

ADVANCE A RIVAL

Politicians Plan to Defeat Cushman for Congress.

MAYOR CAMPBELL PUT FORWARD

Consent of Tacoma's Chief Executive Not Yet Obtained—Considered to Be Man Who Could Make Strongest Fight for the Nomination.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 2.—(Special.)—From point to point Tacoma comes a story of a scheme to defeat United States Representative Francis W. Cushman for re-nomination next year. This has been tried upon two previous occasions by outside candidates, but the proposition of advancing a rival Tacoma candidate to take the Pierce County delegation away from Cushman is now put forward as a better political move.

Mayor Louis D. Campbell is urged as Cushman's candidate for Congress. He has a general reputation outside Pierce County, and is very strong at home, though it is a question that only a precinct fight could settle whether Campbell or Cushman would win in Pierce.

The consent of Campbell has not been obtained to make the fight, and it is likely he would not permit his name to be used. But politicians are using it as a feeler to draw out the sentiment of the Cushman faction throughout the state.

There is a strong feeling against Cushman in different localities throughout Washington, but he is very popular in the outlying districts, and the smaller counties are with him. His picturesque style of oratory and his pugnaucious attitude at Washington have caught the voters in the outlying districts. At the same time they have made him popular in his home county, though the politicians and a part of the business interests are pretty generally against him.

Twice it has been tried to defeat Cushman by a candidate from a district outside Pierce County. The southwestern counties have come to the state convention upon each occasion with a candidate, but they could never stand together long enough to make an effective fight. Cushman has won out both in 1900 and 1902, because the opposition to him was not united.

His first nomination, in 1898, was secured him by a candidate thought he would be leading a forlorn hope.

Rival Must Come From Pierce.

Politicians that have practically concluded that if Cushman is to be defeated, it will have to be by a man from his own county, who could wrest Pierce from him and go into the state convention showing that Cushman had lost his standing at home. Should such a thing be done, Cushman would probably be laid on the shelf, at least temporarily.

Of all the men in Pierce County mentioned as a likely candidate to succeed Cushman, Mayor Campbell, of Tacoma, is the most acceptable man. He is not a good stump-speaker, but he is an earnest talker, and one whose addresses carry conviction. He might not impress the audience as eager for the spread-eagle style of oratory, but he would impress the people by his evident sincerity. He would make a good impression among the solid business interests of the state, for the mayor is conservative. At the same time he has repeatedly shown he could be firm, and that he would insist upon fairness from business interests. This was made evident in his fight against the Tacoma street railway on local questions, and his triumph at that time would give him the requisite anti-corruption record for a state campaign, though the corporations would realize at the same time that so long as they did not impose upon him, Campbell would be a safe man.

The situation as it stands between Campbell and Cushman is peculiar. When Campbell was elected Mayor of Tacoma for the first time, in 1900, the only argument brought against him was that he was a "silk-stocking." There was never at any time a more serious allegation made, yet that single cry cut his life down so that, while the Republican City Controller carried the city by 1150, Campbell got through by a bare 117 majority.

The hold Mayor Campbell has on the people of Tacoma has been strengthened since, and it is generally conceded he would be able to do almost anything in municipal politics without hindrance. Despite the fact that press dispatches sent out from Tacoma declared a loss of one Republican seat at the last municipal election, Campbell gained ground. He added two new votes to his list of strength in the City Council. This is an indication of his continued popularity.

Laboring Classes With Cushman.

Cushman has always been popular in Pierce County. He stamped the last convention in his favor, and the laboring classes generally are with him. He has the newspaper support—whatever that may be counted for—and a faction of the business interests. The country would probably show a majority against him, if necessary.

In a fight between Campbell and Cushman, it is questionable where the masses of the Republican party in Pierce would go. The politicians would be with Campbell, and Cushman would have to pick up a mixed organization and depend upon his own popularity for victory. But he has usually made that kind of a campaign win for him.

Politicians are inclined to believe that if such a man as Campbell cannot be induced to run against Cushman and take Pierce County away from him, Cushman's re-nomination is practically assured. Especially is this view favored, when it is generally understood Pierce County will not ask anything from the next Republican state convention further than Cushman's re-nomination. Parenthetically this might be coupled with a demand for McBride's defeat.

Cushman himself believed when he succeeded in gaining his third nomination that his troubles were over. He took the ground that three terms in Congress would make him a fixture, and he was willing to trade everything for the third nomination. There are not more than a dozen politicians who know how far Cushman was willing to go in this regard.

At the state convention, when things were looking rather gloomy for Cushman, Cushman gave his real feelings vent, and showed he was willing to make any sacrifice for a re-nomination. He stated plainly to his friends that what he wanted was a re-nomination, and he declared to a select few that he did not care how this was accomplished. When it looked as though a railroad deal would

best help Cushman, he was asked plainly if he would object to it, and Cushman declared he would not.

This is a bit of political history that is not known, but it serves to illustrate how firmly convinced Cushman was that his re-nomination last year would make him a fixture in Congress. Unless Cushman can be defeated at home, this view of the situation is more than likely to prove true, at least so far as the next campaign is concerned.

Might Try For Senatorship.

It is questionable what Cushman would do if defeated for re-nomination. Some politicians believe he would immediately enter the Senatorial contest; others hold that he would do so if re-nominated, and a defeat would eliminate him. Cushman is ambitious to go to the Senate, but he has not declared openly, as yet, that he would ever be a candidate. And in the event he would make the fight, Cushman is not a man who would be easily quashed.

Cushman would hold onto one job while he reached for the other. So he may be expected to continue to fight hard for re-nomination next year. On the other hand, no candidate has been developed as ready to organize against him. Campbell is put forward, as stated, as tentative proposition by outside politicians. He seems to be favored by them, but the detail of securing Campbell's consent has not yet been attended to.

PATENTS COME PROMPTLY.

Efforts of Business Regime in Land Office Felt in Oregon.

OREGON CITY, Or., April 2.—(Special.)—A large number of cash patents were received at the United States Land Office today. It is noticeable that patents are coming from Washington more promptly under the regime of Commissioner Richards.

The land covered by the patents is in great demand on account of the large number of homeseekers coming to Oregon, and is mostly timber land. Hundreds of letters are being received at the Land Office every month, written by Eastern people who are inquiring for information about the resources of Oregon. Patents come today for the following:

Bertrand Wilkey, Theodore B. Elmer, Bertha Heide, Charles A. Carvell, Louis F. Heide, Warren B. Vaughn, John B. Silver, Charles Hubbard, Percy W. Hubbard, Byron Hubbard, the marrieds Hubbard, Robert Murphy, Frank Preuschoff, Louis Pfandhorst, Henry G. Campbell, Clay Hobert, Michael C. Miller, Albert D. Burnett, John Denck, Jacob Denck, Julius Garbe, heirs of William Bentley, George H. Benson, John Rees, Richard C. Keene, Charles I. Clough, Lawson T. Bynum, Frank P. Farrington, Hugh McCormick, William H. Fletcher, George H. Baxter, James C. Butler, John H. Hill, Elia W. Hall, John W. Frost, Ella Frost, John Starr, Nathaniel Stretch, Christian Larson, Joseph H. Lee, Harry Dunlap, Gilbert L. Erickson.

PAID TWICE A MONTH.

Oregon City Papermakers Accede to Request of Employees.

OREGON CITY, Or., April 2.—(Special.)—At 4:30 o'clock this afternoon the Weyerhaeuser Pulp & Paper Company posted the following notice at its mills:

"Commencing May 1, 1903, employees will be paid semi-monthly. All labor performed between the 1st and 15th will be paid for on the 15th of the same month. All labor performed between the 15th and last day of each month will be paid for on the 15th of the following month."

This action was taken in accordance with the request of the employees. About a month ago a committee of one, representing the employees of the mill, went to Resident Director Norman R. Lang to ascertain the cause of the delay in getting a change from a monthly to a semi-monthly payday. Mr. Lang assured the committee that if it was found that the change was desired by a majority of the employees it would be made promptly. The semi-monthly payday affects about 450 men.

HANGING OF ARMSTRONG.

First and Last Legal Execution in Baker County.

BAKER CITY, Or., April 2.—(Special.)—An examination of the law governing the execution of death sentences, which was passed by the last Legislature, reveals the fact that Armstrong, the murderer of Minnie Emminger, will have to be executed in this city. If the Supreme Court confirms the judgment of the lower court, when the case comes up on appeal in May.

One section of the law expressly provides that all sentences passed and warrants issued prior to the taking effect of the law shall take place at the place originally specified in the sentence and death.

If the sentence of the court is carried out it will be the first legal execution in the history of Baker County, since it was organized, over 40 years ago. In the early days there were lynchings at Auburn, then the county seat, for which occasion a Chinaman was hung for murder.

Would Increase the Funds.

SALEM, Or., April 2.—(Special.)—The repeal of the law allowing a \$300 exemption from taxation on household goods should result in an increase of over \$500,000 in the total assessed valuation of property in this state. The gross value of all property, according to the assessment of 1902, was \$155,375,708.65, and from this was deducted exemptions to the amount of \$5,754,577, leaving taxable property aggregating \$149,621,131.08. Even though there should be no increase in the rate of assessment, the elimination of exemptions will make an increase of over 5 per cent in the total value of taxable property.

Grammar School Graduation.

HOOD RIVER, Or., April 2.—(Special.)—Graduating exercises of the grammar school, at Hood River public school, were held Monday evening in the Opera House. The class was composed of 11 members, namely: Grace Prather, Homer Wood, Harold Henrich, Nettie Pugh, Elwood Luckey, Stella Stuhl, Florence Buchanan, Pearl Bradley, Nellie Horner, Marjorie Baker and Edith Cook. Harold Henrich was salutatorian and Pearl Bradley valedictorian. Rev. D. V. Poling, of The Dalles, delivered the class address.

Fell Dead While Talking.

BAKER CITY, Or., April 2.—(Special.)—Peter Clagson, a miner, about 40 years of age, died suddenly at Greenhorn City, Sunday morning, of heart failure. He had been on a protracted spree for several days, and while talking with a friend he fell dead.

Delegates to Grand Lodge.

BAKER CITY, Or., April 2.—Baker City Lodge, No. 116, L. O. O. F., has elected A. P. Hantz as president, George F. Hantz as vice president, and J. J. Nordman as delegate to Grand Lodge, which meets at Newberg next month.

Small Fire at Wheaton.

WHEATON, Wash., April 2.—Fire this morning destroyed Cals, Strathle & Busard's machine works, S. E. Walling's boiler shop and damaged C. H. Stadelman's boiler works. Total loss, \$3500. Insurance, \$1900.

Cured His Mother of Rheumatism.

"My mother has been a sufferer for many years with rheumatism," says W. J. Howard, of Hubbard, Pa. "At times she was unable to move at all, while at other times walking was painful. I present-ed her a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and after a few applications she decided it was the most wonderful pain reliever she had ever used. She has never without it now, and is at all times able to walk. An occasional application of Pain Balm has cured her of the rheumatism she was formerly troubled with." For sale by all druggists.

WOMEN'S HOURS OF LABOR

THOUGHT TO HAVE BEEN REGULATED BY LEGISLATURE.

Amendments Made and Omissions Now Noted Have Changed the Original Purport of the Law.

SALEM, Or., April 2.—(Special.)—The act passed by the last Legislature for the regulation of the hours of labor for females in stores, factories and laundries seems not to be entirely satisfactory. The act as passed is different from the bill introduced, since the section which limits the day's labor to ten hours was amended so as to exclude mercantile establishments. The principal purpose was to limit the number of hours women should be employed in department stores, but this feature of the act was eliminated. As it stands now, the law applies only to mechanical establishments, factories and laundries.

At the woolen mills in this city it has been the custom of the employee to work 60 hours a week, or an average of ten

around town some time without visible means of support. In their trunk were found several pairs of rubber-soled shoes, evidently to be used on such occasions. It was afterwards discovered that these shoes exactly fitted the tracks found about the houses that those robbers had attempted to enter. Examination will be held tomorrow morning.

WILL BE DRESSED UP.

Newberg Preparing for the Lewis and Clark Fair.

NEWBERG, Or., April 2.—(Special.)—Newberg intends to be found in the front rank, fighting resolutely for the success of the Lewis and Clark Fair, and is already preparing for the event. The people here believe that charity begins at home, and in order that their talk may be consistent, are going to begin work on their own town.

At a public meeting of the Newberg Board of Trade, held last evening, it was decided that next Saturday be devoted to a general cleanup of the town by all citizens. A committee was appointed to have the work in charge. Owners of property will be asked to clean up around their private property, and the efforts of the college young men and public school boys have been enlisted to serve on the streets and vacant lots. They will be arranged in companies under competent

leaders, that the work may be done systematically. A clean sweep is intended. It is the intention of the Board of Trade to have local house painting and tree planting associations formed, and thus keep the people actively at work in improving their town. On top of all these active plans the following ringing resolution was adopted:

"Whereas, We believe that Oregon is a state almost unequalled in its combined mineral, agricultural and commercial possibilities, and that the state and variety of resources it offers unsurpassed inducements to the Westward-moving tide of population;

"Resolved, By the Board of Trade of the City of Newberg, that we hereby serve notice on the public that the City of Newberg is prepared to do its utmost to attract and benefit from the Exposition, and that from now on, our united efforts will be bent toward beautifying our city, fostering public utilities, and increasing its general advantages. We believe that, as we do so, we can best serve our own interests and the interests of the State of Oregon."

WOMAN BRUTALLY SLAIN.

Hounded by Former Lover Who Finally Kills Her.

SALEM, Or., April 2.—Mrs. Frieda Baker, wife of a commission clerk, was killed at noon today by Mike Nihall, a henchman, in a jealous rage. Nihall then turned his weapon on himself, inflicting a slight wound.

Nihall was a former lover of Mrs. Baker and since her marriage to Baker several

hours a day. At the request of the employees the proprietors of the bill adopted the rule of requiring 104 hours work, except on Saturday, when the additional time was taken of the latter end of that day. This gives the employees a partial holiday on Saturday, when they may do their shopping and prepare for Sunday. A strict enforcement of the new law would either deprive the employees of the early closing hour on Saturday or would reduce the total time occupied to less than an average of ten hours per day.

Manager Kay, who was member of the Legislature, and who was opposed to the bill because it would interfere with the hours observed by his employees, recently indicated his intention to comply with the requirements of the law. This caused a protest from the employees, who prefer to work 104 hours a day and get off early on Saturday. While Mr. Kay is disposed to arrange the hours to suit his employees, if possible, any person who has a personal grievance against him might proceed against him criminally for violation of the law.

The second section of the act provides that every employer in any mechanical or mercantile establishment, factory, laundry, hotel or restaurant, or any other establishment employing any female, shall provide suitable seats for them, and shall permit them to use them when they are not engaged in the active duties of their employment. This was also a leading feature of the bill, but this section is undoubtedly void, for the reason that it embraces a subject not mentioned in the title of the act. The title reads as follows: "An act to regulate and limit the hours of employment of females in any mechanical or mercantile establishment, factory, laundry, hotel or restaurant, to provide for its enforcement and a penalty for its violation."

It will be noticed that the title speaks only of hours of work, and makes no reference to providing seats for employees. The title also omits the word "factory," but a factory might be held to be sufficient.

LIVED TO RIPE OLD AGE IN LANE COUNTY.

JUNCTION CITY, Or., April 2.—(Special.)—William H. Hogan, a pioneer settler of this section, aged 84 years, died Sunday morning at 9 o'clock of dropsy. Mr. Hogan was born in Virginia, October 20, 1818. At 8 years of age he moved with friends to Missouri, his parents having died in his infancy. He was married to Miss Barbara Jane Liles, September 19, 1841, in Pike County, Illinois, and crossed the plains with his family in 1853, locating in Lane county, 10 miles west of Junction City. A few years later he moved on a farm near Lebanon, Lane County, and thence he moved to Junction City, where he resided until the time of his death. He had been a prominent member of the Christian Church since 30 years of age.

He was the father of ten children, six of whom are still living, as follows: Mrs. Harriet McCallister and Mrs. S. W. Paulson, of Lebanon; Miss Adeline, near Junction City; and D. Hogan, of this city, and W. H. Hogan, of Albany. His wife, who survives him, is 78 years of age, and is very sprightly for one of her years.

cently described by the words "mechanical establishment." The bill was introduced in the House by Banks of Multnomah.

GAVE BURGLAR A SCARE.

Medford Citizen's Exciting Experience With Unwelcome Caller.

MEDFORD, Or., April 2.—(Special.)—Two men were on the main floor of suspicion of the burglars who entered City Recorder Toft's house early this morning and two of a gang of nine who have been committing a series of petty burglaries the past few days in this city. Last night a grand coup must have been contemplated, as there was a high wind and the noise made in effecting an entrance might easily have been mistaken for the pranks of the gale. The burglars tried to enter at least a dozen houses in East Medford, using a sort of jimmy. They were unsuccessful, save in two or three instances.

All went well until they entered Recorder Toft's residence at 2 o'clock this morning. One of the burglars entered Mrs. Toft's room and was trying to secure a watch lying under her pillow when she awoke and screamed, arousing her father, who was quickly on the scene with a chair and revolver. The burglar and Mr. Toft made two or three false steps around the parlor until the pace became too hot for the burglar, and he leaped through a window. Mr. Toft followed quickly, though the burglar was not in hot pursuit, firing three shots at the burglar, who finally made his escape. The men who were arrested have been

months ago has hounded the woman continually. This morning he met Mrs. Baker and her mother walking on the street and accosted them. Mrs. Baker's mother, seeing danger in a meeting, advised her daughter to run, which she did, followed by Nihall, pistol in hand. Mrs. Baker entered the saloon of one Fowke, and appealed to the proprietor for assistance. The distressed woman, Nihall entered, and throwing his arms around Mrs. Baker, began firing his revolver, several shots entering Mrs. Baker's body, killing her. Fowke grabbed a revolver and turned it on Nihall, but did not shoot, as Nihall was the Republican nominee, and he fired one shot, but the injury is not a serious one. He expressed gratification that he had killed the woman.

Suspicious Concern Shut Down.

SEATTLE, April 2.—The Police Department this morning put out of business the Industrial Securities Company, a get-rich-quick concern that had just opened offices here, no stock having been sold as yet. A capital stock of \$500,000 was advertised. Inducements whereby a stockholder might get a return of \$100 on an investment of \$1 were held out.

Appointed Coder from Goldendale.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., April 2.—(Special.)—Congressman W. L. Jones today decided to appoint John I. Hess, of Goldendale, Klickitat County, as cadet clerk for the Yakima County Court, at Spokane, alternate. These young men are under 18 years of age and most highly recommended.

CABLE PORT WRANGLER

CANNOT BE SAID BY THE INSIDE PASSAGE.

Then It Would Lie Partly in Foreign Territory—Not Included in the Present Project.

TACOMA, April 2.—(Special.)—The question of securing cable connections with Ketchikan and Port Wrangel, Alaska, has been taken up by Senator Foster with Chief Signal Officer General Greely, U. S. A.

A number interested in securing in Alaska were of the opinion that it might be possible to lay the new Alaska cable through the inside passage, so as to make the connection with Ketchikan and Port Wrangel and also with Fort Wrangel. General Greely says it will be impossible to do this, because the law providing for the cable states the points to be connected with, and also that it is required by the spirit of the law to lay the cable along the most direct route. In addition to this he states that it would not be possible to lay the cable as proposed with the amount of money available, which is, however, nearly \$500,000.

Another and still more important question with reference to the inside passage is the probability of involving international complications, as the cable would be in Canadian waters if the inside passage were followed.

It is therefore considered necessary to lay the cable on the outside route and outside of Vancouver Island. This being the ultimatum of the War Department, Senator Foster has taken steps to provide other means of connections with Fort Wrangel and Ketchikan. Increased appropriations will be required for this purpose and will be urged, as the operation of the War Department is expected in the premises.

Delay in Getting Cable.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 2.—Colonel James Allen has returned from the North, where he went to attend to matters connected with the laying of the new Alaska cable. He said today that the first half of the cable, which is being made in New York, will reach its destination about October 1. The cable ship Burnside, which is now undergoing repairs at Hong Kong, may not get there until early in June, and will go to Sitka, Alaska, and thence south from there, and then will lay the first part of the cable from Juneau to Sitka. There is already a line from Shagway to Juneau, and the cable will be cut in connection with the new military post, Haines Landing, so that the new cable connecting Shagway and Sitka will also bring Sitka and Haines Landing into communication. Colonel Allen says that the principal cause of delay is the non-arrival of the cable, but the work will be completed late in the Fall.

WORK WAS APPRECIATED.

Joseph City Council Passes Resolutions Extending Thanks.

That the great Oregonian has done Walla Walla County an invaluable service, there is no doubt. That paper published on April 8 and 9 two letters from its special correspondent setting forth the national divided resources of Walla Walla County. The matter was illustrated with a splendid picture of Walla Walla Lake, the view extending across five columns of that paper. Another picture was of the timber section, on double runner slides, drawn by six horses. The color and illustrations occupy about 4% column.

When it is remembered that people are coming west by the tens of thousands, looking for homes, and that The Oregonian daily circulates in the national press, it is not surprising that the idea of the great good the article is bound to do at this particular season may be had. Probably 100,000 people now know something of Walla Walla's resources, and have already heard of the county two weeks ago.

The people of Joseph have very properly, through the City Council and Mayor Thompson, today sent a warm invitation to the great Oregonian to send its scribes to thank for this splendid service and further suggest their appreciation by intimating that there is yet much more that might be truthfully published about Walla Walla County that would prove to be "mighty interesting reading" to the homeseeker. The City Council's resolutions are as follows:

Whereas, It is due to the knowledge of this body that the unbounded natural resources of Walla Walla County have recently been brought before the public eye in a most generous and stirring manner by The Oregonian, and in view of the fact that our faith in this favored section is such that we count the most searching examination, therefore,

Resolved, That the Chamber of Commerce of the Town of Joseph, be and are hereby extended to The Morning Oregonian and that we respectfully request further explanation by the best newspaper on the Pacific Coast, of Walla Walla's wonderful resources.

EAGER LANDSEEKERS.

Bay Land Without Seeking What It Looks Like.

GREENLEAF, Or., April 2.—(Special.)—Land seekers tread on one another's heels, so fast they follow, and they are all anxious to have the property, wherever those sections still belong to the State. Timber-seekers have awakened to the fact that unless unsold school lands be secured before May 1st the price will be doubled and buyers will have other expenses to pay before getting title. Many have made purchases wherever the plats showed school land still unsold, without waiting to have the property cruised, preferring to risk the loss of the 25 cents per acre advance payment rather than take the chance of having somebody else get ahead of them in the purchase while they were having the property examined.

Rival companies of cruisers are sparing no expense in rushing the work of inspection in these mountains, and some of the fastest time ever known on our roads has been made in riding over the mountains to reach the railroad on the way to Salem to be the first in applying for the selected tract. So fast is the land being gobbled up that cruisers say a plat a week old showing vacant tracts is practically useless to them, so many of the pieces marked vacant a week ago have been bought by today.

RECEPTION TO HERMANN.

Given by the Salem Republican Club Last Evening.

SALEM, Or., April 2.—(Special.)—The Salem Republican Club held its first meeting of the Congressional campaign this evening and tendered Hon. Finger Hermann, the Republican nominee, an informal reception. While the attendance was small, considerable enthusiasm was aroused by a number of spirited addresses. President Claude Gatch presided and spoke briefly in behalf of the election of Mr. Hermann.

The Republican candidate responded with a few felicitous remarks, thanking the club for its courtesy and assuring the members of his high appreciation of the honor felt in being thus welcomed, especially in a county which had two favored sons who were aspirants for the nomination. He spoke in very complimentary terms of his chief opponent, Mr. Gatch, and said he felt it an honor to have won in a contest with so worthy a rival. The meeting was addressed by Colonel J. D. Hofer, editor of the Capital Journal, in which Mr. Hofer advocated the election of Hermann. The Journal has been for

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