

ADIEU TO YOSEMITE

Roosevelt Comes Out of Park in Record Time.

AGAIN TRAVELING BY RAIL

Executive Has Lost All Appearance of Being Tired—Freno Chamber of Commerce and Delegation Meet Him at Berkeley.

ROOSEVELT'S ITINERARY TO PORTLAND.
May 19—Reno and Carson, Nev., Sacramento.
May 20—Redding, Elko, Ashland, Or.
May 21—Salem, Portland.

BERENDA, Cal., May 18.—President Roosevelt broke all road records for Yosemite Park today, when his coach came from Yosemite to Raymond, where his train awaited him, in ten hours of actual travel. The distance is 60 miles.

The President passed last night in camp at Bridal Veil Falls, a few miles from the Postoffice at Yosemite. He slept soundly, and when he awoke this morning declared he had never felt better in his life. His looks bore out his words. He had lost all appearance of being tired, and his eyes were bright.

The members of his party who had passed Saturday afternoon and Sunday at Yosemite, joined the President at the falls. Here he bid good-bye to his guides, Lelidg and Leonard, and mounted to his seat on the coach which was to take him to the morning was cool and clear, and the dust was not so bothersome as on the trip into the valley.

No incident occurred to mar the pleasure of the drive, and the coaches rolled into Wawona shortly before 11 o'clock. Here luncheon was taken, and at 12:30 the trip to Raymond was begun. The driver of the President's coach was on his mettle, and he put his horses to their best pace. When Wawona was reached the party alighted and light refreshments were served.

The run from Wawona to Raymond was the dustiest of the trip, and the President and his traveling companions were badly in need of a bath when they reached their train.

An escort of cavalry from Fort Wood, which is situated at Wawona, accompanied the President to Raymond. When Berenda was reached the President found a large crowd gathered to greet him. A special train from Fresno brought members of the Chamber of Commerce and their friends, and they warmly greeted the President as he appeared on the rear platform of his car. He made a brief address, thanking the people for coming to see him.

ADVANCE AGENT AT OLYMPIA.

Secret Service Man Condemns Bridge on Line of President's Parade.

OLYMPIA, Wash., May 18.—H. B. Hall, a secret service man and advance agent of President Roosevelt, has been here and condemned as part of the President's parade route the Fourth-street bridge leading to the West Side. "This structure has been built and condemned by the city for some time, and this part of the President's drive will be cut out. It has also been agreed by the local committee at the agent's request that the President and party are to be the only ones to enter the Masonic Temple, one of the oldest buildings here and a historic landmark.

It has been decided to make the President's addition the feature of his hour and ten minutes' stay here; accordingly he has been invited to speak at length.

President Will Speak at Kalama.
KALAMA, Wash., May 18.—(Special.)—Kalama being the first town in Washington to be reached by President Roosevelt on his tour, the President has consented to make a ten-minute talk to the people here. The President's train will arrive at Kalama about 9:15 A. M. on the 22d.

Indicative of His "Larger Heart."
NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 18.—Rev. H. P. Dewey, of Brooklyn, in a sermon to Yale students, declared that President Roosevelt's refusal to shoot animals for sport was indicative of the "larger heart" which is gradually coming in among the American people.

REBELS ARE GAINING.
Venezuelan Forces Are Being Decimated at a Rapid Rate.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Advices of a thoroughly reliable character received in Washington, under date of May 1, show that the Venezuelan revolutionists are not only holding their own, but are making considerable headway. The advices say:

"The districts of Coro, Barquisimeto and Tucacas, on the West Side, and Ciudad Bolivar, on the Orinoco, and its surrounding country are still in the power of revolutionists. Within 60 miles of La Guayra, in the Rio Caura district, the revolutionists are holding forth, and although the Government a few weeks ago sent an expedition there to drive them out, they succeeded only in making them retreat, and within a few days they were again back again there. A battle took place in which the Government lost over 1000 men and about 200 wounded were brought back to La Guayra after a two days' fight."

"On the other hand, the revolutionists have not succeeded in ousting the Government or in winning any particular fight, but they are decimating the government troops, and the government has not more than 3000 men under arms."

IGNORES ORDER OF CHIEF.
Colombian General Backed by President Causes Mission to Resign.

PANAMA, May 18.—The bad condition of the telegraph wires between Bogota and the coast makes it difficult to verify the report of political events at the capital. It is said on the basis of the telegraph that a violently worded article published in a newspaper of Pamplona is said to have been inspired by General Gonzalez Valencia, who caused the recent resignation of Minister of War Fernandez.

President Marroquin is said to have refused to consider General Fernandez' petition to remove General Valencia from the command of the Colombian forces in Santander.

Previous to the publication of this newspaper article, Minister of War Fernandez issued a decree considerably reducing the army. This was considered by General Valencia, who did not obey it. Instead he informed President Marroquin that the revolution in Venezuela made it necessary to keep a strong Colombian army on the frontier, and asked him that the decree be reconsidered. It is believed in some quarters, however, that General Valencia saw an opportunity to weaken

the influence of Fernandez. General Fernandez and Valencia had presidential aspirations. They are also jealous of each other, and a clash between them is thought to be inevitable. Both have numerous partisans.

CUBA WILL SOON ACT.

Treaties With the United States Will Go to Senate in a Forenight.

HAVANA, May 18.—It is officially stated at the Palace that the treaties between the United States and Cuba will be sent to the Senate within a fortnight. The Senators and Representatives expect a final adjustment of Congress before the middle of June. Extensive preparations are being made for the public and private celebration next week of Cuba's first anniversary.

Still Moving for Naval Base.
WASHINGTON, May 18.—The United States Government is going ahead steadily with plans for the acquisition of the naval base at Guantanamo and has taken steps to have the land surveyed and channels marked. This work in advance of the approval by the Cuban government of the formal treaty ceding the station to the United States is being learned, proceeds with the sanction of the Cuban government. It is learned that the treaty proper cannot be finally disposed of before next year, for with it has become involved the question of sovereignty of the Isle of Pines, and it has been suggested that the two subjects be treated as one convention. The Cubans are believed to favor the plan as they entertain a suspicion that after having obtained title to the coaling stations in a ratified treaty the United States Congress would then carry out the implied obligation to surrender title to the Isle of Pines to Cuba.

Jews to Blame.
(Continued from First Page.)

that the Americans were going to make representations to the Russian government regarding the massacres, and that the party alighted and light refreshments were served.

Protest at Cincinnati.
CINCINNATI, O., May 18.—The Chamber of Commerce here was packed today at a meeting protesting against the outrages on the Jews in Russia. Addresses were made by President Elliot, Father Mackey and others. Strong resolutions were adopted and forwarded to the State Department at Washington.

Letter of Denunciation to Russians.
ST. PETERSBURG, May 18.—Father John, of Kronstadt, has published an open letter to the Russian people denouncing the Kishinev outrages. The strongest language, as the work of barbarians animated by a devilish spirit.

RELIEF FUND HAS \$5087.
Jewish People of Portland Liberal in Aid of Sufferers.

A total of \$5087 has been raised among the Jewish people of Portland to aid in extending relief to the sufferers from oppression in the Kishinev district. A check for \$3000 will be forwarded to New York this morning, to be used as the general committee sees fit. More money will be sent later.

It is expected at meetings to be held today and in the immediate future by various Jewish societies and lodges appropriations will be made to swell the relief fund from Portland to more than \$6000. Origins of the fund are expected \$4000 or \$5000 would be the largest sum that could be raised by local contributions.

In little less than an hour's time last night \$387 was raised by the congregation of Beth Israel. A meeting held at Temple Torah the day previous had netted \$1500, and \$850 was added yesterday in private subscriptions.

The responses made to the appeals last night were hearty. No encouragement to contribute was given by Dr. S. S. Wise, who spoke of the necessity for extending aid, and urged his auditors to add their mite. He fixed a limit of \$200 for the evening's contributions, but the sum drawn far above that amount before any one knew it or realized the spirit of liberality with which the congregation was responding.

The appeal made by Dr. Wise was extended during the services attendant upon the celebration of the temple's dedication from debt. During his address Dr. Wise spoke feelingly of the Kishinev horror and the necessity for a unity among the Jewish people.

One should forget that we are Russian Jews, German Jews, Polish Jews, Roumanian Jews or any other kind of a Jew, but simply be a Jew—a united people.

"Let us hope," he continued, "that the time will come when there will be a greater unity among the people, and we will be one united people throughout the entire world. I had not expected the Christian ministry to be as deeply affected as the Kishinev horror as we are ourselves, but I was moved almost to tears a few days ago by the receipt of a letter from a Christian minister, who expressed his sorrow for the deed and his sympathy for the living. And yet when I picked up my paper this morning I did not find a chronicle that from a single Christian pulpit had there been a word said in denunciation of that horror. Had 15 Christians been killed in Macedonia or Armenia, view from every Christian pulpit would be a cry for action. Let us hope for the time when a unity among the people will result in such united action that no country would dare permit a repetition of such outrages, whether it be upon the Poles, the Jews or the Christians."

Dr. Wise told his congregation that their celebration of freedom from debt would be incomplete unless action were taken to extend aid to the sufferers from Kishinev. He urged the donation of funds for the relief work.

Well-informed Jewish leaders in Portland ridicule the claims of the Russian Minister at Washington to the effect that the outrages were perpetrated by one Jew against another. They say that the Jewish money-lenders, who had impoverished the peasants of the Kishinev district, said Ben Selling, in discussing the Minister's interview:

"Those who are familiar with the conditions in Russia, the pretense that the Jews are living from the earnings of the peasants is ridiculous. How can the Jew become a farmer or a peasant when he is confined to the towns? They are not permitted to go into the country and take up land, and yet because they do not do so we are told and they are told that they have fomented trouble among the peasants."

"The Jews are compelled by Russian rulings to remain in the cities, where they are engaging in the various business pursuits of larger centers of population. The claim that the Jews have become money-lenders and have impoverished the peasants is not true. The Jews in Russia are not given the opportunity to make more than a bare living, and they are facing starvation now."

"The first thing we are attempting to do is to relieve their hunger. After that we will endeavor to provide them with clothing, and when that is accomplished something further for their relief can be done. In the meantime any one connected with Russian conditions will resent the accusations made against the Jews by officials of that country."

Russia Drive Trade Away.
LONDON, May 18.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphs that the excessive duties imposed on both exports and imports at Niu Chwang by the Russians are driving trade away.

"ALIE" SAYS PLATT

Senator Denies He Is Mixed Up in Postal Scandal.

NOT IN ANY BONDING COMPANY

Tulloch Knew Better When He Spoke—Payne Asks High Officials to Explain the Charges Made Against Them.

NEW YORK, May 18.—Senator Thomas C. Platt today denied the statement made by Seymour W. Tulloch, ex-cashier of the Postoffice, that he had been mixed up in the Postal scandal.

"The statement is an absolute lie, and Tulloch knew it was a lie," said Senator Platt. "I have no interest, direct or indirect in any bonding company."

ASKED TO ANSWER TULLOCH.
Payne Calls Attention of High Officials to Charges Against Them.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Postmaster-General Payne today sent letters to the Controller of the Treasury, the Auditor of the Postoffice Department, and other officials calling their attention to the charges made by ex-cashier Tulloch in his communication of last Saturday. The letters ask for explanation, or further information, that might throw light on the subject.

Mr. Payne said he had no regard for the charge against the Auditor and Controller as the most serious of the allegations. He said that if these officials "allowed improper accounts to be audited or suppressed, what might be the result?" He said he had no regard for the charge against the Auditor and Controller as the most serious of the allegations.

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IRISH A FIGHT

Gaelic League Precipitates a Free-for-All Row.

CHAIRS USED AND MANY HURT

Principals in Trouble Oppose a Reception to King Edward, and Became Angry at Evasive Answer of the Mayor.

DUBLIN, May 18.—Scenes of extreme disorder were witnessed at a meeting of the Gaelic League here tonight, in support of the Gaelic League, owing to the presence of members of the Gaelic League, who are opposed to giving King Edward a friendly welcome on his coming visit to Ireland. Timothy Harrington, Lord Mayor of Dublin, was in the chair. While John Redmond was addressing the audience, Mrs. McBride, formerly Miss Maude Gonne, advanced to the platform and interrupted the proceedings by asking Lord Mayor Harrington whether he intended, as head of the municipality, to oppose the presentation of an address of welcome to the King. Mr. Harrington replied in an evasive way. Mrs. McBride insisted on a direct answer, whereupon scenes of the wildest disorder occurred, and prevented John Redmond from continuing his speech.

The members of the Gaelic League tried to storm the platform, amid cries of "put them out." Fierce collisions between the Gaelic Leaguers and the other members of the assembly ensued. Chairs were hurled to and from the platform and many persons were injured in the desperate efforts to eject the disturbers and restore order. John O'Donnell, member of Parliament for South Mayo, was badly injured in the head during the scuffle. Many persons fled terror-stricken from the hall.

John Redmond persevered in continuing his speech and eventually a semblance of order was regained and a resolution in accordance with the object of the meeting was carried.

RUSSIA BLOCKS IT.
China Is Unable to Open Manchurian Ports to American Trade.

PEKING, May 18.—China, in reply to further representations from the United States and Japanese Ministers, has again pointed out the impossibility of including in the commercial treaties the opening to trade of Manchurian ports, on account of Russian opposition. The American Minister proposes that China open Mukden harbor, and a small port at the mouth of the Yalu River.

W. W. Baldwin, of New York, a representative of the Southern cotton mills who has investigated the trade conditions in Manchuria, reports that the American cotton trade was increasing enormously recently, while the Chinese also exported to export pressure upon the Chinese, amounting to coercion, for second orders for Russian firms amounting to \$50,000.

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