SAD WORK OF THUCS

Kill a Policeman and Injure a Car Crew.

STRIKE TROUBLE AT BOTTOM

Assault Was Made by Eight Masker Men, Who Were Evidently Bent on Killing Those on the Offending Car.

WATERBURY, Conn., March &-Vio lence in its worst form has broken out anew in Waterbury as a result of the high feeling in connection with the strike of the motormen and conductors of the Connecticut Rallroad & Lighting Com-Policeman Paul Mendelsohn was killed tonight: John W. Chambers, a nonunion motorman, was shot, and his con. George Webernordorfer, was pounded into insensibility.

scene of the crime was at Forest Park, the terminus of the North Main-The spot is isolated and the car reached the end of the line and the erew made preparations for the return Immediately after the conductor turned the trolley and the motorman reversed his levers, eight masked men sprang from the bushes by the roadside. entered the car and discharged their re volvers, every man being armed. Officer Mendelsohn fell at the first report and, as a later examination showed, the first shot was fatal, having pierced his heart. The motorman was also hit and leaped from with a cry of pain. Some of the men followed him while the remainder turned their attention to the conductor. He was thrown to the floor of the car and pounded and kicked until he was un ous. The men then left him and joined their companions outside.

From this point in the attack their as tions are wrapped in mystery and are causing much apprehension. Webernorhis motorman leap from the car when he was shot and he also saw him followed by the murderers.

The conductor regained his senses with difficulty and went to the side of the seman who, he found, was dead. The onductor, hardly able to stand, went to the controller and started the car back toward the city. On the way he met an-other car, the crew of which relieved the injured man and hurried to the city for

The body of the dead policeman was carried into police headquarters and Weber-nordorfer was also taken there. An alarm nordorfer was also taken there. An alarm was sent around the city by the police and in a few moments the entire detective department, accompanied by 13 policemen, went to the scene of the murder. A thorough search was made for Chambers, but at midnight he had not been found. Despite the diligent search not a clew could be found as to the perpetrators of the murder.

The car when it reached the city showed that a volley of shots had been fired at the three defenseless men. The shots hav-ing been fired while the trolley pole was off, the three men being in perfect dark-

At the time of the shooting the streets were practically deserted because of the heavy downpour of rain which had been falling all evening, but the news spread about the city like wildfire and half an after the car carrying its victimed the center of the city there were at least 300 persons in the vicinity headquarters, where the body had en taken, and public feeling is running

Shortly after midnight the searching officers came upon Motorman Chambers.
His head was covered with blood, but it was found that he had not been struck by a bullet, but had been pounded upon the head with the butt of a revolver. He told a startling story of his experience. He said that as soon as he leaped from d him, firing their revolvers. He ran for the swamps nearby and when he discovered that his pur-suers gained on him, he laid down. The murderers rushed by without discover-ing him. He fell in with a policeman afterwards, who conducted him to the carwhere his injuries were attended

GENERAL FRANKLIN DEAD At Head of Grant's Class in West Point-Active Career.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 8 .- Major General William Buel Franklin died today at his home in this city, aged 30 years. General Franklin had been in peor health for several years, and had falled percept-ibly since the death of his wife, three years ago.

General Franklin was graduated from West Point in 1842, and was a classmate of General U. S. Grant. He served in the Mexican War. In 1861 he was appointed Colonel of the Twelfth United States Infantry, and immediately was made Brig-adler-General of Volunteers. In 1882 he was breveted Brigadler-General, U. S. A., for gallant conduct before Richn the same year was appointed Major-Gen-eral of Volunteers. He commanded the Sixth Army Corps, and was in charge of the left wing of the Army of the Potomac in the battle of South Mountain, in comof the Sixth Army Corps at the battle of Antietam.

General Franklin resigned from the

Army in 1866, with the rank of Major-General of Volunteers and brevet Major-Gen-eral, U. S. A., and came to this city to live. He was made vice-president and general manager of the Colts Patent Fire Arms Manufacturing Company. He was Commissioner-General for the United States to the Paris Exposition of 1888, and was decorated with the Legion of Honor. General Franklin was a member of the Loyal Legion of the United States and the Army and Navy Club of Connecticut, the Society of the Cincinnati and the Grand Army. He had been for several terms ider of the New York Command-

ery, Loyal Legion.

The funeral will be held at the Church of the Good Shepherd at 3:30 o'clock Wednesday, and the interment will be at York, Pa., on Thursday.

"PARAMOUNT" BLOUNT SUCCEMBS. Congestion of the Lungs Causes His Death-Rils Record.

MACON. Ga., March 8.—James H. Blount, for 20 years a member of Congress from Georgia, and afterward Commissioner Paramount to the Hawaiian Islands during the second Cleveland term, died here today of congestion of the lungs. Mr. Blount had been in impaired health for two years. His last public service was Commissioner Paramount to the Hawaiian Islands during President Cleveland's sec-ond term. It was on his request that Mr. Cleveland reversed the policy of Mr. Har-On retiring from that position is November, 1830, Mr. Blount left public life and has remained quietly at home attend-ing to his private business. He was a lawyer, but had not been in active prac-tice for many years. He was one of the the for many years. He was one of the largest land-owners in Middle Georgia and a man of wealth. He leaves a widow and four children—Judge J. H. Blount, of the Court of First Instance at large in the Phillippines; Joseph Blount, of Washington, D. C., employed in the Interstate age by fire today.

TWO KILLED AND BURNED Result of Train Wreck at Glenns

BOISE, Idaho, March 8.-A special to the Statesman from Glenos Ferry, Idaho,

Two men were killed and their bodies burned to a crisp as a result of a rear-end collision between a freight and pas-senger train on the Oregon Short Line

The dead Freight Brakeman Long

ere this evening.

The freight train was standing on the main line when the passenger crashed into the caboose, which telescoped the next car and from the stove in the caboose the debris caught fire.

FOUR LIKELY TO DIE. 500 Persons Were on Shed When It

Collapsed. MONTREAL, March 8. - It is feared that four of the persons crushed in the collapse of the Allan Line's shed last night will die. It is estimated that fully 500 persons were on top of the building watching the steamer Montreal burn at midnight when the structure collapsed. Only one was killed. Fifty-seven persons were treated at the hospitals and a large number were attended by their own phy-sicians. The dead man is an Italian isborer, who died an hour after admission

to the hospital with a fractured skull. The following were seriously injured: Emil Souve, spine fractured, will die. James M. Waugh, fracture of hip. John O'Sullivan, spine injured. James W. Ray, leg fractured and other-

injured. In Campbell, internal injuries. Frank Dufresne, crushed. Edmond Defosse, fractured skull. Bussell Brown, concussion of brain. W. Franigan, fractured leg. A large number of other cases are fra-

The Montreal when burned was still in the possession of the Bertram Shipbulld-ing Company, of Toronto, the builders. They had received \$35,000 from the Richelleu Company on the contract price, the latter holding £87,000 of insurance as security. This, it is believed, fully covers

Five Injured in a Wreck.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 8.—While unning at high speed in an effort to make up lost time, passenger train No. 4, north-bound, on the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, was badly wrecked 22 miles south of here tonight. So far as known only five persons were slightly injured, three of whom were members of the train crew. The engine, tender, baggage, express car and two coaches were completely wrecked. Officials attribute the wreck to the splitting of a switch.

Dead and Missing Number 17. GLENS FALLS, N. Y., March 8.—Only two more bodies of the victims of the Spier Falls tragedy of Saturday have been recovered. Two of the 16 men not accounted for last night were found to-day, making the number of dead and

RECEIVE THE NEWS COOLLY Venezuelans Not Pleased With Pro

tocols-Rebel Waters Blocknded. CARACAS, March &-The text of the

rotocols with the allied powers was pub-shed in the Official Gazette today. The protocols are coolly received by the Ven-exuelans, who say that changes are not favorable to their cause.

The government today issued a decre

phibiting navigation on the Orinoco and declaring a blockade of the ports of Bar-celota and Carupano, now occupied by the rebels. The revolutionist forces have re-turned to Guatiana.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC'S VIEWS. Submitted to Washington and Drev

a Satisfactory Reply. BUENOS ATRES, March &-The Nacion publishes today an interview with For-eign Minister Drago, in which the Minis-ter declares that Senor Merou, the Ar-gentine Minister at Washington, has telegraphed to him announcing that the re-sponse of Secretary Hay to an Argentine note setting forth the Argentine govern-ment's ideas regarding Venezuels and Monroeism is satisfactory.

Expression on Monroe Doctrine. WASHINGTON, March 8 .- The com

munication from the Argentine Republic referred to from Buenos Ayres, it is un-derstood here, was a direct result of the lockade of the ports of Venezuela by the allied powers. It was learned here to-night that Senor Drago, the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Argentina, sent to the Minister here, Senor Merou, a long in-struction giving the views of his government on the general question of the liabil-ity of American states for debts growing out of injuries to foreigners or of default n the payment of loans contracted by the states. Argentina desired to know how the Government of the United States re-garded the question. Whether this com-munication was made the subject of a formal representation to this Governs or merely a verbal statement of the Min-ister could not be learned, but it is stated that Secretary Hay in his reply to the Minister quoted from President Roosevelt's recent message, and advocated set-tlement of the disputes by arbitration when the claims were not capable of ad-justment by the peaceful methods of

In this connection, it is well known from their public statements on the sub-lect that both President Roosevelt and cretary Hay do not believe that the South American governments should be shielded from the collection of just debts against them by European nations so long as in the enforcement of the payment of those obligations no question of American sovereignty is involved and no attempt to

ANOTHER FLOOD IN OHIO Her Tributaries and Also the Mississippi on the Rise.

CINCINNATI, March &-The Ohio River, which had fallen last night below the danger line of 50 feet, has been rising here and at upper river points. The Weather Bureau reported for the 24 hours ending at 8 A. M. a rainfall of 2.08 at Cincinnati, 1.82 at Columbus, 2.42 at Evans-ville, and 2.06 at Chattanooga. The rain prevalled throughout Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee and Western Penn vanis, so that another flood is predi-this week all along the Ohio Valley.

LOUISVILLE, March &-The Ohlo registers 28.1 feet in the canal here tonight, one-tenth of a foot over the danger line. The rise began at an early hour this morning after a slow drop, which began yestenday morning. The water is now well up in Fourth street, while the shipping port in the western end of the city is

MEMPHIS, March &-The river after remaining stationary for two days, began to rise slowly again today. The gauge thnight marks 24.4 feet and more water is coming.

PITTSBURG March 5 -- At midnight the o River at the dam registered 14.1 feet and was rising. Reports from up-river points show the Allegheny and Mononga-

SHOT INTHEIR HOME

How Deputy Marshals Dealt With Miners.

ALL WOULD HAVE GIVEN UP

No Demand Made by the Officer Prior to the Assault-Story Told by an Investigator for the United Mineworkers.

INDIANAPOLIS. March 8.—The official report of Chris Evans, who was sent to the West Virginia coal fields to investigate the killing of colored miners at At-kinsville, has been received at the head-quarters of the United Mineworkers. The report says that General St. Clair. who is the attorney of the coal companies, created an agitation to have the men arrested and taken to Charleston, and that immediately afterward arrangements were made with the United States Marshale by

the mineworkers' officials to give bond fo all who were arrested, but that later, oh account of agitation created by Deputy Marshai Cumingham, the agreement en-tered into with the Marshal was broken and Cunningham was sent to arrest the

According to the report, there was great feeling against Cunningham and the men decided not to allow him to arrest them. and he was driven away. Mr. Evans says that he sent a telegram to the men to submit ouietly, but that the coal com-panies, who own all of the telegraph and telephone lines connecting with the town, refused to deliver it and before he could get any message to the men, Cunningham and his deputies, who, he said, were the worst characters he could collect went to the town a second time and killed the miners in the night time in their beds.

Mr. Evans says that he went to the

scene of the trouble the next morning after 48 men had been arrested for con-opiracy to kill Cunningham, and found there in a house occupied by a colored man the dead bodies of William Dodson. William Clark and Richard Clayton, all

"On inquiry we found that the wife of the colored man, with four children, together with eight colored men, were in the house and that about daybreak all that were inside were awakened by shots being fired into the house from the outside. This shooting took place without anything being said to those on the inside and the three colored men I have mentioned were found dead on the floor. Two were in their night clothes and the other one was partly dressed with one shoe on, partly laced, and the other foot bare.

"We visited another house where Joseph Hiser lay in bed mortally wounded, having been shot through the window as he was stooping to put on his trousers after get-ting out of bed. Hiser lived with his sister and she made the stateraent at the inquest that she pleaded with those shooting not to kill her children and in reply. Cun am said: 'Women and children must tak

care of themselves.

'In no instance could we find where these people had been asked to surrender until after the deputies had commenced to shoot at the occupants of the

We next went to the house of Lacian Lawson, who was considered mortally wounded. I am led to understand that after the shooting referred to, this man, with others, returned the fire of the posses and this is the only instance where any attempt was made to fire on the part of the minera. During the shooting in many instances the men and women pleaded with the men outside to have mercy on them, but their cries were met with derision and curses. sion and curses.

"Our investigation proves conclusively that no effort had been made to shoot or that no enter had been made to shoot or realest except in the one cases mentioned, but that all would have been too glad to have surrendered if they had been allowed the opportunity to do so."

Mr. Evans says that the Coroner's jury returned a weeklest

turned a verdict of felonious against Cunningham for the killing of William Dodson

GRIEVANCES WERE KNOWN. Statement of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers.

NEW YORK, March & At the head-quarters of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers it was denied today that the striking iron-workers had refused to inform the officers of the American Bridge Company of the nature of their grievances.

"Our strike was not declared in sympathy with the hoisting engineers," said a representative of the association. "For some time the American Bridge Company has been breaking faith with us wherever the union is weak. It has been looking for trouble for some time. On many jobs they have had our men do all the hard and difficult work, and as soon as easy work was reached have laid us off ang put on cheaper men. The claim that we have made no effort to settle our grievances with them is not true.

"The president of the International As-"Our strike was not declared in sym

of the men are to be held for the present; that the strike is on and will continue, further meetings of the men being unnec-

GOVERNOR WILL TRY TO SETTLE. Cripple Creek Miners Ask Him to Meet a Committee.

COLORALO SPRINGS, Colo., March 8.—
At a meeting of 1700 business men and
miners at the Opera-House in Cripple
Creek tonight a telegram from T. P. Airheart, who had been in conference with heart, who had been in conference with Governor Peabody during the day, was read. It stated the Governor had said he was ready to use his best offices towards settling the strike should he be asked by the parties to the controversy. This was in reply to the agitation started by the business men in use comp and the miners

opposed to striking.

Resolutions were passed asking that the Governor treat with a commission consisting of one person from each side of the controversy and a third party, to be agreed upon mutually. These resolutions will be forwarded to the Governor. In response to a petition signed by 65 prominent business men of Victor the executive board of the Western Federation of Minets of the Crippie Creek district has agreed not to take any steps in the strike matter for a week.

MORE PAY AND SHORTER HOURS. Demand of the Boilermakers at New York Shipyards.

NEW YORK, March 8-It was en-nounced today by F. G. Mackay, busi-ness agent of the Boilermakers' Union,

the minimum rate of wages for bollermak-ets shall be 40 cents an bour and for the other trades 35½ to 45 cents an hour, over-time to be paid for at two and one-half times over the rate.

ANSWER NEARLY READY. Document Expected to Dissolve the Wabash Injunction.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 5.—in all probability the answer which is expected to accomplish the dissolution of the injunction served last Tuesday to prevent a tion served last Tuesday to prevent a strike among the new employes of the Wabash Rallroad will be filed in the United States District Court tomorrow. From the amount of labor that is being expended by the legal counsel in the preparation of the answer it is known that the instrument will be very voluminous, and is believed to presage a hard and carefully prepared fight for a sweeping victory.

"We are now beginning to see the end of our work," said Attorney Pilney, of Cleveland. Each member of the counsel replied in a similar vein today when questioned regarding the time as to the completion of the answer, but none would make definite statements. Judge Irwin, leading member of the counsel, said that he expected to work all night.

N. Y., N. H. & H. Trouble. NEW HAVEN, Conn., March & The situation in connection with the difficulty between the officials of the Now Fork, New Haven & Hartford Railroad and their employes remains unchanged tonight, and both sides are apparently awaiting developments. There will be another meeting of the firemen tomorrow, and it is expected that by that time they will have received a final answer from the officials of the road to the demand that a joint grievance committee and also Grand Master Fitzpatrick and W. C. Wilkins be received for the purpose of hearing the demands of the men. President Hall said NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 8.-The sit mands of the men. President Hall said tonight that he had not received this last communication referred to by the men, and he declined to make a statement.

Brickmakers Will Strike. ST LOUIS Mo. March & Between 300 ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 8.—Between 300 and 4000 brickmakers will strike tomorrow to enforce demands for a recognition of their union, for a change of hours and an increase of wages, and it is thought as many more in allied trades will follow before the end of the week, unless some agreement is come to between the brick manufacturers and the Building Material Trades Council. The trades directly in-Trades Council. The trades directly in volved by the strike order are the brick makers, clay miners, engineers, firemen of poliers and kilns, machinists and team-

TO H. W. BEECHER.

(Continued from First Page.)

punishment for unnumbered multitudes were conspicuous, and while perhaps he never wholly rejected its affirmations, his sermons bubbled over with indications of a belief that the Almighty would prove to be more merciful than the Puritan and Pilgrims were willing he should be. While he may never have called him self a Uni never have called him self a Unine may never have called him self a Universalist, among the strictly orthodox his theology was always an object of suspicion. They felt that he had too much confidence in the boundless mercy of the infinite, but the doubt as to his theology never approach.

ever emptied the pews.
"While Henry Ward Beecher thundered forth the inexorable demands of justice and righteousness, there was a minor key which sweatly sang out blessed words of comfort and bade all sorrowing and fallen

nes look to the heights whence cometh he etrength and peace. "It is fitting then, that on this anniersary of his death we gather today to homage to his memory; fitting that in this city, where his great work was done, there be erected a memorial building which shall speak his name to those who shall come after us. So, until struggling humanity no longer needs the uplifting power of love and sympathy on its ap-pealing heart will be seen in undimmed letters the name of Henry Ward Beecher."

Scope of the Movement. Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor o Plymouth Church, then outlined the scop of the Beecher memorial movement an the plans of the committee. He said: "This movement to build some memoria

to Henry Ward Beecher grew out of a striking emergency. As you all know, his old church, Piymouth, is in a down-town district. The time is not far off when commerce will crowd out the churches. Thus far a kind of fatality has attended Beccher's work. He wrote the first of the great hymn books and it was sed best to change the name. unded a great religious newspaper, but longer appears. His church, Plymouth was the scene of his greatest work and there he taught men the love of God; there he made his protest against slavery; there he made his plea for liberty; there he taught us charity and toleration between the churches; there he labored to overthrow the old Calvinism and to humanize theology, and there he taught us the law of sympathy and service for the

"The president of the International Association came on here last week from Chicago for the purpose of settling our troubles with the company. He went to the office of the company to try to arrange a meeting with the officials of the American Bridge Company, but they would not meet him."

It was also said that no more meetings of the men are to be held for the present; which developed into the Washingtonian movement, with the manuscripts of Harriet to. movement, with the manuscripts of Harriet Beecher Stowe, Mr. Beecher's sister, to-gether with the portraits, photographs, paintings of Mr. Beecher and the epochs in his life, of which nearly 100 exist; to overture to some Abbey or Sargent for a series of paintings portraying the great scenes in the history of American patriot-

"Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars will be needed to carry out these plans. The executive committee believes that Mr. Beecher's name and work belong to the entire country. This memorial hall of patriotism is to belong to all citizens, Catholic and Protestant, Jew and Gentile, poor and rich alike. We hope there will be found in various parts of the country some men who will give \$50,000 or \$20,000 or \$10,000 or \$10,00 110,000 each, more will give \$5000 each, 100 men who will give \$1000 each, 1000 men who will give \$5000 or \$500 or \$500 each, and thousands of others who will give smaller sums down to \$1. We would also suggest that the great clubs in our cities, political clubs and commercial clubs, eet apart a night for the review of Mr. Beccher's career, his life and work.
The committee will gladly put these clubs in the various cities in touch with men who will present to them the life and works of Beecher."

At the conclusion of the addresses a

At the conclusion of the addresses a subscription for the Beecher Memorial Fund was started by Mrs. W. C. Wallace with a contribution of \$10,000. Other contributors were Henry W. Phipps, \$1000; Dr. R. W. Raymond, \$500; John Arbukle, \$5000. The total amount of the subscriptions was not announced.

Perfect Confidence

that demands will be made tomorrow upon the owners of all the shipyards in the vicinity of New York for a general increase in wages and shorter hours and that if the demands are not granted there will be a strike of all trades unions connected with shipbuilding.

The demands call for an agreement for one year beginning on May I that eight hours shall constitute a day's work on all outside jobs and nine hours on inside jobs; that the men shall have Saturday half holidays from June I to September 30; that

THREE WOMEN IN IT

Additional Clews in Buffalo Murder Mystery.

THE THREE MAY HAVE BEEN ONE

and Another Woman, Is as Near as the Police Have Come to Establishing Their Identity.

BUFFALO, March &-The most impor tant development in the Burdick murder mystery today was the discovery by the ce of evidence to corroborate the story told by Policeman Meyer of meeting a woman on Ashland avenue about 1 o'clock on the night of the murder. The fact that the police are still working on this clue indicates that they have not abandoned the theory that a woman had a hand in

The three unknown women who have figured in the case are described as the "lone woman," the "lost woman," and the woman taken to the corner of Ashland avenue and Summer street by a cab driver The general description given to the police by those who saw a woman in the vicinity of the Burdick house on the night of the murder tailies in many details. The three were seen at different times and under unusual circumstances. The woman of whom the cabman has given information, whom the cabman has given information, was taken to the corner of Ashland avenue and Summer stret shortly after mid night. She walked rapidly up Ashland avenue in the direction of the Burdick avenue in the direction of the burners house. The "lone woman" was met by Patrolman Meyer at Ashland and Bryan at 1-A. M., on the same night. The "los woman" was met at about 1:30 A. M. woman" was met at about 1:30 A. M., within four blocks of the Burdick home. It is the opinion of the doctors who ex-amined Burdick's body on the following morning that he had been killed between

11 and 1 o'clock. A well-known business man directed the "lost woman" to a car. She told him she wanted to get up to the orner of Franklin and Tupper streets. Her manner was excited and nervous. The "lost woman" took a car down town about 1:30. The business man saw her board the car. That would bring her down town about 2 o'clock. The cab driver was on lower Main street at that hour and was surprised to see there the "fare" whom he had taken to Ashland and Summer streets two hours before. Whether these three women are one and the same is the ques tion the police will endeavor to answer.

As a result of today's work along this line they have been able to get one more witness to confirm their belief that they are the same. The new witness was on

his way home in the Elmwood district about 1:15 on the night of the murder. He met a woman unaccompanied hurrying along Ashland avenue. The place where he met her was one block north where a woman had been seen by Meyer.

One Murder Trial Saved. CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March &-George Leon Perry, the negro lad indicted for the murder of Agnes McPhee, at Someraet and Clara Morton at Waverly, commonly referred to as "Jack the Slugger" cases cled at the Cambridge jail today from ty-phoid fever and nervous exhaustion. He did not make a statement and it is believed that he protested his innocence to the last. Sheriff Fairbairn tonight refused say anything regarding the prisoner's

WALL STREET IN BERLIN Appears There as Borrower, but Ger-

BERLIN, March &-The events in Wall street received unusual attention on the Bourse here last week and caused speculators to show great reserve, which was increased by the rising money rates. Do-mestic and government bonds lost frac-tionally and most of the foreign accounts were weaker. Canadian Pacifics were sold heavily, owing to reaction in New York, the week's drop being 5.37. The influence of Wall street, however, is felt here chiefly as a borrower of money, for which it is offering 6 per cent and above. Much was taken for New York yesterday, but several of the Berlin houses and New York connections showed manifest disin clination to place money there now, be-lieving that the existing rates of ex-change would not continue and that they might incur loss upon the withdrawals of the loans. A further reason for not lend ing to Wall street was that Germany has lent immense sums to London and Parls, which must reverse the present high rates of exchange when the loans are repaid. These considerations and the American demand raised the private rate of discount

The industrial market showed an irregular tendency last week. Coal shares wet higher, while irons were lower, although the Iron market reports remain favorable The Silesian Rolling Mills Association raised its prices 5 marks per ton for th next quarter. The American demand for pig iron increased, and American pur-chases are also reported from Austria. The banks were moderately lower upon the disappointment of the exaggerated hopes of speculators caused by the annual reports. Electricals were lower, as also were ocean transportation shares. Ma

chineries were partly higher.

The Hamburg and Berlin grain importers are renewing their complaints regarding the quality of American corn. present complaints refer to New Orleans shipments as being mixed. The importers threaten to exclude New Orleans certifi-cates unless the shipments improve.

Downward Tendency in London LONDON, March &-The stock market last week was absolutely featureless ex-cept for Grand Trunks, the January report of which showed a quick realization by the bulls, who had been bearing them for some weeks. This flurry affected the general trading, which continued dull, though there was still some evidence that the general public was coming into the market. Consols, which railied last Mon-day on the dividend declared, dropped when the advance induced holders to sell and continued depressed during the re-mainder of the week. Americans were dull, the list generally showing the clos-ing prices to be below the previous week. This, moreover, was true of all the depariments with few exceptions. The scarcity of money, the extreme cautiousness displayed by outsiders and the depression on Wall street were tributary causes of unfavorable conditions

One of the Humbert Gang Released PARIS, March 8 .- Marie Daurignic, who figured in the Humbert frauds as the prospective bride of one of the alleged brothers Crawford, and who was arrested in Madrid with the other members of the Humbert family and brought here, was released today, the physicians having de-cided that she is suffering from hysteria and is not responsible for her actions.

Dr. Campbell to Succeed Dr. Parker. LONDON, March 8.—Rev. R. J. Camp-bell today announced his acceptance of the pastorate of the City Temple in succession to the late Dr. Joseph Parker.

Pope Receives 5000 Pilgrims. ROME, March 8.—The pope this morning declared he felt so well that he ought not to make those who had come considerable

distances to pay him homage wait, and accordingly, in spite of his physician's advice, his holiness received 5000 pilgrims from Berlin, Vienna and Belgium and bestowed on them his blessings. Pope Leowae loudly cheered by the pilgrims.

Colombian Liberals Wouldn't Vete. PANAMA, March 8.-The election PANAMA, March s.—The election of Congressmen took place today. Nearly all the Liberals abstained from voting, declaring that the Governor would not respect the popular vote. Had the Liberals voted they would have won saily in three provinces. The elected Congressmen intend to fight in favor of the Panama Canal treaty.

Lady Abbess Goes to Prison BERLIN, March 8-A published dispatch from Munich announces that the lady abbons, Elizabeth von Hacussler, of the old women's asylum, who was on trial for attempting to poison a servant girl, has been sentenced to six years detention in a penitentiary.

St. Louis Fair at Berlin. BERLIN, March 8.—D. R. Francis, president of the St. Louis Exposition, arrived here tonight.

Herr Lewald, the German commissioner has been the regular

to the Exposition, has begun the regular

publication of a circular giving infortion about the St. Louis Exposition exhibitors.

Ten Thousand Socialists Blot BUDAPEST, March 8 .- Street demonstrations by 10.000 Socialists to protest against the government's military bills took piace here today and led to collisions with the police and breaking of windows. Many arrests were made and the police had finally to charge and disperse them.

Death in Bussian Snow Storm

LONDON, March 8.—The St, Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphs that terrible anow storms have been raging during the past week in the government of Samara and have caused hundreds of feaths. Spanish Cabinet Troubles. MADRID, March 8.-The Herald states

that a serious Cabinet crisis is threatened because of Finance Minister Villaverdes' determined refusal to consent to a great increase in the estimates as insisted upon by his colleagues. American Squadron for Naples.

MESSINA. Sicily, March &-The Ameri-can squadron, consisting of the Chicago, Cincinnati and Machias, left here today bound for Naples. Royal Germans in Cairo. CAIRO, March 8.-The German Crown

Prince, Frederick William, and his broth-

er, Prince Eitel, arrived here today and will remain three days.

SIX BURNED TO DEATH. One More Fatally Injured-All in

Hotel Fire. CUMBERLAND, Md., Merch 8.-Six per sons were burned to death and one was fatally injured, as a result of a fire in a small hotel at Leiter, a mining town near

Elkins, W. Va. The dead: Maggie Coughlan. Annie Burke. Henry Burke. George C. Anderson. Mrs. George C. Anderson. A child of the Andersons. Fatally injured: Robert Long. Several persons escaped with minor in-

juries by jumping from a second-story Fire Loss of \$75,000.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa. March 8-Fire here tonight gutted the old Ulman Opera-House building burning out Michael Levi's Buffalo clothing store, George Leeder's general store and a half-dozen other occupants. Loss, \$75,000.

Engravers and Clothlers Suffer. LA CROSSE, Wis., March &-Fire today destroyed the plant of the La Crosse Er graving Company and the store of Stav-erum & Hulberg, clothiers. Stock in ad-joining stores was damaged. Loss, \$50,000.

HENDERSON, Ky., March 8 .- Fire to day destroyed the plant of the Roberts Tobacco Company. Loss, \$75,000. NEW 400-MILE RAILROAD.

Tobacco Plant Destroyed.

To Be Built Between Chanute, Kan., to Memphis, Tens. JOPLIN, Mo., March 8.-Bonds for the of a new railroad from Cha o Memphis, Tenn., have The new line will be 400

long and will cost approximately \$12,000.

On The most important points on the line will be Chanute, Wier City and Cherokee, Kan., Joplin, Cassville and Gainesville, Mo., and Memphis, Tenn. The road, which is said to be a Santa Fe ject, will be known as the Arkansas, souri & Kansas Railroad.

Pledges Redeemed.

Indianapolis Journal.

The Republican Congress has kept the pledges made during the campaign last Fall relative to anti-trust legislation. Everything that was distinctly outlined as necessary in the way of legislation was necessary in the way of legislation was completed by the passage of the Elkins bill to prevent and punish discriminations among railroad shippers. The enactment of the laws above referred to will enable the Republicans to say that all that has been promised by the President and party leaders has been performed. It is a great satisfaction to be able to say this after it has been so loudly proclaimed that the Republican Congress could do nothing during the short session in regard to trusts, mainly for the reason that it did not want to do anything. It is worth while to recall that after the hostility of two extensive concerns, the Standard Oil two extensive concerns, the Standard Oi Company and the American Sugar Refining Company, was made known, the Republicans proceeded with greater afacrity to pass the laws which are obnoxious to

Mexican Volcano Spouting. COLIMA. March 8.—The volcano erupted violently at 6:50 this morning. There was a slight overflow of lava on the eastern of the mountain.

No Deaths at Mazatlan. MAZATLAN, Mexico, March 8.—Therewere no deaths from the plugue today.

Ayers Sarsaparilla

To know all there is to

know about a Sarsaparilla, take Ayer's. Your doctor will say so, too. He orders it for pale, thin people. Tested for 60 years.

Discordant Interests in the Southern Pacific.

PROSPECT OF A SETTLEMENT

Union Pacific From Voting the Shares of the Southern; but That Was Abandoned.

NEW YORK, March 8.-It is learned on excellent authority, the Tribune will say tomorrow, that negotiations are now under way for the settlement of the fight between the so-called Keen pool in Southern Pacific stock and the Harriman interests, who are practically in control of the Southern Pacific Company through stock ownership invested in the treasury of the Union Pacific Railway. Important developments in the Southern Pacific fight tending to remove the cause for cur-rent differences may be looked for in the course of a few days and according to information secured from financiers who make the Waldorf their headquarters arrangements will be made by which the minority holders in Southern Pacific will not carry out their proposed plan to over-

thrown the Harriman management.

A few days ago, the Tribune continues, the secretary of the Southern Pacific was served with a legal notice that injunction would be applied for on behalf of Talbot J. Taylor & Co., representing the minority holders in Southern Pacific, preventing the voting of the Southern Pacific stock held by the Union Pacific, also demanding a list of the stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company. Within an hour of thrown the Harriman management. ing a list of the stockholders of the South-ern Pacific Company. Within an hour of this service the notice was withdrawn without any explanation from the law firm representing the Southern Pacific minority holders. Subsequently it was announced that the order had been with-drawn and it was found that a list of the stockholders could be obtained after the clastics of the company's books on March closing of the company's books, on March 20. The real cause, however, of this hasty retreat was, according to reports today, overtures from the Harriman interests for an amicable settlement of the trouble.

Tonight

Just before retiring, if your liver is sluggish, out of tune and you feel dull, billious, constipated, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

And you'll be all right in the morning.

Soldiers Subject to Aches and Pains.

Find Relief in Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills

I Have My Share-I

and Nervine. "I can cheerfully recommend Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills as first-class in every respect. They have done wonders for me. I was a soldier in the late war and am subject to and have my share of the aches and pains from the hardship that usually falls to the lot of the soldiers who saw service. Anti-Pain Pills never fail to relieve the rheumatic twinges, headache or other pains. A number of old comrades in this vicinity who have used Dr. headache or other pains. A number of old comrades in this vicinity who have used Dr. Miles' Restorative Tonic, Nervine and Nerve and Liver Pills speak highly of their virtues in every respect. My health is greatly im-proved, thanks to your Restorative Nervine,

proved, thanks to your Restorative Nervine, with the exception of an old wound which troubles me somewhat"—TIMOTHY J. LYNCH, 4th Regt. Maryland Vol. Inft, The Dalles, Oregon.

"umatic twinges, headache, and the pain: of a disordered stomach are frequent reminders of the strain and hardships of an army campaign. In all such cases the nerves are affected too seriously to right themselves, and prompt treatment is necessary. The best treatment consists of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, which restores vitality to the nerves and helps them to throw off various dis rders which bring about pain and suffering. There is nothing so good for the stomach and bowels as Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills. They act directly upon the nerves of the digestive organs, speedily restoring them to normal activity.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bot-

All druggists sell and guarantee first bot-tie Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address 7r. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

HAND SAPOLIO

It ensures an enjoyable, invigorating bath; makes every pore respond, removes dead skin,

ENERGIZES THE WHOLE BODY starts the circulation, and leaves a glow equal to a Turkish bath.

ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills. To those living

n malarial districts Tutt's Pills re indispensible, they keep tha stem in perfect order and are

an absolute cure r sick headache, indigestion,

tion and all bilious diseases. Tutt's Liver Pills

nalaria, torpid liver, constipa-

