAS VOTES TO SPARE

Roosevelt Is Sure to Be Renominated.

SIXTEEN STATES ARE PLEDGED

With the Other Support He Is Almost Sure to Receive, the President's Supporters Will Number 237 More Than Required.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, May 27.—The principal work of the next Republican National convention has been settled in advance. Up to the present time President Roosevelt has practically a majority of the votes of that convention pledged to him by states which held conventions, and there are enough more votes from states that are solidly for Roosevelt to give him over 200 votes in excess of a majority. The states and votes already pledged are:

Alabama	22	Rhode Island	8
Arkansas	18	Texas	26
Connecticut	14	Utah	6
Iowa	26	Washington	10
Kansas	20	Illinois	54
Massachusetts	32	Ohio	46
Missouri	36	Pennsylvania	68
Minnesota	22		—
New York	78	Total	496

In addition to these, there are 234 votes that can be counted as almost sure for Roosevelt, as follows:

Oregon	8	Wyoming	6
Idaho	6	Wisconsin	26
California	20	New Hampshire	8
Michigan	28	Vermont	8
Maine	12	Maryland	16
Tennessee	24	West Virginia	14
Kentucky	23	Nebraska	16
Colorado	10	Montana	6

This makes a grand total in the Roosevelt column of 730, or 237 more than the number required to nominate.

QUAY'S STATE FOR ROOSEVELT.

Republicans Indorse President, and Make Penrose Their Leader.

HARRISBURG, Pa., May 27.—The Republican State Convention today indorsed President Roosevelt for renomination, and declared against any change in the present tariff schedules.

The state administration was strongly indorsed, and no mention was made in the platform of the Grady-Salus libel law enacted by the recent Legislature. Senator Quay declined to accept re-election as chairman of the state committee, and his colleague, Senator Penrose, was chosen his successor.

The convention was remarkable for the unanimity with which it disposed of its business, and the lack of contest for the four places on the state ticket. Senator William P. Snyder, of Chester County, was nominated for Auditor-General; William L. Matthues, of Delaware County, for State Treasurer, and Judge Thomas A. Morrison, of McKean County, and J. J. Henderson, of Crawford County, for Superior Court Judges. Judges Morrison and Henderson are at present members of the Superior Court by appointment of the Governor, and their nomination is for the full term of ten years.

The convention was held much earlier than usual in off years, on account of the desire of Senator Quay and other party leaders to be away during the Summer.

Mr. Quay was not here during the convention, and his interests were in charge of Senator Penrose and other lieutenants. Henry F. Walton, of Philadelphia, Speaker of the House of Representatives, was permanent chairman of the convention, and Congressman Henry H. Bingham, of Philadelphia, was chairman of the resolutions committee.

The plank in the platform indorsing President Roosevelt for a second term follows:

"We commend and approve the Administration of President Roosevelt who, with great ability, fidelity and vigor has enforced the policies of his lamented predecessor, William McKinley, and of the Republican party. We favor his nomination and election to the Presidency in 1904, and pledge the united support of the Republicans of Pennsylvania."

The platform also contains a plank favoring "home rule for and the early admission to statehood of the Territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma."

On the question of tariff revision, the platform says:

"We affirm our unswerving loyalty to the Republican policy of protective tariff, and deprecate any suggestion of a general revision at the present time of the existing tariff law enacted in 1897. We believe it to be the dictum of wisdom to let well enough alone, and not to imperil business interests by any suggestions of present interference with revenue legislation. Permanence and stability of tariff rates are essential to continued business prosperity."

HANNA IS CONGRATULATED.

Abandonment of the Fight on Roosevelt Brings Him Many Messages.

CLEVELAND, O., May 27.—Senator Hanna received a large number of telegrams today concerning his decision not to further oppose an indorsement of President Roosevelt's candidacy for a second term at the coming state convention. These telegrams were said to be nearly all of a congratulatory nature. Many of them declared that in taking the step Senator Hanna had done much to preserve harmony in the ranks of the party.

Senator Hanna steadfastly refused to discuss the subject today, insisting that it was a closed incident.

Big Republican Gain in Kansas.

WICHITA, Kan., May 27.—Representative-elect Victor Murdock, Republican, estimates his plurality over Clyne, Democrat, at 12,000. The Republican plurality in this district last Fall was 7823. Returns from the cities indicate that the Socialist vote is larger than the Populist. Four tickets were in the field.

Ohio Prohibitionists Nominate.

SPRINGFIELD, O., May 27.—The State Prohibition convention today nominated a complete state ticket, headed by Rev. Dr. N. D. Creamer, of Columbus, for Governor.

Unprecedented Cattle Shipments.

EL PASO, Texas, May 27.—The shipments of cattle through this part of the country, which is the largest center for beef on the hoof in the world, is unprecedented. The Mexico Mormon colonization syndicate shipped 23,000 calves through here today for Idaho. Thirteen hundred Mexican cattle arrived here tonight for Canada. Over 13,000 Mexican cattle have already gone through here to the North in two weeks. Sixty thousand Terrazas cattle will be shipped north and east next week. The total for the three weeks will be 100,000.

Russians Buying Mules in China.

TIEN TSIN, May 27.—It is reported that the Russians are contracting through local Chinese dealers for the purchase of several thousand mules, delivery to be made within two months.

New Pennsylvania Officials.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.—At a meeting today of the directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad, J. R. Wood was appointed traffic manager, which is a new office. George W. Boyd was promoted to the office of general passenger agent to succeed Mr. Wood. J. B. Thayer, Jr., was elected fifth vice-president, a new office.

STORM DAMAGE GROWS.

Iowa Tornado Completely Wipes Out One Town.

DES MOINES, Ia., May 27.—When wire communication with the interior towns was opened up today it became apparent that yesterday's tornado caused far greater loss than was at first reported. A report early today from Botna, Shelby County, received by way of Audubon, says that the town of Botna was completely demolished, and that many farmhouses near that place were wrecked. At Botna a large church and the Great Western Depot are among the buildings known to have been wrecked. No definite news of casualties from there had been received up to 11 o'clock today.

At Creston ten dwellings were blown off their foundation, and Mrs. S. E. Troop and daughter were injured in the wreckage of their home.

Ten miles north of Gray, in Audubon County, two children are reported killed in the wrecking of a farmhouse and five others seriously injured. All were occupants of one house.

KANSAS FLOOD AT ITS CREST.

Clear Weather Is Now Expected—Railroads Having a Hard Time.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 27.—All the principal Kansas streams are as high as at any time during the floods of a year ago. The railroads are wrestling with a hard proposition in the matter of running their train on time. Clear weather is now expected for a few days, and it is likely that the water is almost as high as it will get.

The Kansas River is overflowing its banks. The street-car bridge at Topeka is in much danger of being swept away. Manhattan, Salina, Emporia, Florence, Atchinson, Junction City, Abilene and Hutchinson all report high water, which has destroyed much valuable property. Crops in some instances are under water.

In Salina, the flood conditions are about the same as reported last night. The water is slowly rising, but it will reach its highest point soon enough so as to do but little more damage. Thousands of dollars worth of property have been ruined at Salina.

The Union Pacific is having more trouble with its tracks than any of the other roads, being located in the flood district. Its trains are being run over the Rock Island tracks in Central Kansas.

TORNADO SWEEPS OHIO.

Severe Hail Storm Follows—Great Damage in Oil Fields.

COLUMBUS, O., May 27.—Reports of tornadoes in Northern Ohio were current here today. Information by telegraph and telephones shows that the storm swept from north of Dayton northeast to the lake region. Great damage is reported by wind through the oil fields. Hail stones an inch in diameter broke hundreds of windows, but no serious damage is reported at this time. Wires are reported down northwest of a line from Dayton to Sandusky and communication is cut off. No loss of life has been reported.

Stove Turns Over On Girl.

DES MOINES, Ia., May 27. — Another death was reported today as a result of the tornado in South Des Moines last night. The home of Richard Wallace, a carpenter, was destroyed, and in a fire that resulted from the kitchen stove being overturned, a 2-year-old daughter was burned to death, pinioned under the debris.

The Des Moines River is rising an inch every two hours today, with every prospect of exceeding the high-wter mark of a year ago.

Many persons are leaving their homes in the bottoms and stocks are being removed from factories with all possible speed.

Hospital Wrecked by Storm.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., May 27.—A severe storm damaged the hospital of the Iowa Soldiers' Home last night. A large brick smokestack was blown down, crashing through the roof, the inmates narrowly escaping injury. Trees were blown down and wires broken. Heavy rains caused the Iowa River to leave its banks, and much damage is threatened in low lands.

Farmer Dies of Fright.

ST. ELMO, Mo., May 27.—The casualties resulting from yesterday's tornado here are placed at 18, with one man missing. Daniel C. Barker, a retired farmer, died during the night of apoplexy, caused by fright; Ed Wiseman, a farmer, is missing, and C. Daniels and Mrs. John McMahon are seriously injured.

$100,000 Damage Done in Indiana.

KOKOMO, Ind., May 27.—A severe storm struck Kokomo today, doing damage estimated at $100,000. Half a dozen factories were badly damaged. The damage in the country near here will reach $100,000.

Many Iowans Driven From Home.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., May 27.—A second rise in the Floyd River has reached Sioux City and 500 persons have been driven from their homes along the river.

EAGER FOR PENSIONS.

Spanish War Veterans Are Freely Asking Government Aid.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, May 27.—Pension Commissioner Ware calls attention, as did his predecessor, to the fact that a greater proportion of the veterans of the Spanish War have applied for pensions than did the veterans of any previous war of the United States in a like period following the close of a National conflict. Most of the applications on file come from members of the volunteer regiments, 65,436 applications of this class now being of record, and all filed since the close of the Spanish War.

In round numbers, over 22 per cent of the men who enlisted for service in the war with Spain have this early applied for pensions. Out of the total number of claims filed, 57,046 are known as "invalid" claims, filed by the men themselves, and 8250 are "widows and dependents." There have been allowed to date 9681 invalid pensions and 3160 widows and dependents, while 18,185 claims have been rejected.

New applications are being filed daily by the hundreds, and the indications are that by the close of the present year nearly 50 per cent of the men who were enrolled on the Army lists during the brief war will have applied to the Government for a pension. This high percentage is said by the department to be due to the activity of pension attorneys. These attorneys have been active among the men who served either in Cuba or in the Philippines, and especially so with widows or dependent relatives of those who were killed or died in the service. They have induced many men to file claims when there was no chance of securing an allowance, but in the hope of securing a small fee for their pretended service. The high rate of rejections—higher by far than the rate of allowances—indicates the class of claims that have been filed.

George Stout Critically Ill.

George C. Stout, the well-known attorney, is very critically ill at St. Vincent's Hospital. Mr. Stout's health has been declining for a number of months, but until recently no very serious alarm was felt about his condition. Last week he was taken to the hospital for an operation, and he then seemed to experience some slight improvement. Yesterday, however, there was a change for the worse. Hope has not been abandoned, but it is feared that there is only the slightest chance for Mr. Stout's recovery.

We are here with the goods. Opia 5c cigars are best. Want to trade?

SPEAKS FOR JEWS

Cleveland Joins in Protest Against Massacres.

GREAT MEETING IN NEW YORK

Ex-President Counsels Against Any Rash Move—Resolutions Adopted Asking the United States to Use Its Influence.

NEW YORK, May 27.—There was a great and representative gathering at Carnegie Hall tonight, called to protest against the massacre of Hebrews at Kishinef. The announcement that ex-President Cleveland would speak lent additional interest to the gathering. While Mayor Low was delivering the opening address, expressive of the hope that Russia would give more liberty to her Jewish subjects, Mr. Cleveland entered, and was greeted with a tumult of cheers.

William H. Baldwin, Jr., read the resolutions which denounced the massacre, urged the claim of the Jews in Russia to just treatment and protection, and declared that "the people of the United States should exercise such influence with the government of Russia as the ancient and unbroken friendship between the two nations may justify to stay the spirit of persecution, to redress the injuries inflicted upon the Jews of Kishinef, and to prevent the recurrence of outbreaks such as have amazed the civilized world."

Mr. Cleveland said:

"Every humane American sentiment has been shocked by the late attack on the Jews in Russia, an attack murderous, atrocious and in every way revolting. As members of the family of mankind and as citizens of a free nation, we are here to give voice to the feeling that should stir every true man and every American worthy of the name. There is something intensely horrible in the wholesale murder of unoffending, defenseless women, men and children, who have been tacitly, if not expressly, assured of safety under the protection of a professedly civilized government.

Proof of Guilt Should Be Positive.

"I desire to avoid sounding a discordant note, but I cannot refrain from the suggestion that the moral effect of our protest and the usefulness of this demonstration will not be lessened if we require indubitable proof before we accuse the government of Russia with guilty complicity in the crimes committed within her borders, and it seems to me we may well consider the proper relationship between nations before we demand too pronounced interference on the part of our own Government.

"I do not say that the Russian government may not, by sins of omission or commission, be justly deserving of our condemnation, but we should not be swift to assume this, when we remember that we ourselves have found it impossible to prevent mob violence and murderous assaults on Chinese in Wyoming, and on Italians in Louisiana.

"I am distinctly and unequivocally in favor of informing our Government in unmistakable terms of our indignation and deep condemnation of the late outrages upon the Jews in Russia, but I hope, in obedience to the dictates of American conservatism and moderation, we will be content to forego perplexing and extreme demands upon our Government for violent action. Our public servants should hear us speak; but we certainly ought to be justified in trusting the care of our National honor and duty in the premises and the enforcement of the humane instincts of our people, so far as this may be within governmental action, to those charged with the responsibility of managing our public affairs.

"In the meantime, let the people of the United States, gathered together in such assemblages as this in every part of the land, fearlessly speak to the civilized world, protesting against every pretense of civilization that permits a mediaeval persecution, against every bigoted creed that forbids religious toleration and freedom of conscience, against all false enlightenment that excuses hatred and cruelty toward any race of men, and against all spurious forms of government protection that withholds from any human being the right to live in safety and toil in peace."

President Schurman, of Cornell; Rev. Robert S. MacArthur, and Edward M. Shepard also spoke, and the resolutions were adopted.

JEWS SLAIN RIGHT AND LEFT.

Story of a Man Who Witnessed the Massacre at Kishinef.

NEW YORK, May 27.—Mandal Schuelmeister, 20 years of age, and a native of Kishinef, was among the steerage passengers landed at Ellis Island today from the North German Lloyd liner Grosser Kerfurst. He left Kishinef the Monday after the massacre. He declares Russia never saw anything to equal the outrage. Questioned through an interpreter, he said:

"The houses of Jews were stoned and threats made to kill them. On the Jewish Passover there was much rioting. The next day, when the Christians came out of their churches, the crowds, armed with stones and iron bars, attacked the Jewish people in the streets, and began to sack the houses, killing men, women and children.

"I saw the mob enter the yard of the house next to us, where they stoned a shoemaker to death. While I was hidden in the cellar, I heard the mob enter our house and break the furniture and smash the windows.

"We were released from the cellar by our landlord. The next day the Chief of Police announced that the rioting must stop, and that we would be safe in the streets. I saw in the cemetery 50 bodies of men and women waiting to be buried. These were badly mutilated, some with crushed heads and some with large holes through the head from ear to ear, made by spikes that were driven through them."

Schuelmeister said he left Kishinef and was smuggled across the frontier, where "an agent" helped him to get to Bremen.

JEWS' CASE GOES TO ROOSEVELT.

Hay Will Hold Michigan Protest Until Return of President.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Senators Alger and Burrows and Representative Lucking, representing the State of Michigan, called on Secretary Hay today and presented the resolutions adopted by the Detroit mass meeting condemnatory of the attack upon the Jews at Kishinef, the text of which has already been published. The Secretary promised to lay the matter before the President upon his return to Washington.

The callers expressed themselves as satisfied that the universal and spontaneous action of the American people has had a beneficial effect. They thought the Russian government had already taken note of the ebullition of the popular feeling in America by taking extraordinary precautions to prevent a recurrence of Jew baiting in Bessarabia.

RETURN TO WORK TODAY

Union Pacific Boilermakers Will Resume Their Old Places.

OMAHA, May 27.—The Union Pacific strike that has been on at all of the shops of the system was declared off tonight, and tomorrow morning all of the boilermakers will return to work under the terms of the settlement agreed upon at New York last week. Yesterday there was a slight hitch in the proceedings, but matters of difference were soon cleared away.

MINERS URGE EIGHT-HOUR LAW.

Governor of Colorado Asked to Recommend It in Next Message.

DENVER, May 27.—Committees from the conventions of the Western Federation of Miners and the American Labor Union called on Governor Peabody today and urged him to include in his call for an extra session of the Legislature, should he issue one, provision for the consideration of an eight-hour law. The Governor promised to take the matter under consideration, but expressed doubt of the ability of the friends of labor to secure such a law.

The sessions of the two conventions today were chiefly devoted to the presentation of the annual addresses of the presidents. The principal recommendation of President Moyer, of the miners' organization, was that the conventions be held biennially instead of annually. President McDonald, of the American Labor Union, recommended some minor changes in the by-laws and urged the importance of extending the organization.

HURTS STATEHOOD CAUSE

Delegate From New Mexico Is a Hard Worker, but No Diplomat.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, May 27.—Delegate Rodey, of New Mexico, can properly be described as a monomaniac. He is a man with a single aim in life, and all his thoughts and all his acts are directed towards one objective point. He has literally gone wild over statehood. He talks nothing else, thinks nothing else and tries to accomplish nothing else. And like most monomaniacs, he is injuring the very cause he is trying to promote. A very pleasant man personally, Mr. Rodey certainly lacks diplomacy. His course during the last session of Congress when the omnibus statehood bill was pending was annoying to many Senators, and ridiculous in the eyes of disinterested spectators.

After attending the reception to the President in New Mexico, Delegate Rodey returned to Washington, and his first announcement is that his territory, with the other two, are already mustering their strength to blockade business in the next Congress unless statehood is granted them. This is an unwise attitude for a delegate to take before the public, and if Mr. Rodey had more legislative experience he would realize how foolish it is to assert that any faction is going to blockade legislation in a long session until a possibly objectionable bill is passed. That is one thing that is out of the question.

Mr. Rodey, however, brings back to Washington one interesting statement that may serve to counteract the ill effect of his boast. He says New Mexico and Arizona are now prepared to be admitted as a single state, something they protested against most vigorously in the last session. It is quite probable that a bill admitting the two territories as a single state may pass, and with it a bill for the admission of Oklahoma. A single state in the Southwest would give Arizona and New Mexico two Senators, and probably three Representatives. The people of those territories have come to realize that this would give them infinitely more strength in Congress than they now possess, and, if Mr. Rodey's statements are correct, the people are willing to take half a loaf, in the hope of having one state divided when its population has increased. The two delegates that now represent Arizona and New Mexico are worth but little to the respective communities. They can introduce bills, but they cannot vote; they can speak, but they cannot force legislation. As a single state there would be two votes in the Senate and three in the House, and in all probability Mark Smith and B. S. Rodey would be the two Senators.

While admitting the wish of the people of Arizona and New Mexico to join their issues and come into the Union as a single state, Mr. Rodey declares that at the opening of the next Congress, separate bills will be introduced for the admission of New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma.

All of which recalls an incident that took place just before the adjournment of the recent Congress. When it became apparent that the omnibus statehood bill was dead, Delegate Rodey hied himself into the presence of "Uncle Joe" Cannon, who was daily receiving pledges of support for the Speakership of the next House. "Mr. Cannon," said Rodey, "I want to know something more about your attitude towards statehood before I commit myself on the Speakership in the next Congress." As Cannon at that time had more than enough Republican votes pledged to insure his election by the caucus, he merely smiled a knowing smile, and turned away, leaving Rodey to feel foolish.

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