

FORBIDS FAVORS OF ANY KIND

Interstate Commission Places Broad Interpretation on Law, as Shown by Recent Order-More Prosecutions Are Expected.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March M.-Corporations are showing a great deal of interest in what the Administration may do in enforcing the anti-trust laws of the past session. Of Of course, the Nelson amendment to the Department of Commerce bill, providing for investigation and publicity of trusts, is the chief concern with trusts themselves. It is found, however, that the Elkins anti-rebate bill, by so many persons described as a harmless piece of legislation, is really going to make a great deal of trouble for corporations which have heretofore been favored in the matter of rebutos.

Inquiries are constantly made of the Interstate Commerce Commission, which will have jurisdiction of the enforcement of the Elkins act, concerning its purport and effect. Many persons declare that the only effect of the Elkins law is to relieve railway officials from the penalty of imprisonment, but it is the opinion of officials of the commission that it is much more far-reaching than was first supposed. An exceedingly broad interpreta-tion is placed upon the intent of the law prohibiting rebates, where the language is not specific. For example, it is held that the granting of a free pass to a shipper, a practice which is widespread, rebate, a violation of the law, and that the giver of the pass and the shipwho accepts it are liable to a fine; furthermore, that the free cartage of goods, favors in storage, if granted to shipper, and not to all, constitutes rebates and violation of law.

The Interstate Commerce Commission has issued an order to the transportation mpanies to publish in their tariff sched les hereafter whether cartage is allowed or not. This, it is expected, is intended to apply to the rebate provision of the law. It is believed by officials who have studied the law that railroad officials no roads are not favored by the rebate plan will make every effort to prevent rehates on other fines, and also that making the shipper as well as the carrier subject to the penalties there is very apt to be more complaint lodged and re prosecutions will result if the law new act.

THREE COMPANIES IN ONE.

cel Trust Begins Consolidation of Its Smaller Corporations.

TRENTON, N. J., March 2. - Articles of Incorporation were filed in the office of Sec-retary of State today, merging the Amer-ican Steel Hoop Company, National Steel Company and the Carnesie Company in the National Steel Company, with a capi-talization of \$55,000,000. The combined cap-ital of the old companies amounted to \$222,000,000. By this merger the new coreration will save over \$7000 each year in as paid to the State of New Jersey.

e directors of the new corporation W. E. Corey, C. M. Schwab, E. H. Gary, W. W. Blackburn and Thomas Mur-ray. The officers of the company are: W. E. Corey, president; W. W. Blackburn, secretary and treasurer; W. C. Mc-

tiary concerns forms a part of the CHORUS OF APPROVAL submining concerns forms a part of the Carnegic Interests. No less an authority than President Schwah, of the general corporation, stat-ed that the name Carnegic would never be eliminated from the United States Steel Corporation business, and especially as far as it concerned Pittsburg. On the contrary, the Carnegic Company will con-trol in the future not only its old inter-ents, but the interests of the American Steel Hoop and the National Steel Com-panies. It has been doing this for the past year practically, and Mr. Schwab said that the merger was in connection with the few arrangement. Under the new ruling the National Steel Company will control the Carnegic Steel Company the American Steel Company properties, and the the weilt he emerger would comthe American Steel Hoop Company and the old National Steel Company properties, and it in tura will be owned and con-trolled by the Carnegie Company, which is a greater part of the United States Steel Company. The capital stock of these various companies, being reduced to one-fourth of their original emount, will reduce the tax under the New Jer-soy laws without affecting the property interests of the concerns mentioned. As explained by Mr. Schwah, all these moves are in line with simplifying busi-ness operations and increasing economies.

NEW LAW IN MINNESOTA. Bills to Bring Corporations Within

Reach of State Law. ST. PAUL, March %.-Duplicate bills were introduced in the Legislature today to make possible some sort of control in

the so-called merger matter, as affecting corporations now existing. One bill pro-hibits the holding of meetings of Minne-sota corporations for the election of officers outside of the state; a second amends the present law as to the foreign corpora-tions owning property and doing business in Minnesota to require that public offices be maintained within the state where papers may be served, and the third pro-vides that corporations organized in other states may not vote the stock of any Minnesota corporation of which they have be-come the owners until a resident agent has been named, on whom summons or other papers may be served. The general purpose is to make possible the service of papers.

COMMISSIONER IDE HOME

Talks Hopefully of Improved Conditions in Philippines.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.-H. C. Ide, a member of the Philippine Commission, who arrived from Manila today on leave of absence on the way to his former home in Vermont, said in an interview that, when he left the jalands, peace blessed of abi in Ve them and he was happy to say that the Health Boards under the immediate direc-tion of the Philippine Commission had stamped out the Asiatic choicra, which

caused the death of 190,000 natives, The same conditions exist in the Philip-pines that existed in the South and South-west after the Civil War. There have always been bands of ladrones who roam ways seen bands of ladrones who roam over the country, robbing their own peo-ple, and the Government is obliged to cope with them by constabulary. He said the insular constabulary numbered 5500 mets, who were commanded by American officers. These men were natural hunters and they pursued the marsuders with sest and nearly always contured them. Comand nearly always captured them. Com-

missioner Ide said further: "Conditions in the Philippines are con-stantly improving. One meets with dis-couraging features, but after six months you will see a marvelous improvement in the development of education, the acquisiis violated. It is said at the commission offices that the Eikins law will expedite the trial of cases, and that from five to seven years will be gained in deciding cases brought against railroads under the new act. en accomplished.

"The great mass of people in the Philip-The great mass of people in the Philip-pines want peace and are anxious to co-operate with the American Government. They know and see that the path of progress is by co-operation with the Amer-ican authorities."

WERE ONY JAILBIRDS. Assailants of Surigao Has No Politi-

cal Importance, Says Taft. cal Importance, Says Taft. WASHINGTON, March 26.-Secretary Root has received a dispatch from Gov-ernor Taft, stating that all is quiet at Suriçao. Assistant Chief Taylor reports to Governor Taft that the affair can have no political significance, as the leaders were jailbirds and dishonorably dis-charged constabulary. No active mem-bers of the constabulary were implicated. He says Clark attacked the band alone, and was cut down at once, but no one and was cut down at once, but no one

ALL PARTIES WELCOME NEW IRISH LAND BILL. Not Perfect but Embodies Right

Principle-Irish National Convention Will Approve or Condemn. ***********************

Chronology of Irish Land Reform, 1970-Gladstone's first land act.

1881-Gladstone's second land act. 1885-Lord Ashbourne's land-purchase 1585-Vote of \$50,000,000 to carry out

land-purchase act. 1895-Gladstone's third land act. 1995-Wyndham's land-purchase act.

LONDON, March 26 .- Mr. Wyndham has LONDON, March 25.-Mr. Wyndham has no cause to be dissatisfied with the re-ception so far given to the Irish land bill. A day's reflection has not modified the first favorable opinions expressed. Perhaps the strongest indications of opposition yet evi-denced have come from the Ulster land-lords, the majority of whom are said to be unlikely to sell their estates. T. W. Rus-sell, member for one of the Ulster divis-tions declares that this difficulty. arising ons, declares that this difficulty, arising from the absence of a compulsory clause in the bill, will result in a continuance of the agitation in Uister by the tenants, who thus are deprived of availing themselves of the new measure.

of the new measure. William O'Brien has issued a manifesto criticizing many features of the bill, but strongly deprecating anything like a masty condemnation by the Nationalist convention. Generally speaking, the National-ists heartily welcome the bill, not because they regard it as perfect, but because it gives ministerial sanction to the principle of state aid in the shape of bonus pro-vided for under the bill, and because it is held to contain the germ of a future meas-ure of self-government for Ireland.

Contains Germ of Home Rule.

Contains Germ of Home Rule. Mr. Asquith, speaking at St. Albans to-night, said that, without being sanguine, credulous or optimistic, he could not help thinking that if by a concordat, such as this bill, they could hope for a satisfactory land settlement, it was not beyond the bounds of statesmusship that by a like concordat between Ireland on one side and all parties in England on the other they should make an equally substantial ad-vance toward settling the problem of Irish government.

government. Lord Londonderry, speaking at Skipton, Yorkshire, expressed his unqualified ap-proval of the bill. Among the provisions of the bill which Mr. Wyndham had no time to explain is a

very important one sweeping away all ar-rears of rent, except for a year preceding the passage of the action. Several other extremely good features of the measure will come to light when the text is distributed.

Ex-Congressman W. Bourke Cockran. of New York, will not be able to be present at the convention of Irish Nationalists to be held in Dublin April 14 for the purpose of considering the Irish land purchase bill. introduced into the House of Commons yesterday. His doctors say he must not leave

ist party in Parliament for the last three which led to the breakdown of co-in Ireland, and which induced the rds to come to the conclusion that years. eir best interests lay in making friends with the Irish people instead of continuing in conflict with them. The land confernce which ensued spoke in the name of united Irsland. "Regarding the result of this measure I

"Regarding the result of this measure I cannot speak with any certainty. Its de-initia, many of which seem to be highly objectionable, are capable of improvement by discussion. If this measure should provide, as everyone hopes, a settlement of the land question, not only will a great social and industrial problem be put, once for all on a sound basis, but it will make the concession of home rule, in answer to the united demand of all classes in Ire-land, a certainty in the near future. Until these clauses of the bill are actually in my hand I cannot say, of course, whether they will actually carry out the project in view. Therefore I cannot say for a certainty, if the bill will be accepted by the National convention which assembles in Dublin on April 4. This great assembly will have the deciding voice in the matter. If it if it accepts it subject to certain smend-ments, it is quite possible the bill may be molded in committee into such a shape that it will entirely transform freiand. "J. H. REIDMOND."

TO WORK FOR ARBITRATION.

Strong Group Formed Among French Deputies Hended by DeConstant.

PARIS. March 25.-A Parliamentary group has been formed in the Chamber of Deputies whose aim is the advancement of the cause of international arbitration. The initiative was taken by Baron de Constant, the French delegate to The Hague arbitra-tion conference, who was elected president of the group. More than 100 Deputies, ir-respective of party, have given their ad-hesion to the group.

King and Queen Will Visit Duke. LONDON, March &.-It is officially an-nounced tonight that the King, accompa-nied by Queen Alexandra, will make a visit to Scotiand in May. Their Majesties will arrive at Dalkeith Palace, the seat of the Duke of Buccleuch, six miles from Ed-inburgh, May II, and will remain until May 15.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY SECURES THE DIARY OF **REV. JASON LEE.**

French law requires that the bodies of suicides be taken to the morgue, but owng to the urga officials that the body of the distinguished officer be not deposited in the public morgue, the usual legal requirement was walved. It was said at the British Embassy that no orders have been received from Lon-don concerning the disposition of the body, and it is expected that the family of the deceased will make the final ar-rangements. Both the officials of the British Embassy and the Consulate-Genedge of the existence of the letters which were reported to have been found in the room where the General killed himself. Mr. Ingalia, the British Consul-General, Mr. Ingalis, the British Consul-General, said to the Associated Press correspond-ent: ⁴T have been personally assured by the Commissary of Police that no such let-ters have been found." There is evidently a desire on the part of officials to shield the memory of the General, out of sympathy for his family. Efforts were made today to trace the letters and documents received by Major-General MacDonald from the War Office shortly before his suicide, as it was thought that they might throw light on the motive, but the Magistrate who has taken charge of the dead man's effects asys no letters or documents were found except some unintelligible seriebilings, which would indicate that the writer was axen charge of the usad min's elects says no letters or documents were found except some unintelligible scribblings, which would indicate that the writer was in a dazed condition. As a number of let-ters from the War Office were delivered to him last Wednesday and Thursday, the authorities conclude that the General pre-pared for his end by first destroying the letters. The Figaro asserts that one of the letters received by Sir Hector MacDonald from the War Office on Wednesday morning was an ultimatum ordering him to leave forthwith for Ceylon, thus destroy-ing his last hope of a reconsideration of his case by the war authorities in Eng-land. The fact, however, that the General took his life soon after he was observed scanning two newspapers published in English, giving the charges against him and gublishing a portrait of him, is taken as indicating that pain at the publicity rather than any action by the British War Office determined his action. The body was placed in a leaden casket

the warm climate of Exppt unill May, as the first seador, and the first seador, and the same are serious in decider, and the first seador, and the same serious clitches of the the task and the correct the seador seador. The same fill decider of the convention before the seador of the convention before the seador of the convention before the seador of the convention before the seador. The second wave the failed built research of the afternoon papers of the af WATER IN THE WORLD DISCOVERED IN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

A Modern Pool of Siloam-It Is Known as Medical Lake, and Is the Only Known Medical Lake in the World-It Has Been Known to the Indians for Many Years Past as the "Skookum Limechin Chuck," or Water of Wonderful Healing.

Analysis of its Waters Shows That They Contain Twelve Ingredients Which Are Recognized by the Most Scientific Physicians of Today as the Standard Remedies of the Age, and in Their Purest Form, as They Come Direct From Nature—Amazing Cures Result From a Use of its Waters and Salts—Blighting Blood and Skin Diseases Disap-pear Like Magie—The Lame and the Halt Are Made Well and the Sorely Afflicted Are Restored—A Marvel of Healing Direct From the Hand of the Core to Creater

<text> postal clerks and the purchase and distribution of all postal supplies, has by gradual asertion of authority increased this independence. In their pleadings for additional clerks, increases of clerk hire and for other allowances for postoffices, Senators and Representatives have dealt directly with Beavers, and he, being a cental and obliging man, has done every thing in his power to gratify their wishes. The buff attrack lath as belowd have
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The should have attrack lath as a belowd have attrack la It is but natural that he should have made friends with the great mass of lawmakers, even though his authorizations

the standard remedies of the age, and m their purest form, as they come direct from nature. Miss Frances E. Willard, who was noted and gifted as one of the greatest temper-ance lecturers of the world, after visiting Medical Lake a few years aco, said: "The Hot Springs of Arkansas are wonderful, the Thermo Electric Turkish Baths are juxufous, the sanitariums of Damsville, Cifton and Elmira are delicious in their bathing privileges, but for a sense of com-pleteness, the wonderful waters of Medical Lake, Washington, excel those of any other health resort." The remarkable curative properties of Medical Lake salts are vouched for by many people of wide reputation, among whom are: Professor Lassing, of the New York Anaiyst; Dr. M. M. Miles, of Aurora, Ill. Dr. J. R. Mon-roe, of Indianapolis, Ind.; Dr. J. V. Schults, of Logamport, Ind.; Dr. Y. S. Secord, Detroit, Mich.; Dr. H. B. Green, of State street, Chicago; Dr. P. Page, late professor of the California Medicai College, at Oakland; the late Dr. Leroy Sunderfand and many obters. Hundreds of other people of wide repu-tation have bathed in and drunk of the salts for almost every disease that the feah is heir to, with universal beneficial results. The salts as they are placed on the market in their different forms havo in no wise been contaminated by the hand of man. They are simply nature's rem-edy, and in instances are combined with any sense to bases. They are not in any sense to bases. They are through their use. The people are begin ning to realize the fact that in takin into their systems the vile concoction known as cure-alls and patent medicine they ruin their health, their lives and de plete their pocket-back

Jun 2. J. Sep. 1834 --A. M. August to for ach to grigation English French scott fish Indiany Americant Half Breeds Jepanne Se some of whom ded not understand to words of english Found it artimly difficult to collect my thoughty or find long mage to express them but and thankful that I have here permited to plead the cause of God an this side Reg. Mountaing where the burnery the of christ were never hefone white Great God grant that it may not in vain but may some found oppearseven from this fuble attempt to labour, for the Evang reacher again but with of lettle literty as in The morning, but still I find it good to bus ship Gerin the public congregation . My Father in heaven I give myself to the may Dever he think and whilly thing always directed by by there amering council and ever the world and bring most glong to the most high that I may spot - and blemstifs before the Throne .

Causland, assistant treasurer; J. J. Cam bell, assistant secretary and auditor. All the new officers are from Pittsburg.

The Secretary of State Office received a telephone message this evening from the office of the United States Steel Corporation, saying that another charter would be filed by that company early to-morrow morning. No information was given as to the nature of the charter.

FOR PURPOSE OF ECONOMY.

Gary Gives Reason for Merger-Great Decrease of Capital.

NEW YORK, March 26.-Elbert H. NEW YORK, March 25.-Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, and a director of the newly incorporated National Steel Company, says that the question of merging all or some of the other consiliuent companies has not yet been considered. The merger of the companies as reported today, he after the and and the some mergine heat adds, was decided upon some months ago and was made solely for the purpose of promoting economical administration. The outstanding shares of stock of the

three merging companies, preferred or common, are to be exchangeable or con-vertible into stock of the consolidated corporation at the rate of one-quarter share of stock of the consolidated corporation for every share of stock of the merging

ALL WILL BE ABSORBED.

Policy of Merger to Be Followed Till All Are One.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 26 .- The only explanation offered in Pittsburg for the filing of articles of merger at Trenton to-day by subsidiary companies of the United States Steel Corporation is that the latter is about to carry out its plan of merging all its constituent companies, practically abolishing the subdivisions of the general corporation and having the parent con-cern become the operating as well as the stockholding concern. This plan will do away with the individual organizations such as the Carnegie Steel Company, the American Sheet Steel Company, the American Tinplate Company, the National Tube Company, the Federal Steel Company, the American Bridge Company and underlying concerns operating separately

will also simplify matters, considerably, and by arranging them as departably, and by arringing them as departi-ments of the general corporation, there will be practically no change in the meth-ods, while a tramendous saving in capital. Ination tax will follow. The officers of the Carnegie Company. President Schwah, of the United States Steel Comparison arrived here today. Hus

Steel Corporation, arrived here today. His strival revived rumors of proposed merg-ing of independent steel interests into the corporation, but he refused to say any-thing in reference to the record

corporation, but he refused to say any-thing in reference to the report. In this new merger there appears to he evidence that the name of Carnegie would be obliterated from the business of the United States Steel Corporation. A care-ful examination of the matter, however, shows that, while the Carnegie Steel Com-pany is merged with the others, the Na-tional Steel Company, under its new form becomes a subsidiary corporation to the NEW YORK. March Carnegie Company. The tormer is a Pennsylvania corporation and the latter a New Jersey comporation and the latter a New Jersey comporation and the various. It is icompany of all the stock of the various

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else was injured. Hemp Crop of Albay Province.

WASHINGTON, March 25-Information

concerning the hemp crop in the Province of Albay, P. I. is to the effect that the output of hemp in March will be a little in excess of February. The indications In excess of February. The indications are for a small output in April, partially due to the disturbed condition of the western part of the province, but largely due to the drouth provailing there. Should the drouth continue during April, the output of the province will be great-ly decreased. It is expected that the monsoon period of April will bring rains which will relieve the situation. The cable communication with Governor Tork cable communication with Governor Taft on this subject was the result of numer-ous inquiries from hemp interests in this country.

To Pay Honolulu Plague Claims.

WASHINGTON, March 26 .- W. F. Mc-Lennon, chief of the warrant division of Lennon, chief of the warrant division of the Treasury Depurtment, today started for Honoiala, charged with the duty of disbursing the \$1,000,000 appropriated by Congress to satisfy in part the judgments rendered on account of the destruction of property in Honoiala in suppressing the bubonic plaque during the years 1599 and 1900. The Territory of Hiswall also was authorized by the same act to issue bonds not to exceed \$500,000 in amount, the prenot to exceed \$50,000 in amount, the pro-ceeds of which will be applied to the pay-ment of its share of the judgments.

KENNY MAY GO FREE.

District Attorney Manning Drops Extradition Proceedings.

OLYMPIA. Wash., March 25.-(Special.) -Governor McBride today received a re-quest from the Oregon authorities to re-turn extradition papers in his hands in the case of David and James Kenny. David Kenny eloped to Portland with the Is-year-old daughter of Rev. John Ackers, of Orting, February II, and he and his brother were accured of perjury in swear-ing the girl was of age, the irate father of the girl being behind the charge. District Attorney John Manning, of Multnemah County, says that if he had known all the circumstances of the case known all the circumstances of the case extradition would not have been request-ed. The brothers have paid all the ex-penses attendant on sending a special apecial

UKIAH, Cal., March 26 - A warrant has been issued for the arrest of James Stokes, who is accused of the murder of Robert Stokes, his brother, and wife at Booneville. Robert Stokes and wife were recent arrivals from Portland, Or.

(Robert Stokes and wife are not known in Poptiand.)

Troublous Time in Morocco.

NEW YORK, March 26 .- Tangler, ac-cording to a dispatch to the Times from that city, via London, has sent pressing letters to Fez asking for military assist-ance, without which it is declared the dis-turbances among the mountain tribes will be very serious. It is stated that over

EXCERPT FROM A PAGE WRITTEN IN 1834.

The diary of the Rev. Jason Lee, which has just been secured by the Oregon Historical Society, contains a record of the first Protestant services held west of the Rocky Mountains, at Vancouver, on September 25, 1834. The services were held by Dr. Les at the fort, and the congregation, according to the diary, was

The diary is a must notable accession to the collection of the society, and is very valuable as a record of early ploneer history. It was for many years in possession of H. K. Hines, and on his death it was decided by his widow to turn the book over to the Historical Society. It was principally through the efforts of Secretary George H. Himes that this action was taken by Mrs. Himes. The journal opens with a record of the arrival of Lee and his party at Lib-

erty, Mo., April 20, 1854. Then the work of the first superintendent of mission-ary work in the Oregon Country is followed until 1858, through many wanderings. The journal is a yellow, leather-covered volume, about five by nine inches size and one inch thick. The writing in most places is remarkably clear, ever at this time, and of the 125 pages every one terms with interesting accounts of early experiences.

above excerpt is taken from the page describing the services at Vancouver in 1834, and says:

"Sun. 28 Sep. 1834.-

"A. M. Assuyed to preach to a mixed congregation of English, French, Scotch-Irish. Indians, Americans, haltbreeds, Japanese, &c., some of whom did not un-derstand five words of English. Found it extremely difficult to collect my thoughts, or find language to express them, but am thankful that I have been permitted to plead the cause of God on this side of the Ry. Mountains, where the banners of Christ were never before unfuried. Great God, grant that it may not be in vain, but that some fruit appear even from this feeble attempt to labor

"Evening. Preached again, but with as little liberty as in the morning, but still I find it is good to worship God in the public congregation. My Father in heaven, I give myself to thee, may I ever be thine, and wholly thine, always directed by thy unsering council and ever so directed as to be most beneficial in the world, and bring most glory to the most high, that I may at least be pre-sented without opot, and blameless before the Throne."

today. General MacDonald's brother arrived General MacLonaid's brother arrived here today and went to the Britiah Em-bassy to arrange for the funeral. It is now stated that one of the two notes found on the table in Sir Hector Mac-Donaid's room expressed his desire to be buried in Paris.

Funeral Will Be Private.

LONDON, March 25.-The funeral of General MacDonald will be private, be-cause it is the custom in the British army not to accord military honors to an officer not to accord military honors to an officer who has committed suicide. The War Of-fice has issued an explanation that it is in accordance with wishes of the dead officer's relatives that the funeral will take place in Paris. It is understood that throughout the affair the War Office act-ed with the utmost delicacy toward Sir Hector MacDonaid.

NUNS FINED IN PARIS.

Enforcement of Law Against Religious Associations Causes Trouble. PARIS, March 25.-The superior and four sisters of the Order of Little Sisters of the Assumption appeared before the correc-tional Police Court today on the charge of riolating the law of associationa. The su-loss of the subscription of the sub

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stenced to a fine of \$30 and the sisters to \$10 each. Their departure from the court was the

Their departure from the court was the occasion for a demonstration in their favor and a counter demonstration. Five hundred persons surrounded the carriage carrying the sisters, half cheering them while the others shouted "Long live the republic!" A priest who was prominent among the demonstrators was arrested. The police dispersed the crowd.

CHAMPION OF ECONOMY FALLS.

Change in Spanish Cabinet to Be Followed by Election.

May Abolish Grain Tax.

LONDON, March 26.-According to the Pall Mall Gazette, Chancellor of the Ex-chequer Ritchle is likely to aboliah the chequer Ritchie is havy to about the grain tax in the forthcoming budget, he-sides making a reduction of 3 pence in the income tax. This hellef, however, is hardly horne out by the Chancellor's re-cent statement to a deputation of graindealers.

Must Not Telegraph Bets.

BIRMINGHAM, Als., March 25.-E. E. Williams, local manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company, has been con-victed of the violation of the state poolelving money and sending it by wire



Liver Ills.

Arrest"

disease by the timely use of Tutt's Liver Pills, an old and favorite remedy of increasing popularity. Always cures SICK HEADACHE, sour stomach, malaria, indigestion, torpid liver, constipation and all bilious diseases. TUTT'S Liver PILLS

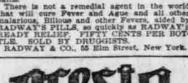
Sarsaparilla Pure and rich blood carries

new life to every part of the body. You are invigorated, strengthened, refreshed. That's what Ayer's Sarsaparilla will do for you. Take Ayer's Pills for constipation,

to place on a horse race run outside of the state. The case is a test one, and will go to the Supreme Court.

To Check Socialism in Germany. VIENNA, March 26 .- The Arbeiter Zeltung asserts that the Austrian War Minister has issued a secret decree enjoining the military commanders to use all their efhas issued a secret decree enjoining the military commanders to use all their ef-forts to arrest the spread of the Socialist ropaganda in the army.

For Internal and External Use. Cures and Prevents Colds. Couchs, Sore Throats, Influenza. Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflamma-uons, Rhenmatium, Neuralgia, Headache, Tootnache, Asthma, Difficult Breathing. Radway's Ready Reilst is a Sure Cure for Every Fain, Sprains, Bruises, Pana in the Back, Chest or Limbs. If was the First and is the only PAIN REMEDY that instantly stops the meet excruciating pains, allays inflamma-uon, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Heavisor, or other glauds or organs by one application. — A hait to a teampoontul in hait's tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Champs, Spaams, Sour Stomach, Heasthurn, Nervous-ness, Sheeplessness, Stok Headsche, Diarrhoes, Dysnitery, Colic, Platulency and all internal alas. — There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Asus and all other maintions. Billous and other Fevern, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIZEP, FIFTY CENTS PER BOT-TLE, SOLD BY DRIUGHSTS. — RADWAY & CO. 65 Elm Street, New York For Internal and External



selling law and fined \$50 in the Circuit Court. The direct charge upon which Manager Williams was convicted was that