COAL LEDGE FOUND

Specimens Shown of Excellent Quality.

IT IS NEAR WILHOIT SPRINGS

Seam Said to Be From Six to Ten Feet Thick—Presence of the Mineral Had Long Been Known.

OREGON CITY, Or., April 10.—(Special.)—According to a report brought in today from the vicinity of Wilhoit Springs, 25 miles east of here, in the foothills of the Cascade Mountains, and in this county, that portion of the county is likely in the near future to prove one of the greatest wealth-producing sections of the county. Today F. C. Barstow, of that place, brought in a sample of coal which he said had been taken from a ledge just unearthed on his claim, which he claims to have been looking for for the past 12 months.

The sample that he showed was almost pure carbon, and was as fine a specimen of the "black diamond" as can be found anywhere between the two oceans. According to his story the vein is from six to ten feet thick and shows every indication of being permanent.

It has long been known that there are fine prospects for coal in that section, and many samples of coal picked up from the hillsides have been exhibited, but it is said that this is the first find of any consequence, and it is now believed that claims that have not been filed on in that vicinity will soon be taken up.

As the new electric railroad, for which C. D. Latourette recently secured a franchise, is supposed to run to the vicinity of Wilhoit Springs, it is believed that this find will be an incentive to hurry up the building of the road.

NATIONAL TROPHY BOARD.

General Drain, of Washington, Appointed a Member.

OLYMPIA, Wash., April 10.—(Special.)—Adjutant-General James A. Drain, of the National Guard of Washington, has been appointed by the Secretary of War as one of the members of the board created by the act of Congress approved March 2, 1903, which will have direction of tests for a National trophy and other prizes for marksmanship provided in the act.

This board consists of 21 members, eight of whom are the President and Board of Trustees of the National Rifle Association, eight selected from the country at large by the Secretary of War, and five selected from the War Department, the Army, Navy and Marine Corps. The board will hold its first meeting in Washington City on April 16, and will frame and report such further regulations as may be necessary successfully to carry into effect the provisions of the act above referred to. General Drain left today for Washington City to attend this meeting.

The other members of the board, selected from the country at large, are: George Gould, of New York City; General L. M. Oppenheimer, Austin, Tex.; Colonel A. R. Lawton, Savannah, Ga.; Colonel Thomas F. Cooke, Des Moines, Ia.; Colonel James A. Frye, First Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Boston; Colonel O. C. Young, First Illinois Cavalry; Major Carl A. Wagner, inspector rifle practice, State of Michigan; recorder, Lieutenant-Colonel E. J. Dimmick, assistant secretary National Guard Association.

From the regular establishment the Secretary of War has selected Honorable William Cary Sanger, Assistant Secretary of War; Colonel William P. Hall, assistant Adjutant-General; Lieutenent-Colonel C. H. Lauchheimer, Marine Corps; Major J. F. Guilfoyle, Twelfth United States Cavalry; Lieutenant F. K. Hill, United States Navy.

FAKE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Public Warned Against a Wildcat Chicago Concern.

SALEM, Or., April 10.—(Special.)—It is reliably reported to Insurance Commissioner F. I. Dunbar that an alleged insurance company, bearing the name of the Union Fire Insurance Company, of Chicago, is, by means of circular letters and pretended statements, soliciting insurance in this state. Mr. Dunbar says that no such company is licensed to do business in Oregon, or is to be found in the reports of other states. It is of the class of "wildcat" companies, many of which have no actual existence, and make no pretense of complying with the laws or paying losses in case of fire.

"Owners of property who patronize such irresponsible, law-breaking institutions," says Mr. Dunbar, "can feel reasonably sure of being beaten and defrauded in case of loss. The only excuse, as a rule, that can be offered for patronizing concerns of this character is, possibly, lower rates than can be secured from authorized companies. Such transactions are certainly 'penny-wise and pound-foolish,' and at a sacrifice of sound, reliable indemnity to a small saving in premiums. The public should be careful to patronize only those fire insurance companies which are duly authorized by the laws of this state to solicit and write insurance, as only mutual fire insurance companies organized under the laws of Oregon and having financial strength are authorized to transact fire insurance business within the state. All claims accruing under policy contracts of authorized companies are promptly paid."

NORTHWEST DEAD.

Passing of Judge R. Y. Hayne, of Distinguished Ancestry.

SAN MATEO, Cal., April 10.—Judge Robert Y. Hayne, one of the most prominent jurists in the state, is dead, aged 50 years.

He was very active in some of the most important legal battles fought out in this state, and at one time served as a Supreme Court Commissioner. By his death California loses one of her brightest lawyers and America the lineal descendant of Robert Y. Hayne, the Senator who fought the battles of the South against Daniel Webster and Henry Clay in the United States Senate.

Judge Hayne came from a proud family of American patriots. His grandmother, Miss Alston, before marriage, was a daughter of Mrs. Rebecca Motte, during the American Revolution, and directed that guns be fired against her Charleston home in order to dislodge the British who had taken possession of it. On Judge Hayne's mother's side his grandfather was Judge Duncan, who sat for 30 years on the Supreme bench of Pennsylvania. His Uncle was Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of that state.

Well-Known Resident of Aberdeen.

ABERDEEN, Wash., April 10.—(Special.)—John W. Farquhar, a well-known resident of this city, and a member of various lodges, died in Santa Barbara, Cal., today, where he had gone for the benefit of his health. He was 53 years old.

Pioneer of Montana.

DILLON, Mont., April 10.—T. W. Poindexter, a pioneer, died today. Mr. Poindexter, who was at one time one of the richest men in this part of the state, was born in Virginia in 1828, and made the overland trip to California in 1852.

Buried in Military Cemetery.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS, Wash., April 10.—(Special.)—The six-weeks-old son of Lieutenant and Mrs. Raymond H. Fenner, who died at 12 o'clock Wednesday night, was buried today in the military cemetery.

Peter P. Morgan, Pioneer.

THE DALLES, Or., April 10.—Peter P. Morgan, an old resident of this county, died about three miles from this city yesterday. He was a pioneer of Oregon. He was born in Ohio in 1814 and crossed the plains to Oregon in 1852, taking up his residence in Clackamas County. Later he came to Wasco County, arriving in this city in 1862. He was over 80 years of age and leaves an aged wife and three sons—Alfonso Morgan, of Oakesdale, Wash., and Orlando Morgan and Zanthus Morgan, of this city. He was buried in this city this afternoon.

Prominent Citizen of Albany.

ALBANY, Or., April 10.—Captain N. B. Humphrey, a veteran of the Civil War and a prominent citizen of Albany for 30 years, died at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

FISHING SCALE FIXED.

Compromise Effected Between Men and Packers.

ASTORIA, Or., April 10.—(Special.)—The controversy over the price of fish to prevail at the Bristol Bay canneries has been amicably adjusted and the crews will begin signing tomorrow. At a meeting of the union held last evening a schedule of prices was adopted, as follows:

Red fish and silversides, 2½ cents each; king salmon, 10 cents each; dogfish, 2½ cents each. Wages for working vessel to and from Alaska, $50. In case of a large run the boats shall not be limited to less than 1200 fish each per day, and in case any boat is taken off the river by the cannery, the men shall be paid for 1200 fish per day.

These rates are the same as adopted at San Francisco, except that the limit has been raised from 1000 to 1200. They are, however, a compromise, as the prices originally asked by the fishermen were 3 cents for red fish, 15 cents for king salmon and $75 for wages, or an advance of 33 1-3 per cent over last year's rates.

Today the union committee called on the packers and submitted the prices that had been adopted. The packers in turn presented the committee with contracts which they had prepared for the men to sign. As these contracts contain all the provisions asked for by the men, with the addition of agreements as to repairing the boats, the men will be allowed to sign them.

WATER IS CONTAMINATED.

Chehalis Looking for a New Source of Supply.

CHEHALIS, Wash., April 10.—(Special.)—Fred Morris and Mr. Brown, of Portland, were in Chehalis, Monday, and a special meeting was held with the City Council to discuss the question of a better water supply. Mr. Morris' firm, Morris & Whitehead, of Portland, owns the Chehalis waterworks. Mr. Brown is a civil engineer. The City of Chehalis has refused for some time to pay the Water Company for water, alleging the impure quality. The bills now rejected by the Council amount to over $7000. The present supply comes from the Newaukum River, below Chehalis about two miles. The water flows past innumerable farms and has every show to become contaminated.

The Council assured Mr. Morris that a pure supply from the headwaters of the Newaukum would be satisfactory. A corps of engineers will within the coming month make surveys to learn the practicability of this plan, the intention being to put in a gravity system if it does not cost more than the enterprise would justify.

STORM IN MONTANA COUNTRY.

Salt Lake and Butte Report Snow, Hail and Wind.

SALT LAKE CITY, April 10.—A severe wind storm, accompanied by rain, hail and snow, is raging throughout the entire intermountain region. The wind at some points reached a velocity of between 35 and 40 miles an hour, and the telegraph and telephone service is partly demoralized.

At Butte, Mont., and points west, heavy wet snow is reported, and snow is also reported at many Idaho points. In Salt Lake City a heavy rain turned to hail and finally to snow. Severe frosts are predicted for tonight, and the Weather Bureau has sent out warnings through the fruit districts.

Examined Salem Bar.

SALEM, Or., April 10.—(Special.)—David B. Ogden, of Portland, an engineer of the Government River and Harbor Department, was in Salem today to make soundings in the Willamette River near Salem to ascertain what changes have taken place in the channel. He also made such investigations as well be of use to his office in case it should be necessary to build a revetment in order to keep the river in its channel.

The results of his investigation are not known, except that it is a matter of general knowledge that a gravel bar has formed in front of the city and the river is cutting into the west bank. Mr. Ogden says that considerable dredging will probably be done this Summer on the Upper Willamette for the purpose of keeping the channel clear.

Farewell Reception to Mr. French.

MONMOUTH, Or., April 10.—(Special.)—Last evening the parents, citizens and the Normal School students gave R. C. French a farewell reception. Mr. French intends leaving in a day or so for his new field of work at Weston, in the presidency of the Normal located there.

During the evening a number of excellent musical selections were rendered and some interesting speeches were made by President Ressler, Mr. French and Mr. Wigmore. The training School, some 225 children, were out in full force and in many ways expressed their appreciation of Mr. French, who has won a warm place in the affections of this community.

Dedication of Salem Church.

SALEM, Or., April 10.—(Special.)—Exercises for the dedication of the new Christian Science Church, on Chemeketa street, just west of the City Hall, in this city, will be held next Sunday. Services will be conducted at 10:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. A large number of Christian Scientists from Portland will attend the exercises in the afternoon. The general public is invited.

"Niobe" at University of Oregon.

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, Or., April 10.—(Special.)—A selected cast of college characters, led by Professor I. M. Glen, rendered the splendid comedy "Niobe" in Villard Hall this evening. The play was given to defray the debt incurred by issuing the last year junior annual, and was a great success.

Smallpox Case at The Dalles.

THE DALLES, Or., April 10.—A case of smallpox has been reported to the city authorities, the sufferer being Orion Kinersly, of this city. Mr. Kinersly probably contracted the disease in or about Shaniko, which place is now in quarantine with several cases of the disease.

Epworth League Meeting.

SALEM, Or., April 10.—The Salem district convention of the Epworth League was in session in this city this evening. The meetings will be continued tomorrow. Missionary topics are being discussed. About 40 delegates are in attendance from neighboring towns.

Mrs. Smith to Visit Salem Lodge.

SALEM, Or., April 10.—(Special.)—Mrs. Laura Smith, grand chief of honor of the Degree of Honor, will visit the Salem Lodge Saturday evening and deliver an address. Refreshments will be served.

Nine-tenths of the world's platinum comes from the Ural Mountains, and Russia controls the price.

ORATION THAT WON A PRIZE

DELIVERED BY RECTOR H. VALLELY AT ASHLAND.

Before the Students of the State Normal School at That Place a Few Days Since.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, Ashland, Or., April 10.—The following is the oration delivered by Victor H. Vallely, which won for him the first prize of $25 in the students' annual oratorical contest held in the Chautauqua Building a few days since:

A century and a half ago, under the tropical skies of the West Indies, was born one who was destined to be an important factor in shaping the American Republic.

Alexander Hamilton was born of Scottish and French parentage, and happily he inherited the qualities of both of them. From his father he inherited that sturdy common sense and depth of thought peculiar to the Scotch people, which qualities in after years placed him among the greatest statesmen of the world.

From his mother he inherited the pleasing manner and vivacity peculiar to the French people, which was of great assistance to him throughout his career.

Although born an aristocrat, Hamilton by education and environment became a republican. So precocious and ambitious was he that he mastered a fours years' college course in two years.

When, at 17 years, the Revolutionary War burst like a storm upon young America, Hamilton became a leading actor in that great drama. He discussed with college presidents and eminent statesmen of his day fundamental principles of government. His restless energy prompted him to organize and captain a militia company, and in recognition of his talents Washington called him into his military family, where he became the chief reliance in the campaigns and correspondences of the first soldier of the age.

His First Appearance.

All this and more had been accomplished by a boy of 19. The critical period of American history brought Hamilton to the front. Our condition at the end of the Civil War, when we had a national debt of $2,000,000,000, and the whole country was demoralized, was not nearly so bad as that experienced by our forefathers at the close of the Revolutionary War. "A mass of rude, unconnected and anarchistic forces threatened to engulf the Nation in worse evils than those from which it had just escaped." It was at this great crisis that Hamilton came forward and threw himself body and soul into the work of securing the adoption of the Constitution. The enemies of that great document were tireless in their efforts to defeat its adoption. Every device known to the human mind was employed with this end in view. A number of essays were written and distributed throughout the colonies, and the enemies of good government, who composed the majority in some of the colonies, eagerly caught up and echoed their teachings. But Hamilton was equal to the occasion, and in the war of pamphlets which followed forever put to rest the theories of his adversaries.

At last the great struggle was centered in New York. Whichever party gained that colony would be crowned with general victory, for New York lay between New England and the South. It was here that Hamilton's genius as a skillful orator was manifested. Throughout that great struggle he met every argument in such a manner as to secure the adoption of the Constitution in that pivotal colony, carrying with him Malanchton Smith, who led the opposition.

Truly a Statesman.

Hamilton was a statesman in the highest sense of that term. To be a great statesman a man must be thoroughly familiar with history, science, literature and finance. His knowledge must be almost without limit, and he must have at heart the great interests of a Nation.

Hamilton was not born on American soil, and, therefore, had no local feeling. He legislated not for the good of one community or state, but had the interests of the whole Nation at heart. The work of securing the adoption of the Constitution was not the only service Hamilton rendered this country. The Constitution was the work of many men. Our financial system was the work of one who worked alone as Martin Luther worked in his religious reforms. It is to the creative powers of Hamilton's genius that we owe the creation of something out of nothing. The establishing of confidence when the Nation seemed unable to move. The exalting of credit where there was no disposition to pay. A nation needs credit. All its powers and prerogatives are summed up in the question of its ability to pay debts, borrow money and call out the necessary recources to accomplish it. Hamilton touched a thousand sources of revenue. He inaugurated a system unheard of. He operated it to its last detail. He filled the treasury. He inspired the creditor nations with confidence in our integrity and ability to pay, and we became at a bound a Nation. Webster had in mind the transformation wrought by Hamilton when he exclaimed: "He smote the rock of National recourses and abundant streams of revenue gushed forth. He touched the dead corpse of public credit, and it sprang upon its feet. The fabled birth of Minerva from the brain of Jove was hardly more sudden or miraculous than the financial system of the United States as it burst from the conception of Alexander Hamilton."

Formed Public Sentiment.

With his great foresight Hamilton saw that the only way to establish a permanent republic in America lay in a strongly centralized government, and with this fact in mind he put forth his best efforts. With his undaunted spirit and tireless energy he overcame every obstacle. He brought his great genius into play and overcame and enlisted adverse public sentiment. At last he was successful. A great Nation was formed in America. The ideas of Hamilton were firmly planted in its institutions. His theories were put into practice, and the machinery of government began to revolve. His wisdom was no longer doubted. Guizot asserts that "he must ever be classed among the men who have best understood the vital principles and elementale of government, and that there is not in the Constitution of the United States an element of order or force or duration which he did not powerfully contribute to secure."

Hamilton's spirit of loyalty, truthfulness and integrity to his country has ever been a dominant characterictic of this people. When great questions have arisen in our Legislative halls the spirit of Hamilton always triumphed for justice and right. When Abraham Lincoln issued the call for men to fight for the preservation of the Union the spirit of Alexander Hamilton answered in the person of that magnificent army.

Effects in After Years.

Thomas Jefferson purchased the Louisiana territory through the power that Hamilton infused into the Constitution. William McKinley relied upon Hamilton's famous doctrine of implied powers when he extended military authority over the Philippines, accepted Porto Rico, and reorganized the government of Cuba. It was Hamilton who put that elasticity into the vein of our Federal Constitution that makes it respond to the pulsations of the great American heart as it propels the warm blood of the Nation through its veins.

No matter what brilliant future may await this Nation; no matter what deeds of our future heroes may be recorded in the pages of history; no matter what illustrious statesmen are destined to arise and become famous in our Legislative halls, and, although foreign wars and internal strife may attempt to destroy our Nation, our Constitution shall stand, and Alexander Hamilton will be remembered, and will be famous for having laid the chief corner-stone in the greatest superstructure ever erected along the shores of time.

CAME EARLY TO OREGON.

The late Mrs. Ann Eliva Gurley.

ARLINGTON, Or., April 9.—Mrs. Ann Eliva Gurley, who died here April 3 at the home of her son, S. A. D. Gurley, was born in Cleveland, O., December 12, 1828. She was married to Dr. O. V. Gurley in Ohio, in 1850. Soon afterward they moved to Iowa, where the family resided for 11 years, coming across the plains to Oregon in 1865, and settling at Canby, in Clackamas County. Dr. Gurley died there in 1872. Mrs. Gurley continued to reside there until a few years ago, when she made her home with her son here, where she continued to reside until her death. She was the mother of four children, two of whom survive, George A. and S. A. D. Gurley. Mrs. Gurley left two sisters and two brothers, all in Ohio. One of her brothers, Judge George E. Baldwin, is United States Consul at Nuremberg, Germany, having been appointed to that place by President McKinley, his lifelong friend.

Mrs. Gurley's remains were taken to the old home place, Canby, to be buried beside her husband, where, Sunday, April 5, Rev. Mr. Carstens conducted the funeral services in the presence of a large congregation of the old friends and neighbors, who were there to pay their tribute of love and respect to her memory. She was a woman who had a wide circle of friends, and was universally loved and respected by all who knew her.

WORKING TOWARDS BOHEMIA.

Activity on the Oregon & Southeastern Railroad.

COTTAGE GROVE, Or., April 10.—(Special.)—The large steam shovel that the Oregon & Southeastern Railroad Company recently purchased arrived today. The shovel is a three-yard dipper, which has a capacity of loading 75 cars daily. A crew of 15 men has arrived and will take charge. The shovel is to be located at the Mosby Creek bridge, three miles from here, where the railroad company has a gravel bed of over 100 acres. Twenty flat cars also arrived today, to distribute the gravel along the road. The track is to be raised 2½ feet at Row River, and the same at Mosby Creek, and the track proportionately is to be raised, hence it will take an immense amount of gravel.

Manager John H. Pearsons is taking hold of the reins in a businesslike manner, and since his arrival the operating department of this road has wonderfully improved. Seven additional carloads of rails will arrive tomorrow, and will be laid in the extension of this road toward the great Bohemia district.

Roosevelt to Address Students.

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, Seattle, April 10.—It has been definitely decided that President Roosevelt will address the students of the University of Washington during his short stay in Seattle. Time will not permit his visiting the university, but the students have formulated a plan by which they can give him a rousing reception. At the appointed time on the day of his arrival he will address the students at some convenient place in the city. The boys will be out in force, and no doubt will receive one of the President's typical college addresses.

Workmen Adjourn at Olympia.

OLYMPIA, Wash., April 10.—(Special.)—The sessions of the Grand Lodges of the Ancient Order of United Workmen and Degree of Honor were concluded today with the installation of the new officers. All of the delegates left for home on the afternoon trains and boats. Past Grand Master Cox was presented with a handsome leather rocking chair by the delegates of the convention.

PAPERS ARE FRAUDULENT

CHINESE ARRESTED AT SEATTLE FOR ILLEGAL RESIDENCE.

Certificates Sent From the East by the Wholesale Sold to Chinese by White Agents.

SEATTLE, April 10.—Tom Tucke, a merchant of Tacoma, was arrested here today by customs officers, charged with being unlawfully in the United States. He exhibited a certificate signed by Felix W. McGettrick, ex-United States Commissioner at St. Albans, Vt., containing his photograph and authorizing his remaining in the country.

These certificates, the local customs authorities have been advised by the Treasury Department, are being sent here by the wholesale and sold to Chinese illegally in the country at $50 each. This is the first arrest made here. It is alleged they are copies of McGettrick's official record regarding which the Government has had much trouble in other parts of the country.

The business here is being carried on through white agents.

Grand Jury Pay Held Up.

SEATTLE, April 10.—Suit has been instituted in the Superior Court by Fred Hilt, a taxpayer of Seattle, to enjoin issuing and paying warrants to the members of the recently discharged grand jury in amounts claimed by them.

The suit is based on a decision handed down by the Supreme Court of the state, finding that jurors are not entitled to fees except when in actual attendance on the court.

TEACHER HEAT SCHOOL GIRL.

Brother Steps in and Thrashes Pedagogue.

SPOKANE, Wash., April 10.—(Special.)—Because some doggerel aimed at his personality fell into his hands, it is said that Elmer Higar, a rural school teacher, severely flogged Edith Huffman, a 17-year-old school girl, and then dragged her around the room by her long hair until she was unconscious.

The affair was almost immediately followed by the appearance of Charles Huffman, the girl's brother, with a gun, and vengeful punishment was administered on the school teacher by the angry brother. The sensational episode is reported from a remote school district in Southeastern Wallowa County, Oregon. A warrant is out for Charles Huffman on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon. It is alleged he tried to shoot Higar when he beheld his sister's condition.

It seems the girl handed the teacher a composition, on the back of which were some verses reflecting on the teacher. According to the story, a horrible scene ensued. The other pupils were afraid to interfere while Higar whipped the maiden. Miss Huffman ended the punishment, it is reported, by fainting. The weapon alleged to have been used was a piece of wood which had been brought in for fuel, and it is said the girl was partially stripped when Higar ended with her.

Suddenly the Huffman girl's brother came through the door with a revolver in his hand. He cowed Higar with the gun, then, discarding the weapon, flew for the teacher, giving him a fearful beating. Huffman fled, fearful of arrest, while Higar came to Joseph, the nearest town, to get a warrant. Miss Huffman was taken home and put to bed.

STRUCK, BUT NOT IN ANGER.

Principal Hawes Cleared of Assault on Pupil.

WESTON, Or., April 10.—Principal J. D. Hawes, of the Athena schools, was acquitted by a jury of six Weston citizens yesterday of assault and battery on James Purdy, a boy pupil.

According to the evidence, James Purdy and Roy Barnett, lads about 16 years old, were going home from school. As they passed the Hawes house, one of the boys threw a snowball, striking the building. Mrs. Hawes saw the act, and declared it was the Purdy boy, whom she identified as being taller than the other.

On being questioned by the principal, the Barnett boy apologized and was dismissed. The Purdy boy denied everything and was severely flogged.

The principal admitted the whipping, but contended that the Purdy boy's reputation was bad, that complaint against him had been frequent, and that the castigation was deserved. He said he had been teaching 30 years and never yet lost his temper.

DATE OF SPOKANE ENCAMPMENT.

Will Be in May Despite Commander Bedell's Order.

SPOKANE, April 10.—A queer dispute is stirring up the Grand Army veterans here. The local posts wanted the state encampment held here May 26, the date of President Roosevelt's visit. Commander Bedell, of the Department of Washington and Alaska, opposed the plan. He has notified the local committee that he has taken a vote of the council, resulting in five favoring this date and seven opposing it, and therefore the encampment will not take place till June.

The local officers hold that only five men have a vote on this question, and that these five unanimously favor the May meeting. Accordingly, it is announced, the encampment will be held at that time, in spite of Commander Bedell's ruling, and are making plans for

Permanent Encampment Grounds.

OLYMPIA, Wash., April 10.—(Special.)—The state today purchased, through Attorney A. R. Titlow, of Tacoma, 220 acres of land on American Lake for the National Guard encampment grounds. The purchase of this land was authorized by an act of the last Legislature. Mr. Titlow was today paid his price of $6600 in a warrant on the military fund.

Married at North Yakima.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., April 10.—William Lee, of this place, and Mrs. Ida Rogers, of Centralia, Ill., were married at the home of the groom this evening. He is a well-known fruitgrower and truckster of this place, and the bride was formerly a school teacher in her native city.

Enemy Bit Him and He Died.

HELENA, Mont., April 10.—Grant Gordon, of this city, lies dead in the morgue here, and the police are looking for Richard Mullins, alleged to have inflicted the injuries that resulted in death.

Gordon died this morning from blood-poisoning, following a bite inflicted by Mullins, it is alleged, during a fight in the Stockholm saloon a few nights ago.

Montana Wheat for China.

BILLINGS, Mont., April 10.—Flour made in the Gallatin Valley is now being shipped to China by the carload, and the demand is greater than the supply. All the westbound Northern Pacific freight trains are carrying car after car, which is said to give better satisfaction than any that has yet been tried.

Fined for Assault.

DALLAS, Or., April 10.—Melvill Courter, of Falls City, was arraigned in Justice Helmon's court in Dallas yesterday for assault on the person of Fred Raymon, of Falls City on last Monday. A fine of $10 and costs was imposed, which the defendant paid.

The Marriage Vow.

HOW TO WIN A HUSBAND.

WOMAN'S sphere in this 20th century is not limited any more than is man's. She can occupy almost any business position or profession, and yet the popular view of womanhood is that she best fits the position of wife and mother and head of the household. A girl often creates unhappiness for herself by a little quarrel over trivial matters with her "best man" which could be just as easily avoided and the courtship would go along smoothly to its happy conclusion were it not for these little trifles which are magnified into worries. Cultivate happiness and do not reach out for the unattainable. To wait for happiness to come to you is sure to result in never possessing it. When we wait for tomorrow it never comes. Be ready to forgive small things in your fiance and he will love you all the better. Every girl should know her heart and also know that her womanly system is equal to the strain of marriage. If a girl is nervous and irritable ten chances to one it is due to some trouble peculiar to womanhood.

Cupid has no place in a girl's heart if she is nervous and irritable, feels dragged down, worn out for no reason that she can think of. In such cases the body is not sound. The nervousness and other symptoms are telegraphed all over the body by the nerves, which is the telegraphic system of the human body, because the weak spot demands attention. The weak back, dizzy spells and black circles about the eyes are only symptoms. Go to the source of the trouble and correct the irregularity. Stop the drains on the womanly system and the other symptoms will disappear. This can be done easily and intelligently. So sure of it is the World's Dispensary Medical Association, the proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, that they offer $500 reward for women who cannot be cured of leucorrhea, female weakness, prolapsus or falling of the womb. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure. Their financial responsibility is well known to every newspaper publisher and druggist in the United States. This wonderful remedy therefore stands absolutely alone as the only one possessed of such remarkable curative properties as would warrant its makers in publishing such a marvellous offer as is above made in the utmost good faith. It is a medicine which has stood the test of a third of a century and numbers its cures by the thousands. The manufacturers will offer a $3,000 forfeit if they cannot show the original signatures of the individuals volunteering the testimonials below, and also the writers of every testimonial among the thousands which they are constantly publishing, thus proving their genuineness.

"Your 'Favorite Prescription' cured me of ulceration and inflammation, from which I suffered for many years," writes Mrs. Delphia Wheaton, President Santa Barbara Lawn Tennis Club, Arlington Hotel, Santa Barbara, Calif. "I had little faith in patent medicine as a rule, but must make an exception in favor of the 'Favorite Prescription.' Health was completely broken down when I began its use and I was in dreadful pain most of the time, but almost before I had taken a dozen doses of your 'Prescription' the pain relaxed and I felt that I was on the road to recovery, as indeed I was, for ten bottles cured me. When I look back on those many years of suffering and pain which might have been spared me had I known how effectually your medicine would cure such troubles, I am only too glad to give my experience, as it may save some women as much suffering as I endured."

"I suffered for five years with terrible pains especially at the time of menstruation and did not know what the trouble was until the doctor pronounced it inflammation of ovaries, and proposed an operation," writes Mrs. Sybil Paiae, Chairman, Board of Directors, Club Francais, 3647 Indiana Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. "I felt so weak and sick, was sure that I would not survive such an ordeal, and decided that I would not undergo an operation. He tried to persuade me but I remained firm. The following week I read an advertisement in the paper as to the value of your 'Favorite Prescription' in such an emergency, and I determined to try it. Great was my joy to find that I had actually improved after taking two bottles. I dared not believe that I was getting well but kept up the treatment, and within eleven weeks from the time I took the first dose, I was well. Have gained 18 pounds, am in excellent health and seem like one risen from the dead. You surely deserve great success and you have my best wishes."

"I am glad to let others know the great benefit I have received from Dr. Pierce's medicines," writes Miss Lottie A. Clark, of Ivor, Southampton Co., Va. "I suffered from loss of appetite, had very severe attacks of sick headache and nose bleed. I took two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and one of 'Smart-Weed,' and, from the time I commenced these remedies, I felt better. To-day I am well, am going to school and can do all the work expected of me."

"Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription can always be relied upon to cure when every thing else fails," writes Mrs. Dr. Nielsen, of 4302 Langley Avenue, Chicago, Ills. "It is a certain cure for female diseases in their worst forms. I suffered for years with ulceration, intense pains in womb and ovaries and a dreadful backache which unfitted me for my work. Finally I grew so ill had to keep to my bed. The pains at times were so severe as to cause spasms, and a disagreeable discharge drained my life forces. In this extremity, after all else had been tried, I used 'Favorite Prescription,' and after using it for four weeks began to improve so rapidly, that I was greatly encouraged, so continued its use for three months and then I was well. Only those who have passed through such a siege of sickness as I have will understand how much I value Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and I only wish that every woman would try it, for I feel that it would certainly do her great good."

A 1008 page book, free for the asking. You can get the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, by sending 21 one-cent stamps for paper covered or 31 stamps for cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Women need not Suffer

Three years ago, when the grippe was epidemic in 59 Rush street, Chicago, Ill., Oct. 24, 1902. Chicago, I was in a very weak, nervous condition and suffered with female trouble. I was taken sick with the grippe, suffered severely, then had a relapse, and was given up by the doctors and my friends. My stomach was in such a weak condition that it refused food, and my menses stopped for five months, and the blood flowed from my mouth and nose at times. In this trouble Wine of Cardui was tried, and I was glad to find that it helped my appetite. I began slowly but surely to mend. I would use no other medicine, and, although the doctor tried hard to have me stop using it and to take his prescriptions, I felt Wine of Cardui was helping me, so I kept on taking it. I am glad now that I did, for I found that it met my expectations fully, and within four months I felt better and stronger than I had ever done in my life. I cannot say too much in its favor.

Mrs. Lena Roushe
Press Correspondent, Ladies of the G. A. R.

Female weakness invites any kind of complication from other diseases. But the woman who takes Wine of Cardui will have healthy organs of womanhood and be able to throw off any temporary ailment. She will not be annoyed every month with suppressed or profuse menses—the one poisoning her blood with the waste matter which cannot escape, and the other draining her life blood and weakening her nerves.

Wine of Cardui is a perfect regulator of the menstrual flow. It never fails to bring lasting benefit to the most chronic cases of menstrual irregularity, and in nineteen out of twenty cases effects a permanent cure.

If you are a weak woman fearing the coming of each month, take Wine of Cardui, and the menstrual function will be a means of health instead of a torture. Wine of Cardui is a tried medicine, which has worked many hundreds of thousands of wonderful cures like that of Mrs. Roushe. Her case was a very aggravated one; few sufferers are as far gone as she was.

If Wine of Cardui cured her it will surely cure you. Go to your druggist to-day and secure a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui and take it in your home. You need not suffer when this great medicine can be obtained so easily.

If you think you need advice, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE of CARDUI

MRS. LENA ROUSHE,
Press Correspondent Ladies of the G. A. R.