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PORTLAND, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1903

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Senators Waste Time on Recrimination.

ALDRICH BILL IS KILLED

Its Author Says Statehood Men Murdered It.

THEY FLING BACK REPROACH

Lecuse Him of Murdering Statehood-Vain Attempt to Pass Philippine Tariff Bill-Last Appropriation Bills Passed.

The Senate spent the greater part of the last day of the session in recrimi-nations on the subject of fillbustering between the friends and enemies of the statehood and Aldrich financial bills,

The Aldrich bill was up early in the day, and Aldrich accused its enemies of murdering it.

The Philippine tariff bill was then taken up, and, after a few amend-ments had been made, was smothered under the statehood bill, which Quay offered as an amendment.

The conference reports on the last of the appropriation bills were adopted, and the Senate evidently despaired of

WASHINGTON, March 4.- The final defeat of the Aldrich financial bill was witnessed in the Senate yesterday, when it was displaced by the Philippine tariff bill. Aldrich explained in detail his measure, and said that a small number of men in the Senate had deliberately, with malice aforethought, murdered it.

One of the features of the session was the fact that for the first time in two years Delaware was represented in the Senate. J. Frank Allee and L. Heister Ball, elected for the long and short terms respectively, appeared in the Senate and were sworn in by President pro tem. Frye. Sesides the two years that Delaware had been totally unrepresented in the Senate there were two years previous to that time when there was a vacancy in one of the seats. The Senate, for the first time in four years, has its full membership

In the course of the debate today Elkins declared that the Republican party had been false to its solemn pledges in three successive platforms with respect to statehood for Arizona, Oklahoma and New Mexico, and he said that it was the first time that party had been guilty of fillbustering. He declared that upon the Republican majority rested the responsibility for the defeat of several important measures in the Senate.

The Philippine tariff bill was taken up and amended in some particulars, but this moment," Quay drove the last nall into its coffin by offering the statehood bill as an amendment, and insisting that it be read in its entirety. He afterward withdrew it, predicting that next session four states would be knocking for admission.

The Senate finally disposed of the appropriation bills by adopting the conference reports on the naval and general deficiency bills.

The conference report on the sundry civil bill was agreed to. Hoar called up the conference report on

the bill to protect the President.

Bacon (Ga.) declared that the alleged onference report is a bill, which with the exception of one single sentence had never been read in the Senate. The bill is far-reaching in its character and absolutely subversive of the fundamental prin- tended. ciples upon which the Government is

Replying Hoar insisted that the conference report was the Senate bill in its entirety, with the exception of the matter pertaining to anarchiets.

Bacon criticised the provisions of the bill, saying that it discriminated in the matter of the gravity of a crime committed against an officer and an individual. Platt (Conn.) interrupted with the statement that while the recognized the right and duty of the Government to protect every citizen, there was an additional duty on the part of the Government to protect its officers, that being protection of the Government itself.

o'clock the unfinished businessthe Aldrich bill-was laid before the Senate. Replying to a question by Teller, Aldrich said it was not his purpose to keep the financial bill before the Senate at any great length or for the purpose of preventing the disposal of other business 'After the notice served last night," be nid, "I am satisfied this bill cannot pass

Quay's Last Appeal.

Quay rese and said that in all humility of spirit he effered a proposition which, he said, would clarify the situation. He asked unanimous consent that at 2 o'clock a vote be taken on five propositions before the Senate-naming the omnibus asked unanimous consent that at 2 o'clock fore the Senate-naming the omnibus statehood bill, the Aldrich bill, the conference report on the bill to protect the President, the Philippine turiff bill and ing bill.

Foraker said he took advantage of the opportunity to say that it would be lit-tle short of a public calcastic to the short of a public calcastic to the bill. ate adjourned without passing some of these measures. "I hope," said he. "that of the present Senate had been put in the Senate will in the early future adopt a humiliating position. He referred to the use of the word "bunco" by Tiliman, and said that hereafter, when anybody On an aye and no vote the Senate refused to take up the pure-food bill. 28 to

22. The Aldrich bill then was taken up, and Aldrich took the floor. He had, he said, been greatly surprised at the atti-tude of certain Democratic Senators. The National banking system, he declared, is beyond the power of the Senator from Arkansas and the Senator from Kentucky to destroy. It exists by the grace of the party they represent. Facing the Demo-

crats, Aldrich said: "We have appealed to you in a bust-ness-like way to give to the Treasury a chance to stop the process of contrac-tion, to provide what is equivalent to a means of expansion, when it is impera tively needed by the business of the country, and yet you say, 'No, we will talk your bill to death for political effect." A small lot of men, he said, had deliberatewith malice aforethought, murdered ly, with

Teller followed in continuation of his remarks begun Saturday, but yielded in order to permit the two new Senators from Delaware-J. Frank Alice and L. Heister Ball-to be sworn in. Amid loud applause from the occupants of the galleries, many of whom, including J. Edward Addicks, came from Delaware espe cially for this occasion, Ball was escorted to the desk by Aldrich, while Allee was accompanied by Hanna. The usual oath was administered, and the two Senators were conducted to their seats.

Lodge expressed his anxiety to have the Philippine tariff bill disposed of at this session. Teller stated that there was no more possibility of passing it than there is of passing the Aldrich bill.

Aldrich Under Hot Fire.

Teller then replied to Aldrich's charge that the Democrats had fillbustered away his bill, and said that the Senate had istened to the dreary readings and dreary speeches made against statehood with no pretense that they were for the purpose of enlightening the Senate. If cloture had existed, he said, there would have been three new states.

"You have belied your platforms," said he, facing the Republican side, "and belled your professions."

He said the statehood advocates finally were compelled, in the interests of the public, to surrender to the minority. He declared the Republicans were afraid of the Democratic party in the West. man was a fool, he said, who had sat in the Senate and did not know it, and it is a coward who, knowing it, is not willing to declare it. "You are afraid of that power," he said. Teller concluded his remarks by pleading for ac-

tion regarding the trusts. Lodge then moved to take up the Philippine tariff bill, which was agreed to, displacing the Aldrich financial bill.

Elkins then spoke on the Aldrich bill and said that it was a calamity that the bill had been defeated. He said Republican party was responsible for the condition of affairs in the Senate. For weeks a majority of the Senate been kept from voting on the statehood bill. The Aldrich bill, he said, the Philippines bill and the treaties had been defeated by the fillbuster against the statehood bill. He referred to the activity of Senator Aldrich in his effort to accomplish the defeat of the statehood bill, and said that while doing so he (Aldrich) was digging the grave of the currency legislation and other important measures. Every time a spadeful of earth was thrown on the statehood bill there was one put on the Aldrich bill,

"This is the first time," said Elkins, "in the history of the Republican party He said he was not ashamed to be in the camp of the Democrats when they

were for so just a measure as the state hood bill. "The minority opposing statehood in this Senate," he declared, "Is responsible for all these failures and these disasters that are overtaking us and causing us so many regretful tears at

No Hope for Philippines.

Lodge followed with an explanation of his bill and said that it simply provides for further reduction of the duties on Philippines products coming into this Clay, after Lodge had plained the reduction of duties provided by the bill, announced that he would

Patterson (Colo.) opposed the bill, saying he objected to being either run by a trust or by any combination of speculators under the plea of humanity. Bacon (Ga.) said that, even if he shared the apprehensions of Patterson with regard to the threatened competition of sugar and tobacco, he still would say that now is the time when the hand of relief to a desolate people should be ex-

Foraker said he would rejoice if the Philippines would produce 5,000,000 tons of sugar. It would be a sad miscarriage of this Government's duty toward islands if it so legislated as to make it impossible for a country of such capacity to have no prosperity at all. At 5:20 o'clock, on motion of Lodge, the Senate went into executive session.

The doors were reopened at 5:45 and the Hawaiian ditch bill was passed. The House bill was passed to ef-fectuate the provisions of the additional act of the international convention for the protection of industrial property. It amends the application of the patent laws, so as to make the practice in the United States conform to that of the in

ernational convention.
At 5 o'clock a recess was taken until

8 o'clock.

When the Senate reconvened at 5 o'clock Patterson made the point of no quorum. After a walt of 10 minutes a quorum appeared. The bill providing for the appointment of three Commissioners from Porto Rico was taken up and amended so as to require the Commission to report to Congress instead of the President and as amended the bill was passed. The bill provides for a report upon the lands claimed by the Catholic church in the Island.

ter (La.)

Fairbunks then presented the conference report on the omnibus public build-

He Will Control Washington Patronage.

WILSON'S DAYS ARE OVER

Postmaster Stewart, of Seattle, Will Go First.

HE MAY STRUGGLE TO HOLD ON

Humphrey Favors His Reappointment, but Ankeny Objects, and Nominee Must Have His Support.

Senator Ankeny will have the most to say about Federal appointments in hington, and no more Wilson men will be named.

One of the first to go will be Post-master Stewart, of Seattle, who is a candidate for reappointment. Rep-sentative-elect Humphrey supports hi but Ankeny opposes him, and Hum-phrey will have to find a candidate ac-ceptable to Ankeny.

Senator Mitchell has overexerted himself and had a relapse. His doctor has ordered him back to hed.

The bill for the protection of the President from assault was talked to death in the Senate. The Senate has had to yield to the House on the size of new battleships, the President declaring in favor of the

House bill for big ships.

The appointment of new land officers at The Dalles was confirmed yesterday ing site at Baker City has finally

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OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washngton, March 1 .- As soon as Senator Ankeny is sworn in there will be a revival of the struggle in the Washington dele gation for the control of the Federal patronage of the state. The more important offices were filled last session, but whatever vacancies hereafter occur will be largely controlled by the two Sen-

One thing is already assured-there will be no more Wilson men appointed to Presidential offices. It is learned today on the best authority that Ankeny will master Stewart at Seattle. Stewart was today, but did not take office until late expired at the time of Stewart's appointment.

Representative Humphrey, of Seattle, favors the reappointment of Stewart, who desires to succeed himself, but has been nformed that he will have to select another man or his recommendation will come to naught. There will be a disposition to allow Humphrey to name Stewart's successor, but he must choose man satisfactory to Ankeny. The new Senator has no choice for this office at this time, and has no desire to press the issue until Stewart's term draws near a

There has been no determination as yet to what extent Senator Foster will control future patronage in the state, but the fact

ession will tend to throw the bulk of new patronage to Ankeny. NO PROTECTION TO PRESIDENT.

Punishment of Assassins. OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash ington, March 3 .- When the 57th Congress assembled it was a few months after the assassination of President McKinley, and the whole country was anxious for legislation which would tend to protect the President and which would severely pun ish those who were implicated in any plot that resulted in such fearful crimes as have occurred three times in the National history. Many bills were introduced, several of them very drastic and others of a lder nature. One measure passed the House and another passed the Senate, and finally an agreement was reached which

ment of the two judiciary committees of Congress. Unfortunately there has been a great deal of delay concerning this bill, and the conference report was not presented until a very short time ago, and, although agreed to in the House, it has been held up in the Senate owing to the pressur-

brought the conferees of the two houses together upon a bill that embodied the wishes of the people and the best judg-

of other public business. Today Senator Hoar made an earnest effort to get it considered and adopted, but he had notice served upon him that the conference report would be talked to death and that the bill could not become a law at this session.

Bacon of Georgia, who was the prin cipal opponent of the measure, began a long dissertation on the subject, and it was Senator Teller who, desiring to talk on other matters, frankly told Senator Hoar that the opponents on the Democratic side would certainly deteat the measure.

Thus a whole Congress has passed which ssembled under the shadow of the death McKinley by an assassin's hand, and in spite of the general de-sire upon the part of the people there been no legislation which would in any way protect the President from assaults of this kind. Perhaps the bill which was defeated today was not all that it should be, but it never would have been used for any bad purpose, and the technical objections of Bacon and his fellow-Democrats will no doubt make anarchists feel more secure, at least until another Congress can legislate.

MITCHELL BREAKS DOWN AGAIN. Relapse Due to Overexertion Sends

Him Back to Bed. OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 3 .- Senator Mitchell, as was feared some time ago, is apparently overtaxing his strength in his endeavors to dispose of a great mass of correspondence that has accumulated during his six weeks illness. He did not appear in the Senate until a late hour today, when he escorted Senator Fulton. He went out against the protest of his nurse, who is with him constantly. The Senator's temperature today went up to 102, and he felt his lack of strength as he attempted to get about. Endeavors have been made to induce him to refrain from work until he is stronger, but the pressure upon him from his constituents continues, and he dislikes to leave the work undone

Immediately after escorting Mr. Fulton not consent to the reappointment of Post- to the Senate this afternoon Senator guards were not vigilant, and declared Mitchell returned to his hotel and went to his belief that he could safely scale the Him condition is not regarded as serious, but tentions to the guard inside the today, but did not take office until late merely a result of overexertion. The de-in the Summer of 1889, as the four years' livery of his culogy on Representative Sunday, he went around to the north side. term of the previous Postmaster had not Tongue last Sunday affected him more of the enclosure, put a ledder against the than was apparent at the time, and yesterday he visited several of the departments, tiring himself by the effort. If He went all through the shops and the possible, his doctor will restrain him from further exertion until he recovers his

PRESIDET'S HEAVY HAND.

Forces Senate to Yield on Size of New Entileships.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 1.—The sharp disagreement between the conferees of the Senate and House over the naval programme today brought down the heavy hand of the Pres. ident upon the Senate, which was standing out for smaller battleships and against (Concluded on Fifth Page.)

Democrats Talk to Death Bill for

Warden of Penitentiary Climbs In and Out

GUARDS FAIL TO SEE HIM

The Governor Then Demands Their Resignation.

M'PHERSON DOES THE TRICK

He Scales the Brick Inclosure Where Tracy and Merrill Escaped Last Summer-Daring Deed Done at Risk of Life.

Second Warden E. A. McPherson climbed the penitentiary wall at Salem Sunday night, went through the shops, and climbed out again.

This was done to test the vigilance of Guards J. E. Hammersly and D. J. Ferree, who, on the charge of neglect of duty, were asked yesterday by Gov-ernor Chamberlain to hand in their

resignations.

It is quite certain now that the rifles
by which Tracy and Merrill made
their escape last Summer were taken
into the prison shops after night in this McPherson's feat was done at the risk of his life. Had he been discovered, he would very probably have been

SALEM Or. March 3 .- (Special.)-In order to test the vigilance of the night guards on the prison wall, Second Warden E. A. McPherson last Sunday night climbed over the wall, went through the shops and climbed out again. He scaled the wall at the place where Tracy and

Merrill crossed it last Summer, This fest on the part of the second warden was accomplished at the risk of his life for if he had been discovered by one of the guards he would very probably have been instantly shot. As a result of this, test Governor Chamberlain today asked for the resignation of the two wall guards, T. E. Hammersly and D. J. Ferree, on the ground that they had neglected their duty, to the serious peril of the safety of the prison.

McPherson is the new second appointed about a month ago. believed for several days that the wall wall, climbed up, and then transferred his ladder and climbed down the other side, yard, and then climbed back on the wall, He went into one of the guardhouses and took the guard's hat and overcost, and then left the wall and went back to the office. Here he locked up the clothing he had taken, and on Monday morning re-(Concluded on Fifth Page)

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REAR-ADMIRAL CROWNINSHIELD



WHO HAS RESIGNED FROM THE NAVY.