CAN'T GIVE RELIEF

Supreme Court Dismisses Plea of Negro.

WHO CLAIMS RIGHT TO VOTE

On Ground That Question Is Political, Alabama Suffrage Law Is Allowed to Stand—Two Dissenting Opinions, One by Two Judges.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The United States Supreme Court today decided the case of Jackson W. Giles vs. the Board of Registrars of Montgomery County, Ala. Giles is a colored man who was denied the privilege of registering as a voter under the new constitution of Alabama and the case was brought to test the validity of the portion of the state constitution bearing upon this question.

The relief sought was denied on the ground that the case was political.

Justice Holmes, who delivered the opinion, said that for the court to interfere would be unheard-of relief in cases presenting only political questions. Justice Harlan dissented on the ground that the court should have declined to assume jurisdiction. Justices Brewer and Brown united in a dissent in which they upheld the jurisdiction of the Federal Court on the ground that, as Giles was denied the right of voting for a member of Congress by the refusal of the right to register, a Federal question was involved.

Justice Holmes' written opinion was not made public, but he made quite an extended statement from the bench, reciting at some length Giles' petition, in which Giles claimed to speak not alone for himself, but for 5000 other negro adults of Montgomery County, who, he claimed, would be disfranchised as a result of the enforcement of the suffrage provisions of the State Constitution of 1901. The case had been dismissed below for want of jurisdiction, but Justice Holmes said a minority of the court were of the opinion that the Supreme Court should not confine itself to the question of jurisdiction, but should consider the case on its merits.

He then announced that it would be impossible to grant the relief asked. He pointed out that, while Giles is contending that the franchise system of Alabama is a fraud, he declares his competency as a voter under it, and closed by saying that it was beyond the power of a court of equity to grant the petition.

Justice Harlan, in dissenting, said that in his opinion the case should have been dismissed for want of jurisdiction alone, as was done in the Circuit Court, and he criticised the court's opinion, saying that it left the question of jurisdiction in the air, and that he was not willing to be a party to such a proceeding.

Justice Brewer delivered the other dissenting opinion, in which Justice Brown concurred. They expressed the opinion that the Circuit Court should have been reversed and that it should be directed to assume jurisdiction of the case.

No Relief for Stockholders.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Justice Brown, in the United States Supreme Court today, rendered the opinion of the court in the case of Clinton B. Wiser and others versus John Lawler and Edward W. Wells. The case was appealed from the Supreme Court of the Territory of Arizona, and involved the operation of the Seven Stars Gold Mining Company of Arizona. Lawler and Wells, the original owners of the mine, bargained to sell it for $450,000 to the Seven Stars Company. The property was advertised very extensively and the claim was made that there were many misrepresentations in the prospectuses. The stockholders made an effort to hold Lawler and Wells responsible for the misrepresentations and to estop the payment of purchase money to them. The court held, however, that they had not been cognizant of the representations of the mining company and that, even if they had been informed on that subject, they could not have been held responsible.

The opinion affirmed the decision of the Arizona Supreme Court.

Decides Against Army Officers.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The United States Supreme Court today decided two cases involving the question as to whether Army officers, who upon their own application have received discharges when distant from home, are entitled to travel pay and commutation for subsistence. The cases were those of Sweet and Barnett, both of which were decided by the Court of Claims favorably to the claimants. That opinion was reversed by today's opinion. The opinion was delivered by Justice Holmes, who said that the practice of the War Department and the Treasury Department in not allowing claims of this character had been long maintained and that the court was of the opinion that the system should not be overruled.

Court Will Adjourn June 1.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Chief Justice Fuller, of the United States Supreme Court, announced today that the court would adjourn for the term on Monday, June 1.

FIGHTING OVER RELIGION

Rioting Caused by Expulsion of Monks Grows More Serious.

PARIS, April 27.—Crowds made demonstrations at different points today over the dispersal of the congregations. The latest dispatches from the provinces indicate that the trouble is becoming more serious.

This afternoon the disturbance at Marseilles around the Capuchin convent broke out again with much violence, owing to the attempt of a party of Oblate Fathers to visit the convent in which the Capuchins had barricaded themselves, refusing admittance to the officials. The sight of the visitors aroused the anger of the enemies of the congregations and an attack was made. Clericals hastened to the assistance of the Fathers and a pitched battle between the two parties followed.

Sticks and stones were used freely and injuries were inflicted upon many persons, among whom were two women, while onlookers from windows joined in the fray by throwing all kinds of missiles. The police finally rescued the Oblate Fathers and the fighting ceased. A crowd of 3000 persons, however, remained in the neighborhood of the convent expressing itself for and against the monks until dark, when the police at last succeeded in dispersing it.

The monks at Laroche sur Foron were arrested today. A strong force of infantry and cavalry surrounded the monastery and held the crowd of angry peasants in check while the door of the building was battered in. The monks offered no further resistance and were placed in prison at Bonneville.

At Nantes today seven Capuchins were sentenced by the court to pay small fines for refusing to close and leave their convent. A crowd of 2000 persons escorted the Capuchins from the court, cheering them and shouting, "long live the brothers" and "long live liberty."

The Benedictines at Landernesu, who caused trouble yesterday, were dispersed today and the officials locked up their convent. A company of infantry preserved order.

At Annecy a Capuchin establishment was closed and the members of that order were arrested for resisting the authorities. A squadron of dragoons preserved order.

The Versailles Capuchin monastery was closed after a scrimmage between a manifesting crowd and the officials, who were escorted by a brigade of gendarmes and a squadron of dragoons. Many arrests were made by the civil and military authorities. The latter strongly guard the streets surrounding the establishment.

MOTION OF CENSURE FAILS.

Parliament Approves Refusal to Intervene in Labor Dispute.

LONDON, April 27.—In the House of Commons today Mr. Asquith, advanced Liberal, and formerly Home Secretary, moved a vote of censure condemning the inaction of the government in the Bethesda quarries industrial dispute, declaring that, in the opinion of the House, the prompt intervention of the government was imperative.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, Liberal, pointed out that of 2800 men who struck three years ago at the quarries, only a few had accepted their employers' terms. He added that, where there was no prospect of a settlement and social order was concerned, it was the duty of the Board of Trade to exercise its powers of conciliation.

Gerald Balfour, president of the Board of Trade, replying to Mr. Asquith, said the government had taken no action because there was no prospect that success would follow its intervention. The dispute was of local and not of national importance, like the coal strike in the United States, not more than 700 men now being out. The subject of the dispute was the recognition of a trades union committee as a mediator, a matter which is arising constantly in Great Britain and the United States. Mr. Balfour said the government should not be expected to express its opinion in such questions.

Mr. Asquith's motion was rejected by 316 votes to 152.

LOUBET ARRIVES IN TUNIS.

The Bey Welcomes Him and Gives Review, Banquet and Ball.

TUNIS, April 27.—President Loubet arrived here today from Bona, Algeria. He was received by the Bey and was given a tremendous ovation. The city was elaborately decorated with triumphal arches and the flags of France and Tunis. The crowds which filled the streets were a strange medley of French, Mussulmans and Jews.

The arrival of the cruiser Jeanne d'Arc, bearing the President, was the signal for a salute from the Tunisian fleet and the Bey, accompanied by a gorgeous retinue, embarked on a launch decorated with Oriental grandeur and went to meet the President. M. Loubet received the Bey on the deck of the Jeanne d'Arc and was warmly welcomed by the Tunisian official. They then proceeded ashore, the President being enthusiastically acclaimed. An official exchange of calls between the Bey and the President took place later and the President afterward entertained the Bey at dinner.

During the afternoon there was a grand military review of thousands of native troops, which was followed by a banquet and a grand ball. President Loubet in his address referred to the close ties existing between France and Tunis, and the Bey responded with assurances of the devotion of Tunis to France.

HAS EXCELLED ST. PETER.

Leo's Pontificate Longer Than That of First Pope.

ROME, April 27.—If the Pope is alive tomorrow he will have surpassed the famous pontificate of St. Peter. His holiness was elected pope 25 years, two months and seven days ago. He has already received many congratulations on the event.

London Paper Changes Owners.

LONDON, April 27.—C. A. Pearson, proprietor of the Daily Express, has bought the St. James Gazette. The policy of the Gazette, which is conservative, will not be changed.

High British Official Dead.

LONDON, April 28.—Right Hon. Robert William Hanbury, president of the Board of Agriculture, died this morning of pneumonia after an illness of a few days only.

BLACKMAILED BY MAFIA.

Italian Sets Trap and Catches Five of the Gang.

NEW YORK, April 27.—Five men have been held in $500 bail each in the Morrisana police court, charged with extortion. The prisoners, it is said, are members of the Mafia, the society alleged to be responsible for the death of Benedetto Maduena, whose body was found recently in a barrel in this city, which is also charged with extensive blackmail operations under threats of death.

The complainant was Giovanni Bancale, a boardinghouse keeper. According to Bancale, the men went to him a short time ago and demanded $30, threatening his life if he did not give them the money. He paid no attention to the demand. In a few days he received another notification that he must pay $25 at least. Saturday night the men called again and declared that they must have $5 right then and there, and the other matter would be considered later. Bancale told the men that he had banked all his money except a little change, but he would borrow the money if they would return in a couple of hours. Waiting until they had taken their departure and observing that no watch had been placed upon his house, Bancale hurried to the police station and told the sergeant on duty of the threats that had been made against him.

Two detectives were assigned to assist Bencale in trying to ensnare the men. They returned to Bencale's and he was given a marked $5 bill. Promptly on time the men returned. Bancale gave one of them the marked bill, the detectives watching the maneuver. When the men left the house the detectives followed and arrested them in a grocery store.

When the five men were searched, three stilettos, two razors, five large knives and a revolver were found on them and one of them had the marked $5 bill. The money and weapons were piled up on the Magistrate's desk in the police court when the men were arraigned, but they denied that the weapons or the money had ever been seen by any of them before.

Ienges Hermann to Meet Reames.

EUGENE, Or., April 27.—(Special.)—A challenge was issued today by the chairman and secretary of the Democratic central committee and delivered to Dr. T. W. Harris, chairman of the Republican district committee, asking Hon. Binger Hermann to enter into joint debate with Hon. A. E. Reames. The challenge is for as many meetings and joint discussions as the time between now and election day will permit. The Democrats are anxious to bring about a joint campaign and will strongly urge acceptance of their proposition. Dr. Harris has not yet answered the challenge, and before doing so will get opinions from other leaders in the party.

Shortage of Lumber.

VANCOUVER, Wash., April 27.—(Special.)—The city street committee has had to defer the building of new sidewalks for a few days on account of the lack of lumber. The local mills have so many shipping orders that the demand is beyond their capacity just at present. It is not expected that the rush will long be continued, as the mills are adding to their equipment, which will enable them to put out more lumber soon.

Havana in ashes—millions of Opia 5c Cigars consumed yearly.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ON HIS WESTERN TRIP

CHARACTERISTIC PHOTOGRAPH OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE MAKING A SPEECH.

DEDICATION AT ST. LOUIS

SPLENDID CEREMONIES OF NEW WORLD'S FAIR.

President Roosevelt to Deliver the Address—Three Days of Military and Civic Pageants.

ST. LOUIS, April 27.—A salute of 100 guns will announce to the world, at noon, April 30, the close of the first century of an inland empire that Napoleon sold for a song. Seldom in the official life of a great democratic nation will the pomp and pageantry of monarchy have been so overshadowed as at the dedication of the International Exposition to commemorate that event. One of the most impressive military spectacles of peaceful times will sweep through the metropolis of the Louisiana domain—a glittering display of American arms and the man, at the zenith of the Republic's power. Kings, emperors and potentates send their Ambassadors to swell the homage of this people to the genius that, by bloodless conquest, gave to the country a territory one-third the size of all Europe.

The President, Cabinet, Congress and Supreme Court of the United States will be present. So also will be the entire diplomatic corps. The Army will be represented by 4000 regular soldiers and the Navy by the monitor Arkansas. The states will send 10,000 of their best troops. It is estimated that from 250,000 to 300,000 visitors will come to St. Louis to see the ceremonies, and preparations have been made to transport 500,000 persons to see the parade. The President will arrive on the night of April 29, and will speak at the choral entertainment that night to raise funds for a monument to General Franz Sigel. The programme for the three days' ceremonies to follow is:

Dedication Day, April 30.

10 A. M.—Presentation of the freedom of the city to President Roosevelt by Mayor Rolla Wells.

10:30 A. M.—Military parade, headed by the President, who will review it in the Court of Monuments at the fair; luncheon at Administration building to follow.

1:30 P. M.—Band concert by 30 bands as prelude to dedicatory exercises. These will be in the Liberal Arts building, which will accommodate 25,000 persons. In it will be a grandstand of 4500 seats, space for 400 newspaper correspondents. Music will be furnished by a chorus of 2000 voices and a band of 200 pieces.

2 P. M.—Dedication ceremonies begin; Thomas H. Carter, president of the World's Fair Commission, president of the day; David R. Francis, president of the exposition, calls the assembly to order; invocation by Cardinal Gibbons; President Francis presents the buildings to the President of the United States, who will make the dedication address; oration by ex-President Grover Cleveland; prayer by Bishop E. R. Hendricks, of the Methodist Church; benediction by Right Rev. H. C. Potter, Episcopal bishop of New York; centennial salute of 100 guns.

8 P. M.—Pyrotechnical display near Administration building, where 30,000 people can see it. It will last three hours.

10:30 A. M.—Diplomatic corps and foreign representatives at the exposition conducted under military escort from St. Louis Club to Liberal Arts building, and have luncheon in Administration building.

12 noon—Assembly called to order by Corvin H. Spencer, first vice-president of the exposition; John M. Thurston, ex-United States Senator and member of the National Commission, president of the day; invocation by Rev. Carl Swenson; greeting to foreign representatives by President Francis; address by French Ambassador and Spanish Minister; benediction by Rev. Samuel J. Niccolls.

Third Day—State Day—May 2.

Civic parade of 100,000 persons and of floats representing all epochs in the history of the Louisiana Purchase.

Ceremonies in the Liberal Arts building; assembly called to order by William H. Thompson, treasurer of the exposition; William Lindsay, ex-United States Senator and National World's Fair Commissioner, president of the day; invocation by Rev. William R. Harper, president of the University of Chicago; addresses by Governor A. M. Dockery, of Missouri, and Governor B. B. Odell, of New York; benediction by Rabbi Leon Harrison, of St. Louis; salute of 100 guns.

Laying of corner-stone of state buildings.

TO START JETTY WORK.

Uncle Sam Will Need 625,000 Tons of Stone.

Proposals for furnishing Uncle Sam with 625,000 tons of stone for the Columbia bar jetty will be opened Thursday morning at 11 o'clock by Captain W. C. Langfitt, United States Engineers. The contracts will have two forms, by one of which 150,000 tons of stone is to be delivered within two months and 475,000 tons within the working season, which will probably last eight months. The shorter delivery is to hasten the beginning of the work. By the time the stone is delivered the tramway will be ready to carry forward construction of the jetty. Piles, lumber and rails for the tramway are now being delivered. The extension to the jetty will be two and a half miles long. As much of the jetty will be built this year as the length of the season will permit.

Salmon in the Clackamas.

ASTORIA, Or., April 27.—(Special.)—King Spurgeon, who was superintendent of the state fish hatchery on the Clackamas River last year, was in Astoria today in consultation with Fish Warden Van Dusen. He has been reappointed to the position, and will begin operations much earlier this season than last. The early run of salmon into the Columbia go up this river to spawn, and they are the most desirable fish to propagate. The large run before the opening of the season went up the Clackamas, and has been caught in great numbers by those who fish there. The stream is fished for 18 miles up, and the fish have little chance to get to their natural spawning grounds, near which the state hatchery is located.

Bishop Taylor, of Quincy, Dead.

QUINCY, Ill., April 27.—Bishop Frederick William Taylor, of the Quincy diocese of the Episcopal Church, is dead of acute Bright's disease.

Not a machine in the factory. Opia 5c Cigars are hand-made.

THEY VIOLATE TWO LAWS

JUDGE PHILLIPS' DECISION ON UNEQUAL RATES.

Discrimination Against Small Shippers Is Contrary to Commerce and Anti-Trust Laws.

KANSAS CITY, April 27.—Judge John F. Phillips, in the United States Circuit Court here today, granted a temporary injunction restraining the following eight named roads from discriminating against small shippers: Chicago & Alton, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Missouri Pacific, Rock Island, Wabash and Chicago Great Western.

These cases presented the same question involved in similar cases passed upon by Judge Grosscup at Chicago on Friday last. As the demurrers in these cases were heard by Judge Grosscup and Judge Phillips, sitting together, the brief opinion delivered by Judge Grosscup last Friday was the result of their conference and agreement.

The decision rendered by Judge Phillips today, which was oral, maintains that the discriminations and rebates made and allowed by the railroad companies were violative of the interstate commerce act, and that they tended to create a monopoly in the shipment of grain and products in favor of the individual shipper to the practical exclusion of all other dealers and like shippers, and that the question presented was whether or not a bill in equity, at the instance of the Attorney-General of the United States on request of the interstate comerce commission would lie to enjoin the defendants from further rebates and discriminations.

The inclination of the mind of the court was that the acts done were not only violative of the interstate commerce statute, but also the anti-trust statute; and that the Government, in the capacity of a parent, representing all the people concerned in the shipment of such products and for the public welfare, was entitled to appeal to its own courts to enjoin such violations of the law; that the bill known as the Elkins bill, under the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in Missouri Pacific Railroad Company vs. United States recently rendered, explicitly confers jurisdiction upon the Federal courts in equity both as to pending and future cases; that there can be no question of the right of the court to grant a temporary injunction in the cases pending which will be done as on motions now entered, with leave to the defendants if they desire, to take issue by answer as to the truth of the allegations of the bill.

NEW BRANCH IN CANADA.

Rail Invades the Canadian Pacific's Private Domain.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., April 27.—(Special.)—The Victoria Terminal Railway, or Great Northern extension, from Cloverdale to Fort Guichon, was completed today. The first through train will connect with Vancouver Island by the Great Northern ferry tomorrow.

The Great Northern line, under construction between New Westminster and Vancouver, a distance of 17 miles, is being rapidly pushed to be in readiness for through trains by the Great Northern when the Fraser River bridge is completed.

Brings Home Daughter's Body.

NEW YORK, April 27.—Joseph Ramsey, Jr., president of the Wabash Railroad, and daughter, have arrived on the steamer St. Paul from Cairo, Egypt, where an elder daughter, Helen Ramsey, died recently. Helen and her sister were spending the Winter in the Old World, and the former was taken ill with typhoid fever on a French steamer en route on the Mediterranean to Egypt. Information of her illness came to Mr. Ramsey when he was conferring with George J. Gould, in this city, relative to the threatened strike of Wabash employes. He engaged passage on a North German Lloyd liner immediately. Arriving at Cherbourg he went on a special train to Marseilles, where a steamer was chartered to make the trip to Egypt. Mr. Ramsey arrived at the bedside of his daughter a short time before her death. The body will be brought to this country and interred in St. Louis.

Railroad Magnate on Merger.

NEW YORK, April 27.—B. D. Caldwell, vice-president of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railway, is stopping at the Bristol Hotel, in this city, cables the Berlin correspondent of the Herald. In an interview he is quoted as saying that the recent Northern Securities merger decision would doubtless stand, despite the appeal, though he considered the Sherman anti-trust law inequitable. He believes that the decision will affect other leading trunk lines.

Electricity for Big Tunnel.

PHILADELPHIA, April 27.—President Cassatt, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, has appointed an advisory committee of experts to assist him in the work of constructing the New York $50,000,000 tunnel. The committee has already decided to adopt for use in the tunnel an electrical engine, the motor to rest on a truck, so that it will only be necessary to increase the number of trucks to obtain increased power.

Santa Fe Buys Randsburg Road.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 27.—Official announcement was made today of the purchase by the Santa Fe Company of the Randsburg Railroad, which connects the Randsburg mining district with the main line of the Santa Fe at Kramer. The road is 27 miles long.

SALE OF GASOLINE.

Provision of Idaho Law Worries Mining Companies.

BOISE, Idaho, April 27.—(Special.)—A peculiar complication has arisen over the sale of gasoline under the law enacted at the last session of the Legislature. The law provides: "It shall be unlawful to sell oil, naphtha, gasoline or benzine under 150 test."

It is asserted that this prevents the sale of gasoline used in engines. The agent of the Standard Oil Company at Portland has instructed the local agent not to fill any more of the tanks that are shipped to the mines. The commissioner in charge of the execution of the law has given permit for the sale of the gasoline for 30 days, and it is thought the order from the agent will be recalled. Further, it is believed a way will be found to avoid stopping the sale, but in the meantime the half-dozen mining companies here using the product are worried.

RUN OVER BY A TRAIN.

Drunken Man Killed Between Aurora and Barlow.

OREGON CITY, Or., April 27.—Dan White, an ex-soldier, was killed by a freight train this morning between Aurora and Barlow. The engine struck him on the head. He boarded the train at Portland and was put off at Barlow. He started to walk up the track to Aurora, and about half way he fell in a drunken stupor across the track, with his head and shoulders on the rail. Fifteen minutes after the freight came along, striking him and killing him instantly. The body was brought to this city by Coroner Holman and an inquest will be held. White had a brother at Vancouver, Wash.

TWO METEORS SEEN.

Passed Over Grant's Pass Five Minutes Apart, Sunday Night.

GRANT'S PASS, Or., April 27.—(Special.)—Two great meteors, five minutes apart, bright and hissing, the second following in the track of the first, passed over this city at 9:45 last night. They were so near the earth that the entire Rogue River Valley, or at least this part of it, was brightly lighted by the speeding, burning orbs.

Related to the Kentucky Deboes.

SEATTLE, April 27.—Miss M. T. Deboe, who attempted suicide in this city last night by shooting herself through the left breast, is said to be closely related to ex-Senator William J. Deboe, of Marion, Kentucky. One of her closests associates here says she is a daughter of the Kentucky Senator. Miss Deboe is said by her physicians to be very low and her death is expected in a short time. Miss Deboe came to Seattle from Louisville, Ky., about six months ago. She is about 30 years of age, handsome, and apparently well educated.

Ready for Work on Jetty.

ASTORIA, Or., April 27.—(Special.)—About 100 men are now employed by the Engineers' Department at the jetty at the mouth of the river, getting ready for the extension work which will be commenced as soon as the contracts for material are awarded, bids for which will be opened next Thursday at the office of Major Langfitt, in Portland.

Soldier Who Shot Miner Is Free.

PHILADELPHIA, April 27.—The Philadelphia Supreme Court today discharged from custody Arthur Wadsworth, a member of the Eighteenth Regiment, National Guards of Pennsylvania, of Pittsburg, who was arrested for the shooting and killing of William Durban, a union miner, at Shenandoah, during the recent anthracite coal strike.

Wadsworth, with a detachment of his regiment, was guarding the home of a nonunion miner when the shooting occurred. The Supreme Court in its decision today refused to turn Wadsworth over to the county authorities, and makes him immune from prosecution on the charge of murder.

Five Burned With Molten Metal.

LANCASTER, Pa., April 27.—By an explosion of molten metal five men were horribly burned, two of them probably fatally, at Vesta furnace, Marietta, early today. The men were engaged at the cupola preparatory to a cast, when the accident occurred, and were literally showered with molten metal. The seriously injured:

David Appley, burned from head to foot, will probably die.

Thomas T. Kisselring, burned on back and face, will lose eyesight, recovery doubtful.

The accident was caused by a wet projectile being shot into the cupola.

Two-thirds of Town Homeless.

NEW YORK, April 27.—Two thousand persons are destitute and camping on the foothills near Pisagua, in the Province of Taraposea, as a result of the fire which destroyed the town, says a Herald dispatch from Valparaiso, Chile. Eighteen blocks of houses were burned, including the banks, churches, schools, prisons, cable and telegraph offices, barracks and commercial houses. More than two-thirds of the port is in ruins. No casualties have been reported.

ECZEMA

The World's Greatest Skin Torture

Many Infants are Born with Eczema

It's the Only Thing Some Folks Have Left When They Die

THE ONLY INFALLIBLE CURE IS CUTICURA

It is in the treatment of this most distressing of torturing and disfiguring skin and scalp humours, with loss of hair, that the Cuticura remedies have achieved their greatest success. Original in composition, scientifically compounded, absolutely pure, unchangeable in any climate, always ready, and agreeable to the most delicate, they present to those suffering from Eczema the most successful curative of modern times. We know that this will be considered strong language by those acquainted with the character and obstinacy of the disease under consideration, but it is justified by innumerable successes where all the remedies and methods in vogue have failed to cure, and, in many cases, to relieve, even.

The first step in the treatment of the chronic forms is to remove the scales and crusts and soften the skin, by warm baths with Cuticura Soap. The scalp, ears, elbows, hands, ankles and feet will require frequently a thorough soaking in order to penetrate the thickened skin and crusts with which these parts are often covered. Dry carefully, and apply Cuticura Ointment, lightly at first, and where advisable spread it on pieces of soft cloth and bind in place. Take the Resolvent, pills or liquid, in medium doses. Do not use cold water in bathing, and avoid cold, raw winds.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 50c. per vial of 60), Ointment, 50c., Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.

Send for "How to Cure Eczema."

NO PAIN!

No charge for painless extraction when teeth are ordered. All work done by graduate dentists of 12 to 20 years' experience; a specialist in each department. We will tell you in advance exactly what your work will cost by a free examination. Give us a call, and you will find we do exactly as we advertise.

FULL SET $5.00

Gold Filling $1.00
Gold Crown $5.00
Silver Filling ..... $ .50

In our GOLD CROWNS and BRIDGE WORK, of which we are making a SPECIALTY, the most BEAUTIFUL, PAINLESS AND DURABLE of all dental work known to the profession, you will find an example of the HIGHEST ARTISTIC ATTAINMENT, the adaptability of which to the HYGIENIC conditions of the mouth is unquestioned.

New York Dental Parlors

MAIN OFFICE—FOURTH AND MORRISON STS., PORTLAND.
Branch, 614 First Avenue, Seattle.
HOURS:
8:30 A. M. to 8 P. M.; Sundays, 8:30 A. M. to 2 P. M.

RED TOP RYE

THE Whiskey OF Whiskies

Red Top Rye

If Your Dealer Does Not Handle RED TOP Address the Distillers,

Ferdinand Westheimer and Sons, DISTILLERS, Cincinnati, O. St. Joseph, Mo. Louisville, Ky.

ADV'G COUPON. We issue a modern up-to-date book on mixed drinks. 250 pages. 120 recipes bound in cloth. Of value to all who entertain. Sent postpaid on receipt of 10 cents and this Coupon.

Blood Poison

Is the worst disease on earth, yet the easiest to cure WHEN YOU KNOW WHAT TO DO. Many have pimples, spots on the skin, sores in the mouth, ulcers, falling hair, bone pains, catarrh, don't know it is BLOOD POISON. Send to DR. BROWN, 955 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., for BROWN'S BLOOD CURE, $2.00 per bottle, lasts one month. For sale only by Frank Nau, Portland Hotel Pharmacy.

MEN

Dr. Talcott & Co.

You run no risk when you come to us. We cure and wait for our fee until you are convinced beyond the shadow of a doubt that you are well—cured to stay cured.

Special attention given to Varicocele, Contagious Blood Diseases and Acute and Chronic Urethral and Prostatic Inflammation.

Consultation free and no charge whatever for treatment of any case where a cure is not effected.

Portland Office,
250½ ALDER STREET

San Francisco Office,
1140 MARKET STREET

PLASMON COCOA

55 Per Cent. Plasmon.

Is refreshing. Health and nourishment in every cup. Good at all hours. Light and perfectly digestible.

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for it. In Cans, 15c and 25c.

Plasmon is the nutrition of pure, sweet milk, in the form of a soluble cream-colored powder. It can be added to other foods to increase their nutritive qualities.

Plasmon Co. of America
507 Sacramento Street
San Francisco, Cal.
(Literature mailed free for the asking.)

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

Dr. T. Felix Gourand's Oriental Cream, or Magical Beautifier.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 55 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canada, and Europe.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop. 37 Great Jones St., N.Y.

D: 102.0