LIKE LION AND LAMB

Home Ruler and Tory Agree on Irish Question.

THE DEBATE ON LAND REFORM

All Parties Payor Adoption of Purchase Scheme-Compliments Exchanged Where Abuse Formerly Was in Vogue.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The Irish leader, John Redmond, in the House of Commons today, moved an amendment to the ad-dress in reply to the speach from the throne on the subject of the Irish land question. Mr. Redmond's speech was most conciliatory. He said the amend-ment was not intended as a hostile demconstration against the government, but as "friendly warning" to the Ministers that he and his friends believed the government was engaged in framing a great measure of justice and appeasement for Ireland, which, in the words of the king's speech, would "complete the aboli-tion of the dual ownership of land." All he wanted was an assurance from

the Chief Secretary for Ireland that the government' would engage in an honest attempt to solve the problem on the lines suggested by the report of the recent land conference, which the speaker added offered an unexampled opportunity to end the agrarian troubles and conflicts be-tween classes in Ireland. Mr. Redmond pointed out that the compromise proposed in the conference report was impossible without state aid and warned the government that if there was any attempt by the juggling of figures to make the tenant bear the whole burden of the transferance of land, it would be vigorously opposed and the whole scheme would be ruined. The state, he asserted, must supply the difference between the amount the ten-

ants could afford to pay and that which the landlord could afford to take.

Mr. Wyndham, in replying, declined to commit himself to any wholesale official approval of the land conference report. which he said avoided or skirted many considerations which must be taken into account. The value of the work of the however, could hardly be estimated. It showed that a majority of the evening on the steamer Norman for landlords and tenants desired and were southampton. Immense crowde gathered ready to make concessions. The Secretary at the docks and gave the Colonial Secretary. tary concluded by expressing the hope tary an enthusiastic send off. Quantities that the spirit of good sense and good of baskets of flowers and bouquets were will animating the report would be emu-lated by the House in its consideration of the forthcoming measure, which would make it possible for Ireland to lay the social foundations upon which it was alone possible to rear the fabric of healthy national life.

Although John Redmond failed to draw-the Chief Secretary for Ireland, Mr. Wyndham, into a revelation of the contents of the coming Irish land bill, his amendment provoked quite a remarkable debate. Seldom in the history of the Irish question has such a conciliatory spirit been displayed on all sides. The only disappointing aspect, from the point of view of the Nationalists, was the ominous siof the Nationalists, was the ominous si-lence of the members of the Unionist party, who seemed apprehensive regard-ing the heavy demands on the nation's when the bill is introduced a fort-

For the present, however, the old animosities seem to have disappeared. John Redmond and Mr. Wyndham exchanged almost flattering complianats, Colonel Saunderson, the member from North Armagh, confessed that he was wrong in disbelleving in the landlord and tenant confessee. Tw. Russell expressed that T. W. Russell expressed the

John Morley, the former Chief Secretary for Ireland, rose to speak during the hurof cheers which marked the close of Mr. Wyndham's speech. Mr. Worley began by declaring that nothing like the present situation had happened since Strongbow landed in Ireland. The demand was no longer to get rid of the landlords. but that provision should be made to enable them to remain on their estates. He was greatly pleased with the tone and temper now prevailing in Ireland and with the speech of the Chief Secretary for Ire-land. He said that the difficulty of the question lies in its financial aspects, and he estimated that the Dunraven land purchase scheme would involve a free grant of \$110,000,000 and a loan of \$500,000,000, but, he continued, if the matter was proceeded with in a cautious manner, it would not necessary to spend the whole sum at

Sir Edward Grey, the former Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs; Mr. Haldane and others urged the government not to be niggardly in the matter.
Mr. Redmond eventually ond eventually withdrew his

Mr. Price, Liberal, moved an amend-ment to the address providing for the re-peal of the law excluding Canadian store

cattle from British markets.

The debate on Mr. Price's amendment occupied the night session. Mr. Hanbury, president of the Board of Agriculture, opposed the amendment on the ground that it would be a dangerous precedent to admit Canadian cattle, thus giving them preference over others. He said he was anxious to meet the wishes of the colonies, but that 90 per cent of the farmers in Great Britain were opposed to the admis-sion of Canadian store cattle, and nothing would induce him to abate a particle of the present act. The amendment was re-jected by 196 votes to 38.

Love Feast Causes Comment. LONDON, Feb. 35 .- All this morning's LONDON, Feb. 5.—All this morning's papers dwell in their editorials on the remarkable fact that the Irish debate in the House of Commons passed off without a single harsh expression. Such an occurrence is regarded as memorable in the annals of Parliament, and the hope is expressed that the present may prove a momentous epoch in the relations of Great Britain and Ireland. At the same time it is thought that the Irish land purchase bill, though ushered in in such an unusually peaceful manner, is likely to have a stormy career.

TO PREVENT RAILROAD STRIKES. Dutch Government Proposes Laws to Adjust Labor Troubles.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 25.—Premier Kuy-per introduced in the second chamber of the States-General today three bills in connection with the recent railroad strike. He explained that the government considered it necessary to oppose any un-reasonable attack on societies which would sacrifice the well-being of the peo-

would sacrifice the well-being of the peo-ple to the desire of a certain class for influence and to political tyranny.

The government therefore proposed to form a railroad brigade, to insure a regu-lar service of trains in case of need. The just complaints of railroad employes would be adjusted by a royal commis-sion which would be intrusted later with the settlement of the situation from a the settlement of the situation from a legal standpoint, as well as regarding the conditions of service of the employes. It would also have to decide what constituted criminal acts.

The government did not desire to be recently and a service of the service.

ary. It only aimed at effecting

SHUT OUT EMBALMED MEAT. German Urges Measure, but Minister

BERLIN, Feb. E.—In the Reichstag to-tay Herr Oertel, editor of the Deutsche Pages Zeitung, urged the government to

enforce with the utmost stringency the regulations against meat treated with

borax, especially against meat so treated in the United States. Home Secretary von Posadowski-Wehn-er remarked that the American House of Representatives had passed a bill pro-hibiting the export of, import of or international trade in adulterated food or foods treated with unwholesome ingredients. A motion to except borax from this prohibition had been voted down in that House The Secretary added that the government was determined strictly to enforce regulations until borax was proved to be injurious by indisputable scientific author

DIFFERS WITH THE EMPEROR. German Theologian Discusses Doc-

trine of Divinity of Christ. BERLIN, Feb. 25.-Dr. Harnack, the foremost liberal theologian of Germany, discussing Emperor William's recent let-ter to Admiral Hollman, councillor of the German Oriental Society, which was an outcome of the Emperor's attending Pro-fessor Delitsch's lecture on the Babylonian origin of the Bible, says:

"It is a personal confession of the Em-peror's faith, and is in no way a com-mand. Therefore, silence cannot be ob-While agreeing with the Emperor that

religion needs forms, Dr. Harnack differs with his views in regard to the revelation of the divinity of Christ, and contends that Protestantism recognizes the revela-tion in persons alone. Revelation in things is no longer admitted. The thinksumes. Religious conceptions of history must be uniform, and any judgment con-fusing Christ with other masters must be rejected.

Yet the correctness of the formula "Divinity of Christ." the doctor maintains, must be questioned. Christ never used it, nor did the primitive church, without qualifications, speaking of divinity and humanity. Divine humanity is, therefore, the preferable formula. Christ never conscaled that he was Lord and Savior, but cealed that he was Lord and Savior, but he never revealed the secret of his rela-tion to his Father. Even the formula di-vine humanity in Christ is, therefore, open to objection, as it encroaches upon a secret which cannot be penetrated. Dr. Harnack predicts that the time is coming when all Protestant denominations and Catholica also will join in a simple recognition of Christ as Lord and a de-

CHAMBERLAIN STARTS HOME. Has Given South Africa Unwonted

Feeling of Security. CAPE TOWN, Feb. 25.-Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain embarked at 7 o'clock this evening on the steamer Norman for Southampton. Immense crowde gathered

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.-The Cape Town correspondent of the Morning Post tele-graphs in reference to Mr. Chamberlain's our that the feeling of security in Cape Colony is greater than it has been at any time since the Jameson raid.

Chorus of Praise in London. LONDON, Feb. 25.—The papers this morning shower a chorus of praise upon Mr. Chamberlain on the conclusion of his South African mission. It is admitted that the Colonial Secretary has had greater success than could have been antici-pated by the most optimistic and his suc-cess will undoubtedly assure him on his return to England an enthusiastic welcome and an unprecedented display of appre-

King Leopold Coming to America. BRUSSELS, Feb. 25.—The rumor which was current last Fall that King Leopold will visit the United States is revived today in the Etolle Beige, which says that the King will go to America for the Easter holidays.

LONDON, Feb. 25.-The correspondent of the Daily Mail announces that a group of English, Italian and Brazilian capitalists is forming a trust with a view to creating a monopoly of the Brazilian cof-

BERLIN, Feb. 25.—Germany's pig-iron production for January was 782,484 tons, seating that of December by 28,489 tons, though December broke all previous rec-

PERSONAL MENTION.

Oliver Byaly, of Ostrander, Wash., is registered at the St. Charles.

J. T. Ross and C. A. Fisher, merchants of Astoria, are at the Imperial.

Mayor Gilbert Hunt and Mrs. Hunt, of Walla Walla, are guests at the Imperial. A. J. Anderson, of Sidney, who is en coute to Alaska with a band of horses, is

a guest of the St. Charles.

J. H. Booth, attorney, of Roseburg, and
Senator R. A. Booth, of Eugene, are at
the Imperial. The former is here to receive medical treatment for his eyes. Hon. O. H. Budd, of New York, with his wife, sister of Judge Oliver H. Woodward, and two daughters are visiting at the resi-dence of Judge Woodward, 206 Nineteenth street North.

J. D. Perry, who has been general foreman for the Portland General Electric Company for the past several years, intends to quit the electric business and accept a better position as a traveling salesman for Whittier Company. San Francisco. He leaves on the 27th of this month for San Francisco, and from there

said George S. Brackett, of Boston, who came from Boston to accept a position with the Portland General Electric Company, "Boston is noted for its pincenez glasses, while you could safely say that Portland is noted for its mudguards on the bicycles. The scheme is unique, to say the least. In other cities you will see bicycle-rivers with bits of narrow boards temporarily fastened to their ma-chines to protect them from the flying mud, but Portland is the first city I have been in where the mudguard is used as a necessity, and is made of a rubber cloth. There may be other cities where this sort of shield is used, but I think Portland riders are the first to reduce it to a

NEW YORK, Feb. 25 .- (Special.)-North-

York hotels today as follows:
From Portland—Mrs. B. J. Carleton, at the Imperial; C. Heilig, at the Waldorf.
From Tacoms—Mrs. B. Felton, at the Everett; H. A. Rogers, at the Astor.
From Seattle—J. H. O'Neill, at the Cosmopolitan; J. W. Kelly and wife, at the Victoria.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—(Special.)—North-western people were registered at New York hotels today as follows: From Portland-E. J. Diven, at the St.

From Seattle-E. Rosenthal, at the

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. E.—Composer Mascigni was banqueted tonight at the Palace Hotel by the Italian Chamber of Commerce. He expressed his appreciation of the enthusiastic greeting San Fran-cisco has given him.

Cathartic or purgative pills do more harm than good. Carter's Little Liver Pills do only good, but a large amount of that. Only one pill a dose.

ERUPTION OF COLIMA CAUSES PANIC IN MANY CITIES.

People Flee From Its Fury, and Earthquakes Increase Alarm-Tidal Wave Feared.

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.-The military and region of the Colima volcano, giving accounts of the terrorism that prevails among the people on account of the active eruption of that volcano, says a distowns situated near the volcano, the aspect of the eruption is gaining constantly. The people are fleeing from the stricken region, and their terror is intensified by the severe earth tremblings which have taken place at frequent intervals since the eruption began.

The seismic disturbances have been severe as to destroy a number of buildings at Tuxpam and in the City of Colima. It is reported that towns more remotely ing mind cannot possibly content itself situated also have suffered severe damage with two kinds of revelation running parallel with each other, as the Emperor asof life. The people are flocking into Manganillo and more distant points by hun-

A tidal wave is feared at Manzanillo should the seismic disturbances continue. There are many thriving villages situated close to the base of Mount Colima, and all these are being deserted rapidly.

Construction work on the Manzanilla branch of the Mexican Central Railroad has been suspended on account of the eruptions and earthquakes. This line is buit to Tuxpam, within a few miles of the volcano, and a force of men was building tunnels on the unfinished portion of the line. It is stated that the earthquake shocks have done much damage to these tunnels.

A party of Mexican Central directors, accompanied by President A. A. Robinson, is making an inspection trip over this extension, and it is reported that the ywere a tTuxpam when the most violent eruptions of the volcano took place. Nothing has been heard here from the party, but no uneasiness as to the safety of the members is felt.

GERMAN MERCHANTS COOL Ask Government to Bear Cost, See ing No Hope of Trade.

BERLIN, Feb. 25.-The Government is ssisting Dr. Lewald, the Commissioner of Germany at the St. Louis Exposition, in every way in his efforts to stimulate interest in the fair. The Kreuz Zeltung, alluding to the apathy of the govern ment in supporting the exposition, says this is accounted for by political reasons, and relates an incident which occurred at the meeting of the managers of the municipalities exposition projected to take place at Dresden in 1904. Dr. Lewald on that occasion made a speech during which he recommended the ample representation of the large German cities at St. Louis. and the Chief Burgomaster at Dresden, Herr Beuttler, said that as it was part of the foreign policy of the empire to make a good exhibit, the imperial treas-ury ought to bear the cost.

Dr. Lewald finds that the most common

objection to participation in the exposi-tion is that the United States excludes German goods through her tariff and that it is useless to try to establish Ger-Francis Going to Continent.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.-Governor Francis has been in conference with a large corps position now in London, capies the London correspondent of the Tribune. His plans are uncertain, but he will probably go to the Continent after being presented to the King. The art interests of the exhibition are in excellent order under the admirable management of Professor Ives. es the Lon Commissioner Barrett gives an enthusias tic account of the work done in Japan, China, the Philippines and India. Henry Norman will ask Mr. Balfour in the House of Commons today to state what steps the British Government is taking to insure that the United Kingdom will be adequately represented at St. Louis.

BOYCOTT ON COAL.

Miners Attack Maryland and West Virginia Operators' Pocketbooks.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25 .- John Mitchell, president of the United Mineworkers of Amer-ica, has abandoned all hope of organizing the miners of Maryland and West Virbring such strong pressure upon the operators that they will be forced to union ize their own mines in self-defense. T that end a movement was started today in Chicago to protest against the awarding of public contracts to firms handling Maryland coal, and this movement is to apread all over the United States where-ever labor is organized. The Chicago Union Teamsters have entered into a com-

Francisco. He leaves on the 27th of this month for San Francisco, and from there he will travel in Mexico for the Whittier Company. The employes of the Portland General Electric Company have presented Mr. Perry a handsome suit case.

"Every city has its distinctive feature." raid George S. Brackett, of Boston, who came from Boston to accept a position with the Pertiana General Electric Company.

certified copies of all the bids now in the hands of the Council committee tomorrow. These bids will be forwarded John Mitchell, who will return them, marking the firms that deal in the objectionable coal.

ROCK ISLAND HAS CONTROL Adds 'Frisco Line to System, and Will Merge With Santa Fe.

CHICAGO, Feb. 35 .- The Record-Herald tomorrow will say:

It is reported on almost official authority that the Rock Island has secured control of the 'Frisco system, and that the deal is the forerunner of a new and far-reaching community of interests among Western lines. Within one or two months, according to the report, the Rock Island will be given representation on the Santa Fe Beard, and the Santa Fe interests will have an equal representation on the Rock Island board.

Island board.

It is also reported that President Yoakum will be placed in charge of the new
Rock Island system, which will be one of
the largest, if not the largest, system in the world under one management. The acquisition of the 'Frisco would add about 5000 miles to the Rock Island, making it a system of nearly 13,000 miles. Should the Pere Marquette be included the system would be over 14,000 miles

Grand Trunk Forms Alliance. LONDON, Feb. 25.—Shipping circles an-ticipate that the Canadian Pacific Rail-way Company's purchase of the Beaver Line of steamers will shortly be followed

by an arrangement between the Grand Trunk Railroad and the Alian Line, by which the Grand Funk will be better en-abled to compete for business in the ex-pected development of traffic between Great Britain and the far East by way

ALL NATIONS WILL COME. Britain, Belgium and Germany at St. Louis Fair.

LONDON, Feb. 25.-King Edward will send the late Queen Victoria's priceless collection of jubice presents for exhibi-tion at the Louisiana Purchase Exposicivic authorities here received dispatches from a number of points situated in the its success. The King personally and nounced this decision today to D. R. Francis, president of the St. Louis Exnounced this decision today position, who, accompanied by Ambas-sador Chonte, was received in audience tive eruption of that volcano, says a dispatch to the Tribune from Guadalajara, Mexico. According to the reports received here from Tuxpam and other the affection and respect in which the American people always held his mother and as a token of his intimate sympathy with American interests. His Majesty said that he thought nothing probably would be more appreciated by the Amer-ican and Canadian visitors to the St. Louis Exposition than this national memento of Queen Victoria's reign. Mr. Francis, on behalf of the exposition, expressed his thanks to King Edward for the promised exhibit. The King was most cordial in his reception of Mr. Francis.

Mr. Francis was more than satisfied with the King's promises to lend all possible influence toward providing for a full repre-sentation of Great Britain at St. Louis The appointment of a royal commission to this end doubtless will be announced

in a few days.

King Edward received Mr. Francis in his private apartments, where he at once put the visitor at his case by referring to the part the latter had taken in American public life, and asking questions about St. Louis, of which His Majesty's recollection was acute in spite of the lapse of time since he was there. The King has already read a great deal regarding the Exposition, and Mr. Francis found him to be not only an interested listener but an intelligent questioner. In the scope of the German exhibit the King showed particular curlosity. He did not refer to any probability of the Prince of Wales' visiting St. Louis, but assured Mr. Francis that Great Britain would be thoroughly represented.

After the audience with the King. Mr. Francis lunched at the Mansion House with the Lord Mayor. Among others present were: Vice-Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, Sir John White, Sir Frederick Treves, Surgeon-General in Ordinary to the King; Sir Conan Doyle, Captain Piper, Deputy Police Commissioner of New York, and Fleid Marshal Lord Roberts, who came in later, and who told Mr. Francis that he hoped to visit St. Louis when he went to America. present expressed the heartlest for the success of the Exposition. Fair Commissioner Cridler, who is known in London, had an audience with King Leopold of Belgium last week. The King discussed the St. Louis Exposition fully and expressed the most friendly sen-timents for the Government and the people of the United States. Belgium will rect a pavilion and will appropriate \$100, 000 to defray the expenses of its exhibit, In addition to this there is every prospect of King Leopold sending a special exhibit of products of the Congo State as evidence of his appreciation of the fact that the United States was first to recognize the flag of the Congo, which recog-nition, to quote the King, "made the in-dependent State of Congo a possibility."

Hamburg Wants a University.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—A committee com-posed of distinguished personages has been formed at Hamburg with the object of founding a university there. It is reognized that the State of Hamburg is unable to bear the expense, and therefore the committee will appeal to the rich merchants to follow the American exam-ple and perpetuate their names by gifts. It is rumored that the Prussian govern-ment intends to transfer the University of Kiel to Altona, a suburb of Hamburg, though in Prussian territory, in order to make Kiel entirely a naval station. The movement in Hamburg, which is intended City. to forestall Prussia's action.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 25.—The extensive freight depot of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway at Fourteenth and Hickory streets, in the West Bottoms, and about 30 freight cars, with contents. were destroyed by fire early today. The damage is estimated at over \$100,000. Many of the cars were loaded with merchan-

dise, on which it is difficult to estimate Pope Glad Kaiser Is Orthodox. ROME, Feb. 25.—The Rome correspond-ent of the Berliner Tageblatt telegraphs according to a Herald dispatch from Ber-in, that the Kalser's letter to Admira

Holman has been received with much sat-isfaction in the Vatican. A cardinal told the correspondent that "even in biblical regions the Kaiser and the pope have at Miss Roosevelt Going to Porto Rico. SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Feb. 25.-Miss Alice Roosevelt nas written in reply to an invitation from Miss Elizabeth Hunt, daughter of Governor Hunt, saying she

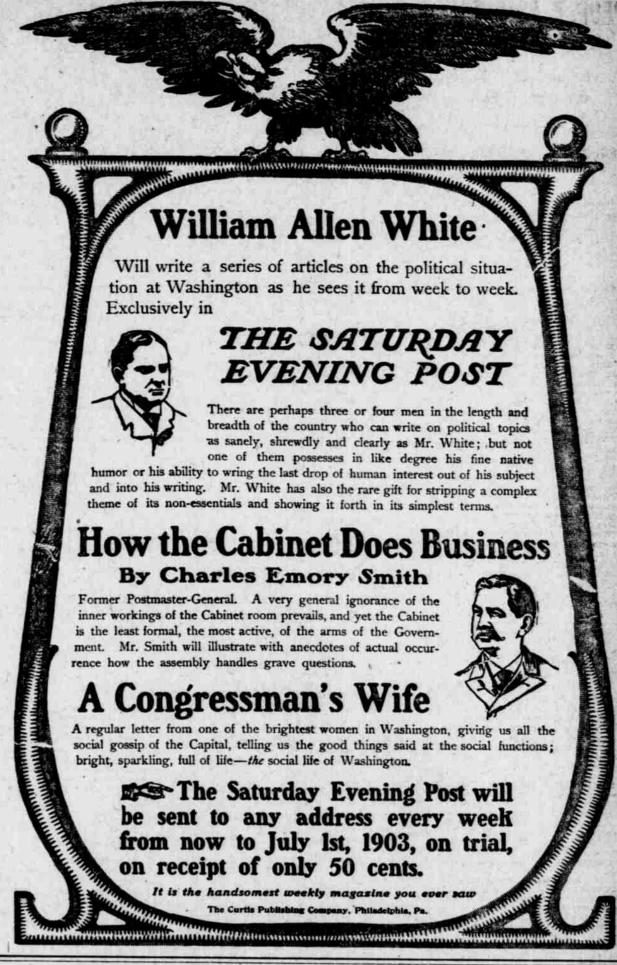
Maryland Town Wiped Out. FREDERICK, Md., Feb. 25.—Fire of un-known origin today practically destroyed the business section of Mount Airy. town of 3000 people, east of here. The loss is estimated at between \$80,000 and \$100,000,

Funston Starts for Denver. KANSAS CITY, Feb. 25.—General Fred-erick Funston, U. S. A., commanding the Department of the Columbia, left for Den-

Louis F. Shade Dead. WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.-Louis F Shade, a well-known author, corresponden deliver it, and a general tie-up in Chi-cago will result.

The Mayor will turn over to Mr. Young





German Democrat and the National nion. Mr. Shade since 1873 has been the editor of the Washington Sentinel.

> Telegraphic Brevities. General Corbin has returned to Wash

ington from Batavia, O., where he attended Interesting items, theatrical, literary and po-litical, of the collection of the late Peter Gil-yesterday.

Judge Hanecy on the Washington Fire & Ma-rine Insurance Company for alleged noncom-pliance with the state insurance law. The Great Falls, Mont., land office has re-ceived word from Washington of the return of about 1,000,000 acres of land in Northern Mon-tana to entry under the general land laws. tana to entry under the general land laws. It is reported that the wedding of Miss Cath-leen Neilson, daughter of Mrs. Frederick Neil-

son, to Reginald C. Vanderbilt is to be celebrated on Saturday in Easter week, April 18.

Thomas Vaughan Baker, assistant transportation agent, Department of the Lakes, U. S. A., was killed Tuesday night in attempting to alight from a moving suburban Chicago train.

One man was killed, one fatally injured and four others move or less entersub, but here the four others more or less seriously hurt in a freight wreck on the Pennsylvania road at Kit-anning Point, seven miles west of Altoona. Pa.

George F. Krobel and Percival Krobel, of to be hanged on March 12-James Gartrell, St. Louis; Charles May, St. Joseph, and Bud Tay-

New York, who do business under the name of Henry Krohel, importers and dealers in briaties, made an assignment yesterday.

A fine of \$10,000 was yesterday imposed by Judge Haneey on the Washington Fire & Marine Insurance Company for alleged noncompilance with the state insurance law.

The Great Falls, Mont., land office has received word from Washington of the return of the Lindship of the return of the landing that the landing the same authority of the Country.

the Duchess of Mariborough and sister of Mrz. Oliver H. P. Belmont, has obtained a divorce from the Baron, and has been ordered to resume her maiden name of Miss Mimi Smith.

The Secretary of the Treasury yesterday refew hours. Railing is in Jail here.

an actor in the Chinese theater in Doyer street, New York, was held with pomp and circum-tance unusual even for New York's Chinese

General Gasper Ochia, who owns the Popo-General Gasper Ochia, who owns the Popo-catapeti volcano, including the immense sul-phur deposits in its crater, is reported to have sold that property for \$5,000,000 to an Amer-ican syndicate in which the Standard Oil in-terests are largely represented.

William Ratliff, aged 22, for whom a reward William Ratliff, aged 22, for whom a reward of \$50 was offered, appeared last night at the home of Lewis Ballman, a farmer, in Le Seuer, Minn., and demanded money. Ballman gave him \$10, all he had. Ratliff, enraged at getting so little, shot Ballman in the eye and breast. The farmer then knocked his assailant down with an ax, and with the help of his wife and

THE MEN AND WOMEN

Who Enjoy the Choicest Products of the World's Commerce.

Knowledge of What Is Best More Important Than Wealth Without It.

It must be apparent to every one that

qualities of the highest order are neces-sary to enable the best of the products of modern commerce to attain permanently to universal acceptance. However loudly heraided, they may not hope for world-wide preeminence unless they meet with the general approval, not of individuals only, but of the many who have the happy faculty of selecting, enjoying and learning the real worth of the choicest products. Their commendation, consequently, becomes important to others, since to meet the requirements of the well in-formed of all countries the method of manufacture must be of the most perfect order and the combination the most excellent of its kind. The above is true not of food products only, but is especially applicable to medicinal agents and after nearly a quarter of a century of growth and general use the excellent remedy. Syrup of Figs, is everywhere accepted, throughout the world, as the best of family laxatives. Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative and carminative principles of plants known to act most beneficially on the system and presented in the form of a pleasant and re-freshing liquid, but also to the method of manufacture of the California Fig Syrup Co., which ensures that uniformity and purity essential in a remedy in-tended for family use. Ask any physician who is well informed and he will answer at once that it is an excellent laxative. If at all eminent in his pro-fession and has made a special study of laxatives and their effects upon the sys-tem he will tell you that it is the best of family laxatives, because it is sim-ple and wholesome and cleanses and sweetens the system effectually, when a laxative is needed, without any unpleasant after-effects. Every well-in-formed druggist of reputable standing knows that Syrup of Figs is an excel-tent laxative and is glad to sell it, at the regular price of fifty cents per tle, because it gives general satisfaction, but one should remember that in order to get the beneficial effects of Syrup of Figs it is necessary to buy the genuine, which is sold in original pack-ages only; the name of the remedy— Syrup of Figs and also the full name of the Company-California Fig Syrup Co.
-printed on the front of every package. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

Universally Accepted The Best Family Laxative SYRUP OF FIGS Recommended bu Many Millions The Well-Informed Throughout the World-Manufactured bu

Louisville, Ky. New York, N. Y.

PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLA