Roosevelt Quits San Francisco.

OFF FOR THE YOSEMITE

Union League Club Tenders Him Farewell Banquet.

NAVAL MONUMENT DEDICATED

President Takes Part in Commem ration of the Battle of Manila Bay-Visits Berkeley and Is Made a Doctor of Laws.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.-President Roosevelt bade farewell of San Francisco tonight, his last day, like the others here having been so completely taken up that it served to verify the smiling remark he made yesterday that the city of the Golden Gate had given him everything except sleep. Early this morning the Presidential party, with an escort of sailors and maleft the Palace Hotel and participated in the dedication of the monument commemorative of the victory of Commo dore Dewey and his fleet at Manila Bay. Here the President dwelt strongly on the necessity of a stronger Navy and of practical training at sea.

Then a trip was taken across the bay to Berkeley, the home of the University of California, where the President spoke at the commencement exercises. The citizens of Oakland next claimed Mr. Roosevelt's presence. Following came a visit to Valleio, where the cornerstone of the Y. M. C. A. building for Uncle Sam's seamen was laid. Inspection was then made of the Mare Island navy-yard, and the party returned at 7 o'clock to attend the Union League Club banquet. Shortly after midnight the President left to view the wonders of Yosemite Valley.

At the banquet given by the Union League tonight, covers were laid for 300 people, and included most of the Judges of the State Supreme Court, the president of the club, George Pippy, and Judge John Davis, who bade President Roosevelt welcome. Mr. Roosevelt made response, and the list of toasts was then taken up as follows: "The Army," General MacArthur; "The Navy," Secre tary Moody; "California," Governor Pardee; "The Presidential Party," United States Senator Perkins; "The Citizens" Committee," M. H. De Young.

DEDICATION OF MONUMENT.

President Praises Work of Navy and Says It Must Be Strengthened.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.-Under balmy sky and on the greensward of Union Square this morning the President participated in the dedication of the magnificent monument erected in commemo ration of the victory of the American Navy at Manila. The monument consists of a high shaft of white California granite surmounted by a bronze figure of Victory, holding in one outstretched hand a wreath and in the other a trident.

The President was escorted from the hotel to the square by all of the marines of the warships in the harbor. On the stand from which he addressed the asmbled multitude were the officers of the warships in San Francisco Bay and viand the officers of the cruiser Grafton, the flagship of the British Pacific squadron.

In a few words Chairman James G. Phelan presented the monument to the City of San Francisco, and it was as briefly accepted by Mayor Schmitz on behalf of the municipality.

President Roosevelt said San Francisco should glory in commemorating the Navy's victory at Manila, as that event had opened the Pacific Ocean to American ommerce, and more than any other event had contributed to give the United States a higher place among the naval powers. He dwelt on the necessity of preparing ships, armament and men for the Navy. Naval battles are fought in advance an the Americans won at Manila because they were ready for the strife. The necessity of improving the Navy was first made apparent in 1882, and all of the warships we now have were built since that Since the last war the naval strength of the United States had been rapidly increasing and under the wise provisions of the last Congress had particularly advanced. He urged practical work at sea, particularly in marksmanship, saying, "Remember that the shots that count in war are the shots that

dent a Doctor of Laws.

BERKELEY, Cal., May 14.-The citizens of Berkeley united with the members of the faculty and students of the University of California this morning in tendering a tremendous evation to President Ro veit and party. Long before the hour set for the arrival of the special train, the school children of the city, gaily festioned with flowers, assembled on either side of the street leading to the university en-trance. The thoroughfare had been bril-liantly decorated for the occasion, and when the Presidential party passed up the street the avenue was completely carpeted with the fairest blossoms of the university

The Presidential train, gayly caparisoned with flowers, arrived at the Berkeley de-pot at 10:36 o'clock. Carriages and a com-mittee of representative citizens were in waiting, and the drive to the new amphitheater at the university, where the commencement exercises were held, was immediately begun. As President Roosevelt stepped from his carriage and made his way to the amphitheater, he was sur-rounded by 16 cavalrymen. He was dec-orated with a hood and gown in conform-ity with the degree of doctor of philos-

ophy.

The exercises opened with an invo-cation by Rev. Albert F. Lylle, the oldest living graduate of the college. The first address was made by Jesse Steinhart, a address was made by Jesse Steinhart, a graduate student, who spoke on "The University and the Newer American Life." Robert Sibley, a member of the graduating class, had as his theme "The Mission of the University in Engineering." The address of Allen Pomeroy Matthew. "The College Man as a Citizen," was preceded and followed by musical selections

rendered by an orchestra.

Bo nicely had the programme been

timed that the Presidential party arrived just before the conferring of degrees by Governor Pardee to the members of the graduating class. After the preliminary cheers which greeted the appearance of President Roosevelt had subsided, the rooters of the student body greeted the head of the Nation with the Harvard yell. He gave approval of the alogans which the collegians rendered again and yell. He gave approval of the stogans which the collegians rendered again and again, by frequent nods and smiles. President Benjamin Ide Wheeler then conferred the degrees upon the 400 collegians who sat upon the stage with capand gown. After this the President was introduced by President Wheeler, who strong said.

simply said: dore Roosevelt, President of the United States. Then, as the Chief Executive, attired in a black academic robe trimmed with pur-ple, stepped into the sunlight, President

Wheeler said: "Theodore Roosevelt, by authority of the regents of the University of California I confer upon you the degree of Doc-tor of Laws. This is the highest honor the State University knows how to con-fer on you. Its best it gives gladly." President Roosevelt then addressed the

assemblage.

He eulogized the state, its people and the university, speaking in affectionate terms of his old friend, President Wheel-

At the close of the exercises he left for Oakland, where he was driven through the principal streefs, accompanied by Gov-ernor Pardee, Senator Perkins and the reception committee. In front of the High School building the President de-livered a short address. He was then driven to the water front, en route to the Mary Island Naya-ward. Mare Island Navy-vard.

AN APPEAL FROM CHINESE,

President Asked to Ald Movement to Open Schools to Native-Born. SAN FRANCISCO, any 16 President toosevelt has been asked to assist the native-born Chinese children of San Fran-cisco in obtaining an education in the public schools of the city. The complaint is made that the Chinese are confined in a special school, and are there insufficient. ly instructed. To improve the condition, the President is asked to use his good offices with the state and city Boards of offices with the state and city Boards of Education to have the Chinese children admitted to the public schools on an equality with other nationalities.

A petition laying the matter before the President was presented to him today at Berkeley by President Wheeler. It bore the names of 2000 Chinese, many of them natives of this city.

natives of this city.

PRESIDIO IS A DISGRACE. President Will Urge Secretary Root to Renovate It at Once. SAN FRANCISCO, May 14-The Bulle-

dn says:
"President Roosevelt has reached the resident Rooseveit has reached the conclusion that the quarters and barracks at the Presidio are disgraceful, considering the size and importance of the reservation. He is, therefore, going to make it his immediate business to write to Secretary Root, and ask that a large sum of money be diverted immediately to the money be diverted immediately to the renovation of the Presidio. Whether renovation of the Presidio. Whether there is enough money already appropriated to be of much use in building this immense post, with its garrisons of two regiments of infantry, enough artillery to form more than a regiment and a squadron of cavalry, or whether it will be necessary to wait for the reassembling of Converse to set the necessary. of Congress to get the sum of money, amounting to \$1.000,000 or more, which would be required for an entire remodel-ing is a question, but it is certain that the President is sufficiently interested to take active steps at once to make the Pr

TRAIN JUMPS THE TRACK One Passenger Is Killed and 20 Persons Are Injured.

BUT SPRINGS, Ark., May 14. The out bound passenger train on the Choctaw, Oklahoms & Gulf Railroad, which left here at 3 o'clock this morning, jumped the track on a 15-foot embankment, about a mile east of this city today, wrecking a mile east of this city tous, all of the cars, except the Pullman sleeper, and carrying an iron bridge down into the creek. One man was killed and at the creek. One man was killed and at least 20 other persons were injured, one fatally and several others seriously. The

Several Delegates to Convention in Indianapolis Are Injured.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 14.—Two street-ars, the second and last in a string of three cars, bearing a trolley party of offi-cers and delegates of the National Convention of Royal Neighbors, collided this teenth street. Ten women were more or less injured, three of whom were hurt seriously. They are Supreme Recorder Mrs. Winnie Fielder, of Peoria, Ill.; Dep. uty Organizer Mrs. Ada Luwson, of Ano-Minn., and Mrs. Joseph Briggs, of Seldon, Ia.

prossing and the rear car crashed into it. The ladles in the rear car were hurled forward, many of them being bruised about the faces and chests by striking the backs of forward seats. Mrs. Lawson was carried to a house near the accident, while the other injured were taken to their ho-tels. The front end of the car was crushed.

WRECKED BY SPREADING RAILS. Ohio Train Accident Causes Death of Engineer and Fireman.

WASHINGTON COURTHOUSE, May 14 .- The Cincinnati and Pittsburg Express on the Midland division of the Bal-GIVEN A DEGREE AT BERKELEY.
State University Makes the Presiington Courthouse, at 10:40 this morning. and two persons were killed and several Engineer John May, Newark, O.

Fireman J. A. Leighter, Newark, O. The injured: F. M. Moore, Chillicotte, engineer; H. L. Wilson, Detroit, Mich., traveling selesman; J. W. Ford, Ashland, O.: Mrs. Elizabeth Robbins.

All the other passengers were badly haken up and some sustained painful

SALT TRUST FINED. Judge De Haven Places Amount at

a Thousand Dollars.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.-The case of the inited States vs. the Federal Salt Company was finally ended in the United States Court today by Judge De Haven. who, in rendering judgment in the case, sentenced the company to pay a fine of 1900, it aving pleaded guilty to violating the provisions of the Sherman anti-trust

Wealthy Pioneer of Honolulu. HONOLULU, May 14.—(By Pacific cable.)—S. C. Alien, a pioneer of Honoulu, died today of heart disease, aged 72 years. Captain Allen was one of the wealthlest men in the Hawaiian Islands, his fortune being estimated at \$5,000,000.

Deceased was a member of the firm of Allen & Robinson, lumber dealers and shipping meg. Killed by a Mob.
CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 14—Percy
Jones, of Arkansas, was killed by a mob
at Wilson, N. C., last night. No parat Wilson, N. C., last night. No par-ticulars further have been received. Ten

President of Harvard and Other Discuss Labor Question Before Social Science Association.

BOSTON, May 14.—The general meetings of 18th of the American Social Science As-sociation began here today. The pro-gramme covers a session Saturday morn-ing. The speakers are persons of prom-linence in various branches of professional and scientific activity, mainly from Bos-ton and vicinity. The principal speakers today were: George H. Anderson and Lewis D. Brandels, leading members of the Suffolk County (Mass.) bar, and Pro-

nance of the open door of opportunity is a fundamental American doctrine. The concluding speaker was St. Clair McKelway, editor of the Brooklyn Eagle, who spoke upon "Journalism and Publicity.

Physicians' Convention Closes, Physicians' Convention Clases.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The Association of American Physicians concluded its sessions today. Papers were read on the action of alcohol in fevers and in diseases generally and on the causes and treatment of Bright's disease. The following officers were elected: President, Dr. William T. Councilman; vice-president, Dr. Edward Trudean, Saranac, N. Y.; secretary, Dr. Henry Hun, Albany, N. Y., reelected; treasurer, Dr. J. P. Crozer-Griffith, Philadelphia, re-elected. The vext place of meeting will be in Washington in March, 1994.

President Roosevelt's first stop in Oregon will be at Ashland, which he is to reach on May 21 at 6:45 A. M., remaining there 15 min-

HOW THE PRESIDENT WILL SPEND HIS TIME IN OREGON

While it is probable that the President will appear on the car platform at Roseburg, Eugene and Albany, the train makes no stop of any length till it reaches Salem at 9 A. M., leaving at 12:01 P. M. The President will arrive at the Union Depot at 2:15 P. M., when a salute will be fired by Battery A of the Oregon National Guard,

and the President will be received by the reception committee. The President and his party will be placed in carriages, each carriage containing one of more of the Lewis and Clark directors and commissioners. The procession will start promptly upon the occupation of the carriages.

The school children of the city will be located in the park blocks in charge of teachers.

On arrival of the President at the corner of West Park and Salmon streets he will review the procession, which will then dishard. except the mounted escort and those carriages containing guests that will participate in the dedication ceremonies at the monument site. which will commence at 4:30 P. M.

On arrival at the monument site the President, his party and other guests will be conducted to the platform. A military band and chorus will render musical selections during the ceremony,

At the conclusion of the ceremony the citizens will escort the Presidential party and guests to the carriages, which, preceded by the mounted escort, will repair to the Portland Hotel. It is expected that the President will reach the hotel by 6:30 P. M. at the latest.

The President will be entertained at dinner in the hotel at 8 P. M. To this banquet about 60 guests have been invited, besides the Presidential party, which numbers 22. The guests are selected from those persons who from their high official positions in the past or present seem to be entitled to an invitation. This list will be supplemented by a few private citizens, consisting of large subscribers to the general entertainment fund. It is expected that the guests will each pay \$20 in addition to their former subscriptions

The President and his party will pass the night at the Portland Hotel, where rooms have been reserved for them by the committee. At 8 o'clock on the following morning, May 22, the President will leave for Puget Sound.

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raid:
"In considering some of the responsibilities of capitalistic organization, it is not to be overlooked that the career of the labor organizations has not been marked by any such love of wisdom, justice and fair dealing as to evoke our moral enthusiasm. Nor have the labor organization to denounce

enthusiasm. Nor have the labor organizations any moral standing to denounce trusts, for their movement is as distinctly a combination or trust as is the capitalistic movement. The two movements are alike in motive and object."

The subject of Mr. Brandels address was "The Responsibilities of Labor Organizations and Trades Union Incorporation." He said labor unions have been largely instrumental in securing reason-

tion." He said labor unions have oven largely instrumental in securing reasonable hours of labor and proper conditions of work; in raising materially the scale of wages; in protecting women and children from industrial oppression. He pointed out, however, that the struggle of workingmen to attain these ends had Joseph—ley, fireman, Hot Springs,
Fatally injured—John Ryan, engineer,
Hot Springs.
Seriously injured—Newton Holt, lawyer;
J. W. Weir, conductor; W. L. Hendricks,
brakeman, all of Hot Springs; Will Marmell, Pullman porfer, Little Rock; Jack
Archer, Hot Springs; Mrs. T. F. Coone,
Indian Territory.

TROLLEY CARS COLLIDED.

of workingmen to attain these ends had been attended at times by acts of intolbeen attended at times dy intolbeen attended at times by acts of intolbeen attended at times dy intoltainment of this end."

tainment of this end.

Professor Wambaugh, who followed,
also discussed trade unions. He held
trades unions responsible for committing a wrong, though unincorporated; that it would not be easy to prove connection between perpetrators of wrongs and the unions, if incorporated, and that incoreration involved the danger that incororated trades unions would combine with apitalists in disregard of the interests of the public.

Argument for Incorporation.

John F, Tobin, president of the Boot and Shoe-Workers Union, referring to Professor Wambaugh's remarks, said: "The prospect of capital and labor organizations combining as against the people is not, to my mind, very dangerous. The principal argument in favor of the incorporation of trades unions is that it will give security to contracts made with ns, and make them liable for damages for the same extent as the em-Professor David L. Dewey, of the In-

stitute of Technology, said:
"I find myself in sympathy with Profeasor Wambaugh's position. The proposition to incorporate trades unions is an attempt to sidetrack the main issue in the discussion which is before the country. It is not asked for by trades unions. It is suggested as a method of imposing financial obligation upon trades unions and its members."

Eliot Leaves It to Unions.

President Charles W. Eliot, of Harvard, nummarized the question of the incorporation of the trades unions in the statement that if they wanted it there seemed to be no objection, and if they did not want it, there was no objection. There was, however, an objection to the impo- an "investigation," and had reported that want it, there was no objection. There was, however, an objection to the imposition of a money penalty, and this whole talk of incorporating trades unions was fairly attributable to a desire to get at them and impose a fine or collect dues.

"It must be noted," said Mr. Elliot, "that the activities of the trades unions involve only moral, not legal responsibilities. Are says:

White he was in Brusses because the suite authorities at Boma had just concluded an "investigation," and had reported that the charges were "exaggerated." Consequently no more could be done and he did not believe protests on behalf of the natives of the Congo would be officially noticed if submitted to Belgium.

Mr. Whyte in giving out Mr. Morrison's letter, says: "that the activities of the trades unions involve only moral, not legal, responsibilities. The position of the unions is virtually that of two million men who aystematically permit moral and physical violence in the attainment of their ends in the limitation of output, than which there is no more corrupting or degrading trades. This appeal was acknowledged by the chief of the Cabinet, who said the letter there is no more corrupting or degrading. in the limitation of output, than which there is no more corrupting or degrading influence. Unskilled laborers cannot gain their aims in a labor struggle without permitting violence, but this is a moral question, and not one of damages. To at-tempt to get at them vindictively, by inducing or compelling incorporation, and making them financially liable, is not at all the way to settle the problem." The evening session was given to addresses on the general topic of "Industrial Peaca," the introductory address being delivered by Oscar S. Straus, president of the association. After analyzing conflicts between labor and capital, Mr. Straus drew this conclusion.

fessor Wambaugh, of the Harvard Law gates present, representing all sections of the country. The first session was devoted to routine matters. Officers will be School.

Mr. Anderson spoke on "Some Responsibilities of Capitalistic Organization." He elected and the convention will adjourn

Ban Placed on Lobbying.

NEW YORK, May 14.—At the 37th neeting of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, which is being held here to-day, the executive committee reported that it had authorized the expenditure of \$3000 to defend a suit against a Mississippi nember under an anti-trust law. A resultion declaring it unwise to make e penditures to secure the passage or de-feat of measures pending before Legisla-tures was adopted. The by-laws were amended so that the executive committee will consist of one officer of each com pany represented in the association, in stead of being composed of the forme presidents of the organization. Henry H. Hall, of New York, was elected presi-

Telegraphers Go Sight-Seeing. ST. LOUIS, May 14.-All business wa

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 14.—At today's session of the Episcopal diocese convention, the committee to consider the question of changing the church to the Cath-Church of America, reported against

Adjourns to Meet in Boston in 1904. WASHINGTON, May 14.—The American Gynecological Association adjourned today to meet in Boston in May, 1904. Dr. Edward Reynolds, of Boston, was elected

APPEAL FOR NATIVES. America Asked to Move in Congo Abuses on Humane Grounds.

LONDON, May 14.-Robert Whyte, the representative in England of the American Presbyterian Church, has given out the reply of the Rev. William Morrison, of Lexington, Va., to the letter addressed to him by Mr. Houdret, Consul-General of the Congo Independent State in London, Rev. Mr. Morrison is a member of the American Presbyterian Mission. He re-cently made public here charges of tyran-nical behavior on the part of the whites in Congression. in Congo over the native population. To the charges Mr. Houdret replied, saying

Your allegations would have been more serviceable if they had been made direct to the authorities at Brussels, who desire to repress abuses if any have been com-mitted." In the letter made public by Mr. mitted." In the letter made public by Mr. Whyte, Mr. Morrison says he did not men-

chief of the Cabinet, who said the letter was already being investigated." Mr. Whyte says further:

"The investigation and the punishment alike were a travesty on justice. No wonder an appeal has been made to the heart and conscience of the people of England and America. The crimes to which Mr. Morrison calls attention are the outcome of a system of treatment of the natives which is a flagrant violation of the Berlin convention. The rights of natives and traders are invaded, hence the interests of commerce, humanity and religion claim the attention of the governments of Great Britain and the United Stafes."

conflicts between labor and capital, Mr.

Straus draw this conclusion:

"The greatest obstacle to industrial peace is not selfishness, but the tyranny of ignorance and uneconomic demands. In the very nature of things, the employer class, as a whole, is more educated and has a better conception of 'enlightened self-interest.'"

The speaker thought the outlook was hopeful, for the reason that the mainte-

TO ADVANCE MERGER CASE

KNOX WILL FILE A MOTION IN THE SUPREME COURT TODAY.

Vast Importance of the Action the Attorney-General's Reason for Making Request.

WASHINGTON. May 14.—Authoritative announcement was made today of the intention of the Attorney-General to enter a motion in the Supreme Court of the United States next Monday to advance the hearing of the Northern Securities case, the appeal of which was docketed recently in that court. It is altogether to the late of the properties o recently in that court. It is altogether probable that the court will grant the motion, but it is not likely that the court will take action on the motion before the will take action on the motion before the sitting on June 1, when the court will be in session for the last time during the present term. Hence there is no possibility of the argument of the case before the court reconvenes on October 12. As assigned cases never are heard during the first week of a term, the earliest probable date for the hearing is October 13. able date for the hearing is October 12.

The vast importance of the case will be given as the Attorney-General's reason for asking the court to expedite it.

MANY NEW OFFICES CREATED. Summary of Appropriations Made by Congress Just Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, May 14.-The volume relating to appropriations made and new offices created during the last session of Congress has been completed for the sec-ond session of the 57th Congress, by Thomas P. Cleaves and James C. Courts, chief clerks, respectively, of the House and Senate committees. A summary of the appropriations shows a grand total of \$755,068,508. In addition to the specific ap-\$753,088,506. In addition to the specific appropriations made, contracts are authorized to be entered into for certain public works requiring future appropriations by Congress in the aggregate of \$55,568,555, the principal item of which is \$20,425,000 for additions to the Navy.

The new officers and employments specifically authorized are 11,316 in number, 17 or 2007, 200

cifically authorized are 11,315 in number, at an annual compensation of \$7,927,839. Those abolished or omitted are 1815 in number, at an annual compensation of \$941,481, a net increase of \$561 in number and \$6.886,185 in amount.

The largest increase is 5615 men for the naval estimates, including \$900 seamen and 1455 midshipmen, and 3354 for the postal service, including 143 assistant postmasters, 1259 clerks in postoffices and 856 rall-way postal clerks. The number of salaries increased is 241, at an annual cost of \$205, 202, and the number reduced is 60, in the sum of \$900. sum of \$600.

sum of \$900.

A comparison of the total appropriations of the second session of the 57th Congress for 1904 with those of the first session for 1903 shows a reduction of \$47,566. 590. The principal items of decrease are for river and harbor improvements, \$12,-307.049; for the Isthmian Canal, \$50,130,000, and for the military establishment, \$13,-

Among the increases are: For the naval Among the increases are: For the naval establishment, \$2,095,425; for the postal service, \$15,094,251; for legislative, executive and judicial expenses, \$2,200,000, including \$500,000 for the enforcement of the anti-trust laws, and for the Agricultural Department, \$770,000.

The total appropriations made by the 57th Congress amount to \$1,553,683,002, an

increase over the 56th Congress of \$113,195,-567. This is accounted for in part by in-creases in the appropriations for postal serice of \$54,000,000; for the naval service vice of \$54,000,000; for the naval service, \$17,500,000; for rivers and harbors, \$29,500,000; for the Isthmian Canal, \$50,000,000; for the Agricultural Department, \$2,500,000; for legislative, executive and judicial expenses, \$4,400,000; for public buildings throughout the country, \$10,000,000, and for the Philippine Islands, \$3,000,000. Reductions are made in the appropriations for the military establishment of \$50,000, and for pensions of \$100,000.

MILITIAMEN UNDULY ALARMED. Dick Law Does not Require Them to Suppress Strikes.

WASHINGTON, May 14.-Major William W. Williamson, of Savannah, connected with the National Guard of Georgia, had a conference with Secretary Root today garding the Dick militia law, and the regarding the Dick militia law, and the question whether under it militiamen of one state might be called into service in another state and made to do duty in the suppression of insurrections and strikes. Some, at least, of the Southern militiamen were opposed to being considered in the United States service for any

Secretary Root informed Major Williamson that the Dick law did not change the status of the militiamen in respect to any service that they might be called on to perform. The duties and control of the militiamen, he said, were defined by the militamen, he said, were defined by the Constitution, and remained as they had for more than 100 years. As to the suppression of insurrections and disturbances by the United States Government, in which the Army of the United States would be necessary, of course the regular Army would be employed. The Secretary did not care to surmise beyond that could not discuss what much become point, or discuss what might happen in the event the regular Army was not suf-ficient to meet any emergency which might arise.

LET OKLAHOMA IN ALONE. Hitchcock's Trip Shows Him Indian

Territory Should Not Be State. GUTHRIE, O. T., May 14.—That Okla-homa will receive statehood this Winter is the firm belief of Secretary Hitchcock, of the Interior Department. He advocates the admission of Oklahoma alone believing the conditions are not such, and will not be for several years, in Indian Territory as to entitle her to statehood with Oklahoma. On account of the com-plicated land and lease matters there, he says, that territory could be but an em-barrassment to a state. He reports the conditions throughout Oklahoma as fully entitling her to immediate statehood. He believes New Mexico and Arizona may also secure statehood this Winter, but the admission of Oklahoma is as-

UMPIRES ARE NAMED. Appointment of Three Men to Act in Venezuela Claims' Dispute.

WASHINGTON, May 14.-The State Department has given notice of the appoint-ment of General H. M. Duffield, of Detroit, as umpire in the arbitration at Caracas between Germany and Venezuela, General Duffield led one of the volunteer regiments in the Spanish War, and is a prominent lawyer in Detroit. Jackson H. Raisson, of the District of Columbia, has been appointed umpire in the arbitration at Caracas of the Italian claims against Venezuela, and Frank F. Partridge has been charged with the double duty of um-pire in the English-Venezuela and the Netherlands-Venezuela arbitration.

Negro Will Not Get Postoffice. Washington, May it.—Postmaster-General Payne has rescinded an order creating a postoffice at Quindoquia, Md., for which Andrew J. Day, a negro, was stated for appointment. This was done on representation from Representative Jack-son, of the First Maryland District, who deems the establishment of a postoffice there unnecessary, because the place is soon to be included within the limits of rural free delivery service. rural free delivery service.

Monitor Is Grounded to Stay. ST. GENEVIEVE, Mo., May 14.-The monitor Arkansas apparently will remain here for a long time. Another slight fail in the river has precluded all hope of her returning to St. Louis, as sailing up stream shows a little over nine feet of water and the monitor draws II. Barges laden with coal have replenished her

bunkers. E. O. Jones, chief hostswain's mate, has been honorably discharged and the jackies envy him his liberty.

The Arkaness is the first warship to sail up the Mississippi River since the Civil War. She was sent to St Louis to represent the Navy at the dedication exercises of the Louishan Purchase Expestion. She is 252 feet long, 12 feet 5 inches draft dissiparated, 2220 tons. She

grounded shortly after starting on her return trip to the mouth of the Mississippi River. inches draft. displacement 2220 tons.

CHICAGO, May 14 .- "The May Queen,

recitations and calistenic exercises given by them. The song and dislogue incident to the games were rendered in the sign language. The sentiments were made in-telligent to the audience by Miss Josephine Tobolska and Miss Minnie Byrne, who interpreted and vocalized the words and interpreted and vocalized the songs of the performers.

Race War Closes Hall Route. WASHINGTON. May 14.—Postmaster-General Payne has received a letter from W. F. Conger, special agent o the rural free delivery service at Nashville. Tenn., who is investigating the intimization of Aligood, the negro malicarrier, near Gallatin, Tenn. Mr. Conger reports an almost unanimous sentiment at Gallatin degree atting the occurrence and a senteral deprecating the occurrence, and a general whilingness to clear the situation and to fix the responsibility on the guilty persons. Mr. Payne said today that the route would probably be discontinued.

Wireless Telegraphy for Coast, Wireless Telegraphy for Coast.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Acting Secretary of Agriculture Moore has made plans for establishing a wireless telegraphy service between San Francisco and the Faralion Islands, 30 miles from San Francisco. The service will supplement the cable between these points, which was broken recently and is now in course of repair. The wireless plant will not be installed until the next fiscal year.

AIDED DYNAMITER IN WORK Chicago Men Found Who Helped to Build Infernal Machine.

CHICAGO, May 14.—The Chicago police this afternoon discovered three men who, it is believed unsuspectingly aided the mysterious "Russell" in manufacturing his internal machine. The men are J. W. Arimore, carpenter; J. W. Elsenberg, blacksmith, and John Clark, machinist, whose shops are in the vicinity of the apartment occupied by Russell in Washington ington between. All state that the man told them he was manufacturing a gam-bling device. Chief of Detectives McCluskey and Ser-

geants Carey and Function, of New York, arrived here today and spent most of the afternoon following the trunk check clew. Inspector McCluskey returned to New York tonight, but left his two detectives here to assist the local police on the case Before leaving for the East the inspector smid: "I believe the machine was made in "I believe the machine was made in Chicago, and that the conspiracy, if any existed, was hatched, here. We have the entire detective force of New York at work on the case, and we are looking for

startling developments soon."
Lieutenant Rohan, of the Chicago Detective Bureau, tonight would not say whether he believed that the mysterious "G. Russell" or "Rosscau" is in Chicago, but the fact that the Lieutenant kept his men on the run is taken as an indication that he has reason to believe the dyna-miter is in Chicago.

DYNAMITER BOUND FOR EUROPE, Police Will Search All Steamers for

Maker of Infernal Machine. NEW YORK, May it.—Sailing lists of half a dozen trans-Atlantic steamship lines have been found by detectives in the room of G. Rossenu, who it is alleged was the sender of the infernal machine found at the Cunard Company's docks recent. This fact has given rise to a theory that Rosseau sailed for Europe Saturday immediately after mailing the warning letter to Police Commissioner Greene.

Greene. The sailing lists found in Rosseau's room were all folded in a way to suggest that Saturday's sailings had been studied. No railroad time tables were found in the room, and those boarders in the house who knew Rosseau best are strongly of the opinion that he is now in midocean, en route for some foreign

n midocean, en route for some foreign port. They think it possible that he sailed on the Umbria.

On cabled instructions from the police here, each of the steamers which sailed east-bound Saturday will be searched on arrival for the dynamiter.

Was Missing Ship Blown Up? NEW YORK, May 14.—Among the effects of the man who sent the infernal machine to the Cunard line dock last week, was a piece of paper on which was

week, was a piece of paper on which was written in French:
"The destruction of the Naronic was complete. Mr. LeBrun, who made the box, has this moment gone to Chicago."
The Naronic left Liverpool on the morning of February II, 1892, with 4000 tons of freight, a crew of 55 men and 15 passengers, who had gone to England on the previous trip in charge of the cargo of cattle. She was not seen after she left the Mersey, and to this day no word has reached the owners of the line.

WRONGED WIFE UNMASKS HIM, Long-Sought Fugitive Must Now Face a New Charge of Bigamy. CHICAGO, May 14—A deserted wife last night confronted Harold C. Reed, who is accused by Miss Laura Stickler of luring her to the Newport Hotel, where she fell from the third story in an attempt to escape. "He is Harold C. Mills," said the wife. "We wore married October 26. I suspect that he is a bigamist, and I want him tried on that charge."

Harold C. Mills was the president of the Gusrante Home Security Commany, and Harold C. Mills was the president of the Guarantee Home Security Company, and he disappeared on New Year's day, Detectives representing 1000 stockholders searched for him without success. He left Chicago, he said, to negotiate a loan in Buffalo. Since then his whereabouth had been unknown until Mrs. Mills appeared last night at the Harrison-street collect station, where he is a prisoner. police station, where he is a prisoner.

Mrs. Mills says she has received letters
which indicate that the man had been
married in Detroit, Pittsburg and St.
Louis. He came to Chicago from St.

Ayers Cherry Pectoral

Louis, where he was engaged in the pi-ture business. Reed, or Mills, represents

For hard colds, chronic coughs, bronchitis, consumption. Ask your doctor if he has better advice. He knows. He has the formula. He understands how it soothes and heals. Tested for over half a century.

himself, his wife said, as being a son of Horace Mills, a millionaire lumber men-chant of Buffalo. He also said that he was related to the Jewetts, of that city.

Admits He Gave Fictitious Name. CHICAGO, May 14.—Harold C. Reed, under arrest on charges of abducting and assault made by Laura Sirickler, who leaped from a hotel window to escape him, has admitted his aftentity as Harold C. Mills, once president of the Guarantee Home Security Company. He also admitted he was the husband of the woman hom. whom he yesterday declared he did not know, and who immediately after his ar-raignment today on the above charges caused his arrest for wife abandonment The hearing ountil May 21. of both cases was continued

"GRAFFING" INQUIRY IS ON. Boston Merchant Repeats His Charge Against a Senator.

BOSTON, May 14.-The charges uption, which originally appeared in an advertisement published in a local paper over the signature of George J. Raymond, a Boston merchant, and directed against a then innamed member of the against a then unnamed member of the Massachusetts Senate, were repeated at the Statehouse today, when, before a special committee appointed by the Senate to hear the charges, Mr. Raymond publicly accused Senator Foster, of Gioucester, of having approached him with an offer to "see through" certain legislation upon the receipt of \$1000. Mr. Raymond further stated under each than the second of the stated under the contract of the second of the sec offer to "see through" certain legislation upon the receipt of \$1000. Mr. Raymond further stated under oath that Senator Foster told him that Senator Fitzgerald (there are two Senators named Fitzgerald) was to receive half of the thousand dollars, and also that the proprietor of a weekly paper published in this city had called on him and stated if the witness wanted anything at the Statchouse he (Raymond) could get it by advertising in his paper. Other witnesses will be summoned tomorrow.

BANDIT SLAYS JAILER. atter's Wife Returns Fire, but

Prisoner Makes His Escape.

GUTHRIE, O. T., May 14—In escaping here tonight from the county jail, W. W. Montgomery, a desperate outlaw and bigamist, shot and killed the juiler, Jerry Emmerson, and was in turn shot by Emmerson's wife. He got away, the extent of his injuries not being known. He had just completed his bath when he had just completed his bath when Prisoner Makes His Escape. had just completed his bath when he grabbed the jailer's gun and killed him. He also took Mrs. Emmerson's revolver and is therefore well armed. A posse is in pursuit.

Body of Woman Is Exhumed.

LORAIN, O., May 14.—The remains of Agatha Reichlin were exhumed today in order to settle the question raised as to whether the young woman had been choked as well as struck with a stone on the head. At the conclusion of the examination, Coroner French said the marks found were the same he had seen at the post-mortem, but at this time it was impossible to say how they had been caused. Detective Mintz at whose request the Detective Mintz, at whose request the body was exhumed, said: "I believe more than ever that the girl was choked in-sensible, if not dead, when she was struck with the stone.

EL PASO, Tex., May 14.-Professor Willam G. Furman, the celebrated mining en-gineer of London, is, according to a dis-patch from Chihuahua, under arrest in Mexico on complaints from the Watterson Mining Company, of London, which was concerned in the deal by which the Wat-terson mine was sold for £00,000 last Winter. It is understood that Furman is charged with embezzling \$100,000 in con-nection with the deal. Furman's friends in Chibuahua say he will be vindicated. Resists Arrest to Meet Death.

Noted Mining Engineer Arrested.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 14.—George E., Spencer, a clothing merchant, who came here recently from Birmingham, Ala., was shot and killed, and Stephen Flanagan, a police patrolman, was severely wounded here today in a pistol duel in a room at 504 West Fourteenth street. Flanagan had gone to the house to arrest Spencer for

Guerrilla Is Court-Martinled. PANAMA, May 14 .- Victoriano Lorenz e Indian chief who was a leader of the guerrillas during the recent revolution, was court-martialed today on charge of having committed serious crimes while in the field. It is believed that he will be sentenced to be shot.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your billiousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills Sold ty all druggists. 25 cents.

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

Doctors Say: Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic dis-

Stomach Liver and Bowels. The Secret of Health. The liver is the great "driving wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes de-

tricts are invariably accompan-

ied by derangements of the

ranged and disease is the result. Tutt's Liver Pills Cure all Liver Troubles.





