HURRY THE FINISH

Both Houses Made Rapid Progress With Business.

DUBOIS ON WARPATH AGAIN

Accuses Civil Service Commission of Insult to Senate-Why Queen Lil Should Have Compensation Funeral of Fowler Bill.

Both houses of Congress made rapid progress with business yesterday, and little time was given to talk. The statehood riders to the agricultural and postoffice appropriation I

were withdrawn in the Senate, and both bills were passed. The Senate accepted the House ents to the Philippine currency bill, which now goes to the President. bill gave rise to discussion of the com-

pensation to ex-Queen Lilluokalani, but action was deferred on that item though the bill was nearly finished otherwise.

The removal of E. F. Foreshay from the Idaho Surveyor-General's office gave rise to more strictures on the Civil Service Commission

The House passed the joint resolution on the St. Louis fair dedication, and the Fpeaker appointed members of the joint mittee It also finally passed the Washington union station bill, the Army appropriation and the bill to increase pensions of disabled veterans by adopting the conference reports. De bate on the Powler currency bill was

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25,-The Senate met at 11 o'clock today. Immediately Quay asked for unanimous consent for a vote on the statehood bill today. Kean (N. J.) objected.

A bill to incorporate the American National Institute in Paris caused some discussion. Its object is to permit the acceptance of a tract of land from France the reception of a number of art gifts from that country. Tillman ob-jected and the bill went over. A resolution introduced by Dubols call-

ing on the civil service commission for information regarding the dismissal of Elmer F. Foreshay as an employe of the Surveyor General's office was laid before the Senate. Spooner sent to the desk and had read a letter from Commissioner Foulke, of the civil service commission criticising certain statements made by pubois and giving some reasons for

Foreshay's removal.

Dubois expressed his surprise at the presentation of such a letter, which he said was ex parte when his resolution was under consideration by the Senate.

Bacon (Ga.) questioned the propriety f the matter being brought to the notice of the matter being brought to the notice of the Senate in the way Foulke had done. It was an act of supreme effrontery and an indiggity to the Senate for such a letter to be written while the resolution was pending. Teiler (Colo.) said it was an unheard of performance and a gross breach of the privilege of

Spooper said he could see no act of effrontery in the matter. If there was any breach or effrontery Spooner said he thought he was personally chargeable with it, but he thought it proper to have read a statement of the facts. Spooner remarked that he had not read the letter and if he had he might not have pre-sented it. Bacon thought it should be withurawn and not appear in the rec-ords. Thereupon Spacear said he would read the letter, and if he concluded was anything in it discourteous to the Senate he would withdraw it.

An amendment to the resolution was agreed to, calling for the evidence in regard to the conduct of the Surveyor General's office in Idaho, by Mr. Perault, and as amended the resolution was

Statehood Riders Withdrawn.

A Senate bill was passed amending the law relating to the American seamen for the protection of such seamen and to pro-mote commerce as well as to permit allotments of scamen's wages.

The agricultural appropriation bill then

was taken up. Proctor announced that was authorized to withdraw the stateamendment appropriating \$500,000 to stamp out the foot and mouth disease, was agreed to. The bill then was passed. A conference report with a partial greement on the army appropriation bill vas agreed to. Lodge moved that the Senate agree to

the amendments of the House to the Philippine currency bill. After a speech by Rawling of Utah the motion prevailed, which passed the bill. The postoffice appropriation bill was then

taken up. Mason, in charge of the bill, explained that he was instructed to withdraw the statehood rider, which was ac-cordingly done. An amendment by Mc-Comas, providing for the payment of toll on tollroads incurred by rural free dery carriers, was agreed to. After te discussion the bill was passed. Consideration of the sundry civil bill was then begun, the reading of it consuming one hour and a half.

Vote for Queen Lil. Spooner inquired if the appropriation of \$200,000 to ex-Queen Liliuokalani was an honorary one. Allison said that it was founded on a claim, pretended or real, of Liliuokalani to what are known as the crown lands in Hawaii, of which she had been decreased. en deprived. Morgan thought the mat-

Hoar said that at first he had a strong Hoar said that at first he had a strong feeling against the ex-Queen on account of newspaper articles, but he since had learned that the lands referred to fairly might have been claimed to have been her private property, and not mere crown lands. Their proceeds had been used for her private support. He said the ex-Queen had tried to reconcile her people to the rule of the United States, and that she was a woman of great personal wearth a woman of great personal worth, toped the appropriation would be because it was his desire to atone

Answering Hoar, Spooner said that if there is any claim on the part of Lilluo-kalani as an individual contradistinguished from the sovereign, it should be dealt with in a broad way. Allison explained that the claim rested on equity.

Blackburn, who reported the amendment said the committee on Pacific

Blackburn, who reported on Pacific ment, said the committee on Pacific islands was unanimous in the recommendation. It is not contended, he said, that there is a legal claim involved against the United States. "She has no day in court," he said. "The fee to the crown lands was not in her, but in the sovereign; but she was absolute in the receipt of the rents." was absolute in the receipt of the rents."
Since her overthrow, he said, the government had collected \$59,000 in rents from those lands. He would not discuss the responsibility of the United States in the matter, but no dethronement would have occurred and the United States would not have appropriated to itself the rentals had it not been for the landing of United States marines from the Boston. It would be a good investment, he said, to pay the amount, because of the feeling of gratitude with which it would be accepted and the appreciation those people would show.

It was a question, he said, that addressed itself to the consciences of the Senators. Stewart spoke in a similar vein, and by onsent the matter went over until to

An amendment was agreed to appropri-ating \$55,000 for construction of a wharf, retaining wall and laundry plant at

An amendment appropriating \$50,000 was

adopted to pay the expenses of the joint commissioners to negotiate the differences between the United States and Great Britain with respect to Canada.

An amendment from the committee on finance was also agreed to, appropriating \$100,000 for the expenses of an internaional commission to fix the parity of gold

and silver. Another amendment agreed to provides that the authority given to the Secretary of the Treasury to coin subsidiary silver coin by the eighth section of the act of March 14, 1900, hereafter may be exercised

without limitation as to the amount of such subsidiary coin outstanding. At 5 o'clock the sundry civil appropria-tion bill was laid aside, and by unanimous consent unobjected pension bills on the calendar were considered. In all 320 pen.

sion bills were passed. The conference report on the Indian ap-propriation bill was agreed to, and at 6:10 o'clock the Senate adjourned until to

HOUSE PASSES SEVERAL BILLS. Committee Named for St. Louis Fair

-Fowler's Bill's Funeral. WASHINGTON, Feb. 25 .- The House today adopted the conference report on the Army appropriation bill and sent the bill to the President. The bill to establish a union station in this city also was finally d, the House abandoning its amend. ments to reduce the amount to be given to the Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio Railroads from \$1,500,000 each, as fixed in Hallfonds from 11,500,000 each, as fixed in the Senate bill, to \$1,000,000 each, as fixed by the House. The Fowler currency bill was debated in a desultory way, and Clay-ton (Ala.) delivered a mock funeral ora-tion on it. The Speaker appointed the committee to represent the House at the dedication of the Louisiana Purchase Ex

The House agreed to the Senate amendments to the House joint resolution accation of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. This resolution provided that a com-mittee composed of 7 to 10 Senators and Il to 15 Representatives should be ap-pointed. The Speaker appointed the fol-lowing as members of the committee: Tawney (Rep. Minn.) Sherman (Rep. N. Y.), Mahon (Rep. Pa.), Bartholdt (Rep. Mo.), Van Voorhees (Rep. O.), Parker (Rep. N. J.), Overstreet (Rep. Ind.), Mann (Rep. Ill.), Smith (Rep. Ia.), Miller (Rep. Kan.), Burkett (Rep. Neb.), Robertson (Dem. Lee) (Dem. La.), Bartlett (Dem. Ga.), Shafrott (Dem. Colo.), Hay (Dem. Va.).

Baboock called up the conference report on the bill for a station in Washington which was a disagreement. He moved that the House further insist up agreement, whereupon Morrill (Vt.) made a motion which took precedence to concur in the Senate amendments which prop to give the railroads \$3,000,000 instead of the \$2,000,000 proposed by the House bill. After a spirited debate Morrill's motion prevailed, 157 to 38. The motion passes the bill.

The conference report on the bill to in-crease the pensions of those who have lost limbs in the military service of the country was adopted.

A partial conference report on the Army appropriation bill was agreed to, and the House then receded from its disagreement to the only amendment remaining in controversy. This passed the bill.

By a vote of 125 to 79 the House resumed the debate on the Fowler currency bill. Clayton (Ala.) secured the floor and created much amusement by delivering a mock funeral oration on the bill. Pugsley (N. Y.). Thompson (Ala.) and Shallen-berger (Neb.) spoke in opposition. At 5:15 P. M. the House adjourned.

PAY PRIZE MONEY PROMPTLY.

Knox Asks Congress for Appropriation for Dewey and His Men.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.-The Secretary of the Treasury today transmitted to the Senate a letter from the Attorney General ending an appropriation of sas or to satisfy the decree of the United States Supreme Court in the prize money suits of Admiral Dewey and others on account of the sinking of Spanish vessels in the battle of Manila Bay, which afterward were raised and converted to use. One were raised and converted to use, One-half of the money goes to the Admirai and the officers and men under his com-mand, and the other half to the Navy pension fund. The request for an appro-priation is made in order to enable com-priation is made in order to enable compliance with the opinion of the court de

livered last Monday.

In the course of his letter Attorney-General Knox says:

"Nearly five years have passed since the pattle of Manila bay, and the persons en titled to prize money, including the widows and children of officers and men the Navy, who have died since the battle, have been waiting all this time. If the appropriation is postponed until the next session of Congress, the persons to whom this money is now justly due will illed to wait a year longer, a delay which, if it can be in any way avoided would seem to be scarcely consistent with justice."

British Commissioners Not Named TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 2.-A London special cablegram says: Bir John An derson, of the Colonial Office, has given information that no suggestion of nomination for the Alaskan tribunal has been re ceived from Canada. Neither has any probeen received against the selection of Messrs. Root, Lodge and Turner the American members of the tribunal. "The King has signed the ratification of the treaty under which the tribunal is to be appointed," said he. "This must be handed to President Roosevelt by Sir Michael Herbert, the British Ambasador to the United States, before England ap-

New Bill to Encourage Shipping WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Senator El-kins has introduced a bill providing for the imposition of a duty of 10 per cent ad the imposition of a duty of 10 per cent ad valorem, in addition to present dues, on all goods imported into the United States on vessels not owned in this country. The bill is intended to encourage American shipping, and Senator Elkins says that, while he does not expect action during the present Congress, he will reintroduce the bill early in the next session and press its consideration.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25 .- Senator Cul-WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Senator Cul-lom, from the committee on foreign re-lations, today reported an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill, ap-propriating \$5000 for the payment of the expenses on the part of the United States joint commission for the adjustment of the differences between the United States and Great Britain in respect to Alaska.

Place for Horatio C. Pellock. WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Horatio mittee, League of Roosevelt Clubs, whose headquarters are in Chicago, has been appointed to an important position in the insular government at Manila and will leave for the Philippines in about a month.

Agreement on Indian Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The conferees of the Senate and House today ached an agreement on the differences between the two bodies on the Indian appropriation bill and the Senate accepted the report.

osevelt Goes to See Her Boy. WASHINGTON, Feb. B.-Mrs. Rooseveit left this afternoon to spend a few days with her son at Groton School, Gro-ton, Mass. She probably will return to Washington about next Thursday.

WILL BLOCK THE WHEELS

DEMOCRATS IN HOUSE THREATEN TO FILIBUSTER.

Attempt to Unseat Butler of Missouri Provokes Caucus to Prepare Plans for Fight to Finish

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.-The Democrats of the House have called a caucus for tomorrow morning to act on the filibustering programme the Democratic leaders have decided on for the remainder of the ecs-sion. Yesterday, when the majority of election committee No. 2 presented its report in favor of unseating Butler of Mis-souri, whose seat is being contested by Wagoner, the Democratic leaders, at the request of the Democrats of the Missouri delegation, served notice on the Republi-can leaders that, if an attempt was made to call up the case for action, they would do everything in their power to block the wheels of legislation until March 4. No reply was given, but a truce was patched during the afternoon on the under-inding that a response would be given

Shortly before the adjournment today, Speaker Henderson notified Richardson, the minority leader, that the case would be called up tomorrow. Thereupon the call for the Democratic caucus was issued. The Democrats are organizing for a fight The Democrats are organizing for a fight to a finish. While their action probably will not jeopardize any of the appropria-tion bills, if they stick to their programme of demanding a roll call on every proposi-tion and insisting on the presence of a quorum, they can greatly embarrase the majority and defeat many minor measures which otherwise would pass.

NEW PLAN FOR STATEHOOD BILL. Democratic Senators Propose Com-

which otherwise would pass.

promise on Two-State Proposition. WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.-The Democratic members of the Senate committee on postoffices had another meeting today with representatives of the Republican element in the Senate favorable to the omnibus statehood bill, for the purpose of discussing the possibility of yet securing a compromise which may be acceptable to all parties. The Democratic members of the conference assured the Republicans that the rejection of the settlement pro-posed by the Republican side of the Sen-ate as a whole is final. They were then requested to suggest a basis of agreement themselves.

Replying that they could speak only themselves, the Democrats suggested that themselves, the Democrats suggested that New Mexico and Arizona might be admit-ted as one state, with the understanding that Arizona may become a separate state on the attainment of a population of 200,-000 within the present area of that ter-ritory, and on the vote of the people of that area alone. The Republican ferees promised to present the tion to other Republican Senators. mised to present the sugges-

Those present at the conference were: Senators Clay, Dubois and Simmons, Democrats, and Senators Quay, Foraker, Gallinger and Mason, Republicans.

WILLING TO ACCEPT CHANGES. Panama Canal Company Reported to

Accept Knox's Offer. PARIS, Feb. 25.—It is reported in responsible quarters that the chief officials of the Panama Canal Company have informed American officials here that the former had no objection to the two changes in the agreement suggested in the recent dispatch from Attorney-General Knox, which proposed the acceptance of the company's tender, subject to the two modifications and to the United States Senate ratification. It is assumed that this willingness on the part of the states senate ratification. It is assumed that this willingness on the part of the company has been communicated to the authorities at Washington. As Mr. Knox's proposition is understood to refer to the ratification of the treaty before March 4, the officials say that the attitude which the company will assume after that date is still undisclosed.

WANTS TO ANNEX CANADA. De Armond Proposes Negotiations

With Great Britain.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Representa-tive De Armond, of Missouri, today introduced a concurrent resolution providing

as follows:
"That the President be and is hereby requested to learn and advise the condi-tions upon what terms, if any, honorable to both nations and satisfactory to the inhabitants of the territory primarily affect-ed, Great Britain would consent to cede to the United States all or any part of the territory lying north of and adjoining the United States, to be forged in due time into one or more states and admitted into states, the inhabitants thereof in the meantime to enjoy all privileges and im-munities guaranteed by the Federal Con-

NEW ALASKA DELEGATE BILL.

enate Committee Proposes Commis sioner With Rights of Delegate, WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Senator Bev-eridge, from the Senate committee on territories, today reported a substitute for the House bill providing for a delegate to Congress from Alaska. The substitute provides for a commissioner instead of a delegate, but he is given all the rights and privileges enjoyed by territorial delegates. Instead of being elected, as are the delegates from other territories, the repre-centative from Alaska is to be appointed, if the Senate committee bill becomes a law. The power of appointment is vested in the Governor, the Secretary and the District Judges of the territory, sitting

VALUE OF RAILROAD LINES.

nterstate Commission Gives Figures on Stocks and Bonds. WASHINGTON, Feb. E.-The Interstate Commerce Commission today submitted a report to the Senate, in response to a res-olution calling for information regarding all securities issued by railroad compan-ies, the par value of each class of such securities outstanding June 20, 1900, interest and dividends thereon, etc. d dividends thereon, etc. report says that for the United

States the total par value of railway securities is \$11,724,625,829, and their market value \$3,251,102,525. The capital stock is stated to be par value \$2,202,364,503, and market value \$2,250,144,595. The par value of the funded debt is stated to be \$5,702,571,327, and the market value \$5,100,058,927.

Garfield Takes the Oath WASHINGTON, Feb. 35.—James R. Garfield, Commissioner of Corporations of the new Department of Commerce and Labor, took the oath of office today.

General Fuhrey Retired.

WASHINGTON, Feb. E.-Brigadier-General J. H. Fuhrey, recently promoted from Colonel in the Quartermaster's Department, was retired today.

OBSERVE DAY OF PRAYER Opposition to Change in Westmin

ster Confession of Faith. NEW YORK, Feb. E.—The Twentieth Century National Gospel Camp legislation committee, composed of prominent ministers and laymen of the different evangelical denominations, has issued an appeal to the ministers and Christian public asking that today be set aside as a day of humiliation and prayes. Various topics are enumerated, for which at the present time the appeal says there is pressing call for prayer. The first on the list is after the ble as the word of God and authoritative word of Christ as furnishing the churches are now their only credentials and message; and the result is the result of the result in the result of the result is a second of the result in the result of the result is a second of the result of the r

for an immediate revival of earnest and sympathetic study of that word in order to learn what God would have done in the present crisis."

the present crisis."

This appeal of prayer is one phase of the movement in opposition to the revision of the Westminster Confession of Faith. The changes in the confession were approved by the General Assembly, and by a majority of presbyteries last year, but cannot formally be incorporated in the confession until the next General Assembly. Meanwhile those opposed to the change are active. Their campaign committee in this appeal for a prayer charges the references with additional property. prayer charges the reformers with adding to and taking from the word of God and by so doing, lessening the hope for a final universality of the church.

COAL MINE WAR.

(Continued from First Page.)

ers of America, went to Breckley this afternoon to appear for the miners. Injunction is Sweeping.

injunction which the miners are charged with violating was the blanket writ issued by Judge Keller at the instance of the Chesapeake & Ohio Agency Company last August. The defendants were all the coal companies operating in the New River field, 130 members of the United Mineworkers of America, by name, including President Mitchell and Secretary Wilson, and all other persons whatsoever who aided and abetted them. The injunction covered almost every foot of ground in the coal-mining region of New River. While all of the mines in the Kanawha and New River sections have been at work for some months, the strike has not been officially declared off, and its embers have been smoldering in the New River Gorge, threatening to break into flames in the

The locality in which today's tragedy occurred is one in which the mines recently have been opened, and the small towns are filled with the most desperate men that have ever come into the state. Advices from the scene of the conflict tonight are to the effect that all is quiet

now, but fears are entertained that trouble will break out afresh at any moment.

Another Miner Dies. Joe Helser, one of the wounded, has

General St. Clair, Attorney for the coa operators of the New River district, said to a representative of the Associated Press tonight:

"The acts of the miners in the New River Valley have been productive of River Valley have been productive of nothing except lawlessness and destruction of life and property since the beginning of the strike in June. This state of affairs has existed so long that the good people of that section have determined to support the officers of the state and Federal Governments to whatever extreme may be presented to whatever extreme may be presented to the presented the product of the state and federal Governments to whatever extreme may be presented to the presented the presented the product of the presented to the presented the presented to the presented treme may be necessary to protect them-selves against these marauders and to teach the United Mineworkers of Americach the United Mineworkers of America that they cannot organize the miners of West Virginia by lawless methods, and further that nonunion men who want to work shall enjoy that privilege, let the cost be what it may. The men who have been brought into the state to work in the mines in the place of those who refused to work have been intimidated and buildozed to stop work. The men who are conducting the affairs of the United Mine. conducting the affairs of the United Mine-workers may as well know now as later that this has got to stop."

ABOLISH CONTRACT SYSTEM. Tailors in Big Cities Start on Great Fight.

system. Fifty-nine local unions were represented by delegates from New York, Newark, Soston, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Baltimorei Syracuse, St. Louis, Chicago and a number of other cities. All the clothing trades were represented except the cutters. To carry out the objects of the convention an executive committee was

After the convention was over the chair-"Our objects are to do away with the contract system in the trade, to brin about uniform system of wages and hours of labor; to fight for the substitution of electricity and steam power for footwork with sewing machines, and to bring about other reforms. This is the biggest movement in the trade yet undertaken. Strike will not necessarily be our weapon in the fight, if we can accomplish the reforms by peaceful agitation.

Headquarters will be established in this

Santa Fe Conference Resumed. TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 26.-This afterductors and trainmen of the Santa Fe re-sumed their conference at the Santa Fe general offices. Third Vice-President Kendrick, General Manager Mudge, General Manager Wells, General Manager Nixon and General Superintendent Harley are here attending the meeting. The officials refuse to give any information as to the progress of the negotiations or what the probable outcome will be.

Eight-Hour Bill Passed in Colorado DENVER, Feb. 26.-The House of Representatives late this afternoon pas A bill very similar has already passed the Senate on third reading, and, as both these bills are acceptable to the labor lead-ers, there seems no doubt that an agreement will be reached.

SETTLING ALL CLAIMS. Bowen Completes Protocols With

Mexico and Holland. WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.-Great Britain, Germany and Italy are still considering the rough draft of The Hague protocol submitted resterday by Mr. Bowen, in which it is provided that the Czar of Russia shall select the personnel of the court to pass on the preferential contention of the allies. Meanwhile Mr. Bowen is carrying on negotiations with the other claimant nations and hopes to finish up the French protocol this week.

Mexico's protocol is being engrossed at the State Department and will be signed by the Mexican Ambassador and Mr. Bowen for Venezuela, probably tomorrow. United States, the main point of difference being that the Mexican convention provides that the King of Spain, instead of the Queen of Holland, shall be invited to name the umpire for the Venezuela-Mexican commission, in the event of its

disagreement.
The protocol for the commission to adjudicate the claims of the Netherlands government against Venezuela was finlahed today. Baron Gevers, the Nether-lands Minister, saw Mr. Bowen today in regard to the matter. There yet remains to be inserted in the protocol the name of the umpire, which will be done as soon as a selection has been reached.

Progress is reported in the preparation of the other protocols.

Russell to Represent Germany. WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Baron von Sternberg, the German Minister, called upon Secretary Hay today to request that Mr. Russell, the United States Charge at Caracas, be authorized to care for German interests at the capital pending the arrival of Herr Peidram, the newly appointed Minister to Venezuela, who is now en route to his post. Mr. Russell already is looking after German interests in Venezuela as a neutral Minister looks after the interests of one of the parties to hostilities in war, but his functions

are now considerably enlarged, owing to the resumption of diplomatic relations be-

EIGHTEEN YEARS

Of Intense Sufferings From Stomach Inflammation.

Mr. Clearwater Says: Had It Not Been for Paine's Celery Compound I Would Have Died or Continued to Suffer Terrible Misery."

Stomach difficulties and distresses are varied in character and demand prompt attention. In the majority of cases the troubles originate from a morbid condi-tion of the nerves of the stomach. If you suffer from dyspepsia, indigestion, inflam-mation of the stomach, or gastric de-rangements, the use of Paine's Celery Compound will banish your tormenting enemies. Palne's Celery Compound quickly tones and strengthens the stomach and its particular nerves, so that your food will enrice the blood and make solid flesh, bone and muscle, Mr. Horace Clear-water, Kingston, N. Y., says:

"Accept my sincere thanks for the great good I have derived from your life-saving medicine Paine's Celery Compound, without which I would have died or continued to suffer terrible misery. While working in the manufacture of tobacco, I ate a small piece of licorice which caused intense inflammation of the stomach, and for 18 years I endured great sufferings. I had the services of doctors and used a vast variety of medicines, but did not get relief. Often in my agony I rolled over and over on the floor. I heard of Paine's Celery Compound and decided to try it. After I used the third bottle my pains were banished, and for ten years I have been well and strong. I am now 47 years old, and feel that I owe my present good health to Paine's Celery Compound."

The cloth is good after the color has faded. Dye the cloth a new color with lie package of DIAMOND DYES and have a new dress for the season Direction book and & dyed samples free DIAMOND DYES, Burlington, Vt.

tween Germany and Venezuela. Secretary Hay at once assented to the request, and proper instructions were forwarded to Mr. Russell.

ENEMIES OF MANCHUS. Kwangsi Rebels in China Would Overturn the Dynasty.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 25.-Commenting on the intended rising in Canton frus-trated by the information being supplied by the Hong Kong authorities to the China government, the North China Daily News says there is no doubt that the movement was connected with the Kwangsi rebellion, it being indispensable to the rebel plans to secure a seaport for im-portation of ammunition. The rebellion is directed against the Manchu dynasty, which has never been popular in China. In all, five cargo bonts were seized at Canton, all containing uniforms, banners, hatchets and swords.

Keeping Firenrms Out of China. WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—As the United States Government recently has been addressed by the other signatory powers to the treaty of Pekin respecting the ex-clusion of firearms from China, it may be of about 75,000 tailors throughout the country have just held a convention here to take measures for fighting the contract system. Fifty-nine local management of the contract direction of co-operating with China to prevent the entry of arms into that country, as it cannot prevent American merchants from exporting arms. Investiga-tion has satisfied the officials, however, that there have been no really heavy im-portations of firearms into China.

> Lieutenant Sartoris Resigns WASHINGTON, Feb. 25 .- The President WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The President has accepted the resignation of Second Lieutenant Algernon E. Sartoris, Tenth

NEW MEDICAL DISCOVERY Philadelphia Doctor Finds Ways of

Ending All Guesswork. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 25.-In a paper read before the Philadelphia County ical Society tonight, Dr. C. E. de l jous reported a discovery which, if his de-ductions are correct, may revolutionize the field of medicine. His discovery in brief is that the pituitary body, heretofore thought useless, is indeed one of the most important, organs of the body when its

functions are understood. From Dr. Sajous' investigations, covering a period of 14 years, five of which were spent in Paris, he is convinced that this pituitary body is a governing center which is not only positive in its effect by controlling the oxygen in the system, but equally positive in responding to medi-cines and drugs. When this fact is finally established and understood, medicine will no longer be administered hypothetically but it will become an applied science. Un der these conditions certain medicines will be given and assured results obtained. The discovery, it is said, will also be the

The governor of the body or pituitary gland is a small body attached to the under surface of the cerebrum. It has two lobes, the interior and posterie former resembling a ductiess gland and the latter showing indications of nervous elements. It forms an integral part of

INGALLS IN POLITICS. Big Four President to Run for Mayor

of Cincinnati. CINCINNATI, Feb. 25.-Much stir was occasioned here tonight by M. E. Ingalls, president of the Big Four Railroad system, signifying to a committee of citizens his acceptance of the Democratic nomination for Mayor of Cincinnati. While he head the regular Democratic city ticket, he has been requested to accept the nomination by citizens regardless of party and his acceptance is generally recognized as meaning a hot campaign in this city

The real contest in the city is on George B. Cox, the Republican leader, but it is intimated that the candidacy of Mr. Ingalls for Mayor will be followed by his candidacy for Governor this year and possibly for the Presidency next year and that the movement is very significant, after conferences which have been held in Trustees of Methodist Church.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 25.—The trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church, an Ohio neorporation that is the legal organiza-tion of Methodists all over the world, held their annual meeting here today. trustees today adopted plans for the of superannuates. Treasurer Johnson, his annual report, showed \$514,000, held at present from 23 different trusts, and that the income of \$16,101 had been secured at an expense of less than one-half of 1 per cent. The income was disbursed to 22 cent. The i

To Investigate Death of Mrs. Fair. NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—It is learned that Reuben H. Lloyd, for many years the chief counsel of the Fair estate in Francisco, and Dr. Dudley Tate, the Fair family physician, quietly sailed for France a few days ago, presumably to thoroughly look into the claim that Mrs. Charles Fair survived her husband in the fatal auto-mobile accident last Summer by 30 minLEARNTHETRUTH

Regarding Drs. Copeland and Montgomery's Ability to Cure—Take Nothing on Faith—Investigate for Yourself and Be Convinced.

To convince the public that we are working real cures opon real people only one kind of evidence can be accepted, and that is testimony which comes from patients who may be interviewed; who are honest, who are grateful, who are sincere, who are anxious to help their fellow men. Such testimony has been appearing regularly in these columns for the past 10 years. It is enduring proof that Doctors Copeland and Montgomery are really curing-not merely helping or relieving, not merely improving and benefiting alone, but curing disease. Read in such cures a part of the record of their wonderful skill. They can cure disease. They are doing it every day. They are making the sick well. They are curing the cough that racks the chest with distress. They are soothing those cramping, shooting pains of the body and limb. They are driving out poisons from the blood. They are stopping that nervous fear and trembling. They are restoring the sense of hearing to ears that have long been dead to the sense of

THESE SPEAK FROM PERSONAL EXPERIENCE

Mr. T. H. McGill, Cathlamet, Wash. I began treatment at the Copeland Institute for Catarrh and Asthma from which I had been suffering for years. My nose was stopped up, and my breathing short and labored. At night I had terrible attacks of asthma. The air passages seemed to close up almost entirely, making it difficult to get enough air into the lungs to keep me alive. I would strangle and gasp for breath and cough incessantly.

My constitution broke down and I had to give up all active work and went east for a change of climate. The doctor there told me I had consumption and would die. I came home and consulted the Copeland specialists. They cured me.



Mr. T. H. McGill, Cathlamet, Wash.

M. M. Jackson, Saginaw, Or. When I began treatment with Drs. Copeland & Montgomery I did not think I would ever be well, for I had every symptom of consumption. I was nothing but skin and bone, had terrible cough, night-sweats and soreness through the lungs. Every-thing I ate distressed me, and I was too weak to work. I sent for a symptom blank and be-

well man.

HOME TREATMENT Patients who live at a distance can be treated with perfect suc-cess by the aid of the Copeland

Mr. Garrett D. Contes, 612 Petty.

grove street. Portland. I was ailing

for six or seven years with a com-

plication of stomach and liver trouble

and catarrh. I had a cough, headache and buzzing in the ears. My ache and buzzing in the ears. My stomach was in such an irritated and

sensitive condition that everything I

pain in the right side and region of

the liver, and my tongue was coated.

I was also troubled with an itching

Until I was told by the Copeland physicians I did not know that I had

catarrh, but was continually taking medicine, which did more harm than

good. Once I found the right treat-

Miss Bessle Overson, Shaw, Or.

od. Doctors seemingly could do nothing for me, and we were greatly discouraged. I pinced myself under the care of Drs. Copeland & Mont-

I had a discharge from the right ear since an attack of scarlet fever in

gomery. They cured me permanently Since my treatment three years ago I have had no trouble.

ment I was soon improving, and no am quite well again.

and redness of the skin.

ate caused me great distress. I had

CONSULTATION FREE

DR. COPELAND'S BOOK FREE TO ALL.

THE COPELAND MEDICAL INSTITUTE

THE DEKUM, THIRD AND WASHINGTON STREETS. J. H. MONTGOMERY, M. D. W. H. COPELAND, M. D. OFFICE HOURS-From 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Evenings, Tuesdays and Fridays, Sundays, from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

utes, says the Herald today. This is the cess has attended the efforts of this physicontention of Mrs. Nelson, Mrs. Fair's mother, who is suing for a larger share Messrs. Jay and Chandler last Saturday

notified the counsel for Mrs. Nelson that they represented Mrs. Oelrichs and Mrs. Vanderbilt, sisters of Mr. Charles Fair. Consequently the voluminous summons and complaint in the action seeking to obtain a larger part of the Charles Fair estate for Mrs. Nelson were served upon Czar Opposes Revolution. ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 25.-It is offi-

cially announced that the Russian government has instructed its representatives throughout the Bulkans to give the wid-est possible publication to the proposition that, while Russia is prepared to safeguard the interests of the Christians, she will not sacrifice a single drop of Russian blood nor the smallest portion of the heritage of the Russian people if the Siav States should attempt by revolution or force to change the existing state of affairs in the Balkans.

Effects Cures on Lepers. WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.-According to United States Consul McWade, at Canton, it has remained for an American physician, Dr. Adolph Razing, to discover a means of curing and exterminating leprosy. In a report to the State Departnent the Consul says that wonderful suc-

Catarrh

Invites Consumption

It weakens the delicate lung tissues,

deranges the digestive organs, and

breaks down the general health. It often causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, and affects the voice.

Being a constitutional disease it requires a constitutional remedy. Hood's Sarsaparilla

Radically and permanently cures ca-

tarrh of the nose, throat, stomach,

bowels, and more delicate organs. Read the testimonials. No substitute for Hood's acts like

Hood's. Be sure to get Hood's. "I was troubled with catarrh 20 years. Seeing statements of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla resolved to try it. Four bottles

entirely cured me." WILLIAM SHERMAN,

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

1030 6th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

cian, and his work has attracted the attention of the highest Manchu and Chinese officials. This work began in June, 1902 in a leper village six miles distant from Canton. Of four cases treated, three have been discharged completely cured and the last is making a practical recovery. The physician urges strongly the adoption of his methods for the treatment of lepers in the Philippines and in Ha-wall. The main features of the treatment, which are shown in the Consul's report appear to consist of minute and pro on and the use of highly antiseptic drugs.

Have you friends coming from the East? If so, send their names to the Denver & Rio Grande office, 134 Third street, Port-





HEADACHE Positively cured by these

Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspep. sie, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dissiness, Nauson, rsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TOR-PID LIVER. They Regulate the Bow-

Purely Vegetable. Small Dose