HAS BEGUN REFORM ty would eventually carry some measure of self-government for Ireland than that the Liberals would do so.

Turkish Minister Talks on Work in Macedonia.

NEW GENDARMERIE IS FORMING

Grand Visier Says German Officer Are in Charge and Roads Are Being Made-Regulars Will Suppress Rebeis-Ples for Time.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March &.- Ferio Pashs, the Grand Vizier, was interviewed tonight, and in the course of the collo-quy he made the claim that the Turkish ment had been laboring for se overnment had been associated the condition of Macedonia, where it was spending large sums, especially in providing better means of communication. The government had also appointed capable and entering the condition of the cond lightened officials, in order to gradually form a new staff of gendarmerie for the whole of Macedonia, some first-rate Ger-man officers having been secured for this

outheasirs that might occur would be suppressed solely by the regular troops, but it must readily be understood how difficult it is to suppress guerrilla bands. It was, therefore, to be hoped that Tur key would not be continually hampered by complaints of unavoidable hitches. The government had the intention of carrying out the proposed reforms to the letter.

TROUBLES OF CHINA. New Minister to United States Will

Have to Grapple With Them. WASHINGTON, March 6.—While no ad-vices have been received at the Chinese Legation here regarding the serious condi-tion of affairs which is approaching a crisis in the interior of China as a result of the renewed activity of the Boxers and of other rebels in various parts of the country, it is the understanding that the Minister, Sir Liang Chen Tung, who the Minister, Sir Liang Chen Tung, who

the Minister, Sir Liang Chen Tung, who suited from Hong Kong on February 27 on the steamship Korea for San Francisco, will bring to Wasnington important instructions bearing on the subject. In addition to the uprising of the rebeis and the increased importation of arms, the extortion practiced by the Viceroys in the collection of indemnity is said to have aused the most distressing conditions in caused the most distressing conditions in many provinces. European advices that have reached Washington in the last few days show no evidence of weakness on the part of the powers in their demands for the payment of the indemnity in gold. This problem will be the first which the new Minister will grapple with upon his arrival in Washington. He is expected here early in Arrill.

ere early in April. Besides Sir Liang there are 60 memi in this party, including new Charges d'Af-faires and Secretaries for the Chinese Le-gations in Spain, Peru and Cuba, Consuls-General for San Francisco and New York, and a Consul and Vice-Consul for Hone-lulu: also First Secretary Mr. Cheng, to succeed Mr. Shen, who will return to

HOW AMERICANS WIN.

German Trade Paper Warns Ger mans to Adopt American Methods. RERLIN. March 6 .- Export, a trade pa

BERLIN, March 6.—Export, a trade paper, devotes a series of articles to studying the methods by which American goods are supplanting German goods in foreign markets. The articles consist largely of letters from Germans living in Mexico, Venezuela, Brazil and Australia. The writers explain that the German houses are being beaten because they are avents fixed sail-

unwilling to guarantee agents fixed sal-aries, as Americans do, and also because they depend on sending out catalogues, whereas the Americans keep stocks of goods in established agencies, where buy ers are able to purchase after seeing the goods, and therefore prefer to deal with the Americans. The German agents, it is added, are largely taking service with terms offered them and owing to their handling exclusively American wares. Export urges the German manufactur-

ers to abandon their "penny-wise, pound-foolish" policy and give their agents de-cent. fixed salaries, so as to enable them to withstand the fistiering offers of their American competitors, adding:

This is all the more important, since American competition in the world's mar-kets will grow keener during the next ten

BALFOUR ON THE BIBLE. Praises Work of Society in Circulating the Good Book.

LONDON, March 6.—Premier Balfour, speaking at a meeting held at the Man-sion House today, as a preliminary to the celebration of the centenary of the British and Foreign Bible Society, paid tribute in the highest terms to its work. He said few organizations had such a wonderful record in increasing the activity and usefulness of the Bible, today, no less than a century ago, the source of comfort and hope of the uneducated, while to the educated, who are no nearer the kingdom of heaven, it augmented in scientific interest, and was a more valu-able source of spiritual life than in the precritical days.

Lord Mayor Samuel, who presided, ommenting on the nonsoctarianism of he society, called attention to the fact hat he himself was a Jew. The president announced that the cenof the society in 1904 will be cele brated by an extension of the work and by raising the sum of \$1.250,000, of which \$175,000 has already been subscribed.

FEARS AMERICAN DUTY.

German Government Opposes Allotment of Sugar Output.

BERLIN, March &-The sugar producers of Germany want the government to in-troduce the Austrian system of allotting to both refiners and raw factories the amount of sugar they may produce yearly. Count von Cammen, in the Reichstag today, said Austrian sugar would enjoy an advantage in the American and British markets unless Germany adopted the al-

Treasury Secretary von Thielmann, in announcing that the government did not approve of the allotment plan, said it was highly probable that the United States customs authorities would carefully ex-amine the new status of Austrian sugar after September and decide that it enjoys an indirect bounty under the double allot ment system, as in the case of Russia's indirect bounty. Moreover, continued the Secretary, the authority for deciding whether sugar enjoys a bounty is vested in the international commission created by the Brussels trenty.

WHERE IRELAND'S HOPE LIES. Spencer Says Unionists Will Give Her Home Rule.

LONDON, March 6.-Lord Spencer, the Liberal leader in the House of Lords, speaking at Accerington tonight, replied to the critteisms of his speech last Sat-urday and said he was as strongly in

TOO PAR BEHIND TO CATCH UP. British Railroad Official Admits This Painful Fact.

Painful Fact.

LONDON, March & The report of Colonel A. H. Yorke, chief inspecting officer of the board of railways department of the Board of Trade, who recently investigated American railroading in behalf of the Board of Trade, was issued tonight in a blue book. Colonel Yorke found much to interest him in the practical construction of American railways, but decided that comparatively little of it was available for English use, chiefly because of the able for English use, chiefly because of the expense of a change would nullify its ad-

He was much interested in the auto matic and other mechanical devices, but thought the gain was counterbalanced by the increase in the risk to passengers and employes, which, in the case of automatic signalling, might be due to the weather or possibly to the fallure of the mechanism.

The Colonel thinks Great Britain must adopt a more economical freight car, but he does not believe it will be advisable to he does not believe it will be advisable to copy the American designs. He approves decidedly of the American system of examination for promotion in the railroad service, and says that in this respect the American railways are ahead of the British companies. Colonel Yorke points out that New York and Boston furnish valuable lessons to London in the matter of urban car lines, because those cities "outline the system needed and finance the undertakings, not leaving the concessions to be scrambled for by private companies."

In conclusion, he pays tribute to the uniform courtesies, including those received from President Rossevelt, and the facilities extended to him, and expresses the hope that he will be able to return to America and traverse the entire United States in his work of investigation. States in his work of investigation.

SECRETS IN GERMANY NAVY. Minister Refuses to Explain Items is

Estimates to Releasing. BERLIN, March 6.—The German Naval Department makes considerable mystery out of some portions of its budget requirements. Herr Richter, the Radical leader, compilated in the budget committee to day that the government is simply askins for lump sums for the maintenance of the fleet and has not even specified the ships or stations on which money is to be spent. He affirmed that the Reichstag had the right to have detailed information

on the subject. on the subject.

Admiralty Secretary von Tirpitz replied that the information supplied by the navy department was adequate. Administrative discretion required some reserve he said. The increased maintenance penses were largely for vessels on for eign stations. As a matter of fact, Ger many's battleships were rather behind than in advance of the naval programme. Herr Richter aguin asked for a list of the ships ready equipped for service and for copies of the Cabinet orders directing

the ships to be put into commission.

The stronger force sent to East Asiatic waters. Secretary you Tirpitz explained, was assigned to that station at the request of the Foreign Office.

COLONEL KINLOCK WAS GUILTY. Convicted by Own Testimony of Al-

lowing Brutality in Army. NEW YORK, March 6.—The Grenadler Guards scandal has been officially, ex-plained by Mr. Brodrick, and the responsibility for the suspension of Colonel Kin-loch has been placed where it belonged, says the Tribune's London representative. Colonel Kinloch had convicted himself by his own testimony, the Commander-in-Chief being the judge. Mr. Brodrick's statement was unexpectedly strong and Colonel Kinioch's defenders were tempo-rarily silenced. The statement was gen-erally commended in the lobbies of the House of Commons.

Talk about public school presidents has ended. Sensible journals are taking the tone of the Times and contending that the country is entitled to get its full money's worth in the army, and that sub-alterns' courts and brutal and degrading punishments are unworthy of British tra-

ROBBERY IN JOHANNESBURG. Desperadoes Rob Officers, but Bolt-

ing Horse Thwarts Them. JOHANNESBURG, March &-A despert at highway robbery in th are attempt at nignway roobery in the center of Johannesburg was made today. Two men attacked two customs officers conveying \$25,000 to the bank, and, throwing pepper in their eyes, secured the money bags, which they threw to a horseman, who galloped off. The horseman in his flight knocked down a man named Brandon, who was killed.

Subsequently the horse boiled and unseated its rider, who was then arrested

ney recovered.

POPE IS ALMOST WELL Alarming Reports About His Health Prove Baseless.

ROME, March 6.-All the sensation reports circulated regarding the health of the pope are unfounded. Although His Heitiness is not yet restored to his nermal condition, he is better today than he was yesterday, and his cold has almost entirely disappeared.

PRETENDER IS CAPTURED.

Latest Report From Morocco, Land of Conflicting Rumors.

PARIS, March 6.-A dispatch from Tan-gier, Morocco, received this evening, BRYS: "A courier who has just arrived from

Fe zannounces the capture of the pre-tender."

Earthquake Shakes Saxony, RERLIN, March 6.-Earthquake shocks have been felt for two days in the district of Voigtland, Saxony, in the Bragepierge Mountains. Yesterday's shocks were slight, but those of today were vio-lent. The inhabitants of Graziltz left houses and passed into the streets. The tremors were felt as far as Poluen. Richenbach and Zwickau. Houses at Unter Sachsenburg and at Asch shook for sev-eral seconds. There was great excite-ment throughout the affected district.

Yerkes Will Run London Tubes. NEW YORK, March 6.-The royal com-NEW YORK, March & The royal com-mission that is to deal with the question of London traffic has been clearing the way for its work, says a London dis-patch to the Tribune. As the result of its preliminary decisions, Mr. Yerkes is left absolutely in possession of the field as far as tabe schemes are concerned, and before any other scheme can be resilized. before any other scheme can be realized

he will have all his lines built and working. Agreed on Bering Sea Question. ST. PETERSBURG, March &-Refer ring to the Bering Sea arbitration, the Measures any that Russia and the United States were fully in concord re-garding the general questions connected with the dispute, and that Russia re-served the freedom of action necessary for the further treatment of questions in rdance with her own rights and in-

From Canada to Australia. MELBOURNE, March 6.—The govern-ment of Victoria has appointed Thomas Tait, traffic manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, to be Chief Commis-sioner of the Victorian Railways.

to the Crickens to the Crickens and that he believed that it would be eventually conceeded by the Unionist party.

Lord Spencer's speech, to which he referred today, was made at Birmingham, and in the course of it he said that home rule for Ireland "was very distant, and that it would be impolitic to bring it forward." He had always believed that it was more probable that the Unionist par-

BLOW GLASS BY MACHINE

WINDOW-GUASS TRUST WILL MAKE GREAT CHANGE.

All Factories to Close Until It Is Made as a Measure in War Against Outsiders.

PITTSBURG, March 6.-A sensational movement was made by the American Window Glass Company today when the executive committee of the corporation is-sued a formal notice to its workmen that on March is all of the factories of the American Window Glass Company will

close for the season, irrespective of what other companies will do.

The moment that the factories are closed a large force of men will be put to work to equip them with the new glass-blowing machines. It is said that all of the factories of the company will be engineed. factories of the company will be equipped with the new machines, which will do the work of the skilled laborer by mathe work of the skilled laborer by ma-chine and remove from the glass factory the highest-priced skilled labor known in the country. It will give the company glass production at a cost of less than one-third of the cost with hand labor. The action of the American Window Glass Company in closing its factories and installing machines is said to be its answer to the independents, who have re-fused to come to any syreement concernfused to come to any sgreement concerning uniform closing of plants this Spring.
All former lists have been withdrawn by the American Giass Company, and it is believed that a cut in rates will be

COMBINATION IS BROKEN.

Glass Manufacturers and Jobbers Quarrel and Shut-Down Follows. PITTSBURG, March 6 .- Concerning the failure of the window-glass combination and jobbers to reach an agreement at the recent meeting at Columbus, the Na-tional Glass Budget in tomorrow's issue

will say: "All agreements between manufacturers and jobbers are now off, and an open market, with much lower prices, will be the next thing in order in the window-glass industry. That this will result in eliminating all profits from the business is a dead certainty, and those who con-tinue to operate their plants are certain to do so out of the profits accruing up to

e present time. "Regardless of what others may do, it is the intention of the American Window-Glass Company to put the fires out of all except their machine-equipped plant at an early date, probably on March 14, and hereafter paddle their own canoe. The machines will be introduced at their various factories as rapidly as possible, and it is expected that when the time for starting factories in the Fall arrives this company will have several machine-equipped plants in blast, making glass from 40 to 50 per cent cheaper than it is possible to make it by the old method."

PHILADELPHIA, March 6.-The Public Ledger says:
"Never in the history of the window-glass industry in this country, it is said, have manufactorers and jobbers been confronted with such a serious situation as at present. If the plans of a number of leading producers to close down their factories temporarily are successful, it is said, higher prices are assured, while if it falls it is predicted that the most rulnous rate war here which has ever been inaugurated will be a certainty."

Kansas Brings Test Suit Against

Combination to Maintain Rates. TOPEKA, Kan., March 6.-A suit is or trial in the District Court of this county against the Actna Fire Insurance Com-pany. The company is charged with vio-lation of the Kansas anti-trust law by combining with other companies in the matter of rates. Fifty-five similar suits matter of rates. Fully-live similar satis-against other companies doing business in Topeka are pending, and the Aetna case will be a test case. The sults are brought by the County Attorney in the name of the state.

TRIBUTE OF OPPONENT.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March &-Representative Rans-dell, of Louisiana, one of the members of the Congressional escort that accompanie the remains of the late Representative the remains of the late Representative Tongue to his home in Hillisboro, and who spoke in eulogy of his late colleague in the House, withheld his remarks from publication for several days. They have just been printed in the Record, and are

"In the sudden death of Mr. Thomas H. Tongue we realize fully the words of the Scripture that "in the midst of life we are in death," and that death comes "like a thief in the night." His death was perhans the most sudden of any of our mem bers in the present Congress. I saw him only three days before his death in the office of the Chief of Engineers, where I was transacting some business in connecwith the committee of which he also was a member. Recalling that I had seen him only three days before, apparently so well and hearty, I could not realize the fact when informed on Sunday morning that he was dead.

"I was one of those appointed to attend his funeral, to take that long journey

his funeral, to take that long journey across the continent from one ocean to the other—nearly 2000 miles—and it was a melancholy satisfaction to accompany him on that last earthly journey. I will not attempt to describe it to you. That has been done already in most eloquent language by three of the gentlemen who have preceded me. I wish to say, however, that I think it is a healtful custom which this I think it is a beautiful custom which this House observes—that of sending a guard of honor to escort the remains of our de-ceased brothers to their last resting place when they die here at the post of duty, It is certainly as little as we can do.

Mr. Tongue was exceedingly popular in
his district. It was a district normally Republican by 3000 to 4000 majoritly. But his majority at the last election was 7313. When he first ran, in 1886, there was a fusion between the Populists and the Democrats, and his defeat by fully 1899. Democrats, and his defeat by fully 1000 majority was in advance conceded. He won by a majority of 65. At the next election he swelled that majority to 25%. In 1800 he swelled it to 2100, and in 1802 it reached THE. Think how eloquently these figures speak-65 majority in 1896 increased to a majority of 7318 in 1892, and that in a district which, as I have gald,

than 5500 majority. The majority to which Mr. Tongue thus attained speaks in thun-der tones of the work and worth of the "He was quite as popular with Demo crats as with Republicans. I was told by a distinguished Democrat of the City of Portland—an old, gray-headed man, stand-ing by the bier of Mr. Tongue—that he ing by the bier of Mr. forgue-that he had always supported Thomas H. Tongue; that party cut no figure with him when it came to voting for such a man. He said that Mr. Tongue was the poor man's friend, the man who could always be relied upon to fight the cause of the poor at all times and in all places. These simple words coming from a venerable man, prominent as a Democrat, spoke to me more eloquently of his true worth and splendid character than a volume of com-

was normally Republican by not more

monplaces.

"There were many factional differences in Mr. Tongue's district and state, but with rare good judgment he managed to keep friendly with both sides. Yet he was a man who never shirked any matter of principle, but always drove straight ahead for what was right.

"He had friends in both factions, and that is proved by the immense majorities he received in his recent elections. When the Senatorial fight began, which has just

the Senatorial fight began, which has jus

closed in Oregon, Mr. Tongue was urg-ently solicited by a number of his friends to become a candidate. They insisted that he had never taken part in the facthat he had never taken part in the fac-tional fights of his state, that he had friends on both sides, and the strongest chance of winning. He telt, however, that his candidacy would jeopardize the interests of men who had been loyal to him in the past, and he declined posi-tively to have anything to do with that contest.

"When the agitation respecting the Spanish War first started, Mr. Tongue bitterly opposed the thought of war, and when the Maine was blown up in Havana when the maine was blown up in Havana harbor he was extremely anxious that there should be a careful investigation before any declaration of war. He was a natural conservative and abborred hasty action. When, however, hostilities were once declared, the Government had no stronger supporter than he. He did his once declared, the Government had no stronger supporter than he. He did his utmost by counsel and advice to raise regiments in his own state, and though he never posed in Congress as an orator, yet when an attack was made, or what he deemed to be in attack, upon the regi-ments from his state and from other por-tions of the country, he raised his voice is leavened which to me is extremely tions of the country, he raised his voted in language which to me is extremely eloquent. I do not think I can say anything better of him than to read here and put on record again the language used by him on that occasion. He was discussing the Second Oregon and its experiences in the Philippine Islands, and in part he said:

periences in the Philippine Islands, and in part he said:

The quality of the men who composed the Second Oregon was indicated by a tarief order of General Wheaton at Melinto: "Orderly, overtake those Oregon greyhounds on the road to Polo and order them to Melinto. Go mounted, or you will never catch them." When, after the glorious victory at Malabon, General Wheaton was asked, "Where are your regulars?" he pointed to the Second Oregon, saying, "There are my regulars." A valume would not record the heroic deeds of those boys. At Malabon those brave young soldiers charged across the open rice fields, upon which they left many dead and wounded, in the face of a murderous firs from an entrenched foe, and planted the Stars and Stripes upon the fortifications of a defeated enemy. No veterans the world ever saw showed more cool, steady and determined courage than the boys of the Second Oregon in that magnificent conflict.

Like true heroes they rose equal to their opportunities and the occasion, net every emergency, responded to every demand, discharged every duty, laughed at every danger, and left behind them a record of heroic achievements never excelled in any land or in any age. Not only the State of Oregon, not only their own country, but their race should be proud of such men. Their record proves what humanity can and will achieve, what it can and will suffer, when duty calls for great suffering or great achievement.

"Then, as though anticipating bis own

"Then, as though anticipating his ow death, he gave utterance to these beauti ful words respecting those Oregon 'grey-hounds' who had died on the field of bat-

hounds' who had died on the field of battle:

A word for the heroic dead. They have
performed the neblest and sublimest act it is
given to humanity to achieve; they have given
their lives for their country. Theirs were not
lives nearing their close, worn-out with dissipation, broken with toil, devoid of hope, their
cup of happiness drained to the dregs, and
nothing left worth living for. Theirs were lives
at the beginning unspent, everything to hope,
everything to achieve, everything to live for.
Before the prime of manhood had been reached
their life's work had been done and well'done.
Their rest will be eternal, their fame secure.
For those who returned, full of hope and full
of honor, life holds many temptations and many
dangers; the rest and happiness they crave may
not be theirs.

Hope may turn to disappointment; the honors they have so proudly won may be suilled
we hope and pray not. The fame and honor
of no man is safe this side of the grave. But
the fame of these heroic men, "dead on the
field of honor," is secure. Their honor will be
to foreter unsuilled, their memory will be like
sweet perfume. They have received and ar
wearing their crown, and no power on earth o
in heaven will pluck it from their brows.

On Fame's eternal camping ground
Their silent tents are spread,

On Fame's eternal camping ground Their silent tents are spread, And Glory guards with solemn round The bivounc of the dead.

Like the brave men so beautifully en logized, he, too, gave his life for his country, and his fame, 'dead on the field of honor,' is secure. We all mourn his unhonor,' is secure. We all mourn his un timely end, and point to his useful, well spent life with honest pride and satisfac-tion. Such men as he have made of America the greatest Nation on earth, and as long as she continues to produce them her destiny is safe."

Peanuts in Demand.

The consumption of peanuts is larger than most people would imagine. A dealer said yesterday that it takes four carloads Southern Democrat Bears Witness to

Tongue's Worth and Work. the largest and best coming from Virginia, the natives of certain sections of which states are often called "goober grabbers." The plant is a native of Egypt or adjacent sections of Africa, and was first introduced into Spain and then found its way to this country, and has come into general use. Considerable quantities of peanuts are now being imported from Japan. These are smaller than the Virginia product, but are a little cheaper nuts are wholesome and nutriti-when one has eaten enough of or but when one has eaten enough of other food he should not eat many nuts of any

> Asphalt Will Be Relaid. Residents along Morrison, between the river and Fifth street, have been very in-dignant over the way the asphalt pave-ment has been torn out to lay sewers and telephone conduits. The asphalt has not been replaced, but just laid loose in the holes, so that the street is in very bad shape. It was at first thought that the sewer contractor and the telephone comnewer contractor and the telephone com-pany were not going to repave the trenches, but on inquiry it is learned that after the work is entirely completed these two concerns will fix up the pavement as good as new. The Street-car Company good as new. The Street-car Company will probably put in a good joint between the stone blocks and the asphalt as soon as possible, so that all the property-owners have to do is to exercise a little patience and they will in the end be shorn of their



ACROSS COUNTRY.

vince, heartiness, and equality to each Anemia means thinness of blood. event."-Emerson.

consumption, malaria or any other germ disease. But with a weakened system we all have to fight the germs of disease. Our blood is often in a fertile condition for the growth of bacteria—the germs of disease—because our stomach is disordered or our liver is torpid—in either case our blood does not get the proper nourishment. A torpid liver means a stagnation of the blood and an accumulation of anemia disappears when the blood prictors, Buffalo, N. Y.

lation of poisons which furnishes a weak spot for bacteria to enter. With a dyspeptic the food is not taken up or assimilated by the stomach, and the blood is "Go out of doors and get the air. Ah! weak in red corpuscles (not being properly your robust neighbor who has never feared to live in it, has got from it, strength, cheerfulness, power to conman has a weak heart and poor nerves. vent "—Emerson.

In this we read between the lines less and all those who work indoors. There work for the doctors. The signs of the are too many white blood corpuscles and times point to an enormous increase in not enough red blood corpuscles in such intelligent public interest in health. A cases, and there is often a peculiar sound new generation with purer, stronger heard in the heart, called a murmur, in blood and therefore more active, braver cases of anemia. This heart murmur is brains and body. No physically robust, caused by the thinness of the blood healthy person ever succumbed to grip, passing through the heart, where nor-consumption, malaria or any other germ mally a much thicker fluid should pass.

regains its natural consistency and rich ness. It is not heart disease. Some-times people suffer intense pain over the heart, which is not heart disease, but caused by the stomach. It is the occa-sion of much anxiety, alarm and suffer-ing, for which its victim is dependent upon reflex disturbances from the stom-ach caused by indigestion. In the same way many bad coughs are dependent upon these reflex disturbances of what

is called the pneumogastric nerve.

There can be no question that the common-sense way of treating all these symptoms is first to cast out the poisons from the system by a simple vegetable laxative such as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. These are made from botanical extracts, in concentrated form. To enrich extracts, in concentrated form. To enrich the blood and increase the red corpus-cles, Dr. Pierce years ago demonstrated in his large practice that there was a wegetable compound that would quickly cure the bad symptoms enumerated above by increasing the red blood cor-puscles and thereby feeding the nerves on rich blood and thus doing away with the nervous irritability. This "Medical the nervous irritability. This "Medical Discovery" also acts upon the digestion and assimilation of food in the stomach, so that the blood gets its proper food in the stomach. Feed the lungs, stomach and heart on rich red blood and you have surely a healthy body which will have surely a healthy body which will throw off the germs of disease which lurk everywhere. Get as near nature's way as you can. A medicine made entirely from botanical extracts and which does not contain alcohol is the safest method. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery contains no alcohol nor par-

\$1,000 FORFEIT

Will be paid by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y., if they cannot show the original signature of the individual volunteering the testimonial below, and also of the writers of every testimonial among the thousands which they are constantly publishing, thus proving their requirements. genuineness

genuineness.

"This is to certify that I have used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and think it's the grandest medicine in the world," writes Mrs. V. M. Young, of Weir, West Va. "I took down sick six months ago and called in our physician and he gave me medicine but I grew worse. He said I had dyspepsia in its worst form. I decided to try your medicine and began to improve. I used five bottles, two of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and three of 'Favorite Prescription,' and now I am doing my own housework. A number of my lady friends also are using Dr. Pierce's medicine and they recommend it highly. May God bless and prosper you in your grand work."

Sick people are invited to consult Dr.

Sick people are invited to consult Dr.
R. V. Pierce by letter, free. All correspondence is held as strictly private
and sacredly confidential. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate

LAW TO PROTECT GAME

NEXT CONGRESS WILL BE ASKED TO CREATE RESERVES.

Bill Proposed in Recent Session Condemned by Western Members as Invasion of State Rights.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 6.—One of the measures that are sure to come before the next Congress by reason of the failure of the recent Congress to act will be that proposing to create game preserves in the Western States. Had an earnest effort been made early in the recent Congress to frame a practical law for this purpose, there exists have been final legislation because the control of the co there might have been final legislation be now, but it was not until late in the nd session that a bill was introduced, and without due" consideration rushed through the Senate, only to be held up in the House. This bill, as heretofore told in these dispatches, authorized the Presi-dent to set aside in each Western state a game preserve embracing the whole or a part of a forest reserve and within those limits absolutely prohibiting all kill-ing of fish, game or birds. ' Naturally such a bill was opposed by

Western members. The opposition was headed by Representative Mondell, of Wyoming, who prepared the adverse re-port of the minority. In his report Mr. Mondell referred to the bill as the "most revolutionary and radical legislation which has yet been presented to this Congress." He went on to show that under its pro-visions the entire Cascade forest reserve visions the entire Cascade forest reserve in Oregon could be designated as a game preserve, and all pursuit of game of any kind, and all fishing in the numberless magnificent mountain streams of the region, be thus prohibited. The same would be true of the Washington reserve in the adjoining state. These game preserves, he said, would become, in many respects, Federal districts, at whose borders state legislation touching one of the ders state legislation touching one of the unquestioned subjects of state sovereignty would be nullified and become ineffectual. "It would be difficult to conceive a measure which more contemptuously ignores and insolently disregards the rights of the people of the states," said he, "Con-gress is not justified in depriving the peo-ple of the privileges and rights inherent Children like Piso's Cure. It is pleasant to in their sovereignty in repealing, by indiake and cures their coughs. At droggasts', 25c rection, the game laws of the states. The

people of the West spend many thousands of dollars annually in the payment of bounties for the killing of predatory wild animals, in order to protect their flocks and herds, yet under this bill these vicious animals, along with all others, would be protected, only to become a terror and a lot of apples to Vladivo-stok. They will cost \$2.55 to \$2.50 landed in Siberia, which is very little more than protected, only to become a terror and a menace to the families, the flocks and herds of the people of the surrounding regions." He characterized the bill as a 'fad of a few visionary enthusiasts. Mr. Mondell contends that the Western

States are fully capable of formulating and enforcing proper game laws, without Federal interference. Representative Jones, of Washington, oncurs generally in the arguments of epresentative Mondell, but adds: "I am heartily in favor of a reasonable

proving that which is set out in the mi-nority report, I cannot bring myself to support this bill. It relates to a subject that can safely be left to the various State Legislatures, the members of which are most familiar with the least of the can be considered in the can be considered in the can be considered. In the case of the can be considered in the case of t are most familiar with the local needs and

"Under existing law and the power co ferred by this bill, a game preserve could ferred by this bill, a game preserve could be created running entirely across my state and including within its limits much of the mining territory. The miner or prospector catching a fish or killing a grouse or a deer to stay the pangs of hunger would be liable under this bill to be indicted in the United States courts and numbed by a heavy fine and imprisand punished by a heavy fine and impris onment. He would not even have the right to be tried before his home courts and home juries. This is not right. It is not fair. It is not just.

"In my state stringent game laws have been passed. They are being enforced. If needed, more stringent ones can and will be passed. If necessary or desirable, hunting and fishing can and will be pro bibited in prescribed sections for a long or short period. This has been done in my state, and the legality of the law has never been questioned. "If this bill should pass, hunting and

fishing on private or state lards within any established reserve would still be per-missible, subject to state laws. This would lead to strife and confusion. If those who are urging this legislation will call on the various State Legislatures they will have no trouble in securing such legislation as is needed and desirable. The rights and needs of the miner and hardy pioneer will be regarded as well as the desires and pleasures of the wealthy

Oregon Products for Orient. Cheap rates between Portland and the

Orient will soon enable Portland mer-chants to build up a trade in Oregon prod-ucts with the East. A Front-street firm has intely shipped a lot of potatoes to Shanghai and a lot of apples to Viadivo-stok. They will cost \$2.25 to \$2.50 landed in Stheria, which is very little more than the people of Portland have to pay for them. A demand for Oregon potatoes in them. A demand for Oregon potatoes in Shanghai may lead to a trade in them the magnitude of which no one can fore-see. The same firm has been shipping butter in two-pound tins to Japan for the past two years. Orders have lately been past two years. The past is the past two years of the past is the

MADISON, Wis., March &-In the As-sembly today the bill providing for the taxation of railroad companies on the ad alorem basis was passed by unanimous ote without a word of debate.

Sore Throat

Quinsy, Laryngitis, Tonsillitis and all throat troubles quickly relieved and

Endorsed and recommended by leading physicians everywhere. It cures by killing the germs, without injury to the patient. Nature then promptly repairs the damage. Sold by leading druggists 25 cents a trial bottle. If not at yours, sent prepaid on receipt of 25 cents,

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Risked Life on Operating Table Then Rescued by WINE OF CARDUL.

MISS CAROLINE TAYLOR, 5649 Cottage Grove Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. CHICAGO, ILL., October 3, 1902. CHICAGO, ILL., October 3, 1902.

I suffered with ovarian troubles for nearly five years before I really knew what troubled me. By that time I was so ill and weak that I never expected to recover. I underwent a painful and very expensive operation, spending nine months at the bospital, but making up my mind I would suffer any pain to get back my health. When I was finally brought home I still felt weak, but the doctor said I would have my usual strength in a couple of weeks. At the end of ten months I found that I was no better and then decided that I had enough of the doctors and would try something else. As several of my friends had used Wine of Cardui and had spoken very highly of it I decided to try it. At first I felt no change and began to get discouraged, but after using three bottles I felt somewhat better and so kept on. In two months I was much stronger and in a short time I was restored to my usual health and strength.

I have since recommended Wine of Cardui to doze.

I have since recommended Wine of Cardui to dozens of women who were in need of medicine and all are
enthusiastic in its praise. You have my best wishes and
hearty thanks for what you have done for me.

Rec. See'y, Matual Social Science Club. Rec. Sec'y, Mutual Social Science Club.

Wine of Cardui has saved thousands of women from the dangers of the operating table. And it would have saved
Miss Taylor all her money and suffering had she gone to Wine of Cardui for relief before she had her unhappy experience
with the doctor. To "have an operation" has become a common expression today. But a woman wants health badly
when she submits to an operation and it is sad indeed to see how many are disappointed after going through the pain and danger. You need not submit to bearing down and ovarian pains nor suffer the weakening drains of female troubles when such a
remedy as Wine of Cardui, is offered you. The most successfully conducted operation seldom brings permanent cure while Wine
of Cardui cures mineteen out of every twenty cases. Be guided by Miss Taylor's experience. She shows you that for every sufferoman there is a cure can be taken in the privacy of home for menstrual disorders, bearing down pains, nervousness, ovarian pains
I the troubles that attack women from youth toold age. This great remedy can be secured from any druggist at \$1.00 a bottle and
in your home. Secure a bottle of Wine of Cardui today. woman there is a cure can be taken in the privacy of home to deall the troubles that attack women from youth toold age. This ken in your home. Secure a bottle of Wine of Cardui today.

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