MINERS STRIKE, TOO

Trouble in Colorado Reaches Cripple Creek.

SOLDIERS ARE WITHDRAWN

Miners' Federation Denounces Governor for Not Acting Sooner, and Starts Boycott Against Non-union Gold Mill.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., March 17.—The executive committee of the Western Federation of Miners at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon declared a strike against all the mines that ship ore to the mills of the United States Reduction & Refining Company. The mines affected are Stratton's Independence, employing 500 men; the Vindicator, 300 men; the Mary McKinney, 125 men; the Gold King, 75 men; the Ajax, 260 men; the Strong, 63 men; the Granite, 75 men; the Elkton, 60 men; the El Paso, 125 men; the Hull City, 140 men, making a total of 1563 men, four-fifths of whom are members of the Miners' Union.

MINERS DENOUNCE GOVERNOR.

Say He Broke Faith by Not Recalling Troops.

DENVER, March 17.—President Charles Moyer and Secretary William D. Haywood, of the Western Federation of Miners, issued a statement this afternoon in which they charge Governor Peabody with having violated the agreement made at the conference in his office on Sunday in regard to withdrawing the troops from Colorado City, where they are doing guard duty at the Standard mill of the United States Reduction & Refining Company. The Federation officers declare that the Governor promised that he "would immediately withdraw the troops, providing the Federation would withdraw all suits against the State Militia."

This proposition they say they accepted and they add:

"The Governor has violated every syllable and letter of his agreement by sending his private secretary to Colorado City to make a personal investigation and report. The action of the Governor has shown him to be weak and vacillating and that he is a man who has no conception of the dignity of his office. The Western Federation of Miners have used every honorable effort to bridge every chasm, notwithstanding the fact that the Mineowners' Association, the mill-managers, the State Militia and even the Governor himself have been arrayed against them.

"The Governor is now intimating that we promised there would be no strike in the Cripple Creek district. We never made any such promise. It would have been an impossibility for us to make a promise of this character, while MacNeill, manager of the Standard mill, refused to recognize the Western Federation of Miners. We gave the Governor to understand that we would fight MacNeill to a finish. We have been willing and we are now willing to arbitrate with Manager MacNeill. He has refused to arbitrate with us as an organization and he alone is responsible for the situation that confronts the people of the Cripple Creek district.

"We have been more than fair, and have gone three-fourths of the way, according to the Governor, and we are willing to place the justice of our cause in the hands of the whole people of the state and let them be the judge to bring in the verdict."

In consequence of the Governor's action in not withdrawing troops at Colorado City, Secretary-Treasurer Haywood said that the Western Federation of Miners would resume the prosecution of the suit against the military officials now on duty at the scene of the trouble, and that other suits would be instituted.

GOVERNOR RECALLS TROOPS.

Thinks Danger of Trouble Ended, Though Business Men Protest.

DENVER, March 17.—Governor Peabody tonight issued an order recalling the troops who were ordered to Colorado City March 3 on account of the smeltermen's strike. Two days ago the Governor sent his private secretary to Colorado City to investigate the situation and it is upon his recommendation that the troops are ordered home.

Protests against the recall of the troops were made by a number of prominent business men of Colorado Springs and Colorado City, but the Governor stated tonight that he believed all danger of trouble is over.

GREAT DAY OF AFFIDAVITS.

Whole Day Consumed in Reading Them in Wabash Trial.

ST. LOUIS, March 17.—It proved a grand day for affidavits when the Wabash suit was called this morning in the United States Circuit Court before Judge Elmer Adams. The attorneys for the defense led off. They were loaded down with affidavits made by officers and members of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, in rebuttal of other affidavits filed last Saturday by the attorneys for the Wabash Company. It is doubtful if the arguments proper will be commenced before Thursday.

Attorney J. E. Pinney, one of the counsel for the labor organizations, read the first of the affidavits for his side, and, with occasional relief from his colleagues, F. N. Judson, I. W. Irwin and C. N. Murphy, continued until the sworn statements of 16 men had been laid before the court. The greater part of the matter covered by these affidavits had already been published, it relating to the conferences which have been held between President Ramsey, of the Wabash road, and various committees representing the men. It was denied in every affidavit, and the denial was made with emphasis in the statements of Grand Master Morrissey, of the trainmen, and Grand Master Hannahan, of the firemen, that any effort was made to induce the men to leave the employ of the Wabash road.

At 2:15 in the afternoon the attorneys for the labor organizations read their last affidavit, and Attorney Travous, of the Wabash, presented the first of those for the company. It was made by President Ramsey, and consumed two hours of rapid reading. It rehearsed a number of the interviews between President Ramsey and committees of the men, and the president declared that he was of the opinion that a conspiracy existed against the road.

The reading of affidavits will be resumed tomorrow morning, the attorneys for the company saying at adjournment that they still had 27 they wished to file, but none so long as that of President Ramsey.

CONFERENCE ON NEW HAVEN ROAD

Directors and Committee Get Together With Prospect of Agreement.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 17.—Marked progress was made today in the conference between members of the joint grievance committee representing employes of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company and a committee appointed by the board of directors. The meeting was in the office of President Hall and lasted three hours. An executive session of the grievance committee was then held. The matter will be discussed again tomorrow.

After the conference, which was attended by President Hall, Vice-President of the Board Bishop and First Vice-President Merrill, these officials of the railroad company issued a statement in which they said they had met the committee of conductors and trainmen at the company's offices this afternoon and heard whatever grievances the committee had to present. The committee of the directors, the statement says, will report back to the board such facts as they obtained and the matter will be left to the further direction of the board, which will meet at an early day.

Among the men there is a quiet feeling of confidence and they are greatly encouraged by the outcome of the day's conference and express themselves as much pleased with the frankness of the members of the directors' subcommittee and their treatment of the grievance committee.

TEAMSTERS WIN STRIKE.

Settlement Made at Kansas City. Employers Yielding Everything.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 17.—After arguments lasting more than eight hours, the attorneys and representatives of the striking teamsters and transfer companies reached an agreement tonight and tomorrow every transfer wagon in the city will be running.

The transfer companies agreed to recognize the union and made other concessions which amount to almost a complete victory for the strikers. With one exception, the wage scale was adopted as presented by the teamsters. Drivers of heavy wagons will receive $1.75 per day; drivers of light wagons $1.50 per day and drivers of single wagons $1.25 per day. The question of hours was settled as the teamsters demanded. The men will work ten hours a day and will receive extra pay for overtime.

Both sides were disposed to be fair and there was no bitter feeling manifest at the meeting. Under the auspices of the industrial council a monster mass meeting of 12,000 workingmen was held at Convention Hall tonight. The meeting was intended to express sympathy for the strikers, but after the settlement it resolved itself into a ratification meeting.

DECISION ON COAL STRIKE.

Will Be Reported to President in Few Days.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Commissioner Carroll D. Wright, recorder of the Coal Strike Commission, said today that the work of the Commission was nearly concluded, and that the report would be placed in the hands of the President within a few days.

Umpire's Decision Is Rejected.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 17.—J. P. Downey, who was selected as the 11th man in the conference between the committees from the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners and the Amalgamated Woodworkers, has rendered his decision. It is generally in favor of the Woodworkers, and the Carpenters reiterate their statement of a few days ago that they will not abide by it.

All workmen in planing mills and factories are held to come under the jurisdiction of woodworkers, but it is held, on the other hand, that the carpenters shall have absolute jurisdiction over all millwrights, stair builders, working on new or old buildings, except where the local agreements providing otherwise may obtain.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 17.—General Secretary Frank Duffy, of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, said today that the brotherhood would appeal to the American Federation of Labor from the decision rendered yesterday by P. J. Downey, in favor of the Amalgamated Woodworkers' International Union. The carpenters say the ruling is unjust, and intimate that Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, had something to do with the making of it.

Efforts to End Waterbury Strike.

WATERBURY, Conn., March 17.—A conference between Colonel L. E. Burpee, counsel for the Connecticut Lighting & Railway Company, and W. D. Mahon, of Detroit, president of the International Street Railway Employes, and Daniel L. Wilworth, chairman of the executive board, in an effort to settle the trolley strike, resulted in a refusal on the part of Colonel Burpee to meet the local committee of the strikers for any purpose. It was agreed, however, that Colonel Burpee should undertake to arrange a meeting of the company's directors in New York or elsewhere, at which the National officers mentioned should be heard.

Advance Given Burlington Men.

CHICAGO, March 17.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Burlington, Ia., says: The officials of the Burlington system have authorized the announcement of an increase of 10 per cent in the pay of station agents, telegraph operators, station employes, bridgemen, pumpmen, roundhouse men, water-service men, car-repairers and others who have not yet been given the increase. Last Fall the road increased the wages of the trainmen, the enginemen and the switchmen. The present increase, which is effective April 1, is entirely voluntary on the part of the road.

Suddenly Decide to Strike.

CHICAGO, March 17.—After reaching what was believed to be an agreement to arbitrate its differences with the Central Supply Association, the Journeymen Supply Clerks' Union suddenly changed front tonight and decided to go on strike for the enforcement of its demands for a nine-hour day and an increase of 15 per cent in wages. The strike, which is to go into effect tomorrow, will affect a dozen of the largest firms dealing in plumbing, steam-fitting and sanitary supplies and about 400 of their employes.

Shipbuilders Win Strike.

CHICAGO, March 17.—Twelve hundred employes of the shipbuilding company will resume work Thursday, after a strike of more than six weeks' duration. They won a fight today for a nine-hour day and a 10 per cent increase of wages after June 1. The company, represented by President Brown and the directors, held a conference with the executive board of the Chicago Federation of Labor, which resulted in the settlement of the trouble.

Wages of Vancouver Carpenters.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 17.—An eight-hour day and a wage schedule of 40 cents per hour will prevail with all the carpenters in the building trade of Vancouver after April. This declaration is the result of a decision of the Builders' Exchange of the city at a meeting held today. This means that the threatened strike of the Builders' Union has been avoided.

Settlement Ratified at Toledo.

TOLEDO, O., March 17.—The Toledo Cartage Association and the Team Drivers and Keepers' Union, at a meeting tonight, ratified the terms of the teamsters' strike settlement agreed upon last night. The men will go back to work tomorrow morning.

Teamsters Agree to Arbitrate.

TOLEDO, O., March 17.—At a meeting of the committees representing the Teamsters' Union, the Toledo Cartage Association, W. H. Bishop, secretary of the State Board of Arbitration, Mayor Jones and his secretary, it was agreed to settle the existing teamsters' strike by arbitration.

Scantling Could Not Kill Him.

SANDSTONE, Minn., March 17.—John Whittaker, owner of a sawmill, walked a half mile from his mill to his home with a piece of scantling three feet long sticking through his side. At the time of the accident he was operating his mill, and the scantling was thrown against the circular saw and hurled back against him, the end striking him above the third rib and completely piercing his side. A doctor was called, the scantling extracted, and it is said he will recover.

German Bankers Alarmed.

BERLIN, March 17.—The correspondent of the Associated Press here, after conversing with a number of bankers of this city, finds that apprehensions regarding the financial situation in New York are still pronounced. The American demand for German money continues. The impression prevails among Berlin financial men that speculation in the United States has been overdrawn and that credits have been unduly expanded.

Olds, Wortman & King

Washington Street, Corner Fifth.

Oriental Rugs

Colossal Showings of the Finest and Richest

Handsome wall and door draperies and floor coverings of all sizes and kinds, from the most famous rug countries in the world. Another new lot just in. Call in and take your time examining them.

White Goods

For Confirmation and Communion Dresses.

We have provided a most attractive line of white goods, especially suited to making up dainty gowns for Easter confirmation and communion exercises.

Wash Goods

WASH CHIFFONS, very light and airy, prices per yard, 40c, 50c, 75c and $1.
FRENCH LAWNS, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1 yard.
CHIFFON ORGANDIES, 50c, 75c, $1 and $1.50 yard.
SILK ORGANDIES, plain, dotted and lace effects, 25c, 40c, 50c and 60c yard.
INDIA LINONS and Persian Mulls, 12½c to 75c yard.
SILK PERSIAN LAWNS, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.

White Wool and Silk Goods

White Albatross, Lansdownes, Crepons, Henriettas, Etamines, India Silks, Silk Taffetas, Peau de Soie, Duchesse, Louisines and Crepe de Chines.

Confirmation Dresses

Ready-Made

For children of all ages—a large assortment, all white, very daintily made and reasonable in prices.

Burnt Wood Sale

Fancy toilet articles and bric-a-brac, all choice and lovely for presents or souvenirs.

AT SPECIAL REDUCTIONS THIS WEEK.

MILLINERY

New model hats appearing all the time—new shapes, new trimmings and combinations, new ornaments, all rich and lovely, plumes, quills, pompons, aigrettes, painter's brushes, Paradise plumes, flowers—loose, in bunches, clusters and sprays; foliage and fruit, jet, pearl, brilliants, turquoise and filigree ornaments; laces, black and white; ribbons, silks, chiffons and tulles in all colors, new picture shapes, suited to every face. Every lady enjoys plenty of leisure to look around and select just the shape, the colors and materials suit her best. By attending to this now, you will avoid the Easter rush and have the pick of all the models. Remember, no model is duplicated.

LEAVE YOUR HAT ORDER EARLY

Suit Section

More New Ready-Mades.

The best in material and fashion that the most representative establishments afford.

Fancy taffeta Monte Carlos with stole collars, finished in white and black or Persian bands; new cloth jackets, black and light shades, beautifully tailored; jaunty cloth Monte Carlos, very chic walking skirts in rough and smooth cloth, plain and fancy finishes; new tailored street suits, new fancy evening waists, wraps and gowns.

ALL THE NEWEST STYLES

Splendid Sale Lace Curtains

Hundreds of pairs already sold. The prices are so low and the goods so extra nice, you will profit by taking advantage of this week's sale. Prices:

$1.75 kinds, now	$1.25 pr
2.25 kinds, now	1.75 pr
3.25 kinds, now	2.45 pr
3.75 kinds, now	2.75 pr
6.00 kinds, now	4.50 pr

New Wash Shirtwaists

Our showing of lovely wash shirtwaists grows day by day. All are made in the newest modes and are very neat and "chic." Prices will be found so well within reason as to leave no need for making.

Special Ribbon Sale

Satin Taffeta Liberty

All colors and fine quality, 4 inches wide—this week per yard, only 25c

Kid Gloves

New lot just in—all the new shades, beautifully finished, Paris point backs—nothing nicer for wear and looks for the price $1.50

Sweeping Reductions Throughout the Kitchen Furnishings.

All these handy things and plenty more at little prices:

Black Satin Stove Polish, per can	25c
Wire Strainers, each	4c
Coffee Strainers, black wood handles	7c
Nickel Tea and Coffee Pots, 3-pint size	42c
Wall Paper Cleaner, package	7c
Mopsticks, each	10c
Scrubbing Brushes, each	8c
Wire Soap Holders, each	4c
Chopping Knives	4c
Repair Knobs, each	1c
Wire Teapot Stands, each	6c
Egg Whips, each	2c
Wood Salt Boxes	17c
Rug Beaters, each	13c
Family Food Choppers, ea	95c
Silver Aluminum Salt and Pepper Shakers, pair	25c
Clothes Pins, dozen	1c
Washing Machines, reduced to	$4.50
Trays, nickel plated	12c

JOHN BULL IS ALARMED

FEARS EFFECT OF CUBAN TREATY ON HIS TRADE.

Member of Parliament Quotes It as Instance of Attack on British Foreign Trade.

LONDON, March 17.—In the House of Commons tonight Charles McArthur, Liberal Unionist, moved a resolution declaring that the recent developments in the financial and commercial policies of foreign countries, leading to the exclusion of British trade where it was previously established, called for the serious consideration of the government in order to safeguard the trade of the empire.

He referred particularly to the effect of the Cuban reciprocity treaty and urged that a special tax be levied on bounty-fed ships visiting British ports and that closer commercial relations be established with the colonies.

The resolution was being debated, when it was found that there was no quorum and the House arose.

THANKS TO HIS PEOPLE.

The King of Saxony Acknowledges Sympathy in Domestic Troubles.

DRESDEN, March 17.—The King of Saxony has written an open letter to his people, thanking them for the proof of their sympathy with him in the "recent sad misfortune" which had befallen himself and family. The King expresses the hope that the "perturbation and excitement which seized on the people in consequence of the distressing events of last Winter" will now give place to quietude and the old feeling of confidence.

In conclusion he begs the people not to believe those who aver that "behind all the miserable business lies a tissue of falsehood and deceit," but to believe the word of your King that this infinitely painful affair arose solely from the ungovernable passion of a woman who had long before secretly fallen."

Some comment was caused by the publication of the King's letter synchronizing with the visit of Emperor William, who arrived here today. He was met at the railroad station by King George and the local authorities. The two monarchs drove in an open landau to the royal castle.

HOLDING DOWN REBELLION.

Great Powers Keep Angry Macedonians and Bulgarians in Check.

NEW YORK, March 17.—Reports from Macedonia are so contradictory that all forecasts are unsafe, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. Some advices from Sofia point to a transition period of four or five weeks. It may then be discovered that the reforms have been ineffective and that the indignation of the Bulgarians cannot be longer restrained. A crisis at the end of a month is evidently expected in Sofia as well as in Belgrade.

Sofia at present is the hotbed of intrigue and unrest. Every stranger is under police surveillance, and he is watched by spies from house to house. Turkish, Bulgarian and Russian officials are employing informers and receiving reports of what is going on among the refugees and revolutionists. War in the Balkans could not be averted if the pressure of the Russian and Austrian Governments were removed for a single week.

TWO REBELLIONS IN CHINA.

Boxers in North, Reformers in South Keep Country Disturbed.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—W. B. Bentley, a missionary, who has been a number of years in Shanghai, has just arrived here. Speaking of the situation in China, he said:

"The latest atrocity committed by the Boxers was the murder of three missionaries in the province of Chi-Li. All the missionaries are flocking into the cities, as the country is no longer safe for foreigners. The Boxer movement in China has too distinct phases. In Southern China the movement is against the dynasty, while in the north the cry is 'down with the foreigners.' The entire movement is not actuated by the Boxers, but by a class known as the reform party. The Cantonese in Southern China have always been hostile to the present dynasty. This is because the Cantonese go abroad and imbibe foreign ideas. Their movement is anti-dynastic. In the northern provinces there is an anti-foreign feeling, mingled with the hatred of the dynasty.

"Throughout China there is a lack of co-operation among the reformers, and probably for some time to come the outbreaks will be of small proportions."

GREAT FUTURE FOR IRELAND.

Redmond Paints Hopeful Word-Picture at St. Patrick's Day Feast.

LONDON, March 17.—John Redmond presided over the St. Patrick's day banquet given tonight at the Hotel Cecil, at which 700 persons sat down. The United Irish League of America sent a cablegram of greeting.

John Redmond, proposing the toast of "Ireland, a Nation," said that the aspiration of Irishmen was not an ignoble dream of gain or vengeance. Ireland was making a rapid advance toward the realization of the ideal of Thomas Davis. The present movement was never fuller of hope and triumph than at the present moment, and in justice to themselves they must recognize that the success thus achieved was directly due to the unity, courage, self-sacrifice and organization of their people. They could not forget this in the presence of those Irish members of Parliament who since last St. Patrick's day banquet had suffered in English prisons.

They might also congratulate themselves on the beginning of a great educational and industrial revival in Ireland, which would enable it to compete with the foreigner, and last, and not least, there was a revival of the cause of temperance. That was a record, continued Mr. Redmond, to gladden the hearts of Irishmen whenever they might be assembled on St. Patrick's day. Never had the scattered children of Ireland more solid reason for absolute faith in the delivery of their race.

TARRASCH WINS AT CHESS.

Captures First Prize at Monte Carlo, Maroczy Second.

MONTE CARLO, March 17.—The international chess tourrament was concluded today. Tarrasch won the first prize of $900, with 20 points; Maroczy took the second prize of $450 with 19 points, and Pillsbury won third prize of $225 with 18½ points. The other final scores were:

Schlechter, 17½; Tiechmann, 16½; Marco, 15½; Wolf, 14; Mieses, 13; Marshall, 12; Mason and Taubenhaus, 10½; Albin, 8; Reggio, 7½, and Moreau, 6.

The thirteenth and concluding round of the second half of the tournament resulted as follows: The game between Tarrasch and Maroczy was drawn in 32 moves; Mason beat Albin in 37 moves; Schlechter beat Mieses in 34 moves; Pillsbury beat Moreau in 44 moves; the Taubenhaus-Marco game resulted in a draw after 34 moves; Reggio beat Marshall in 64 moves; the game between Tiechmann and Wolf was drawn after 36 moves.

The Prince of Monte Carlo has given a prize for competition between the masters, who tonight will decide upon the conditions of the contest.

FAVORS NAVAL DISARMAMENT.

British Statesman Appalled by Demands for More Warships.

LONDON, March 17.—During the discussion of the navy estimates in the House of Commons today, Sir Robert Reid, Liberal, acknowledged that with the international situation as it was, the government was entitled to ask the House to support it in the proposed enormous expenditure. The speaker believed, however, that the public here and elsewhere would revolt at the insensate competition in naval armaments. Only three European powers were concerned, for the United States had no naval base in Europe, and would remain, he believed, substantially an American power. He, therefore, suggested that His Majesty's government open friendly negotiations with the powers concerned in this race, with the view of arriving at an understanding in regard to the limitation of naval armaments.

The estimates provide for an expenditure of £179,184,295. It is proposed to complete this year six battleships, 11 armored cruisers and one second-class cruiser, two sloops-of-war, four torpedo-boat destroyers, eight torpedo-boats and three submarine boats. Parliament is asked to sanction the commencement of three battleships of a very formidable type, four first-class and three third-class cruisers, four very fast vessels to be used as scouts, 15 torpedo-boat destroyers and ten submarine boats. On April 1, 1903, there will be under construction 71 ships, including 11 battleships and ten armored cruisers. Last year 21 obsolete vessels were withdrawn.

BORED BY RELIGIOUS DEBATE.

French Deputies Can't Get Excited in Discussing Convents.

PARIS, March 17.—The debate on the application of the law of associations was continued today in the Chamber of Deputies, but attracted little attention. The discussion, which turned mainly on the question of procedure, presented little interest. Old parliamentary hands say that the indifference shown and the total absence of passion or excitement which marked the last three days' debate is unprecedented. Today's sitting was absolutely colorless and the speeches absolutely bored the listeners on the floors and in the galleries.

A day or two more will probably elapse before Premier Combes replies on behalf of the government to those attacking the measure.

ANARCHY IN RUSSIA.

Widespread Conspiracy Among Workmen Is Discovered.

LONDON, March 17.—According to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegram, rumors are current there of the discovery of a widespread anarchist conspiracy with ramifications among the workingmen in the industrial districts.

Will Pass the Ausgleich.

VIENNA, March 17.—The Reichsrath today opened the debate on the first reading of the ausgleich (the finance and commercial agreement between Austria and Hungary) bills, which are expected to pass without much obstruction.

Students' Riot in Madrid.

MADRID, March 17.—The students here are making a series of demonstrations against the Minister of Education. They paraded the streets singing "The Marseillaise," and made an attempt to demonstrate in front of the royal palace, but were prevented from doing so by the police. Many arrests have been made, and the university is closed.

To Reform British Marriage Laws.

LONDON, March 17.—It is announced that the government is contemplating the appointment of a royal commission to consider the advisability of a reform of the marriage laws.

Crown Prince Has Measles.

CAIRO, Egypt, March 17.—The German Crown Prince Frederick William, who is at Luxor, Upper Egypt, suffering from measles, is progressing favorably toward recovery.

Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

CASH GIRLS WANTED

None under 14 years of age need apply.

Three hundred willing helpers are making strenuous efforts to assist in reopening our stores. Tons of merchandise of every description are being overhauled and straightened out. New fixtures rapidly being made. Announcement of reopening will appear in a few days.

EXPERIENCED CLERKS WANTED.

A Steady Growth

WE HAVE GOT TO MOVE
YOU PROFIT AT OUR COST

INCREASE OF BUSINESS HAS NECESSITATED THE CHANGE.

We are to leave this old stand which has been a stationery store so many years.

We are going to have a modern and up-to-date commercial stationery store, but before we occupy it we have a large stock we must sell to save the cost of moving it.

This is your golden opportunity to select goods at low prices, articles which you will need at the office and at home.

Come yourself and see what we have to offer.

We are able to take care of regular orders as usual.

The Kilham Stationery Co.

267 MORRISON STREET.

Silverfield's

Sky-High Opening Prices

will not be found at our store, but every garment fairly and moderately priced. Yesterday's express brought us a large shipment of very handsome tailor suits, which we would be pleased to have you see.

283-285 Morrison St.